"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Cloudy today; tomorrow partly cloudy; moderate temperature. Temperature yesterday—Max., 77; Min., 66. For full weather report see Page 22.

VOL. LXXII...No. 23,901. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JULY 3, 1923. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | FIVE CENTS Within 300 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

HARDING SAYS TIME HAS COME TO UNLOCK NATURAL RESOURCES

Predicting a Nation of 300,000,000, He Urges Gradual Development.

CONSERVATION TO FOLLOW

Argues That, Instead of Diminishing, Our Resources Would Steadily Increase.

FOR LARGER YELLOWSTONE

President's Visit Converts Him to Proposal to Add 400,000 Acres to Park.

Special to The New York Times.

SPOKANE, Wash., July 2.—President Harding in a speech here tonight declared for a policy of development of the country's natural resources as opposed to the contention of ultra-conservationists that these resources should be kept intact until some future time when conditions would demand their use.

The President's policy as outlined by him this evening has an intimate application in a material way to the Far West. Politically it is important in view of the agitation aroused by proposals of a similar character among those who have voiced the fear that such a policy would open the way for exploitation of these natural resources by great moneyed interests for selfish purposes.

There is even some question among the President's own advisers as to the wisdom of the policy with relation to its beneficial effects to the people. These doubters hold that it is on account of the danger of overproduction, too early yet to increase the prodnctive capacity of the country, particularly as to the creation of new arable lands through irrigation projects in the arid and semi-arid areas of the West.

President Harding, while showing consideration for these contentions, took the position in his Spokane address that development of natural resources was a help instead of a hindrance to their conservation. In explanation of this paradox, he cited the history of the densely populated countries to show that development of natural resources had kept pace with increases in population. In other words, development had not diminished but had caused an expansion of a country's riches. In impressing his argument upon his audience, President Harding said that his observation in this and in foreign countries had impressed him with the belief that "wise development of natural resources does not often result in their disastrous diminution." Rather, he added, "It seems, as a rule, to result in a growing, an expanding, an increasing supply and variety of the very riches upon which we make drafts."

In connection with his argument of the necessity of development of natural resources to benefit an increasing population, the President predicted as a certainty "that another century will give us a population of 300,000,000. In the light of this conviction, he maintained that "one is forced to conclude that a wise development of resources is the only policy to which we dare commit ourselves."

Does Not Fear the Future.

Citing the experience of such countries as China, Japan, India and Java, which are commonly regarded as over populated, the President held to the argument that "such instances might be multiplied indefinitely to prove that development, far from exhausting resources, "commonly means their multiplication."

"From all this you will gather, and quite correctly," he said, "that I do not fear that present development is liable to impoverish us in the future. The precise contrary, according to every historical analogy, is what will take place. You all remember that a quarter century ago so wise a man as James J. Hill was warning us that within fifteen years this country would have to import wheat. Twice that period had passed, our population has grown enormously, and yet today we are producing a greater surplus of wheat than any other country in the world. Our difficulty is not to find wheat for ourselves but to find other countries that will buy it from us."

The President's remarks had a peculiar significance to his visit to Alaska in indicating that he is anxious to adopt a policy which will unlock the vast natural treasuries of that great domain.

Going back to the experiences of the Federal Administration when Mr. Taft was President, it is possible to see a political danger in Mr. Harding's statements tonight. While other considerations were involved, the general policy of President Taft's Secretary of the Interior, Richard A. Ballinger, for the liberal development of Alaska's natural resources, aroused intense feeling on the part of enthusiastic conservationists, resulted in a Congressional investigation, and injured the administration materially. Since then there apparently has been some timidity on the part of Federal administrations in dealing with the matter of Alaska's development.

But any doubts that may be entertained by ultra-conservationists as to the soundness of Mr. Harding's argument that development of natural resources will be an aid instead of a detriment to their conservation, may be modified by the President's explanation of the manner in which he would have the development program conducted. He made it clear in his address that he would safeguard development against selfish exploitation.

For Gradual Development.

"There was a time," he said, "when the public domain was thought of as a treasure house of potential wealth to be locked up against the day when we

Continued on Page Three.

Union Purchases Herrin Mine For $726,000, To Offset Suits

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 2 (Associated Press).—Purchase by the Illinois Mine Workers' Union of the Lester strip mine at Herrin, the scene of the riots last June, was confirmed here tonight by labor union officials.

The purchase price was $726,000 and the deal was reported to have been effected as a means of satisfying the heavy damage suits contemplated by W. J. Lester, owner of the mine.

SMOOT AGAINST CUT IN NATIONAL TAXES

Declares War Debt Has Not Been Reduced Enough to Warrant Less Income.

PREDICTS BONUS MEASURE

Next Chairman of Senate Finance Committee Expects Larger Appropriations.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Senator Smoot, who will be Chairman of the Senate Finance Committee in the Sixty-eighth Congress, surprised Republican politicians today by declaring against any reduction in taxation, despite the favorable Treasury surplus reported yesterday. In a general discussion of political and economical conditions he predicted that the next Congress would enact a soldiers' bonus bill which would become operative over the President's veto if the measure should be disapproved by the Chief Executive.

"I am opposed to a reduction in taxation," said Mr. Smoot. "I am convinced that it would be an unwise governmental policy to reduce the taxes so soon after the excellent showing made in the last fiscal year. The war debt has not been reduced sufficiently to justify any radical, or, in fact, an appreciable reduction in the present revenue laws.

"I know that there is a nationwide demand for some relief from the tax burdens, and that hasty political sense agrees with the demand in the face of a Presidential election. But I, for one, am against this move, as the Government has not gone far enough in reducing its debt to warrant any falling off in its income. On the other hand, there is sure to be a great demand for great expenditures in the next Congress In fact, the expenditures will not be reduced next year. They will be greatly increased, due to bonus legislation and probably a public building bill.

"There is nothing in the nation's financial condition or its future prospects to justify a reduction. The present satisfactory surplus came largely from customs duties. No one dreamed that the customs receipts would exceed $561,000,000. The wildest estimate was $400,000,000. Everything considered, I say, there is no good reason why the people should think they will receive any relief from a change in the revenue laws this coming session of Congress, although there will be a big drive by the practical politicians for modifications of the revenue laws.

"The next session of Congress, in my opinion, will enact some important legislation bearing upon the railroads. I find a well defined sentiment for railroad consolidation, but throughout the West the great issue is a reduction in freight rates. I believe that the railroads might be able to stand some slight reduction in rates, since they have been enjoying wonderful prosperity for the last few months, with no indication that this will cease in the next year."

"Will the next Congress pass a bonus bill in the face of the surplus?" Mr. Smoot was asked.

"I do not doubt that Congress will pass a bonus bill," he replied. "I find a strong sentiment for one among members of Congress and the taxpayers. I should say the next Congress will pass a bonus bill and will be able to do so over the President's veto should the measure sent to the President meet with his disapproval. I believe from what I have heard that the President will veto a bonus bill unless it carries a sales tax. Personally, I will not vote for a bonus bill unless it carries revenue to meet the payments."

"Could not the payments of Great Britain on its loan be used for bonus payments?" was asked.

"It could not be used legally, as these interest payments under the law must go to pay our war debt," the Senator replied.

Senator Smoot said President Harding had received the greatest ovation ever

Continued on Page Three.

POPE URGES BERLIN TO END PASSIVE WAR AND STOP SABOTAGE

Condemns Ruhr Crimes and Instructs Nuncio to Take a Vigorous Stand.

PEACE MOVE BY BELGIUM

Proposes Anglo-French-Belgian Conferences to Settle Ruhr and Reparation Issues.

POINCARE IS REASSURED

Stirred by London Press Reports, Premier Sends Inquiry as to Britain's Attitude.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, July 2.—The Pope has instructed the Papal Nuncio in Munich to protest strongly against the acts of sabotage which have been committed in connection with German passive resistance, special mention being made of the outrage at Duisburg.

This may be taken as a sign that the Vatican considers it has complicated its already far from cordial relations with France and is anxious to show that its attitude on the question of reparations is impartial and unprejudiced, and that the Pope's words were meant as a genuine effort to procure a peaceful solution and not as a reprimand to France.

ROME, July 2 (Associated Press.)—The semi-official Stefani Agency says that, according to information obtained at the Vatican, Pope Pius has instructed the Papal Nuncio in Germany to make representations to the German Government with a view to securing cessation of the passive resistance in the Ruhr.

The Pope's message to the Nuncio makes reference to the Duisburg outrage and says:

"While the Holy Father by his letter is endeavoring to induce the powers to arrive at a friendly understanding, he begs them to suspend any action which may prevent it and deeply regrets to hear of acts of sabotage in the occupied territories and other crimes, under the pretext of passive resistance.

"The Pope charges you to make vigorous representations to the German Government that it may once for all condemn such criminal resistance, which is condemned by the Holy Father himself."

Belgium Working for Allied Accord.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BRUSSELS, July 2.—An important Council of Ministers was held this afternoon under the presidency of Premier Theunis. After dealing with the Ministerial declaration which is to be read to Parliament tomorrow, the Council considered the international situation.

Foreign Minister Jaspar made statements on the situation in occupied Germany, which he declared had become worse from the standpoint of the people's state of mind than it was two months ago. The orders of Berlin were being obeyed.

The Belgian Government is at present occupied with an endeavor to facilitate Franco-English agreement on the question of the Ruhr and reparations. This morning M. Herbette, the French Ambassador in Brussels, read to M. Jaspar a long note containing all the points of the verbal reply which Premier Poincaré wishes to make to Prime Minister Baldwin in response to the British questionnaire. The note includes all aspects of the occupation of the Ruhr and shows, it is said, a sincere desire for agreement which is manifested in its conclusions.

The Belgian Government agrees with the broad outline of the note, but is understood to be about to take active steps to get London and Paris to accept the idea of restricted conferences, in which two French, two British and two Belgian ministers would take part, to examine the whole question of the Ruhr and reparations.

The Government has decided to request the Belgian Ambassador at Rome to put certain observations verbally before the Vatican in connection with the Pope's letter. The Belgian Government is gratified to remark that Premier Baldwin and his colleagues of the British Cabinet are animated with the desire to facilitate an interallied agreement on the Ruhr question.

Poincare Demands Explanations.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 2.—Following declarations by the British press this morning that England was planning separate negotiations with Germany if the

Continued on Page Four.

Harding Drives Locomotive for 12 Miles, Realizing an Ambition of His Boyhood

Special to The New York Times.

SPOKANE, Wash., July 2.—President Harding realized a boyhood ambition today when for a distance of twelve miles along the steep down-grade of the Bitter Root Mountains he drove the powerful electric engine which furnished motive power to his heavy ten-car train. With him in the operator's cab was Mrs. Malcolm Jennings of Marion, Ohio, who with her husband, President of the Ohio Manufacturers' Association, is accompanying the President and Mrs. Harding to Alaska.

The President showed a keen interest in his experience and asked many questions of Engineer Arthur Blundell, whose place he took for the twelve-mile run.

The President learned that the engine had 2,800 horsepower. He took a lesson from the engineer in regard to the functions of the various buttons which are used in turning power off and on, giving signals and otherwise operating the engine. Among other things, the President learned that the power generated by the engine while taking the downgrade was shot back to a transforming station, which in turn gave it to the electric engine of an ascending train. This transformed power is sufficient to haul the other train up the steep mountain's grade.

The section of the Bitter Root Mountains through which the President operated the big engine lies in Montana along the St. Joseph River. This section was swept by a devastating forest fire in 1910 and it presents a forlorn appearance, with miles of tree trunks blackened by flame and smoke.

WHEN YOU THINK OF WRITING
Think of Waiting.
Waiting Paper Company, New York.—Advt.

Fugitive Sent Back to Chain Gang for Life; Trusted Daughter's Suitor and Was Betrayed

Special to The New York Times.

VALDOSTA, Ga., July 2.—After ten years of freedom, during which he has lived under an assumed name and become a substantial resident of Florida, near Leesburg, I. B. Hall, alias J. B. Forrester, who escaped from a convict gang in Georgia after serving part of a life sentence for murder, is now in prison again as the result of trusting to the honor of a man who had become engaged to his daughter.

He told the suitor of his past life because he did not want the young man to marry his daughter without knowing the truth. Betrayed, Hall is philosophical. "I would rather spend twenty years on the gang," he said, "than to have had 'my daughter marry a man who betrayed me."

About ten years ago Hall, charged with killing Dennis Hall, was tried, convicted and sentenced to be hanged. His wife and others appealed to Governor Slaton, who commuted the sentence to life imprisonment. Hall went to the chain gang. After he had served several years he was picked up by the roadside one day and whisked away in an automobile. His wife was suspected of aiding the escape.

Hall located in Florida and his wife and children joined him there. He changed his name and no one suspected him of being a fugitive from justice. His daughter was wooed by a young man of their neighborhood and they became engaged. When Hall took the suitor into his confidence the latter not only broke the engagement, but notified the officers that "Forrester" was Hall, and thus caused his arrest and return to a Georgia convict camp.

GUTENBERG BIBLE SELLS FOR $43,350

Bought by Rosenbach, It Will Be the Only Perfect Copy in America.

PRICE REGARDED AS LOW

Book Auctioned in London the First Ever Printed With Movable Type.

A Gutenberg Bible, the first Bible printed with movable type, was bought yesterday at Sotheby's, in London, for £9,500, approximately $43,350, by Philip H. Rosenbach for the Rosenbach Company of New York and Philadelphia. The rare copy is to be brought here without delay, according to Dr. Abraham S. Wolf Rosenbach, head of the firm of book dealers. He said yesterday at his offices, 273 Madison Avenue, that his company would have bid as high as £15,000 for the copy, which was offered at auction with eighteen other important books in the collection of the late Earl of Carysfort.

Other copies of the first Bible printed by Gutenberg are in the New York Public Library, the library of the General Theological Seminary and in the private collections of J. P. Morgan, Henry E. Huntington and Joseph L. Widener. Commenting on the purchase by his firm, which now owns two Gutenberg copies, Dr. Rosenbach said:

"It will represent America's only perfect copy of the first issue of the Gutenberg Bible in an old binding."

The statement of Dr. Rosenbach was corroborated by M. Seymour de Ricci, one of the foremost authorities on Gutenberg and Caxton. He was poring over some of the priceless literary treasures of Dr. Rosenbach when the bookdealer was informed by cable of his acquisition of the famous Bible. M. de Ricci, author of "Catalogue Raisonne des Premiera Impressions de Mayence" and of "The Book Collector's Guide," has just finished a catalogue of rare editions of the Widener library in Philadelphia and will sail for Europe tomorrow.

Other Copies in America.

"There is a copy in the New York Public Library, in the Library of the General Theological Seminary and a copy on paper formerly belonging to J. W. Ellsworth of New York," said M. de Ricci. "An imperfect copy was bought a few years ago by the Rosenbach Company, which sold leaves separately to libraries in America in order that they might have specimens of the book.

"The copy bought today in London would be the only perfect copy in the United States which is in an old binding. Henry E. Huntington at the Hoe sale in April, 1911, paid $50,000 for his copy on vellum. The copy bought by the Rosenbach Company today is on paper. It is in Gothic type and black letters.

"The wonderful thing about this Gutenberg Bible is that although it was the first book printed with movable type it is a perfect specimen of printing. It is one of the handsomest books in the world. And it is a curious fact that although many thousands of Bibles have been published there is no such thing as an English Bible which can really claim to be a typographically handsome book.

"Considering what Mr. Huntington paid for his copy, and that books of that description have since increased in price, it is strange that the Carysfort copy should have sold for such a low price."

The Gutenberg Bible from the Carysfort library contains the text of the Latin Vulgate from the translation of St. Jerome. It is in two volumes, printed in large Gothic letters, double columns, with the first pages of the first volume containing forty lines to a page. Some of the succeeding pages of the book have forty-one or forty-two lines.

Evidences of Priority.

The printers began by printing forty lines to a page, and later tacked on lines to some of the pages after they were printed. The fact that the Carysfort copy contains numerous pages of forty lines is cited as evidence that it is one of the first copies struck from the press. That it is printed on paper is also evidence of its priority.

"Volume 1 has large initials in colors, in many cases heightened with gold and with decorative work," says the catalogue description of the book. "Volume 2 is marked by numerous large and small initials in red and blue. The headings at the beginning of each book are of red and hand-drawn. The lower margin of the first four leaves of Volume 1 and the margin of a few other leaves are water-stained. Volume 1 measures 14 15-16 inches by 11 inches, and Volume 2, 15¼ by 10⅞ inches.

"In the Mazarin copy Folios 1 to 8a have 40 lines to a page; Folio 9a has 41 lines, Folio 6, &c., 42 lines. A number of contemporary textual manuscript corrections have been made, and in a few cases a word or a short passage inked or painted over. The three-line rubric at the beginning is printed in red

Continued on Page Five.

Archbishop Hayes Urges All Catholics to Join The Manual of Prayer. Many Cts. Baltimore.—Advt.

JONES & BAKER PLAN SETTLEMENT IN FULL

Protective Committee's Proposal Calls for Half Cash on Creditors' Claims.

DEBTS PUT AT $3,800,000

Assets Sufficient if Firm's Securities Can Be Liquidated at Prices of May 31.

A plan for the settlement of the accounts of Jones & Baker, defunct Curb firm, has been prepared by a protective committee and the report states that "if the expense of litigation can be avoided there is every prospect of Jones & Baker making a 100 per cent. payment to their customers and creditors in a reasonably short space of time." Copies of the report are being sent to creditors and former customers through Hays, Hershfield & Wolfe, counsel to the committee. The letter also states that tentative reports rendered by the accountants for the receiver indicate that total liabilities of Jones & Baker will not exceed $3,800,000, and if the securities can be disposed of at prices obtainable on May 31 last the assets will about equal that figure.

The only customers who stand to face a possible loss, the report shows, are those who traded on margin. Outright owners "have not in any way been affected by the failure," according to counsel, and the letter states that securities of such customers are now being rapidly delived by Receiver Alfred C. Coxe Jr. The plan of settlement, in which the receiver collaborated, is as follows:

"1. The claim of customers and creditors shall be liquidated by giving the securities, if any, in their respective accounts, the value of the prices obtainable at the close of business on May 31, 1923. All claims shall be paid upon such liquidation basis, and to effect such payment there shall be available when the composition is made operative, cash and New York Curb Market and New York or Chicago Stock Exchange securities, so valued, of an aggregate amount and value equal to the aggregate amount of all such claims so liquidated.

"2. Payment shall be made as follows:

"(a) Payment from cash. Cash shall be paid to each of such customers or creditors in an amount of at least 50 per cent. of their respective claims so liquidated, which cash shall be made available to customers and creditors upon entry of the order confirming the composition;

"(b) Payment from securities. The difference between the aggregate of payments from cash to be made under Paragraph (a) hereof and the aggregate of all claims so liquidated, shall be represented by securities dealt in or listed on May 31, 1923, on the New York Curb Market and on the New York or Chicago Stock Exchanges, having, in the aggregate, a value (at the prices obtainable at the close of business on May 31, 1923), equal to such difference. Such securities (in the possession of the receiver when the composition is made effective) shall be sold as and when the receiver may elect, and the proceeds of sale of all such securities shall be paid pro rata to such customers and creditors according to their respective credit balances so liquidated, and without deduction of any kind other than the usual brokerage commission to be paid in effecting the sales. The time and method of such sales and the distribution of proceeds shall be provided for in the order confirming the composition.

"3. Jones & Baker shall pay, or cause to be paid, all the expenses of administration and of liquidation (other than the brokerage commission mentioned in Paragraph (b) of 2 hereof), and all the expenses of the committee and of the Customers' and Creditors' Committee, and the fees of all counsel as fixed by the Court when the plan of composition or settlement shall have been confirmed."

TRAIN DITCHED, 40 HURT.

Two Cars Hit Open Switch at High Speed on Niagara Falls Line.

BUFFALO, July 2.—Forty persons were injured, several probably fatally, when a two-car train making fifty miles an hour on the Niagara Falls high speed line of the International Railway Company ran into an open switch of an unused siding at the northern city limits of Tonawanda this morning. Both cars went into the ditch, the first turning completely over.

The second car left the tracks, but was prevented from overturning by a rail which became entangled in the trucks. Ambulances came from Buffalo, Niagara Falls and North Tonawanda.

The motorman claims he did not see the open switch. The car was off the rails, he says, before he realized anything was wrong.

The three most seriously hurt are George Goetz of Buffalo, who had both arms torn off; Joseph Gervasi, Buffalo, back broken; Mrs. Bertha Overholt, North Tonawanda, internally injured. Thomas Kane of Arlington, N. J., was among the less seriously injured.

Visit the Winter Garden, coolest spot in New York, and see the most gorgeous production of the age. The Passing Show.—Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Tom'w.—Advt.

BOUT AT SHELBY OFF; LAST $100,000 UNPAID COMPROMISE FAILED

Kearns Made a Final Offer at 3:30 A. M., New York Time, But It Wasn't Met.

READY TO TAKE $50,000 CASH

With the Rest of the Final $100,000 to Come Out of the Gate Receipts.

ONLY $4,000 IN TREASURY

Finances in a "Hopeless Muddle," According to Major Lane—Montana Deep in Gloom.

By ELMER DAVIS.

Special to The New York Times.

GREAT FALLS, Mont., Tuesday, July 3, 1:00 A. M. (4:00 A. M., New York time).—The fight is off. At half-past twelve tonight Jack Kearns made his final offer to George H. Stanton, representing the business men of Great Falls. He proposed to wait till noon tomorrow for the payment of the last money due Jack Dempsey.

If at that time the fight promoters had $50,000 in cash Kearns would take the rest out of the gate receipts. Stanton, resistant as usual, at first said that Loy Molumby, the promoter, might be able to raise it; then said he doubted if it could be raised and that consequently this meant the fight was off.

"All right," said Kearns, "that goes for me. The fight is off."

If this proposal had been accepted it would have meant that Kearn's $50,000 would have been a first charge on the gate receipts, which were already loaded with two prior first charges. In view of the attitude of the management or its individual members, who have been falling over each other trying to get out and leave somebody else to bury the corpse, there was not a chance in the world that Montana would have raised this $50,000.

Major J. R. Lane, who took charge of the fight on Friday afternoon, came to Kearns Monday morning and told him that the fight finances and the ticket sale were in a hopeless muddle; that nobody knew what tickets were out or what receipts had come in; that there was only $10,000 in the treasury, and that the attempt to raise the final $100,000 in twenty pledges of $5,000 each had failed.

He asked Kearns to take his chance on getting the last hundred thousand out of the gate receipts, and when Kearns asked what about the other unpaid expenses of the bout—the referee, gate keepers, preliminary fighters and so on, Lane could give him no answer.

Kearns says he then telephoned to Shelby and learned that there was only $4,000 in the treasury—a shrinkage, apparently, of $6,000 over night. Then Lane withdrew, gave up his attempt to raise the last $100,000 and passed the buck back to the original committee.

Mayor Jim Johnson of Shelby drove down to Great Falls this afternoon and it was reported that he had brought $25,000 in cash and mortgages on his property to meet the last demand. He had not. He got here at 7 o'clock, went to Stanton's room in the Stanton Bank, and stayed there until midnight.

Stanton told reporters at the hotel at 11 o'clock that no effort had been made to raise any money Monday afternoon and that the committee was waiting until midnight. He added that advice of counsel was that the contract was not broken by the failure to produce the money on the day set and that Dempsey must appear at the ringside on July 4.

Kearns Changes Attitude.

When this news was brought to Kearns in his room in the Park Hotel it caused a visible change in his manner. There is reason to believe that hitherto he had been inclined to wait till the stroke of twelve and then announce that he was ready to take his chance on the gate for the last $100,000, but, hearing that Stanton had said that he wanted to have nothing more in the way of discussion of the fight, Kearns was evidently inclined to call the event off.

Five minutes before midnight, however, Judge Roy E. Ayers, representing Major Lane, appeared at the hotel and talked to Kearns. He made no offer, however, and at five minutes after twelve Kearns reappeared with Loy Molumby, original promoter of the fight.

Molumby had suggested that about $25,000 might be raised and Kearns did not think that was enough. Standing in a smoke-filled room, straw hat slanted on hi ahead and hands in his pockets, he stood, obviously uncertain, and said

Continued on Page Nine.

1,335,000 Acres Partitioned By Mexicans in One Week

MEXICO CITY, July 2.—The partition of large estates among the villages under existing agrarian laws, purporting principally to involve the restoration of communal lands to the villages, reached the astonishing figure of more than 500,000 hectares, or 1,335,000 acres, during one week of June, according to figures published today by the National Agrarian Commission, which expects that figures for the month will reach approximately 2,000,000 acres.

It is understood that figures on the expropriation by the States are desired by the Federal Government for submission to the delegates of the United States in the recognition conference, who are considering the agrarian question.

FOUR MORE INDICTED IN THE FULLER CASE

Nature of Charges and Names of Persons Kept Secret by Federal Authorities.

LINKED WITH McGEE PAPERS

But Officials Plead Ignorance of Letters Seized From Broker's Ex-Wife on Ship.

The seizure of documents in the baggage of Mrs. Nellie Sheehan McGee, former wife of William Frank McGee, a member of the bankrupt brokerage firm of E. M. Fuller & Co., on the steamship Aquitania on Sunday, was followed yesterday by the return of four indictments in the Fuller case by the Federal Grand Jury. The indictments were ordered sealed by Judge Fitzhenry when returned before him in United States District Court, and the nature of the charges as well as the persons named in the indictment were kept secret.

The return of the indictments, coming so soon after the seizure of papers from Mrs. McGee, was said to be merely a coincidence, and it was explained that there was no relation between the two incidents. Assistant United States District Attorney Pecora, who has been in charge of the Federal investigation of the Fuller failure, said that the District Attorney's office had received neither the papers nor a report from the Government agents who seized them.

News of the return of the indictments became public after a conference between Mr. Millard and Assistant District Attorney John H. Joyce, who is acting as head of the office in the absence of William Hayward, United States District Attorney, in Europe. Neither Mr. Joyce nor Mr. Millard would give any intimation of what was contained in the indictments.

After Judge Fitzhenry had discharged the jury Mr. Millard said that the indictments had been ordered sealed "in the interest of justice and for good and sufficient reasons." He added that it would be several days before the seals would be broken and the persons named in the indictments arraigned for pleadings, and said that there would certainly be no developments until after July 4.

According to the general belief in the Federal building the indictments were not the result of the search for the men "higher up" in the bucket shop ring, but developed from an entirely different phase of the Federal inquiry. It was said that the indictments might have resulted from the contempt of court charge for which McGee and Fuller are in the Ludlow Street Jail or that they might be a revival of an old charge. Another supposition was that the indictments might have come from the letter to Colonel Hayward from William M. Chadbourne, counsel for the E. M. Fuller & Co. creditors. Mr. Chadbourne wrote that he believed that evidence in the bankruptcy hearings indicated grand larceny in connection with the Fuller failure. He also said that there was a possibility of making a charge of using the mails to defraud and asked both Colonel Hayward and District Attorney Joab H. Banton of New York County to make an investigation.

Nothing additional could be learned of the nature of the papers taken from Mrs. McGee. Denial of responsibility for the seizure was made both by the Department of Justice and at the Federal District Attorney's office. Attorneys for the trustee and for the creditors in the Fuller bankruptcy case also pleaded ignorance of the matter.

The attorneys in the bankruptcy action probably would like to examine Mrs. Nellie Sheehan McGee concerning her acquaintance with the present Mrs. William Frank McGee, formerly Louise Grood, the dancer, with whom she has been reported to have been on friendly terms in Paris. The bankruptcy hearings, however, have been adjourned until July 14 because of the vacation of Referee Harold P. Coffin.

Henry Morgenthau's 6-Year-Old Grandson Thrown by Pony and Seriously Injured

Special to The New York Times.

BEACON, N. Y., July 2.—Henry Morgenthau 3d, six-year-old grandson of the former Ambassador to Turkey, was seriously injured yesterday afternoon when a pony he was riding on the estate of his father, Henry Morgenthau Jr., at Hopewell Junction, about 12 miles from here, threw him from the saddle and dragged him a considerable distance. He was hurried to the Vassar Brothers Hospital in Poughkeepsie with a slight fracture of the skull.

The accident happened in the late afternoon. It had been thought that the pony was gentle and a safe mount, but after the boy had been on its back a short time the animal shied and unseated the lad. His foot caught in a stirrup and the pony raced away with the child dangling about its heels.

The boy's father, who saw the accident, sprang to the rescue and tried to stop the pony, which ran about 500 feet before a farm hand halted it.

On arrival at the hospital in Poughkeepsie, after a hurried trip, a consultation was held, and it was decided that the lad was suffering from a slight fracture of the skull. Dr. Albert Moffit, a staff surgeon at the institution, took charge of the case. This afternoon a bulletin was issued, saying that the boy's condition was serious, but that there was fair hope for recovery.

At 2 o'clock this morning it was said at the Vassar Brothers Hospital that the condition of the injured boy had already improved.

For sports wear get the Reducer Boston Garter. The inch and a half webbing gives the required grip without binding.—Advt.

GOVERNOR TELLS WHERE HE STANDS ON A POLICE INQUIRY

Can't Order One, but Can Try Enright if Specific Charges Are Filed.

NO SUCH CHARGES LODGED

Commissioner Writes to Hylan That No Proof of Graft Has Been Produced.

APPEALS TO PROSECUTORS

To Cite Cuvillier to Prove His Accusations—Nothing Done About Detectives Court Denounced.

While Police Commissioner Enright was giving out to the newspapers last night copies of a letter he had written to Mayor Hylan bitterly assailing critics of the Police Department, Governor Smith at the Biltmore Hotel talked of the proposal of Assemblyman Louis A. Cuvillier that the Governor institute an investigation of the New York Police Department. Governor Smith said:

"The Governor has no power to investigate the New York Police Department or any other department of the City Administration, and Mr. Cuvillier undoubtedly is aware of that. The only agency at Albany that can bring about an investigation of the Police Department is the Legislature.

"There is only one way in which the situation complained of by Assemblyman Cuvillier can be brought before the Governor. The Governor has power to remove a Police Commissioner of New York City on charges. No charges have been lodged with me against Police Commissioner Enright with a view to his removal. If such charges were brought it would be the Governor's duty to consider them and if they were of a character to justify such a proceeding give both sides a hearing and take whatever action the facts brought out called for."

Governor Smith said he had not received any communication from Assemblyman Cuvillier during the day.

Enright Writes to Hylan.

Police Commissioner Enright made public a letter to Mayor Hylan, in which, reviewing the hearing before Judge Crain in his libel proceedings against Magistrate Corrigan and Assemblyman Cuvillier, he bitterly attacked the critics of the department and declared that the inquiry had been largely taken up with "subjects entirely irrelevant to the issues in this case, all of which had been exploited through the public press by a jury of newspaper reporters."

Asserting that he had been the target of "every cheap politician, legislative lunatic and bummer" who wished to get his name in the newspaper, the Commissioner declared:

"Not one scintilla of proof has been presented during all of these sessions of the court to prove that graft has been paid to any one in the Police Department much less that it has been paid to the Police Commissioner."

Mr. Enright asserted that he had "authoritative information that the legal expenses in this case is being paid by a New York newspaper." "So far as I am personally concerned," the letter said, "I propose to bring some of these fakirs, libellers and muck-rakers to the bar of our criminal courts to be dealt with according to law."

The letter contained no reference to the case of Detectives William H. Morrison and David Lambert, who admitted before Judge Crain that they had testified falsely with regard to the so-called Petrucci liquor seizure case. Commissioner Enright did mention the Petrucci case, however, as an occasion for an attack on John D. Lindsay, Magistrats Corrigan's counsel, for withholding the record of Inspector Lahey's inquiry into the matter until the detectives and others had testified.

Too Busy to See Pecora.

Before he made public the letter to the Mayor, Commissioner Enright sent word to Chief Assistant District Attorney Pecora that he was "too busy" for a conference with regard to Morrison and Lambert. Martin Dolphin, Assistant Corporation Counsel, assigned to Police Headquarters, did confer with Lambert, however.

Mr. Dolphin asked why Lambert and Morrison, despite Judge Crain's recommendations to Chief Inspector Lahey that disciplinary action be taken in their cases, were still on duty, declared that a provision of the city charter prevented any action until a written complaint had been made and the charges investigated by the Commissioner or one of his deputies.

The filing of a written charge has been delayed pending the receipt of a transcript of the testimony before Judge Crain, Mr. Dolphin said. Mr. Pecora said that he believed the transcript would be ready within a day or two.

District Attorney Banton, questioned concerning various phases of the testimony at the Crain inquiry, said that his office would take no further action with regard to the situation brought about by Morrison's and Lambert's confessions until the hearing resumed on Aug. 14.

With his letter to the Mayor, Commissioner Enright also made public a copy of letters he had sent to each of the five District Attorneys in the counties of the city in which he asked that Assemblyman Cuvillier be subpoenaed to testify with regard to his latest charges—to the effect that members of the Police Department collected from $200,000 to $300,000 a month in connection with Mallon-Gegan enforcement.

The Commissioner's Letter.

The letter to the Mayor follows:

July 2, 1923.

The Hon. John F. Hylan, Mayor, City of New York, City Hall, New York City.

My Dear Mr. Mayor—I know you will not be misled by the statements appearing in the press, emanating from either Magistrate Joseph E. Corrigan or Assemblyman Louis A. Cuvillier, nor will you be misled by the biased and

tude of the press regarding any of the proceedings which have taken place in the matter of my complaint of criminal libel against both of these individuals.

Cuvillier asserted on the floor of the Assembly, and later published in a telegram addressed to Corrigan, that the Police Commissioner and his graft collectors were collecting graft in connection with the enforcement of the State prohibition law, known as the Mullan-Gage law, and Cuvillier has reiterated this statement upon numerous occasions and at various times and places since that time.

Corrigan has stated in the public press on several occasions that half of the Police Department were bootleggers, and it is his regular practice to outrageously abuse police officers who have business in his court, denouncing them in the presence of a number of criminals who are gathered there, and advising and directing the prisoners whom they present at the bar to sue these officers and to sue the Police Commissioner.

"The hearing on the complaint against Corrigan and Cuvillier was begun before the Hon. T. C. T. Crain, a Judge of General Sessions, sitting as a Magistrate at the Criminal Courts Building, commencing on May 9, 1923. Numerous adjournments have been requested by the defendants, and granted by the Court, on one pretext or another, but at no time has an adjournment been requested by the complainant or by the District Attorney, representing the people of the State, in this criminal proceeding. The case of the people, upon my complaint, was completed during the first few hours of the first session, and all of the time during many sessions of the court, held during the last two months, has been taken up by the defendants and their counsel in presenting matter and making long speeches upon subjects entirely irrelevant to the issues in this case, all of which has been exploited through the public press by a jury of newspaper reporters who have occupied and filled the jury box in this court during each session.

Assails Corrigan's Counsel.

John D. Lindsay, counsel for Corrigan, occupied the time of the Court for several days making numerous speeches to the newspaper men present in the court, endeavoring to show that the Police Commissioner and the Police Department were trying to prevent them from getting records which they required in this case, to excuse or justify the crime of which Corrigan and his co-defendant Cuvillier are charged with, all of which was false and misleading. At no time has the Police Department or the District Attorney's office opposed the production of any papers requested from this department, but the Corporation Counsel of the city, as a matter of public policy and to prevent the continuous raiding of official papers of the Police Department, the Mayor's office and other departments, appealed first to a Judge of the Supreme Court and next to the Appellate Division for an order vacating blanket subpoenas calling for records at the Mayor's office and at Police Headquarters. That objectionable subpoenas were vacated by Judge Crain during the time this proceeding was pending before the Appellate Division.

One particular record dealing with an investigation held by Chief Inspector Lahey and later, I think, by First Deputy Police Commissioner John A. Leach of this department, growing out of the seizure of some liquor owned by one Petrucci at a garage on West Thirty-seventh Street in April, 1921, more than two years before the crime of which Corrigan is charged was committed, was demanded by the defendants and their counsel, and they told the Court and the public press over and over again that the Police Department was withholding this record. Counsel for Corrigan knew all of this time that the record was not in the possession of the Police Department, that it was, in fact in the possession of the Federal District Attorney, William H. Hayward. All of those statements to the Court and to the press regarding this record were known to be false and made for the purpose of misleading the Court and the public.

"Innumerable witnesses, including many police officers, have been subpoenaed to court day after day as witnesses for the defendants, Corrigan and Cuvillier, and many of these have not even been called to testify. A small army of witnesses, called by the defendants, have been on and off the stand but have given no evidence whatever pertinent to the issues in this case, and most of it, in all probability, will be stricken from the records.

"Cuvillier has been alternately begging for delay and begging for mercy since he has been arraigned before the Court. He has attempted to evade or avoid being hauled before the bar of this Court for the crime committed by himself and Corrigan against every member of this department.

No Proof of Graft, He Says.

Judge Crain has stated and reiterated that that in justification of their charges these defendants must prove two things: First, that graft has been collected in the Police Department, and, second, that the Police Commissioner has received this graft, or a part thereof. Not one scintilla of proof has been presented during all these sessions of the court to prove that graft has been collected and by the Police Department, much less that it has been paid to the Police Commissioner.

On Jan. 31, 1923, after the outburst of Judge Corrigan in the Kast Side Court to the effect that half of the Police Department were bootleggers, I made a demand upon the District Attorney of New York County to investigate these charges and assured the District Attorney that if any officers of this department were found to be guilty of any such crimes they should be dealt with in accordance with law. At the same time I requested the Commissioner of Accounts, the Hon. David Hirshfield, to investigate these charges. Corrigan utterly failed to justify these statements, and upon his appearance before Commissioner Hirshfield he denied he had any such proof of his charges.

Cuvillier continues to assert that there is widespread corruption in the Police Department, and I have this day again communicated with the District Attorneys of the various counties of the City of New York requesting them to cite Cuvillier before the Grand Jury in their respective counties in order that he may make good his charge or be properly dealt with.

During the last two months the attitude of both Corrigan and Cuvillier has been one of evasion. Cuvillier has persistently tried to hide behind his legislative immunity and refused to go on the stand, denied, not only by Judge Crain, but by the Attorney General of the State.

The Police Department of this city enforced the prohibition law as it was enforced nowhere else throughout this country. More than 30,000 arrests were made and liquor valued at many millions of dollars was seized by this department, more than 10,000 stores, speakeasies of manufacturing, possessing or selling liquor in violation of law, were raided and suppressed before the repeal of the Mullan-Gage law, notwithstanding the fact that the general attitude of the Magistrates, Grand Juries and trial juries tended to defeat the efforts of this department to enforce this law.

"As you know, I have at all times demanded of the officers of this department that this law be rigidly enforced, and any officer who was accused of neglecting his duty in this respect has been tried and if found guilty has been dismissed from the department or otherwise severely disciplined.

The Pleasures of a Police Miss.

It is one of the pleasures that goes with the office of Police Commissioner of this city (which carries with it the enormous salary of $7,500 per annum, a salary which has not been increased in the past thirty years) to be the target of every cheap politician, legislative lunatic and humorist who chooses to get his name in the public press or exercise his own political larynges.

It has come to a pass in this city when any political parasite, gambler, crook, criminal or lunatic of any description can laugh at the Police Commissioner or any officer of this department and, in so doing, have the preference on the front page of any New York newspaper. This condition of affairs has been due, in the first place, to the Police Department, the public good or the enforcement of law and order in this city.

I have authoritative information that the legal action I contemplate against the defendants in this case is being held up by a New York newspaper which, in season and out of season, has attacked you personally and assailed the Police Commissioner and practically every responsible officer of every Administration which has come into power since 1918.

The members of this department, from the highest to the lowest, and their families, have patiently suffered under these false accusations and unwarranted misrepresentations. So far as I am personally concerned I propose to bring some of these fakers, libelers and muckrakers to the bar of our criminal courts to be dealt with according to law.

"The Police Department, under your Administration, has thoroughly suppressed gambling and vice and has driven a host of panderers and other parasites, associated with and promoting these vicious and degrading enterprises, from the city. We have reduced serious crimes by more than 30 per cent. during the past five years. In doing this work we have incurred the enmity of the gambling and vicious element and their friends and supporters in places. The political grafters, legislators and judicial parasites and their friends and allies would like to break down this policy of the city and police administration, but, knowing you as I do, and knowing my own mind on this subject, I am determined that they shall not succeed in their unlawful enterprises. Very truly yours,

"RICHARD E. ENRIGHT,
Police Commissioner.

Letter to District Attorneys.

This letter addressed to the District Attorneys said:

"Your attention is invited to an article appearing in the Monday, July 2, 1923, issue of THE NEW YORK TIMES, a copy of which is enclosed herewith, purporting to be a statement of Louis A. Cuvillier, a Member of Assembly of this State, in which he repeats charges against members of the Police Department, of having collected from $300,000 to $500,000 a month graft in connection with the enforcement of the Mullan-Gage law before its repeal.

"It appears from the report that Assemblyman Louis A. Cuvillier be subpoenaed to testify respecting any facts that he may have to sustain this charge against members of this department, or any of them, to the end that they may be dealt with according to law, or in the alternative that it may be shown that Cuvillier's statements are false and unfounded.

"Similar statements have been made by Cuvillier on other occasions, alleging like charges against members of the Police Department and given publicity through the press of this city. In justice to the members of this department, and in the public interests, it is imperative that these and like charges should be inquired into. Due process so that these public informants should be given an opportunity to prove their charges or the members of this department duly absolved therefrom.

"Many citizens who are not informed respecting the true character and reputation of Cuvillier may actually believe some of his malicious statements. The sooner the truth or falsity of his alleged charges are established, the better it will be for the public and the police."

Mr. Pecora received word early yesterday afternoon that Commissioner Enright and Mr. Dolphin would visit his office to confer with him about the case of Lambert and Morrison. At about 5 o'clock Mr. Dolphin appeared, explaining that the Commissioner was too busy to go to the Criminal Courts Building.

Enright Not Officially Informed.

"Both Mr. Dolphin and Commissioner Enright are entirely in the dark with regard to this matter," said Mr. Pecora. "Neither was in the courtroom when these men admitted testifying falsely and the only information they have about it is that derived from newspaper reports.

"Did not Inspector Lahey, who was present in court, and who was directed by Judge Crain to refer the matter to officials for disciplinary action make any report to Mr. Dolphin?" was asked.

"The Inspector conveyed a statement in writing, which said that the stenographer had been directed to furnish a transcript," said Mr. Dolphin.

Mr. Pecora declared that he had submitted to Commissioner Enright what happened in court on Thursday. "It is obvious," he said, "that Commissioner Enright cannot legally take disciplinary action and that in order to get definite, complete and authentic basis he must await the receipt of the stenographer's transcript before Judge Crain. No copy has as yet been received by this office. I intend to get in touch with the stenographer tomorrow to see when it can be expected."

The unusual provision which Mr. Dolphin said prevented any action in the case of the two detectives was Section 300, which says in part:

"No member of the force shall be fined or reprimanded, suspended or dismissed from the police force until written charges shall have been preferred against him, or then not until such charges have been examined, heard and investigated before the Police Commissioner or one of his deputies."

"Could not Inspector Lahey prefer charges?" Mr. Dolphin was asked.

"Any responsible citizen can do so," he replied.

Must Support His Charges.

"Then why could not the Inspector have gone to headquarters directly from the courtroom and preferred charges?"

"He has to support his charges by the written testimony."

"Could not Inspector Lahey have seen that immediate action was taken on Judge Crain's instructions?"

"Inspector Lahey has no authority to file charges. That must be done by a Deputy Commissioner. He can lay the charges before a Commissioner, but he has to support them by authentic legal proof.

"But Inspector Lahey was present when Lambert and Morrison admitted that they testified falsely," Mr. Dolphin was reminded.

"Yes, but he does not know that they committed any crime. To prove perjury a number of elements have to be considered. One is that the testimony was under oath. Another is that it related to a material issue. I, as a lawyer, might have been able to say it was perjury. Lahey, however, is not a lawyer."

District Attorney Banton was asked what action his office would take on the police situation created by the confessions of Lambert and Morrison.

"This office will take no action before Aug. 14, when the hearings will be resumed."

Not to Act in Meantime.

"Are you going to question any witnesses in the meantime?"

"I see no reason for doing so."

Mr. Banton was asked whether the fact that officials of the Police Department were present during the first testimony before Judge Crain of Lambert and Morrison contradicted the stenographic record of the Lahey inquiry would result in any inquiry by him for the officials' failure to expose the false testimony. "There is nothing for this office to do in the matter," he said.

Asked whether he would call Inspector John O'Brien, who also testified that the transcript of the Lahey hearing produced by Mr. Lindsay was false, Mr. Banton replied in the negative.

Morrison testified in open court that some one in Commissioner Enright's own office had warned him over the telephone to let Petrucci alone. He would not say, however, whether any further into that matter is planned.

"This office is not going to do so because it would tend to confuse the issue in the case now pending, which is a criminal libel," said Mr. Banton.

SHOT BY DETECTIVE.

Man Twice Wounded in Flight After His Arrest as Navy Deserter.

Jerry Cariffe, 24 years old, of 71 Mulberry Street was shot in the right hip and the left leg yesterday when he was fleeing from Detective Sergeants O'Hara and McKittrick of the Oak Street Station, who had arrested him as a deserter from the navy. O'Hara fired six shots at Cariffe in a chase through Bayard and Mulberry Streets after Cariffe had tripped the detective. Its was captured on the top floor of the tenement at 79 Mulberry Street, following the fugitive's flight through the tenement at 69 Mulberry Street and across five roofs.

It was not until the detectives reached the police station in an automobile with the prisoner, however, that they discovered two of the bullets had struck Cariffe. Then he was removed to the Prison Ward at Bellevue Hospital.

Cariffe refused statements before the shooting was discharged by Magistrate Moses H. Grossberg in the Jefferson Market Court, where he had been arraigned in connection with the burglary of the grocery store of Samuel Kessler at 71 Mulberry Street. Cariffe, another negro 19 years old, who was arrested with him on Sunday night last, also was discharged. When the young men reached the street in front of the court, Cariffe again was taken into custody by the detective who suspected at first that his injuries were slight.

THREE NEW CHARGES OF POLICE BRUTALITY

One Alleged Victim a Woman Whose Skull May Have Been Fractured.

REPORTED BY CUVILLIER

Assemblyman Suggests District Attorneys Receive Complaints of Assaulted Citizens Direct.

Three new cases of alleged police brutality came to light yesterday. Two of them—one in Manhattan and one in the Bronx—were reported to the prosecuting authorities by Assemblyman Louis A. Cuvillier. In the third case a woman is in St. John's Hospital, Queens, with possibly a fracture of the skull as the result of a clubbing.

A "department of police brutality" in the offices of the District Attorneys for the counties in the city was suggested by Assemblyman Cuvillier in a letter to Joab H. Banton, District Attorney for New York County. It should be, he says, "a department where citizens could complain, without being terrorized by the police, to the criminal law officer of the county for protection."

"It is well known," he adds, "that when a person makes a complaint against a policeman through police channels the police are whitewashed and the assaulted citizen is browbeaten and terrorized by the investigating officer."

Patrolman Thomas J. Darcy, 25, who lives at 124 Greenpoint Avenue, Long Island City, and who is the son of a hotelkeeper in the Laurel Hill section, was arraigned before Magistrate Harry Miller in the Long Island City Court yesterday charged with assaulting William J. Horneski, 36, and his wife Margaret of 347 Fifty-fifth Street, Brooklyn. Darcy is attached to the Fifth Street Station, Manhattan.

Mrs. Horneski, 30 years, a frail little woman, is suffering with a possible fracture of the skull. The hospital authorities said last evening that they had not been able as yet to determine whether she had a fractured skull. They said that she had improved somewhat since she had been brought in and they believed that she would recover. Her husband was in the Long Island City police court yesterday morning with a deep wound in his right cheek which had been bound up by the hospital surgeons.

The complaint against Darcy charged felonious assault and battery. It was filed on a short affidavit made by Sergeant John Durkin, who, with a patrolman, arrested him on Greenpoint Avenue, Laurel Hill, about 3 A. M. Monday and took him to the Hunters Point Police Station House. Horneski, who was represented by counsel, took no part in the proceedings. Darcy pleaded not guilty. Sergeant Durkin said he was not ready to proceed and asked for an adjournment. Magistrate Miller fixed the date for examination on Monday, July 9, and fixed bail at $2,500. Darcy was not able to give this bail in the police court and he was taken to the Queens Jail. Members of his family appeared at the jail during the afternoon and placed their bonds in the hands of Warden Fox and secured his release.

Orders from headquarters in Manhattan made it impossible yesterday to get any information from the police regarding the facts of the alleged assault. Sergeant Durkin told the court that he had received direct telegraphic orders from headquarters not to give any information. Horneski said he had been cautioned not to talk, but he would not say that this warning had come from the police.

It was learned late yesterday that Darcy had been examined by Police Surgeon Francis J. Murray in the cells at the Hunters Point Police Station about 8:45 A. M. Monday, and he had reported to Captain Harry McQueeney, as is command of the precinct, that he found Darcy "to be under the influence of intoxicating agent or agents and unfit for duty." The suspension of Darcy was ordered by Deputy Police Commissioner Phillips.

According to the best information obtainable Horneski and his wife, who live at 347 Fifty-fifth Street, Brooklyn, were walking along quietly in the vicinity of Borden and Review Avenues, Long Island City, about 9:45 A. M. Monday looking for a trolley car to take them to the Vernon Avenue viaduct. They were approached by Darcy, who was in citizens' clothes. He began to abuse them, and Horneski, thinking that he was being held up, attempted to protect his wife, whereupon Darcy set upon both and knocked them to the ground, they charge. The alleged assault was seen by several persons, one of whom sent in a call for an ambulance.

When Mrs. Horneski reached the hospital she gave a description of the gallant and this was sent to the Hunters Point Precinct. Sergeant Durkin was sent out and finding Darcy, who answered the description, arrested him. The sergeant said that he did not know that Darcy was a policeman until he got him to the station house.

Darcy has been on the police force since March 6, 1922.

Cuvillier asked Mr. Banton to inquire into an alleged assault upon Denis Haggerty and John Flabin of 163 East Ninety-ninth Street on June 8, when, he alleges, a policeman struck them in the face without provocation. He called to the attention of District Attorney Edward J. Glennon of the Bronx the case of Mrs. Helen O'Neil of 3281 Palmer Avenue, alleging that Mrs. O'Neil, who is 58 years old, was injured on June 14 when she attempted to prevent a policeman from entering her home to serve a summons on a man.

$7,000 RINGS VANISH.

Woman Misses Valuables and Traveling Mate at Same Time.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., July 2.—Disappearance of three diamond rings, the stones weighing eight carats and valued at $7,000, from a stateroom on the steamer City of Cleveland as it arrived from Buffalo today was reported to the police.

The rings belonged to a woman who said she was Miss Edith Kantrail of 603 West 113th Street, New York. The police are trying to trace a Miss Lee of Buffalo, who shared the stateroom with Miss Kantrail.

The two left the stateroom together, forgetting the key. Miss Kantrell found the rings missing when, she returned, she did not see Miss Lee again, although the other woman's baggage was still in the cabin. Miss Lee left the boat without being questioned. Police are trying to learn the destination, which she described to Miss Kantrell as Minnesota.

No record of a Miss Edith Kantrell could be found at 603 West 113th Street last night. Mrs. Fanny Kantro was said to be living there, but she was not at home. Residents said Mrs. Kantro has a daughter, Kitty Kantro, who is away on a vacation.

ROB ST. LOUIS CAR OFFICE.

Armed and Masked Men Escape Under Fire With $16,000.

ST. LOUIS, July 2.—Five armed and masked men held up the office of the United Railways Company here late today and escaped with approximately $16,000.

About a dozen employes were in the office at the time and two of them fired at the bandits as they escaped in an automobile. One of the employes said he believed he hit a bandit, as he saw him fall into the tonneau of the car. The office is in the business part of the city.

SAYS FORD CAN'T WIN AS THIRD PARTY CHOICE

Senator Copeland Thinks His Nomination by Democrats or Republicans Unlikely.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, July 2.—Henry Ford would stand little chance of election to the Presidency as the candidate of a third party, and there is little probability of his being nominated by either Democrats or Republicans, United States Senator Copeland of New York asserted when he stopped here today on his way east.

"Throughout the West I have heard only the names of Henry Ford and Governor Smith mentioned as Presidential candidates," said Senator Copeland. "Ford would win easily if nominated by either of the old line parties. No matter where you go you hear his name mentioned. They discuss him in the general stores of all the small towns and in the larger cities. He is the choice of the masses and the people believe his election would put the country on a more solid foundation.

"Our great trouble today is the financial condition of Europe, and the farmers believe the present Government should have a solution of Europe's financial questions. The farmers have 176,000,000 bushels of grain which they cannot sell, as Europe cannot buy. They believe Henry Ford's financial genius would solve this question for them.

"The farmers admire Ford because they have heard so much about his industrial genius and believe he would solve their tariff troubles. He is an idol of the laboring people because they believe he has achieved great success while defying Wall Street. The wage he pays also make him popular with labor throughout the country.

"But when you talk of the Democrats nominating him, that is another question. No one knows whether he favors the policies of the Democrats or the Republicans. No party is going to select an outsider. Of course, conditions might change if Ford would commit himself on the issues of the campaign, but he appears to be reluctant to commit himself upon any of the issues which face the people.

"While the East is 'wet,' the Central West is very 'dry' and little 'wet' sentiment can be heard, according to the Senator. He doubts whether a referendum vote would see any change in the Volstead law. He maintained the campaign of next year will have for its chief issue this country's participation in the financial rehabilitation of Europe.

Mr. Harding should have called a conference of the nations of the world to discuss some plan for financing Europe during the period of rehabilitation," he said. "Another issue will be the Government's effort, or lack of effort, to promote agricultural development. The farmers wants Henry Ford to solve matters, having lost faith in President Harding has failed to solve. The farmer lacks confidence in the Republican Party and is not sure he would get a better deal if the Democratic Party were in power."

TELL OF UNIONIZING EMPLOYES OF B. M. T.

Work Going On for Two Months, Organizers Say at Meeting of 150 Workers.

Labor speakers announced at a mass meeting last night of employes of the Brooklyn-Manhattan Transit Company, which succeeded the old B. R. T., that secret organization work had been carried on for two months to unionize the train crews and other workers on all the lines. About 150 men were present at the meeting last night, which was held in the Brooklyn Labor Lyceum, Myrtle and Willoughby Avenue. Patrick J. O'Brien, Vice President of the Street and Electric Railway Union of America, said:

"The employes are afraid to come to the meeting until long after dark because of the hundreds of spotters the company has sent to watch them. These guards, who are outside and who surround the building, won't be permitted by us to intimidate the men. We've been working here for two months to unionize them, with the result of 1,400 pledged members, and now we'll fight in the open until all are in the union."

William Collins, a general organizer for the same union, asserted that if the B. M. T. would pay fair wages more capable men would be obtained and there would be no danger of jeopardizing the safety of the traveling public. He said Brooklyn's railway minimum wage of 45 cents an hour was the low-est rate paid in any big city of the country. Other speakers were Hugh Frayne and James Holland, State Organizer of the American Federation of Labor.

DENIES RULE BY PEOPLE.

Dr. Wishart Holds That "All Authority Comes From God."

Special to The New York Times.

WINONA LAKE, Ind., July 2.—Thomas Jefferson's declaration that governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed was declared to have fallen to pieces, in an address today at the Christian Citizenship Conference by the Rev. Dr. William I. Wishart of Pittsburgh. Dr. Wishart spoke following the adoption by the conference of a resolution presented by Bishop W. M. Bell of the United Brethren Church of Harrisburg, Pa., expressing the purpose of the conference, as follows:

"Humbly recognizing the Lord Jesus Christ as King of Kings and Lord of Lords, we submit that all civil Government is directly responsible to Him, and we pray that the nation now suffering in its sins may acknowledge His authority and obey His will, that they may prove worthy of preservation by His almighty power.

"If you propose to take me, I will withdraw," he continued. Dr. Wishart declared Jefferson's belief, which he wrote into the Declaration of Independence, falls to pieces "there has never been a condition of society without a certain amount of order. Even the Apaches and Comanches have a whisper. Because we are expecting to have Mr. W. J. Bryan on this platform—have some form of organization."

"The source of government is not in the consent of the people. Democracy, which is the child of the Reformation, is dead. The divine right of kings, which was shot to death in the World War—all miss the mark.

"The Christian theory is that all authority comes from God and that rulers have a double responsibility, to God and to the people."

World peace was discussed by Clinton N. Howard of Rochester, N. Y., who said the manner in which England and the United States have settled the boundaries of Alaska and Maine and other questions without war was an example for all the world to follow.

Dr. Frederick J. Lynch of New York said nations must settle their difficulties on the same basis as individuals settled them.

INDICTED ON THREE COUNTS

Only $6,000 Involved, but Brokerage Aid Is Held Under $20,000 Bond.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—John H. Brown, employe of the brokerage firm of Redmond & Co., New York City, was indicted today on charges of forgery, larceny after trust and embezzlement.

The indictments deal with less than $6,000 worth of stock certificates and bonds. The accused is held under $20,000 bond. The indictments resulted from Brown's alleged appropriation of property of his employer's clients.

GREEKS MEET GRIEF AT ELLIS ISLAND

Many Lack Money; Some Don't Know Destination; "Picture Brides" Unclaimed.

2,324 ALIENS EXAMINED

Since July 1 2,974 Immigrants Have Been Admitted—2,500 More Expected Today.

The staff at Ellis Island, headed by Henry H. Curran, the new Commissioner of Immigration, began the work of handling 2,324 aliens from five steamships early yesterday morning and finished the examination and medical inspection before the depot closed for the day at 4:30 P. M. About 75 per cent. of the total were admitted. The quotas for Africa and "Other Asia" were exhausted yesterday, and it was expected that the Turkish quota also would be filled by the landing of a number of Ottoman subjects at Providence from the Fabre liner Britannia yesterday. Mr. Curran said that of the 2,074 immigrants landed at Ellis Island on Sunday 1,506 slept there Sunday night, including the 527 detained for various reasons over the week-end.

The ships from which the immigrants were taken yesterday were the President Adams, with 761; Stockholm, 794; France, 393; King Alexander, 809; Washington, 38. All went well while the Italians and exiled Russians were being passed through in a steady stream, and Mr. Curran again expressed his approval of the physique and appearance of the young men and women in the throng.

King Alexander Brings Trouble.

Then the Greeks landed from the King Alexander, and trouble started, as it usually does, said Deputy Commissioner Byron H. Uhl, when the sons of Hellas arrive. Some of them had no money, others had lost their railroad tickets and many did not know where they were going.

Among the Greek arrivals were several "picture brides" who are selected from their photographs by young Greeks in this country. In order to acquire the pale complexion and plump figure essential for the Greek beauty, most of the young women live on figs. Turkish delight and reseed jam for weeks before they start for New York, a diet which makes them ready victims of seasickness.

Several prospective bridegrooms were at the pier yesterday when the Greek liners docked and called out the names of their chosen ones. Apparently some of the young women did not measure up to their photographs, for they were left unclaimed at Ellis Island. Their eyes were filled with tears as they told their stories yesterday and they were set aside and telegrams sent to the men to make good. Altogether Deputy Commissioner Uhl said, about 200 of the Greek immigrants were detained for further examination.

Soft Coal Smoke Envelops Island.

While the immigrants were being examined the Commissioner sent one of the officials from the island in his motor launch to look for the 200 beds reported to have arrived at the freight yards in Jersey City. After a long search 120 of the beds were discovered and sent to Ellis Island for the extra number now sleeping at the immigration depot.

Mr. Curran called attention to the clouds of black smoke from the funnels of the tugboats which drifted into the buildings through the open windows where the immigrants were eating and the dormitories, where the babies were sleeping. He said that the towboat owners would be compelled to burn hard coal.

He received word from Washington yesterday afternoon that Assistant Secretary of Labor R. C. White was ill and could not go to New York to assist at Ellis Island in the disposition of appeal cases. It was said that Mr. White might be well enough to come to Ellis Island on Thursday. There are about 250 cases from last week, the Commissioner said, and each appeals have been filed by immigrants landed from the four steamships on Sunday. Secretary of Labor Davis will sail for England and France tomorrow on the Leviathan and his place will be taken at Washington by the First Assistant Secretary, J. C. Henning.

The immigrants on the Cunarder Aquitania were one 13 second and 123 third class and will be taken to Ellis Island at 7 o'clock this morning as the liner is scheduled to dock at Cherbourg and Southampton at 10 o'clock. The immigrants from the Otulio Cesare, Marecalbo and Muenchen also will be inspected at Ellis Island today.

Commissioner Curran said last night that in all 2,500 had been landed at the island yesterday and about 1,500 were found to be in a satisfactory physical and mental condition and admitted. A noticeable feature was the number of young mothers with babies in their arms. Among the British immigrants are a number of skilled mechanics from the shipyards on the Clyde who have come to America with their families because of the slump in the shipbuilding trade in their own country.

Among the 578 immigrants in the steerage of the new North German Lloyd liner Muenchen from Bremen was Willi Gaa, living in Ireland since he was 4 years old and had returned to live with his father at 154 Walton Street, Waterbury, Conn. It was the sickness of Miss Shashy's brogue that caused the inspectors to select her on the ship overnight for further examination.

Among the passengers on the Italian liner Duca Alighieri from Naples and Genoa was a Russian refugee, Ariadne Mikeshina, who composes symphonic poems and fantasies. Her mother and a sister are with her. The liner brought 700 passengers, of whom 118 were citizens. The others came from ten different countries.

The Cunarder Albania from London brought 284 passengers from Scotland and 120 from England. Several young Scotch mechanics said they were going to Canada.

The Mount Clinton of the United American Lines stopped at Boston on Sunday, where she landed 300 aliens, mostly Germans, and brought 158 aliens and 26 citizens to New York.

The new North German Lloyd liner Muenchen from Bremen arrived yesterday with 67 first, 322 second and 362 third class passengers and is the first German steamship to arrive since 1914 with three classes of passengers. August Schlein, chief steward of the Kronprinzessin Cecilie, who retired in 1918, is back again on the Muenchen after losing all his money in the war. Captain Frederick Rehin, the master of the new liner, said that he could have arrived on Sunday but was held back by the poor quality of the coal obtained in England. The Muenchen is 14,500 gross tonnage and has accommodation for 170 first, 258 second and 402 third class passengers, and will soon be followed by her sister ship the Stuttgart. She has an average speed of 15½ knots.

Among those in the first class was Baron Leopold von Plessen, Secretary of the German Embassy at Washington, with his sister, Henriette Plessen, who will spend three months in this country, she said.

AID FOR RUSSIAN REFUGEES.

San Franciscans Offer Jobs to Penniless Passengers on the Merritt.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 2.—What is to become of those Russian refugees so unfortunate as to be rejected by the immigration authorities here? The 526 men, women and children, who entered San Francisco yesterday on the transport Merritt were landed today at Angel Island. Scarcely one of them has a passport or papers of any description, and, with Russian rubles selling a million for a cent, the entire crowd could not buy a stick of gum.

The local authorities have appealed to the State Department for waivers to aid these people, but the refugees must observe every requirement of the immigration laws, must pass a rigid medical examination, undergo a Wassermann test, and show they have jobs awaiting them to insure their becoming self-supporting.

It seems certain that many will not pass the tests. Some are weak, some covered with wounds, some apparently mentally numbed by the horrors through which they have passed.

The Russian Relief Society of San Francisco has promised to do all in its power to provide homes and jobs for these penniless ones. Other local societies have agreed to co-operate.

But the labor unions are protesting against the admission of any of them.

ISMET COMPLAINS OF DELAY

Demands Prompt Consideration of Unsettled Problems at Lausanne.

LAUSANNE, July 2 (Associated Press).—Ismet Pasha, in the name of the Turkish delegation, today dispatched a note to the Near East Conference protesting against the delay in discussing the unsettled problems before it, and demanding immediate consideration of the questions of the Ottoman debt, the evacuation of Turkish territory and concessions.

Ismet insisted that his delegation had some two weeks ago adhered to the formula arranged with the allied experts concerning the debt problem. But that since then, despite his repeated complaints to the allied plenipotentiaries, nothing tangible had been done to bring about a definite settlement.

Turkish spokesmen said tonight that they would sign no treaty which did not specify a time for the evacuation of the foreign troops and repeated that Turkey was opposed to paying interest on the Ottoman Debt in English currency at prewar parity of exchange, as required by the letter of the bonds. She had suggested French francs, they said, as a compromise within the capacity of the national purse.

The Allies have issued a denial that Turkey ever adhered to a formula solving the debt problem, as alleged in Ismet Pasha's note. They say that the Turkish delegation itself proposed a formula which the Allies rejected.

Referring to Ismet's complaints of delay, the Allies' statement insists that the Turks constantly declined to discuss the questions at issue, and that only today did Ismet Pasha's communication disclose the fact that Turkey was willing to talk about concessions at Lausanne. Therefore, it is argued, the Turks have been partly responsible for delaying the conference.

SPEED WANAMAKER STATUE

Philadelphia Mayor Authorizes Sculptor to Go On With Memorial.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, July 2.—J. Massey Rhind, sculptor for the John Wanamaker memorial statue, was today authorized by Mayor Moore and John T. Windrim, a member of the Memorial Committee, to proceed with the work. The Mayor officially approved the working model.

"There has never been any objection to the art work of the model," said the Mayor. "The question has been about the time of completion. Mr. Rhind said that the statue would be delivered on time. He said it would take three years."

The Philadelphia Art Jury at a meeting on May 23 disapproved the statue and its proposed location on City Hall Plaza. Charles Grafly, the sculptor member of the Art Jury, opposed the work on the ground that Mr. Rhind was working on a time contract and that no artist could work under such conditions and produce real art.

WHEAT BUYING POOL RUMOR

Formed, It Is Said, With Government Sanction to Lift Prices.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., July 2.—Rumors were in circulation today that a pool was being formed in the East to buy wheat with an idea of advancing prices. In order to insure better general business conditions this Fall and also for the effect it would have on political sentiment.

Leading local operators said they had heard of the rumors, but knew nothing about it and were not inclined to enthuse over it.

According to the rumor the move has the sanction of the Government.

CRANFORD READY FOR FETE.

Sixty Boats to Compete in Venetian Carnival Tomorrow.

CRANFORD, N. J., July 2.—Everything is in readiness for the Venetian carnival on the Rahway River here July 3 at 8 P. M. More than sixty decorated canoes and boats are expected in the parade. Prizes will be awarded for canoes, floats and house decorations.

A grandstand in Springfield Avenue will accommodate 2,000 persons. The bands will furnish music during the parade and one for a block dance in Eastman Street.

New York Times New Office in London

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 2.—The London offices of THE NEW YORK TIMES have been transferred from The Daily Chronicle building at 12 Salisbury Square, Fleet Street, E. C. 4, to buildings occupied by The London Times. Printing House Square. The postal address of the London offices of THE NEW YORK TIMES is now 168A Queen Victoria Street, London, E. C. 4.

FIVE LINERS ARRIVE WITH IMMIGRANTS

Hundreds, Belated in Dash for Ellis Island, Reach Port Yesterday.

Five liners arrived yesterday from Europe bringing several hundred more immigrants. The officials of the White Star liner Adriatic, from Liverpool and Queenstown, reported that they had brought 1,886 passengers, said to be the greatest number on any westbound vessel this year. Of these 1,813 were landed at Boston and the remainder came to New York.

Among the notables in the first cabin was Miss Netta Beatrice Westcott, the English actress, who was selected by the Talmadge sisters for the beauty of her profile and is on her way to Los Angeles to appear in moving pictures.

Irene Shashy, 18 years old, a paisano-ger in the steerage who was born in Waterbury, Conn., in 1905, was detained by the immigration officials because she had no passport. She presented her birth certificate which was signed by the Rev. Father William McGurk of the Immaculate Conception Church, Waterbury, and she told the officials she had been living in Ireland since she was 4 years old and had returned to live with her father at 154 Walton Street, Waterbury, Conn. It was the sickness of Miss Shashy's brogue that caused the inspectors to select her on the ship overnight for further examination.

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PEACE PRIZE OFFER GAINS WIDE PRAISE

Many Declare Edward W. Bok's Proposal Will Bring Definite Results.

PUBLIC INTEREST AROUSED

League of Nations Advocates Say Only Adhesion to That Body Is Necessary.

SENATORS DIVIDED IN VIEW

First Plan, Already Submitted, Proposes to Outlaw War and Abolish Army and Navy.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Deep interest has been aroused in Washington by the offer of Edward W. Bok of $100,000 for a practicable plan under which the United States may co-operate in bringing about and maintaining the peace of the world. General sentiment here focused on the idea that such an offer was bound to stimulate a wealth of suggestions, out of which might come the one plan necessary.

League of Nations advocates said at once that the League, if accepted by the United States, would accomplish the end in view, and that, therefore, anything arising from the Bok offer would be superfluous. But other spokesmen took the ground that, as the League had been rejected by the Senate, another solution would have to be advanced.

Statements of the Administration viewpoint on the matter were lacking. All of the Cabinet members were away from the city except Secretaries Hughes and Davis and Postmaster General New, and of these Mr. Davis alone gave his views, which were of a personal character.

Pronounced Democrats, such as Senator Fletcher of Florida and Pittman of Nevada did not appear to take the matter very seriously, but Cordell Hull, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, praised it as affording a splendid opportunity for doing good for the world.

"Fine Thing," Marshall Says.

Thomas R. Marshall, former Vice President, said:

"I think it a very fine thing that Mr. Bok should have made such an offer. Whether it leads to a League of Nations or results in something to take its place, I hope that a sufficient number of people will express their views on the subject in the hope that something definite will result for the stabilization of conditions and the preservation of peace throughout the world."

Cordell Hull said:

"I am naturally pleased to learn of Mr. Bok's plan, designed to stimulate public interest in the cause of peace, and thereby to aid and supplement plans and methods heretofore put forward. There could be no more urgent or rightful understanding than that of arousing and stimulating public sentiment in favor of practical international co-operation to prevent war, and in the most feasible manner to promote and maintain permanent peace.

"Mr. Bok will not only do a distinct public service by helping to arouse public sentiment on this vital problem, but will help to clarify the situation so that the people can better visualize and appraise the methods that have heretofore been proposed and are still pending."

Secretary of Labor Davis said:

"I think the idea is an excellent one and I cannot see why some practical plan cannot be produced. Why can't there be a workable plan for world peace if everybody wants peace, as they protest they do? At any rate, it is worth a trial, and I am glad that Mr. Bok has offered his award. It should serve to give impetus to the human effort already being made to find a way to something to which all men and nations can subscribe.

Smoot Thinks Good Will Result.

Senator Smoot of Utah, Republican, said:

"I have had no opportunity to give the proposal extended consideration, but certainly only good can come from any plan or project which will stimulate interest in America's relations to foreign affairs and in the direction of world peace. Mr. Bok is to be commended for making the award, which may provide a definite step toward the goal all of us are seeking."

Senator Spencer of Missouri, Republican, said:

"It is a generous offer and many times the amount would be cheap if it brought us an effective solution of the problem. I do not envy Mr. Bok the mail he will receive in connection with it."

Senator Curtis of Kansas, Republican whip in the Senate, said:

"While I have not had time to study the proposal with care, it appeals to me as a most worthy intention, and I can see no reason why it should not receive wide interest and be productive of real benefit."

Senator Pittman of Nevada, Democrat, member of the Foreign Relations Committee, said:

"It is unfortunate that they have to resort to that method to obtain ideas. Naturally the trained statesman of the country might be expected to develop such a plan rather than the public with its miscellaneous equipment. I might add that the Administration has been without such a program for so long that this offer may serve to meet its deficiencies in this respect."

Senator Fletcher of Florida, Democrat, said:

"It seems to me the subject is practically exhausted as far as making suggestions goes. The difficulty is not in making suggestions; the difficulty is in getting the suggestions agreed to at this time. Various countries would probably have reservations or objections to any plan. It will be very hard to get them to agree. It was thought the last word on peace had been spoken in the League of Nations idea, and a great many people considered that the true basis; but after almost all the nations in the world agreed on that plan, when it was brought here to Washington we could not agree on it. No I don't believe if a plan came down from Heaven at this time it would be agreed to by all nations."

Opposed Peace Partisan Rivalry.

Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, said:

"If the American people could bring themselves to a serious consideration of international affairs there would be no need for Mr. Bok to offer a prize of $100,000 for a plan to permit American helpfulness internationally. I am afraid that a prize plan will find itself just as much a centre of partisan bigotry as any other plan.

"For my part, I see no need of a new plan, growing out of a prize-winning contest. The League of Nations fills the bill. The precise terms of Mr. Bok's contest do not appear clear to me, and I can only say that he must be an optimist indeed if he thinks $100,000 will be more effective in helping world affairs toward adjustment than the League of Nations plan, into which we put the best of our war-generated idealism and hopefulness."

Mrs. Florence Brewer Boeckel, Educational Director of the National Council for the Prevention of War, with which are affiliated organizations which have a membership of 10,000,000, speaking for the council, said:

"The plan announced by Mr. Bok for a $100,000 peace award is a most encouraging sign of the times. There is no question that the whole world wants peace. The problem is to keep the attention of statesmen and Governments and the people centred on the question of how to achieve it until an effective plan is developed. This peace award will help to do just that."

Some Research Stimulated.

Dr. Leo S. Rowe, Director General of the Pan American Union, said:

"The plan suggested by Mr. Bok is certain to stimulate research and the definite formulation of plans. It will thus be a stimulus to the great number of people who are thinking about international peace to reduce their thoughts to concrete proposals. Mr. Bok is doing a national and international service in making this large sum available for a purpose which so closely concerns the future happiness of all peoples."

Colonel Ernest P. Bicknell, acting Chairman of the American Red Cross, said:

"The thing which Mr. Bok wants is what everybody wants. His definite proposal should tend to bring to a focus the thinking which many intelligent Americans are undoubtedly doing on the great subject. Out of it all it does not seem unreasonable that just the right suggestion may come forth. Certainly this generous offer is timely and worthy of the warmest commendation."

Representatives of the army and naval forces did not seem inclined to discuss the offer. General Pershing, General Lejeune and Assistant Secretary of the Navy Roosevelt would make no statements for publication.

No representative of the Republican National Committee now in the city felt qualified to speak for that organization.

SEE PROMISE IN OFFER.

Prominent Philadelphians Say Bok Plan Will Hasten World Peace.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, July 2.—Edward W. Bok's offer of a "$100,000 "American Peace Award" to the person who presents the best practical plan under which the United States can co-operate with other nations for world peace is meeting with hearty approbation in this city.

Prominent persons in political, religious and social fields hail it as certain promise of the stimulus needed to hasten a "consummation devoutly to be wished."

"Any successful foreign policy must be understood by the people," said Senator Pepper today in appraising the peace award. "I should suppose an award of this importance, within the reach of any American, would make our foreign relations policy a live topic in nearly every school district in the country. This will be the important result, it seems to me, to focus attention on the question of our foreign policy.

"Whether anything concrete is obtained is a matter for the future to decide, but surely when the attention of America is directed upon some subject satisfactory results are obtained."

"Mr. Bok's action is admirable," said the Rev. Dr. Floyd W. Tompkins, rector of Holy Trinity Church. "It is admirable because it will set the people thinking and talking, and out of that will come some solution. The will of the people will force Congress to action."

"The problem does not seem to me to be one of finding a new plan, but of generating more co-operative spirit in our representatives," said the Rev. Dr. Louis C. Washburn, rector of Old Christ Church. "If two co-ordinate branches of government, which for other reasons than lack of money, are pulling against each other, the offer of a prize may or may not overcome the obstacles."

"I hailed Mr. Bok's offer with joy," said W. B. Harvey, Secretary of the Friends' Yearly Meeting. "The plan strikes me as very favorable. Any workable arrangement to stimulate interest in the participation of America in a practical plan for world peace is a noble thing."

Edward W. Evans, another prominent Friend, believes Friends will welcome the "American peace award."

"I think it is comparable to the Nobel Prize," he said, "and I think Friends are entirely ready to welcome any legitimate movement for the nation to join some sort of World Court plan.

"There has been organized recently a citizens' committee for the World Court in this city. Letters signed by twenty-five or more prominent persons will be sent out soon to invite others to join the movement. The whole service is under the auspices of the Philadelphia Peace Council. Many are interested, you see, in this matter of arousing public concern over the world situation.

$100,000 BOK OFFER STIRS PEACE BODIES

First One to Compete Wants War Outlawed and Army and Navy Abolished.

Immediate interest in the offer of an award of $100,000 by Edward W. Bok of Philadelphia for the most practicable plan by which the United States may co-operate with other nations to achieve and maintain peace was shown here yesterday, following the announcement of the proposal.

At least a score of callers visited the offices of the Policy Committee of the American Peace Award at 342 Madison Avenue during the day to inquire the conditions of the contest for the prize and to make tentative suggestions.

One plan, submitted by the International No More War Demonstration, an alliance of pacifist societies, proposed to bring about peace by declaring war a crime, by depriving Congress of the power of appropriating funds for use in war, and by abolishing the army and navy.

One of the callers, who said he was from New Zealand, asked Miss Esther Everett Lape, member of the Policy Committee in charge, if he could not be naturalized in time to enter the contest. Referring to a statement in THE NEW YORK TIMES characterizing the prize as "one of the most princely ever offered for a non-commercial idea," the New Zealander said his plan for peace was entirely commercial, being based upon international trade.

Two members of the Policy Committee, which will formulate the conditions of the contest and select the jury of award, are in Europe. These are John W. Davis, former Ambassador to Great Britain, and Nathan L. Miller, former Governor of New York. Both are expected to return before there will be any necessity for selecting the jury of award, and Mr. Davis probably will be back before the conditions of the contest are settled. Miss Lape said these conditions would be made as simple and as general as possible.

Jury to Represent All Sections.

The members of the jury of award probably will be more widely representative of the different sections of the country than the members of the Policy Committee. Practically all the latter live in or near New York. It was explained that this was desirable, in that it would permit frequent meetings of the committee. Such meetings will be held here and in Washington within a few weeks to inaugurate the campaign.

HARDING WOULD USE NATURAL RESOURCES

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

should need it. It was assumed that by locking it up we should make it surely available whenever it was required. As a matter of fact, that would prevent it from being ready when needed. Development must be gradual; a business of the decades and the centuries. It should indeed be given wise direction and supervision. The opportunities of the newer country should be so administered as to make equable distribution in the future. We have done with the era of thoughtless and reckless exploitation of our domain. There will not come again a time when imperial estates will be distributed with lavish hands to enterprising gentlemen whose only claim is that they would like to own them."

Continuing his assurances along this line, the President said:

"We want the West to be a land of homes and of the freest opportunity for the establishment of families possessing independent means of livelihood. It is recognized that the very different conditions of the plains and mountain areas compel many modifications of the policies that have served so well in other parts of the country. Those modifications are being wrought out gradually with a view to promoting here that wide diversification of industries of occupations which is invited by your variety of resources and which is the ideal state of a modern society.

"It is not desirable that the West should fall into the hands of homeless corporations, seeking to exploit it for the profit of stockholders who live somewhere else. But on the other hand it is worth while to emphasize that many of the most valued resources of the West are of a character and their development must be on such a scale that they can only be made available under concentrated management and by the use of capital in large units. We must enforce measures which will give capital and management attractive returns, but which will always keep in sight the primary purpose of dealing out justice, even-handed opportunity and absolutely fair interest in the product of human industry, effort and intelligence."

Planned Development First.

The President's address treated of three inter-related subjects—development and conservation of natural resources, and irrigation of arid lands to make them available for agricultural purposes. He placed development above conservation in that he thought the time had come to unlock the vast natural treasure house of America. He stressed the necessity of developing water power. "Our whole view of the relation of water to Western development," he said, "has changed much in the last generation. Only a few years ago these waters were feared rather as potentially useful merely for irrigation and agriculture, but now we know that the same water can in most cases be utilized both for power and transportation."

He painted a picture of a thriving populous West under this development.

"Transportation will be increased and cheapened through electrification of the railways," he said, "and in the light of what we know about aspects of this subject, we may confidently look forward to a generation in which these young and vigorous commonwealths of the West will boast as great a population as the entire nation numbers today, capable of living for the greater part within itself, representing the widest variety of occupations and interests, and having its problem of transportation largely solved for it because it will be so nearly self-sufficient and self-contained."

A bitter contest has been waged for some time between those who advocate the use of water for power purposes and those who would conserve it for irrigation. The President's position, as outlined in his address, was that the interests of both sides were identical and there was water enough for both power and irrigation. While assuring his audience of his sympathy with the desire of the West for Government development of their water power resources and his intention to help further that desire, President Harding indicated that the condition of the national finances must be considered in carrying out a development policy.

Urges Policy of Caution.

"I am sure you are interested in what the Federal Government can do to help solve the problems on which your future so largely depends," the President declared. "As we have gone onward in reclamation there has been an impatience that we could not proceed faster. There have been disappointments in the progress of work involving intricate and diversified engineering, and hesitant financing. But I have been heartened by the convincing evidence I have already seen of the wonderful results where water meets the land.

"The Government is interested to aid your efforts, from the standpoint of adding to the national wealth, by the transformation of arid spaces into fertile fields. It is interested, also, in the protection of the national finances, so that money advanced to prosper this work may not be dissipated in doubtful projects or unprofitable experiments. We must look for plans that are safe; plans so conceived that they will not unduly burden the settler in the days when he is reducing the land to production, plans that will be reasonably broad, and that will not commit the Government to unwise or unreasonable expenditures.

"I have been pleased to commend the subject of extended reclamation to the consideration of the Congress, mindful of the fact that vegetation from the national viewpoint must be considered as an investment of funds which will at length be returned to the Government. The Government's part is to supply expert engineering service, to advance the measure of knowledge, to vest for private capital and to supervise and safeguard the work so that the balance of fair dealing may be maintained between Government and settler, that the dream of an enlarged West come true, as it have in the settlement of all the projects under investigation by the Reclamation Service be finally approved and completed, an area of cultivable land will be added equal to one of our largest agricultural States. A proposal to create the equivalent of a new State is something to challenge the conquering spirit of America. We know that the task one day will be done. It is for us a question of method; of proceeding with such business judgment, and on such sound principles that the future may look back and say that it was well done."

President Gets Hearty Welcome.

When the presidential train arrived at Spokane at 2:05 o'clock this afternoon, Pacific time, President Harding was welcomed by a reception committee which included Governor and Mrs. Hart, Senator C. C. Dill, Mayor Fleming and Representative Summers. Senator McNary and Senator Stanfield of Oregon were also at the railway station to greet the President. In the welcoming group were two young women who personated Miss Spokane and Princess Columbia.

Through streets lined with people, the President and Mrs. Harding headed a procession of motor cars, tours of the business section of the city. Thousands of school children were out to greet the visitors. The automobile ride was extended to include the Spokane Valley with an inspection by the President of a dam site for a proposed irrigation project.

When the President and Mrs. Harding arrived at the Davenport Hotel shortly after 4 o'clock they received the members of the General Reception Committee. This function was followed by a showing of moving pictures of the Columbia River Basin irrigation project in the hotel for the President's benefit. The President and Mrs. Harding dined privately in their rooms at the Davenport and then went to the armory, where the President delivered his address.

When the President and Mrs. Harding entered the armory it was apparent that most of the crowd of 4,000 people composing the audience there wanted him to know that he was welcome. The whole assemblage rose as the President and the members of his official party came on the platform and there was a round of cheering. Another ovation was given to the President when he was presented by Governor Hart.

Following his custom in his recent appearances at public meetings the President prefaced the reading of his prepared address by a short extemporaneous speech. Impressed by the warmth of his Spokane reception he said he had been cheered and heartened and that no place he had visited had he received a more generous, wholesome and cordial welcome. Incidentally he told his audience that his Western tour was not political.

In the course of his extemporaneous foreword, the President read a telegram from General Lord, the Director of the Budget, saying that the Government budget for the fiscal year ending June 30 had balanced with a surplus of $300,000. The audience cheered again.

President Harding and the members of his party are scheduled to leave Spokane on the presidential train for Meacham, Ore., at 11 o'clock tonight, Pacific time. At Meacham tomorrow the President will deliver an address at a celebration in commemoration of the old Oregon trail.

YELLOWSTONE PARK CONVERTS HARDING

Visit Wins Him Over to Proposal to Add 400,000 Acres to Playground.

WILL ASK CONGRESS TO ACT

President, Impressed by Wonders, Declares There Is Nothing Anywhere to Compare With It.

Special to The New York Times.

SPOKANE, Wash., July 2.—Impressed by his two days' visit to Yellowstone National Park, President Harding has become an advocate of a proposed plan of extending the park area so as to include the Jackson Hole country with part of the Teton Mountains. This addition comprises 400,000 acres.

Yesterday from a peak near the Continental Divide he saw the twin peaks of the Grand Teton rising to an altitude of 13,747 feet, and he was converted to the proposal and will support Congressional legislation to provide for the addition to the park's area.

The main purpose of the plan is to give better protection for the wild life of the park, particularly the elk, whose migratory habits take them beyond the park sanctuary. Thousands of elk get into the barbed wire fence country each year and perish from starvation in the snow.

The plan is opposed in the area which President Harding desires to see added to the park. It figured in last year's Senatorial campaign in Wyoming when Senator Kendrick, Democrat, opposed to this extension of the park limits, was re-elected over Representative Mondell, Republican, who advocated it. Cattlemen of the region object to having their lands added to the park area.

In a speech late last night at Livingston, Montana, just after he left the Yellowstone, President Harding indicated that he had fallen under the influence that played so large a part in Theodore Roosevelt's life.

"We have been spending two wonderful days in your vicinity," he said. "And we spent this Sabbath day, I believe quite as close to God Almighty as though we worshipped in temples erected by man, for we spent the day amidst the grandeur, the majesty, and the inspirations of the great Yellowstone National Park. I hope, aye, I believe, that every one of our party finds himself this Sabbath evening with a greater reverence for the Creator and a deeper desire to be worthy of God's best intent.

Calls Park a Wonder Place.

"The park is a wonderful place. It is a great possession for you of Montana and the other States which have territory therein; it is a great possession for those of you who live nearby; it is a great possession for the United States of America. I have been marveling at our experiences of the last two days. During that time, visiting as we were, we have seen literally a fine cross section of the citizenship of our land. I believe that during my brief sojourn in the park I have greeted personally travelers from every State in the American Union, and, in addition to that, I have had the pairing citizens from Canada, England, of Canada, and of Cuba. Manifestly all the country is beginning to turn its face toward Yellowstone National Park, and I am glad of it, for there is nothing more helpful, nothing more uplifting, nothing that gives one a greater realization of the wonders of creation than a visit to that great national institution.

"I have gathered some interesting impressions from my sojourn in the Park, and I wonder if similar impressions have come to you who live nearby. For instance, because of the protection of wild life in the Park, there has been created amongst the wild creatures there an air and feeling of confidence which causes them to experience a sense of security. We have everywhere, and as I watched the wild life of the Park today, unconcerned and unmindful of the human beings about them, manifesting their confidence in the security of the situation, I thought how helpful it would be to humankind if we could have a like confidence in one another in all the relations of life.

President Points a Moral.

"There was another incident that appealed to me very much. As we were nearing the end of our trip this afternoon, and were coing down one of the long grades, our car suddenly approached a mother grouse and a group of little grouse chicks. The excellent driver of the car brought it to too sudden a halt and he did it out of regard for that young wild life which was not capable of knowing the danger or of protecting itself. The driver did not want to destroy one of those little grouse chicks, not much bigger than a hickory nut—I do not know whether or not you are familiar with hickory nuts in this section—and I liked him for what he did. He exhibited one of the finest impulses that animates the heart of man, namely, to spare innocent, defenseless life. The old mother grouse seemed not to know or care, because she did not realize the danger, but our driver did.

"I should like to see that example more frequently followed in our relationships with one another. Those who know, those who are strong, those who are in a position to command ought always to be ready to protect the weak, the helpless and those who do not know. I am sure that if we will more faithfully carry out that principle we shall be even a better people than we are.

"If you have been observing our travels you have noted that it is not customary for me to deliver addresses on the Sabbath. I believe in keeping the day holy. I believe, my countrymen, in a religious America, for I know that we shall be a better people as we become a more moral and pious people.

"I think, however, it will not be unseemly if I say on this occasion, since you are so deeply interested in the national park, that I should like to have brought to the attention of all America what a wonder State you are and what a wonder spot the park is. I have crossed the Atlantic three times with very great satisfaction, and I have learned valuable lessons from observation in the Old World; it has been my fortune to travel part way across the Pacific. But knowing the Yellowstone Park as I now do I have no hesitancy in saying to anybody in America, 'You ought to make it a point to see the Yellowstone National Park before you venture beyond the borders of the United States.'

"I know of nothing to compare with it anywhere in the world and I am glad we are making of it such a success as a national playground."

President Harding had been in Yellowstone Park once before. It was Mrs. Harding's third visit. Her first experience there was in 1889, when she made the circuit of the park on horseback.

PROMISES TO PROTECT RIGHTS IN PALESTINE

Ormsby Gore Also Tells the Commons Britain Still Adheres to the Balfour Note.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 2.—A pronouncement on the Government's policy as regards Palestine was made by Ormby Gore, Colonial Under Secretary, in the House of Commons tonight in answer to a question from Colonel Howard Bury, who wanted to know whether the Government intended to safeguard the civil and religious rights of all the inhabitants of Palestine irrespective of race and religion. He also wanted to know whether the Government intended to govern Palestine in conformity with the wishes of a majority of the population or whether it was still intended to make Palestine into a Jewish national home.

Ormsby Gore's reply was:

"The Government certainly intend to safeguard the civil and religious rights of all the inhabitants of Palestine and to govern the country as a mandatory power in accordance with the terms of the mandate. As defined in the White Paper submitted to Parliament last year, his Majesty's Government are charged with the duty of facilitating the development by Jews of a Jewish national home in that country, but the creation of a Jewish State or Government is no part of such a policy.

"As trustees for the Holy Land on behalf of the League of Nations, it is the object of the British Government and of the British Administration in Palestine to promote the harmony and development of all races and creeds in Palestine and prevent the domination of any one over the others."

Captain Berkeley asked whether the Government still adhered to the Balfour note, and Mr. Ormsby replied, "Yes."

AMERICAN SONGS IN DUTCH.

Novel Celebration of Fourth Planned at Hague Legation.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, July 2.—Great festivities are in preparation for the celebration of the Fourth of July at the American Legation where Minister Tobin will be at home to all Americans.

A unique feature this year will be a choir of about thirty Frisian girls who are coming to The Hague from the Province of Zealand in national costume and in the legation garden will sing "The Star-Spangled Banner" and "Hail Columbia," which have been specially translated into Dutch for the occasion and which is now being industriously rehearsed.

After the American songs have been rendered the girls will sing old Dutch folk songs.

MELETIOS URGED TO GO.

He Yields to Venizelos's Request That He Help Placate Turkey.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 2.—Unless something unexpected intervenes the Patriarch Meletios will probably leave Constantinople on Wednesday in a British torpedo boat and be taken directly to Iviron on Mount Athos. The details of his departure have not been settled, as the Mixed Council so far has not granted the Patriarch's request for withdrawal; but there is no reasonable doubt that the council will grant it in face of the strong arguments adduced.

I understand that Meletios is withdrawing simply because Venizelos stated that his withdrawal was necessary, now that peace was practically signed between Turkey and Greece, in order that friendly relations might as soon as possible be established between the Patriarchate and the Turkish Government.

Meletios is leaving on this ground, and this ground alone, and in newise on account of Turkish allegations of the irregularity of his election. Although there is no present question of the Patriarch's resignation, it seems to be the general impression that Meletios will not return, and that his resignation is only a matter of time.

MAN, 3 CHILDREN DIE IN MOTOR ACCIDENTS

One, a Baby of 19 Months, Is Run Down While at Play in Front of Home.

COURT DOCKETS HEAVY

Quick Wit of Morgan J. O'Brien Jr. Saves Him and Wife in Crossing Accident.

A man and three children were killed in automobile accidents yesterday. The man was killed in one of three collisions between vehicles. In another accident the quick wit of the operator of a sedan car saved his wife and himself from death on a railroad crossing at Englewood, N. J.

Magistrate Frederick B. House in the Homicide Court expressed alarm at the increasing number of deaths from automobile accidents when in the forenoon he faced the largest calendar in that court in several months. Magistrate Norman J. Marsh, in sentencing Frank Vivesto, 29 years old, of 412 East 106th Street, to three months in the penitentiary for operating a car without a license, declared: "This recklessness of unlicensed driving has got to stop."

Arthur Pigeiff, 4 years old, of 31 Russell Place, Brownsville, Brooklyn, was killed by an automobile owned and operated by Paul Kiernan of 23 Pleasant Place, Brownsville. According to witnesses the boy ran across the street in front of his home and was struck by the car before the driver could put on the brake. Kiernan was not arrested.

Baby Is Killed.

Solomon Dreyfuss, 19 months old, was playing with other children in front of his home at 442 Blake Avenue, Brownsville, when he was killed by a motor truck owned by the Brownsville Lumber Company and operated by Victor Fulcanvich of 259 Thatford Avenue. The child's mother witnessed the accident. Fulcanvich was not arrested.

Nicholas Esposito, 8 years old, of 15 Leroy Street, was killed by a taxicab when he was dragging an empty packing case across Sixth Avenue at Twenty-eighth Street. Louis Messina, 8 years old, who lived in the same house with the dead boy, said they were dragging the case home for firewood. The boy was struck by a machine owned by Rosenthal Bros. of 44 West 144th Street and operated by Jacob Keresel, of 629 Tinton Avenue, the Bronx, who took the victim to St. Mark's Hospital. Keresel was arrested on a technical charge of homicide.

Martin P. Rowan, 37 years old, of 5 East 103d Street, a chauffeur for the Lincoln TaxicaB Corporation, 140 West 145th Street, was killed before dawn when his machine was overturned by a sedan at Amsterdam Avenue and West Eighty-first Street. The sedan, which was being operated by Fred Dennison, a negro, of 2,441 Seventh Avenue, also was overturned, and Dennison and two other occupants, Morris Goldfarb, the owner, of 920 Riverside Drive, a manufacturer, and Max Littleberg of 119 West Ninety-fifth Street suffered slight injuries. Dennison later was held in $5,000 bail for examination on July 9 by Magistrate Frederick D. House in the Homicide Court.

Morgan J. O'Brien Jr., son of a former Justice of the Supreme Court in this city, and his wife had a narrow escape from death yesterday afternoon when the automobile in which they were riding over the crossing of the Northern Railroad at Palisade Avenue, Englewood, N. J., was struck by a northbound express train. They were on their way to their home at 116 Thirty-second Street, Woodcliff, N. Y. Mrs. O'Brien received numerous cuts on the face and hands from flying glass, as well as bruises about the body and her husband's hands were lacerated. They were removed in another automobile to the Englewood Hospital, where it was said later that their injuries were not serious.

Saved by Quick Wit.

Witnesses said that as Mr. O'Brien drove up to the crossing in his sedan the gateman lowered the gates to permit a southbound train to pass. The man then was alleged to have raised the gates, but when Mr. O'Brien had driven to the centre of the railroad crossing he saw the express coming toward him at full speed. He swerved his car to the southbound track in an effort to escape the train on the other track, but the pilot of the engine caught one of the fenders and threw the sedan around in a circle.

Mrs. O'Brien was thrown from the tonneau of the car against the windshield. The engine driver stopped the train after it had traveled about 150 yards. He said that Mr. O'Brien's quick wit had saved both occupants of the car. The sedan was wrecked.

Three children were slightly hurt in the evening when an automobile operated by an unidentified man got out of control and ran onto the sidewalk at 241 Fourteenth Street, Brooklyn. The children told an ambulance surgeon from the Methodist Episcopal Hospital that they were Mary McCormick, 3 years old, of 241 Fourteenth Street; Muriel Cullen, 5 years old, of 235 Fourteenth Street, and Robert Fritzen, 9 years old, of 502 Fifth Avenue. The police said that the car later was identified as the property of W. Stelnman of 696 Third Avenue, Brooklyn. The driver disappeared.

Two men were seriously injured yesterday when an automobile ran into them on Riverside Drive at Ninety-first Street while they were changing a tire on their car. They said they were Oscar Thomas, 22 years old, of 140 West Eighty-first Street, and Edward Ball, 20 years old, of 160 West Eighty-first Street. Anson Brown of 100 West Fifty-ninth Street, driver of the other car, took them to Flower Hospital. Here it was said that Thomas had internal injuries and probably a fractured skull and that Ball's skull had been fractured. Brown later reported the accident at the West 100th Street Station. He was arrested on a technical charge of assault.

John Fisher, his wife Catherine, and their two-year-old son Thomas of 1,056 Rogers Avenue, Brooklyn, were seriously injured about 2 o'clock in the morning when the automobile Fisher was driving at Rogers and Clarendon Avenues was overturned in a collision with a trolley car. They were taken to the Kings County Hospital.

When an automobile and a motor bus collided before dawn at Church and Bedford Avenues, Brooklyn, the occupants of the automobile, Harry Fleshman of 255 Sheffield Street, Brooklyn, and Yetta Dola of 190 Norfolk Street, Manhattan, received serious injuries. At the Kings County Hospital it was said that Fleshman might have a fractured skull and that the girl had internal injuries and a fracture of the left arm.

SMOOT AGAINST CUT IN NATIONAL TAXES

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

accorded a President when he visited Utah.

"What is the political sentiment in the West?" was asked.

"It is increasingly strong for President Harding," said Mr. Smoot. "He will be renominated and re-elected. There is no opposition to him in the Republican ranks.

"I do not find any Ford sentiment. When the people think seriously and soberly about Ford as President of the United States all this present-day Ford effusion will evaporate.

"Do you favor the World Court as proposed by President Harding?"

"I am opposed to the United States entering the Court as it is at present constituted."

Senator Smoot is here preparatory to sailing for Europe, where he will study the economical conditions in England, France, Belgium and Germany. He intends to consult with experts in these countries and will meet Secretary Mellon in England. The debt question would not be taken up formally with the foreign Governments, he said. He expects to return early in October to start the investigation on Teapot Dome on Oct. 9.

Thorough Examination

Our expenses last year were nearly $5,000,000. Our losses were a little over one per cent of this amount.

Perhaps it would pay us to spend less money examining titles and take more risks. There are title insurance companies that believe in this theory. It means faster work and for the time being at least larger profits.

For forty years we have tried to keep away from an idea so commercial. We have tried to build up an institution that would be respected for the thoroughness of its work, the correctness of its law and the accuracy of its title examination. We think we have succeeded.

We are an insurance company. We do take risks every day, both known and unknown, but the losses we pay will not come from lack of thoroughness. The dignity and reputation of title examination will not suffer in our hands.

Title Guarantee & Trust Co.

Capital $10,000,000. Surplus $11,000,000.

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STORE CLOSES AT 5 P. M. DAILY

Gidding
50th Street FIFTH AVENUE 57th Street

Semi-Annual
CLEARANCE

Dresses—for street, afternoon and evening—of twill, crepe, satin, roma and chiffon
Formerly to $165 $35—$55—$68

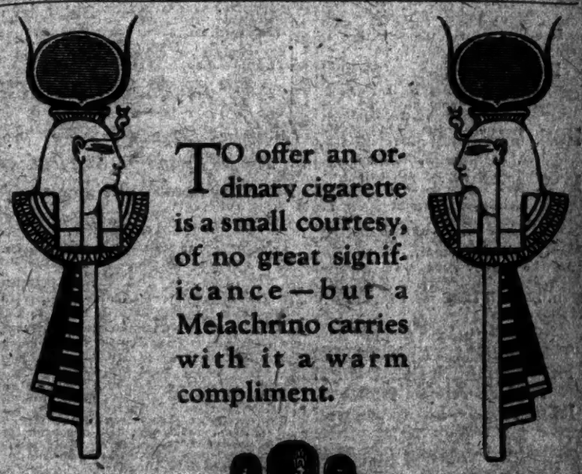
Summer Frocks of organdie, voile, dimity, gingham and cotton crepe
Formerly to $65 $35

Suits—two piece and costume styles—of fine quality twill, piquetine and crepe, some topped with crepe blouses, others braided or embroidered, many suitable for early Autumn wear.
Formerly to $225 $38—$65—$95

Handsome Costume Suits—Formerly $250 to $450—at reductions of ½ and more

Coats—straightline effects and slightly draped styles, light and dark shades, fine quality twill, piquetine, crepe. Included are several higher cost costume styles.
Formerly to $175 $45—$75

Hats *Formerly to $35* $10—$15
Clearance of the earlier styles in tailored semi-dress and sport effects, mostly straw.



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SHIRTMAKERS AND HABERDASHERS
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Our wide assortment of Unusual Qualities for Golf, Sport and Country Club wear is exceptional, embracing only the Finest Grades in the most Distinctive Effects.
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Chart Plan

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A tenant-owner in a Culver Plan apartment house is assured the most desirable neighbors. This is only one of many highly satisfactory features.

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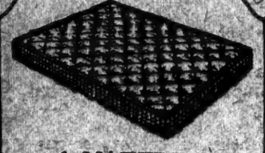

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to rest you thoroughly.
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1237—Mahogany poker set with silver-plated chest, $45

FOR the committee that has a bag-full of ideas on golf and not a single idea on prizes, Ovington's is a tower of strength, a pillar of support, and a full and complete course in Brilliant Ideas for Committees.

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"The Gift Shop of Fifth Avenue"
FIFTH AVENUE AT 39TH ST.

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Celebration of the 147th Anniversary of
AMERICAN INDEPENDENCE
TAMMANY HALL
Wednesday, July Fourth, 10 A. M.
Grand Sachem JOHN R. VOORHIS Presiding
RIDGELEY'S "69th Regt. BAND"
TAMMANY QUARTET
in patriotic music
Reading of the Declaration of Independence by
HON. THOMAS I. SHERIDAN
State Senator, New York
LONG TALKS by
HON. MATTHEW M. NEELY,
U. S. Senator, West Virginia
HON. ALFRED E. SMITH,
Governor, State of New York
SHORT TALKS by
Hon. Fiels J. Garrett, M. C., Tenn.
Hon. Henry B. Hawes, M. C., Mo.
Hon. James A. Gallivan, M. C., Mass.
Hon. Samuel Dickstein, M. C., N. Y.
Hon. J. W. Perilli, Hon. W. F. Grell, Hon. Gustav Scholer.
THE PUBLIC IS INVITED
NO TICKETS REQUIRED
SEATS AND BOXES RESERVED FOR LADIES

THE LEVIATHAN
OF WHICH SELECTED BY THE NEWPORT NEWS SHIPBUILDING & DRY DOCK COMPANY TO SUPPLY A LARGE PART OF THE ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES FOR THE RECONDITIONING OF THE LEVIATHAN.
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Brown and white, with contrasting stitch.
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THREE RUHR PLANTS SEIZED BY FRENCH

Branch of Krupp Locomotive Works Near Essen Among Those Occupied.

FEDERAL SHOPS ALSO TAKEN

Two Bombs Found at Entrance to Mayence Tunnel and City Is Penalized.

DUESSELDORF, July 2 (Associated Press).—The first seizures under General Degoutte's decree giving the occupation forces power to take over private property for reparation purposes were announced today. Three plants were taken over by the French, the first being a branch of the Krupp Locomotive Works at Segeroth, a little station near Essen.

Four brand new locomotives were seized at these works, which are now occupied with the manufacture of locomotives instead of big guns, as during the war.

Reports from Berlin state that the capital was greatly excited today by messages that the Krupp Works in Essen had been taken over, but the dispatches apparently were founded on this seizure of a comparatively small branch.

The other plants seized were the Gutehoff Nangghutte Works near Oberhausen, steel works with branches throughout the Ruhr employing 100,000 men, and the Hermannsfield factory, part of the great Phoenix Works, near Dortmund.

In addition to taking over these three private plants in the Ruhr, the French seized the German Government repair shops and roundhouse near Nied in the Frankfort district, the largest repair shops in Germany. Eighty-six locomotives were found in the roundhouses.

Four coal mines have also been taken over in the Langenadreer district.

In connection with the killing of a German at Duisburg for disregarding the curfew order, it is now stated that he was shot by a French patrol and not by the Belgians.

Workers Quits, Berlin Hears.

BERLIN, July 2 (Associated Press).—The Krupp Works at Essen were partially occupied by the French yesterday, according to an Essen dispatch to the Zentung am Mittag, and work ceased in the departments affected.

So far as is known in German quarters the sections occupied comprise so far only the foundries, the boiler works, the electric plant and the locomotive and car construction departments.

It is not known whether the occupation is temporary, for the purpose of making requisitions, adds the dispatch, or if it is to be continued indefinitely.

The Belgian cadet role in the railroad bridge explosion Saturday has reached eighteen, according to the Tageblatt.

It is reported from Coblenz that the Rhineland Commission has decided to expel at an early date 9,000 German officials, pay with their families from the occupied territories.

COBLENZ, July 2 (Associated Press).—Two time bombs were found at the entrance to the Mayence tunnel today. One of them exploded with slight damage. The fuse was withdrawn from the other in time by a French artillery officer.

The French authorities have ordered strict police restrictions and penalties in other forms imposed upon Mayence. The city officials will be held responsible for the occurrence.

To Put Hostages on Trains.

BRUSSELS, July 2.—(Associated Press).—The program of penalties to be imposed in the Ruhr because of the bombing of the Belgian troop train near Duisburg Saturday, in which ten lives were lost and more than two score persons injured, was before the Belgian Cabinet for consideration at its meeting this afternoon.

Already the Government has ordered the arrest of prominent German civilians opposed to the occupation be carried as protecting hostages on Belgian trains crossing the Rhine at Duisberg hereafter.

In response to the widespread indignation caused by the outrage the newspapers suggest stronger measures, several of them urging the adoption of the practice followed by the Germans in Belgium during the war—the shooting of selected notables in reprisal after each act of hostility.

LONDON, July 2 (Associated Press).—The big city of Frankfort, on the east of the Mayence bridgehead, now is surrounded by occupied territory through French military moves, being completely cut off from unoccupied Germany, it is announced in the latest advices.

To the north, in the Ruhr, French infantry and cavalry have occupied Schwerte, near Arnsberg, on the Ruhr, and other troops are on their way to Hagen in the same neighborhood.

WIRELESS WRECKING OF AIRPLANE A MYTH

German Engineer's Wife, Estranged From Him, Said Device Was Aimed Against French.

BY O'NEIL BROWN.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 2.—A quarrel between a German engineer and his Hungarian wife was the genesis of a story to the effect that the Germans had perfected an invention by means of which, using the mysterious wireless waves, they had brought down French airplanes. My informant, a German, who had an intense professional interest in getting to the bottom of the story, gave me this account of the origin of the tale:

"Three months ago, at a reception at the Belgian Legation, I was told soberly and mysteriously by half a dozen guests, including the French Consul, a Polish Colonel and a Rumanian, that the Germans were able to bring down hostile airplanes by means of mysterious wireless waves which put the magneto out of business, and that the Germans had already successfully tested the device on automobiles, one experiment succeeding in bringing all the automobiles in the Potsdamerstrasse to a standstill.

"In the next few days the same report came to me from many different sources and from various parts of Germany, including Frankfort. A few days later the French General Staff recently inquired about the reported invention of Germany.

"Some weeks later the rumor, still growing stronger, assumed a different form, to the effect that the new German mystery waves did not affect the magneto, but were able to set an airplane on fire.

"It's all bunk and nonsense, I thought at first, but thereafter I put out feelers to the Germans either to scare the French from building more airplanes or to encourage the German people and lead them to believe that Germany had potentialities in the way of a new and mysterious force.

"The explanation is supremely simple. When I traced the bizarre tale to its source it turned out that a Hungarian woman, the wife of a German engineer of the Siemens-Schuckert Electric Works, a Silesian concern, had quarreled with her husband and left him. She came to the French Consul to obtain a visa for Paris and told him the great secret that the Germans were able to bring down French airplanes with mysterious wireless waves. She said she knew it was so because her husband, making a last desperate attempt to get her to return to him, had told her this under pledge of absolute secrecy.

"My informant said that five French airplanes had been forced to land on German soil, four of them flying on the Polish front, and that there had been a different kind of trouble, but peace was the reason why for the wireless force of the airplanes could say of it in the fatherland is 'mystery verse.'"

PREVENT AMERICANS FROM ENTERING TURKEY

Turks Hold Up Party of Engineers at Frontier—Admiral Bristol Protests.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 2.—An extraordinary instance of Angora's highhandedness has just occurred here. A party of American engineers coming to Constantinopla to join their comrades and go on with them to Odessa to carry out a contract were forced by the Turks to quit their train on Saturday night at the frontier on the ground that they had no permission from Angora to enter Turkey.

The Americans expressed their complete ignorance of any such formality. Their protests, however, were unavailing, and I understand that, although the matter has been reported to the American High Commissioner, who has vigorously protested, the party has not yet arrived in Constantinople.

The exact circumstances are not yet known, but it would appear that Angora, without notifying anybody, recently passed a law that, with the exception of British, French and Italian Nationals, all foreigners desiring to enter or leave Turkey are required to have this special permission from Angora, similar to that demanded formerly at Smyrna. It is said that the outgoing Orient Express was searched last night and that, with the exception of the three classes mentioned above, all other foreigners were compelled to leave the train.

Another story which I have been unable to confirm as yet is that a party of Italians were prevented from coming to Constantinople because they had no French visa. The Italians naturally protested that they did not need a French visa, but no notice was taken.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 2 (Associated Press).—It is understood that the Turks' new ruling governing the movements of foreigners was actuated by their desire to control Serbian and Rumanian entries. The exception of the new order in favor of allied nationals is due to the fact that the Allies have armed forces here and on the frontier and have notified the Angora Government they will not obey such regulations.

KEEPING CLOSER WATCH ON EX-CROWN PRINCE

Dutch Officials Concerned Over Reports of His Candidacy for German Presidency.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, July 2.—The report that the ex-Crown Prince will be a candidate for the Presidency in the next German elections has caused some surprise in Dutch governmental and other official circles here.

Secretary General Kan, who is officially responsible for the German ex-royalties, left here for Doorn today to confer with the ex-Kaiser.

In case the ex-Crown Prince should be nominated, it is assumed by those in authority to speak that any pressure brought to bear by the great powers to prevent him from leaving Holland would be more likely to be applied to the German Government than to the Dutch, especially in view of the fact that the Dutch Government has given only oral pledges to the effect that whatever steps are not to allow Frederick William to leave the Netherlands, and it has on several occasions been necessary to remind the Dutch of their promise to guard him. Moreover, it is almost impossible to keep the ex-Crown Prince from leaving Holland unless he is in actual prisoner.

An old friend of his, who dined with him ten days ago, says that this royal exile is still convinced that he will one day return to the Fatherland as its monarch, and that he expressed this conviction when dining with his friend in Amsterdam, on which occasion he was accompanied by his faithful guardian, the Burgomaster of the Island of Wieringen, for since the Crown Prince's last trip to the frontier, the Dutch Government has been considerably stricter about his movements, and he has not left the island unless officially accompanied.

SARRE QUESTION UP IN LEAGUE COUNCIL

Cecil Pleads for Public Inquiry Into French Administration of the Region.

FRENCH DELEGATE OBJECTS

Matter to Be Thrashed Out in Open Session Today—Logan Discusses Aid for French Refugees.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, July 2.—In a salon opening out on the lake the League of Nations Council began its work in private session this morning under the presidency of Signor Salandra of Italy. It took first the question of the Saarr.

Lord Robert Cecil put in a strong plea for a public inquiry to be held by the Council itself into the administration of the region, as a consequence of which it would doubtless ask for withdrawal of the repression decree.

M. Hanotaux was obviously taken back by the strong line taken by the British and has almost certainly received instructions from his Government to deprecate an inquiry at all and to agree only to a private inquiry as a compromise.

He was mildly supported by Senor Quinones de Leon of Spain and by Viscount Ishii of Japan, whose diplomatic positions in Paris almost compel them to adopt the French attitude on disputable points. Without any personal reflections whatsoever, it should be said that for this reason ambassadors are regarded here as most unsuitable delegates at the League meetings.

Lord Robert explained that while he fully appreciated the fears aroused by his reputation for indiscretion, a private inquiry would be worse than useless. Not only would it seem as though the League had something to hide, but also color would be lent to the accusation that the League was the instrument of French policy.

The sitting was dissolved at this point, but the chief disputants lunched together and so far relaxed their rigidity as to postpone further discussion until tomorrow, on condition that the debate on whether the inquiry should be public or not should itself be public. This will give time for suitable consultations to be made tonight.

In the afternoon the Council dealt with a number of minor financial matters and reports of committees in anticipation of the League's fiscal conference next October. It was decided also to call the special attention of the Governments to the convention for international enforcement of arbitration clauses in commercial matters, which will be open for signature by all the States attending the Assembly in September next.

A protest from the inhabitants of the Sarre Basin was filed today with the Secretariat of the League. It pleads that in local opinion the number of French troops quartered in the district is not only greatly in excess of the number needed, but in contradiction with the terms of the treaty which stipulated for the use of a local gendarmerie. At present the memorandum says, there are not less than 12,000 French soldiers acting as guardians of law, though a quarter of that number would suffice.

The memorandum also protests against the French action in calling out troops during the recent strikes, a step which in the local view, instead of pacifying opinion caused only greater resentment, and was in open violation of the rights reserved to the inhabitants of the Sarre Basin by the treaty of Versailles.

The question of the upkeep of schools and facilities given the French schools over the German schools forms another ground for complaint against the Governing Commission, which is accused of "narrowmindedness, disregard for the rights and lack of understanding of the needs of the local population and injustice to the German language."

This memorandum is signed by a large number of local leaders.

GENEVA, July 2, (Associated Press).—When the twenty-fifth session of the council of the League of Nations opened this morning, Colonel James A. Logan, who is associated with Roland W. Boyden on the Reparation Commission, arrived from Paris to discuss the question of a Greek loan to the 1,000,000 refugees necessitated by the withdrawal of the American Relief Organization from Greece.

The League's financial committee, on which the United States was previously represented, reported to the subcommittee of the Council on the Greek possibilities of a loan. While favorably inclined, it was unwilling, without receiving more complete data, to formulate a plan for the settlement of refugees.

Colonel Logan, representing the United States in a consultative capacity, discussed the possibility of working out a compromise plan as suggested by Secretary Hughes for continuance of the work of American relief agencies.

The Council declared its satisfaction with the Vienna reports concerning the work of reconstruction in Austria and sent its congratulations to the Austrian Government and Herr Zimmermann, controller of the Austrian loan.

Signor Salandra said that as the loan had succeeded it was the duty of Austria to continue to carry out administrative reforms, balance its budget and establish its finances on a firm basis.

BEGS POWERS TO DELAY RECOGNITION IN PEKING

Sun Says Present Struggle There Is One of Militarists for Empty Titles.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HONKGONG, July 2.—Dr. Sun Yat-sen has addressed from Canton a manifesto to the foreign powers in which he says that the lack of a real Government and the struggle for empty titles in Peking constitute a particularly opportune moment for the powers to withhold their recognition, until a Government is established which can fairly claim to be representative of the country and command the respect and support of the provinces. The Chinese nation, he says, awaits this step, which is demanded by every consideration of justice.

Dr. Sun Yat-sen strongly condemns the militarists, who, he alleges, are unable to carry on through their possession of the historic seat at Peking of the central Government, gaining them recognition. He accuses foreign powers of unconsciously perhaps of intervening in China's internal affairs by practically imposing upon the country a Government repudiated by it. On the other hand, Dr. Sun says that it is absolutely certain that non-recognition of the Peking Government involving loss of prestige and of important customs revenue, would compel the militarists to agree to disbandment and unification.

ASK RAIL VALUATION HALT.

Petitioners Demand Commission Make Preliminary Report.

CHICAGO, July 2 (Associated Press).—A petition requesting the Interstate Commerce Commission to defer further making of valuations of railroads until it has made preliminary reports required by law and that it report the original cost to date of their properties and the amount and value of public donations to them, was filed with the commission today by counsel for the National Conference on Valuation of American Railroads. A supplemental petition was filed in behalf of Governor Blaine of Wisconsin.

The valuation conference was held here on May 29 and 30, and Senator LaFollette was Chairman. The brief in support of the petition was filed by Newman L. Ekern, Attorney General of Wisconsin; J. W. Murphy, Attorney General of Arizona, and Grenville W. MacFarland, special counsel for the city of Boston.

In case of an adverse ruling mandamus proceedings may be taken.

TOURISTS GRIEVE JOHNSON.

They Say Things Unpleasant Mistake for Official, Senator Says E.

BERLIN, July 2.—Senator Hiram Johnson of California and Mrs. Johnson left Berlin tonight, after a five-day visit in the German capital, during which the Senator met many Government officials, and also talked with Leonid Krassin, the Russian Bolshevist Commissar for Foreign Trade and Commerce.

Senator Johnson said he was unable to go to Russia, because he had planned to sail for the United States on board the Leviathan July 11. He refrained from discussing European affairs with newspaper men and expressed his disapproval of the habit of some American tourists making statements which Europeans are inclined to believe as an expression of the opinion of the American Government.

The Senator attended a session of the World Court at The Hague last week.

SINCLAIR IN MOSCOW SEEKING OIL GRANTS

Ex-Secretary Fall Accompanies Him in an Advisory Capacity.

OPPORTUNITY IN BAKU AREA

But Russian Agreement With Japan Would Make Sakhalin Concession Worthless.

By WALTER DURANTY.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MOSCOW, July 1.—H. F. Sinclair, head of the oil company bearing his name, arrived in Moscow today, accompanied by ex-Secretary Fall, in an advisory capacity. Mr. Sinclair is supposed to have come to the rescue of his company's Peking representative, Mr. Templeton, who has been here for several months without making much progress with his famous Sakhalin concession. Indeed, to an impartial observer, it rather looks as if the chief function of the Sinclair company in this affair was to act as a spur to the Japanese, who have been hanging and dilling since spring over negotiations with Russia.

It now appears certain that these negotiations will take place in the near future, and it is also whispered that Japan is prepared to offer to purchase Northern Sakhalin outright, and that Russia is not unwilling to sell it, in which case Mr. Sinclair must look elsewhere for his concessions. The same idea may have struck him, which would explain his presence here.

Despite reports of improved production in the Baku field, even the Soviet press admits the imperative need of modern machinery and production methods. I am informed that Jules Guesde of the French Commercial Mission will shortly visit Baku personally, want to Baku to investigate on the spot the oil proposition of which he discussed the preliminaries in Moscow. In his case it is said to be a question of property formerly in French hands, but there are plenty of State lands in the Baku area to permit the entry of an American concern without risk of litigation with former owners.

TOKIO, July 1 (Associated Press).—The difference between the Japanese offer of 150,000,000 yen (about $75,000,000 at normal exchange) and the Russian demand of 1,000,000,000 gold rubles, (about $500,000,000) for the purchase of North Sakhalin, caused a temporary abandonment of this question at today's meeting between the Japanese and Soviet Russian representatives who are seeking a basis for a diplomatic conference.

Adolph A. Joffe, Soviet envoy, and the Japanese statesmen are now considering the possibility of granting certain concessions to Japan.

MOSCOW, July 2 (Associated Press).—Albert B. Fall, ex-Secretary of the Interior, and two groups of American oil men interested in Russian oil, have arrived here by way of Warsaw. President Harry Sinclair, Harry Blackmer, attorney for the Sinclair Company, and Secretary Baldwin formed one group; President Robert Law and W. B. Leach, attorney for the Barnsdall Corporation; President Mason Day and Secretary Bond of the International Barnsdall Company, another group.

Mr. Fall is not interested in either group, according to Mr. Sinclair, but is accompanying him for a general inspection. Some of the party, including Mr. Sinclair, may visit the Barnsdall development project at Baku.

CROKER RETRIAL LOST.

Plaintiff Fails to Appeal in Will Case—Widow's Verdict Upheld.

DUBLIN, July 2 (Associated Press).—There will be no retrial of the suit brought by Richard Croker Jr. contesting the will of his father, one-time Tammany Hall chieftain. The time for serving notice of an appeal or for an application for a new trial expired at 5 o'clock this afternoon. Up to this time no such notice or application had been served.

Thus the verdict recently returned in favor of Mrs. Julia Croker, the widow, is upheld.

POPE URGES BERLIN TO END PASSIVE WAR

Continued from Page 1, Column 8.

French stood on their position. Premier Poincaré today sent Lord Curzon a note stating that France could not enter negotiations under menace and asking the British Cabinet to deny the reports of its attitude.

That this afternoon the official Reuter Agency issued a statement saying it was incorrect to state that the British Government was making any plans before the receipt of the French reply to the British questionnaire. It is said to indicate some clearing of the atmosphere or in any event that it shows London is not taking any headlong step. As the Reuter statement says all depends on the French answer. Reuter now feels confident that the British version of the French statement. Paris insists that Berlin withdraw its resistance orders before reparation negotiations begin.

As far as inquiry tonight shows, if the British Government replies to the French it will deliver a written answer instead of a verbal reply to the English questionnaire. It will probably get it. But Paris feels that if it is true that it is difficult for France to evolve a satisfactory reparation settlement with Germany without British help it is just as true that Britain is acting with Germany cannot settle the reparation issue. If Britain, feeling herself unable to accept the French point of view, negotiated to her heart's content with Germany, the French say that would still leave them in the Ruhr and still leave Germany at the mercy of the French Army.

Therefore they argue that England has gone shooting with very little ammunition in threatening to settle reparations directly with Germany if France maintains her position.

Ray Policaste Cannot Be Swerved.

It is learned tonight that Premier Poincaré has an intention of backing down on the two conditions that Berlin must repeal the resistance decrees and that Germany must make moves meant to continued occupation of the Ruhr, at least by civilian officials.

M. Poincaré seems to place more importance than Premier Baldwin on the British role in reparations. He does not believe a split between London is worth backing down on his passive resistance stand and allowing Chancellor Cuno to proclaim victory. He holds satisfaction from Germany would then depend on German good faith and that England and France acted that together for three years, with results which in advance would damn any repetition of the effort.

France's Fall Blamed on London.

The fall in the franc today is interpreted here as an effort by London to bring pressure to bear on Paris, and an the Government papers point out that nothing has changed in France's financial position to justify the drop in the money; wherefore they say it is only a temporary matter, about which the French need not worry too much.

Deep down underneath the reparations issue there is a feeling in France that an even bigger question is at stake namely, political control of the Continent of Europe. The French are regarded impatiently as masters of the Continent and even the British, were London able to dictate the reparations terms to the extent of forcing France to recede from her stand, they say it would necessarily mean a diminution of French prestige and automatically increase British prestige in Europe. M. Poincaré will fight a long time before allowing anything like that to happen.

The Temps tonight speaks of the effort of England to "establish over Europe the most heavy hegemony in history" by wide circulation of a report that England will persuade America to act with her in demanding that France pay her war debts.

It is rumored here tonight that France has an agreement with Italy and the other Allies interested in reparations and America to make an identical reply to all demands for payment, namely, that these Allies will pay when Germany does.

Oral Reply Not Yet Made.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 2.—Almost the sole topic in political circles today was the reparations difficulty and the French reply to the British questionnaire.

It had been announced in various quarters that the French reply would be delivered at the beginning of this week and that in all probability Comte de Saint Aulaire would attend at the Foreign Office today to present it to Lord Curzon. This forecast proved incorrect and Lord Curzon was in the country and did not return during the working hours of the day.

The French Ambassador called at the Foreign Office and saw Sir Eyre Crowe, but it is believed the conversation was concerned mainly with Lausanne and the Near East.

It is now thought possible that Comte de Saint Aulaire will acquaint Lord Curzon tomorrow with the views of the French Government, but in view of the fact that it is probable that Premier Poincaré will await a vote of confidence before communicating the views of his Government to the Belgian Ambassador in London the French Ambassador may prefer to wait until his Belgian colleague has received the instructions from Brussels. This would necessitate a further delay of a day or two.

What form the French communication will take is still unknown, but it is assumed that it is hoped it will not be couched in such a way as to preclude a very precise and definite written inquiry.

British Public Opinion Record.

"There is growing evidence," says The London Times," of the anxiety of public opinion in all parts of Great Britain that a term should be set to the present deadlock in Europe. It is a fact that Europe is heading straight for disaster and that any further delay in confronting the situation will react with the most serious effect on all the countries of Europe if not, indeed, of the world.

"This feeling is entirely commensurate with the official views of the gravity of the situation and has taken its rise spontaneously, very lately, as a result of the realization of troubles due to the catastrophic decline in European currencies.

"The Government cannot and does not fail to recognize that the country is looking to it for guidance at a moment more critical than any experienced since the armistice. Hence the tension of feeling which is manifested is the conviction that the conversations of the present week will be fraught with far-reaching consequences.

"It should be noted that while the gravity of the situation is generally realized here, the greatness calm and restraint are being observed and that there is no authoritative warrant for the plans of precipitate action which have been attributed in some quarters to the Government.

"The whole situation is one in which great circumspection is necessary, and there is every reason to believe that this is fully recognized in all Government circles."

In an editorial under the caption, "Critical Days," The London Times says:

"The British public is frankly weary of this long uncertainty. There is a strong desire to maintain close cooperation with France, not merely because of the special sympathy and special intimacy that grew up in the effort and trial of the war, but because without co-operation with France the prospect of European recovery would be even darker than it is now.

"The matter is urgent. We want to know whether France is willing to work with us, and if so on what terms. Are the terms she is prepared to offer such as would be regarded as acceptable here?

"The feeling here is not pro-German, but it is profoundly convinced that the effect of the Ruhr occupation so far has been very seriously to reduce the capacity of Germany to produce the wealth upon which reparations may be levied and that this indefinite continuance of the operation may jeopardize the prospect of Germany's paying anything at all for an indefinite number of years.

Wants German Offer Discussed.

"Germany has recently made an offer, her first reasonable offer. We are prepared to take advantage of those proposals and to discuss them with a view to a reasonable settlement.

"The Ruhr operation is bringing nothing to Germany except a great quantity of ruined by coke and coal. More than that, it is hastening all the processes of disorganization and decay in German industry and finance and in social and political relationships. This process, if it extends much further, must reduce Germany to a state either of impotence or of incalculable disorder.

"We cannot tell what form this strange disintegration will assume, what we know from observation of the highly sensitive machinery of our own trade is that the whole economic life of Europe is now affected by a kind of creeping paralysis.

"France has had to face the payment a sum of 400,000,000 francs because of a certain sub-literium in her own internal resources and because her actual financial position is veiled by artificial means. We have no desire to offer suggestions on French finance, though of late we have heard a good deal of advice from France on our own political needs and interests. It does seem to us, however, that the economic basis of French prosperity are not wholly sound and that the Germany crisis is a real danger to the world which cannot be encouraged to pay while yet she can.

"We cannot conceive that it is a wise policy persistently to impoverish a debtor."

Questions to Commons Routed.

LONDON, July 2.—Several members of the House of Commons tried unsuccessfully this afternoon to draw from Prime Minister Baldwin some information regarding the negotiations with France and on related subjects. Edmund D. Morel, Labor member for Dundee, asked whether the Government was prepared to take the initiative with the United States to convene a conference of the powers with a view to protecting civilized populations from the consequences of social warfare.

"In my view," replied the Premier, "it would be premature to begin for the successful issue of such a conference until a number of outstanding matters which remain unsettled in Europe are settled."

The question from Brig. Gen. Edward L. Spears, Liberal member for Carlton, regarding the possibility of giving a speedy reply to the German reparations note, owing to the dangerous economic position of Germany, Mr. Baldwin said:

"The Government are fully alive to the gravity of the situation and are doing what they can to expedite matters."

EXPECT ANGLO-FRENCH SPLIT.

German Papers Hope England Will Do Something to "Save" Germany.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 2.—This week is "heavy with fate for Germany," according to the widely prevalent German view. The Socialist Vorwärts talks of "the decisive week." The Kreuz Zeitung of "weak pregnant with decisions" and the whole German press sounds a similar keynote.

At the same time Germany's attitude, official and popular, is that of passive watchful waiting—waiting for something to turn up in London or Paris, but chiefly waiting for England to "save" Germany. It is asserted here that the Anglo-French conference is the deciding point and that the divergence of London and Paris views of reparations, the Ruhr and the Rhineland questions will be made apparent this week.

Articles by the diplomatic correspondents of the London Observer and the Daily Mail are chiefly quoted to support this German view of the international situation.

The Democratic Reserve-Courier says:

"Things have gone so far that mere views and opinions no longer matter. Only a few hale facts now matter. We now at last the question must be answered which six months ago France put up to Fate and to Europe. What did France want then? What does France want now? How long does it propose to stay in the Ruhr? And if France continues its resistance to Europe, what will be the consequences?"

The picture developing in German brains is of a potential world coalition against France, headed by England, already regarded by America.

Chancellor Cuno's mouthpiece describes the situation in these unvarnished terms: "Grave tension between Paris and London. Separate action against Germany. France will conquer, politician German Premier will capitulate." The Berlin organ of the German People's Party comments editorially thus:

"The political fight between France and England has caused a pretty critical form. As on the mood dismal picture is presented of two Governments unable to agree on the amount of payments and guarantees to be demanded of Germany, and therefore both getting ready separately to squeeze as much from Germany as possible—England by negotiations, France by force. It is by no means out of the question that on the dissolution of the Entente France will become more unpopular, arrogant and ruthless against Germany. But one comfort remains! At some future time, whose distance can not be estimated now, we should be opposed to the French alone."

Chancellor Cuno is still with his family on his estate near Hamburg, but is expected back tomorrow.

No Passports for Italian Socialists.

LONDON, July 2.—The Italian Government, says The Morning Post's Rome correspondent, has refused passports to the Socialist Deputies Matteotti and Garibaldi, who were chosen as representatives of their party's parliamentary group to a conference in London to discuss the Ruhr situation. The refusal was because of the Italian Government's intention to accompany the anti-Fascist campaign, organized by Socialist deputies, the Socialist point

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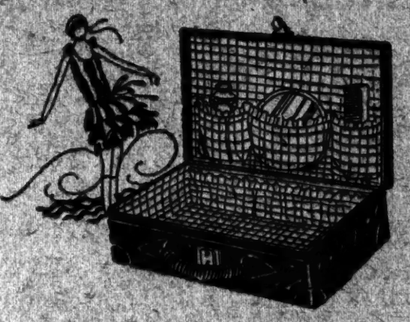

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GOV. SMITH IN CITY; SILENT ON POLITICS

Returns to His Suite in the Biltmore—Says He Is Here on Personal Business.

PLAYS GOLF IN AFTERNOON

Anxious to Get General Goethals to Head Department of Public Works.

Governor Smith came to his suite at The Biltmore yesterday from his Sea Gate cottage. He spent the afternoon playing golf over the Belleclaire course at Bayside, L. I. with James J. Reardon, President of the United States Trucking Corporation.

The Governor was silent on a number of subjects regarding which reporters questioned him. He declined to say whether he would call an extraordinary session of the Legislature to consider matters growing out of the R. M. T. wreck in Brooklyn a week ago. He would not say whether action would be taken by the State to compel compliance by the Ku Klux Klan with the law passed at the recent session of the Legislature requiring it to file a list of its members and copies of its constitution and by-laws as well as its membership oath with the Secretary of State. So far the K. K. K. has done nothing to live up to the provisions of the new law.

He would make no comment on the statement of President Harding in an address delivered at Denver more than a week ago that in repealing the Mullan-Gage law the State of New York instead of asserting its rights as a sovereign State, as Governor Smith insisted, it had abdicated some functions within the State's domain, leaving to the Federal Government to exercise in part the State police powers.

Governor Smith did say that he would like to obtain the services of General George W. Goethals as head of the newly created Department of Public Works at Albany which has been formed through a consolidation of the present Public Works Department with the State Highway Department, the Department of Public Buildings and some other minor agencies of the State administration. Governor Smith would not say whether there was any likelihood of General Goethals accepting. At Governor Smith's request he served the State as Fuel Administrator the latter part of last Winter, after William H. Woodin had retired.

Governor Smith said he had come to town not for political conferences, as had been stated, but to attend to personal matters and to make some public appearances, the first one tomorrow, when he is to deliver the principal address at the Fourth of July celebration in Tammany Hall.

STRIKES IN MEXICO MAKE 30,000 IDLE

Obregon Invites Commission of Workers and Employers to Capital to Seek Solution.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, July 2.—Ten thousand strikers at Orizaba have decided to return to work, but the owners of the factories have decided to close down the factories until a commission can meet President Obregon to protest against the alleged abuses of Governor Tejada of the State of Vera Cruz. General business in Orizaba, Jalapa and the Port of Vera Cruz is suspended and 30,000 mill workers are out by strikes and lockouts.

President Obregon has telegraphed inviting a commission of the strikers and industrials to meet him in Mexico City in an effort to straighten out the labor situation. Unless the strike is settled there is fear of grave disorders at both the mills at Orizaba and the Port of Vera Cruz, where shipping is at a complete standstill.

REGRET BOYDEN QUITS REPARATION BOARD

American Unofficial Observer Had Confidence of All His Colleagues, They Say.

PARIS, July 2 (Associated Press).—Genuine regret was expressed today by all delegations to the Reparation Commission over the departure of Roland W. Boyden as official American observer with the commission.

Louis Dubois, former President of the commission, was one of those voicing regret at the retirement, and Sir John Bradbury, British representative, tonight said:

"Mr. Boyden won the unaffected esteem of all his colleagues by his great personal qualities, which he constantly used with the object of alleviating differences of opinion and finding a basis of agreement such as an interallied body always aims at reaching.

"His natural sagacity and fair-mindedness, combined with his eminent legal abilities, have contributed greatly to the solution of many technical questions which have been before the commission; and the confidence which all members of that body felt in his judgment is instanced by the fact that several of the most difficult questions have been submitted to him as arbitrator.

"His remarkable success in this field makes it all the more to be regretted he could not contribute in the same degree to the decision taken by the commission on questions of policy.

"Acting as an unofficial observer, his was bound to maintain a strictly reserved attitude on such questions, and any opinions he expressed were purely personal. But even so, he could on occasions, with the utmost discretion, influence the commission by his personal opinions.

"The United States could not have sent a more worthy representative of the qualities and ideals for which that nation stands to take part in our councils."

M. Bemelmans, Belgian representative, after saying he deeply regretted Mr. Boyden's departure, added:

"But fortunately the United States will not cease to be represented. Colonel Logan, I am sure, will continue Mr. Boyden's task along the same lines and with the same ideals that have made the United States practically the emblem of fair play and justice."

The Reparation Commission's offices seem deserted and idle in comparison with the busy hive in the Hotel Astoria last December. The staff has been greatly curtailed and the commission, according to its members, is simply marking time.

The position of "official observer" for the United States has become less interesting in the last twelve months, especially since the occupation of the Ruhr. All members of the commission agree that the importance of their work has been greatly diminished by the fact that the Governments have taken the important aspects of the reparations questions out of the hands of the commission, reducing that body to a bureau for the accumulation of economic information and for bookkeeping purposes.

HITS LEVIATHAN CONTRACT.

Senator Fletcher Calls Operation by Gibbs Brothers a Crime.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Some features of the policy adopted by the Shipping Board in putting the Leviathan into service in the transatlantic trade were assailed today by Senator Fletcher of Florida, ranking Democratic member of the Commerce Committee.

The contract granted to Gibbs Brothers for the ship's operation, the Senator said, was nothing less than a "crime," because, so far as he was able to learn, the firm had no experience in the operation of ships. This contract, he contended, with the decision not to berth the Leviathan at the Government Pier at Hoboken, would prevent profitable operation.

"The appointment of Gibbs Brothers as 'supervisory agents'" over the Leviathan, it was said today by Shipping Board officials, includes only the first two trips and unless some unforeseen contingency arose the appointment probably would not be extended. The United States Lines will be the operators except for this brief period. The board sept for this brief period. The board wanted the benefit of the experience of the Gibbs firm. it was asserted, because it was for years active in a supervisory capacity for the International Mercantile Marine's largest ships.

GUTENBERG BIBLE SELLS FOR $43,350

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

and not left blank as in some cases. The one-line rubric on Folio 4a, and the line and a quarter at the beginning of Genesis are also printed in red. These are found in very few copies, and it is supposed that they were discontinued owing to the difficulty of printing in a second color. This copy would seem therefore to be one of the very earliest printed.

"According to a note by Lord Carysfort on a loose sheet of paper, this copy of the Mazarin Bible was discovered by a gentleman in a monastery abroad, by whom it was sold to Mr. Perry, formerly proprietor of The Morning Chronicle. At the sale of his books, it was bought by the Duke of Sussex, whose book plate is at the beginning of each volume. At the Duke of Sussex's sale in 1844 it was bought by the Bishop of Cashel, and at his sale it was bought by the Earl of Crawford, whose signature in pencil, with the Earl of Carysfort's signature in ink below is on a fly-leaf of Volume I. It was bought by Lord Carysfort at Lord Crawford's sale in 1887."

Sotheby's catalogue of the sale contained the statement that the only other perfect copy remaining in private hands in England bought to be that bought by Bernard Quaritch in the Hopetoun sale in February, 1886, described as "slightly damaged," and sold by him to an anonymous English collector.

First Book Ever Printed.

"The Mazarin Bible," explained Dr. Rosenbach, "is the first book ever printed and was issued at the latest in 1455. It was published at Mainz or Mayence in Germany by Gutenberg and is in two volumes. This copy is one of the finest in existence, being in the original binding of stamped calf on thick wooden boards.

"There was a great effort to keep the volume in England, as there is only one other copy remaining in private hands in that country. Of the forty-one copies known only a few are in America, nearly all others being in public libraries in Germany, France and England. There are three copies in the Pierpont Morgan Library, one very fair on paper, one imperfect on paper and one on vellum. The copy in the New York Public Library is on vellum.

"It is not known precisely how many copies were printed by Gutenberg, but there were supposedly about 300. Book collectors have never found another book printed by Gutenberg with the same type used to print the Mazarin Bible.

"It is estimated that five years were required in the printing which was probably 1450 to 1455, and that eight presses were used for the work. There is no title page or date. They came as developments of a later period.

"The first Gutenberg Bible to come to the United States was bought in 1847 by James Lenox. That is the copy in the Public Library. It was then considered that he paid a 'mad' price for it—$2000. In 1873 a second copy was brought to America by George Brindley of Hartford. Through Harry Stevens, the same dealer who acted for James Lenox in the purchase of the first copy, Mr. Brindley bought the Ellesworth copy.

Wanted Hats Lifted to Rare Book.

Stevens wrote the new owner:

"Pray, sir, ponder for a moment the rarity and importance of this precious consignment from the Old World to the New. Not only is it the first Bible, it is the first book ever printed. It was read in Europe half a century before America was discovered. Please suggest to your deputy that he uncover his head while in the presence of this great book. Let no Custom House officer or other man in or out of authority see it without first reverently raising his hat. It is not possible for many men ever to touch or even look upon a page of a Gutenberg Bible."

The copy which inspired that note from Stevens is now the property also of the Rosenbach Company, which is the only firm of book-dealers, according to Dr. Rosenbach, ever owning two copies at one time.

While granting that the price paid yesterday for the Caryafort copy was not as large as that paid by Mr. Huntington, Dr. Rosenbach pointed out that the Caryafort copy was bought in 1887 for £2,650, so that it had almost quadrupled in value since that sale.

Dr. Rosenbach said that his company had paid a record price, £1,600, for a Kilmarnock Burns copy at the Caryafort sale, at which £35,000 was realized for the nineteen books. One of the items, "The Book of St. Albans," dated 1486, was bought by Ernest R. Gee & Co., bookseller, 442 Madison Avenue, for £2,450. In confirming the sale yesterday, Ernest R. Gee said:

"It is one of the rarest books of English sporting works. This book also contains the earliest known examples of color printing in England."

BOOK SALE NETS £35,500.

Bids on Mazarin Bible Started at £1,000.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 2.—The sale at Sotheby's today of nineteen early printed English and other books from the library of the late Earl of Caryafort, in rather less than an hour, produced the total of £35,500. Among those present from all parts were Phillip Rosenbach of New York and Philadelphia, the biggest buyer at the sale; John F. Lewis, President of the Pennsylvania Academy of Fine Arts, and Mrs. J. F. Lewis; Mrs. Millare of Chicago; A. M. Todd of Kalamazoo, Mich., and S. L. Gee of New York. All the leading London booksellers were also present.

The two great lots of the afternoon were both early printed Bibles, and both fell to Rosenbach. A very fine copy of the first edition of the first book printed with movable metal types, known as the Mazarin Bible, from the Mainz Press of Gutenberg around 1455, was started at £1,000 and fell at £9,500.

A splendid copy, printed on vellum, of the Latin Bible, Mainz, Fust & Schoeffer, 1462, the first edition of the Bible with name of the printer and date, brought £4,600. Of five Caxtons, the first edition of "Chronicles of England," with 181 leaves, 1480, fell to Rosenbach at £2,300. Another Caxton, "The Royal Book," 1488, brought £2,900, paid by Rosenbach.

One of the rarest books in the English language, the first of English sporting books and interesting as containing the earliest known examples of color printing in England, Dame Juliana Berners's "The Book of St. Albans, the Bokys of Haukyng and Hunting and also of Coote Armyrie," from the press of Schoolmaster, printer of St. Albans, 1486, eighty-nine leaves, was started at £500 and fell at £2,150 to Gee of New York. Four folio Shakespeares started with a superb copy of the first folio, 1623. It was begun at £1,000 and at £6,100 fell to Quaritch in rivalry with Rosenbach. A second folio, 1632, realized £900, going to Rosenbach. An extremely large and fine copy, entirely uncut, of Robert Burns's "Poems, Kilmarnock, 1786, was bought by Rosenbach for £1,600, another record price. This book was subscribed at 3 shillings and Burns made about £20 out of it.

The Store is Open Only Four Days this Week

Closed Wednesday (Fourth of July) and Saturday (first full Summer Saturday Holiday) and the store closing hour is now 5 o'clock. But if you will come early in the day our full usual service may be enjoyed by all even during this short week and these short days. "We are not the mere automata of business," said the Founder, "we are men and women reaching out heart and hand to make life easier and the world happier."

John Wanamaker

Astor Place at Ninth Street — Formerly A. T. Stewart — Telephone Stuyvesant 4700 — Store Hours: 9 to 5

From the Founder's Writings

Men Do Not Always Remember

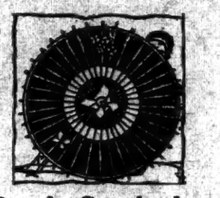
that they are often judged by the company they keep.

The world looks upon the friends we associate with and registers us accordingly.

It is therefore important for us to choose proper friends and to be cautious about losing them by any fault of our own.

A profession of friendship is a very serious engagement.

(Signed) John Wanamaker



Beach Sunshades
$1.50, $2.25

Of blue Japanese paper, gay with butterflies and flower clusters, they offer becoming protection from the sun.

And, thanks to an oiling process by which the paper has been treated, in case a sudden shower descend, the colors will not run.

Street Floor, Old Building

July AMPICO Recordings

America (*My Country 'Tis of Thee*) — with words—played by Mischa Levitzki

Scherzo Op. 4 E Flat Minor—Brahms—played by Milton Suskind.

Malaguena, Suite Espanola, No. 5—Ernesto Lecuona—played by Composer.

Dance Numbers

Yes! We Have No Bananas—Fox Trot.

That Red Head Gal—Fox Trot.

Seven or Eleven (My Dixie Pair O'Dice)—Fox Trot.

Stella—Fox Trot.

Louisville Lou—Fox Trot, and others equally as good.

Music Roll Section, First Gallery, New Bldg.

Tucked Bags
$3 to $8

Most Popular of All

Under-arm bags—many of this type were carried at the Paris races.

Square bags, pouch bags, bags with saucy ears at the sides.

Tucks running up and down, tucks running from side to side, tucks in panels, tucked yokes.

Best of Silks and Colors.

Moires, crepes de chine, faille silks and brocades. Black and scarlet in the lead. The lovely beige and brown shades which are no less in vogue. Grays, too, of course, and quiet navy blues.

Mostly with self-covered frames.

Street Floor, Old Building

Announcing the July Sale

Wanamaker Toilet Waters, 65c to $1.75

Their year 'round price is $1 to $3.50

65c and $1.25 Four Fragrances

Directoire Rose
Violette Pourpree
Lily-of-the-Valley

4 oz. bottles, 65c (for the $1 grade).

8 oz. bottles, $1.25 (for the $1.75 grade).

$1.25 and $1.75 Two Fragrances

Ma-Mie Papillon

4 oz. bottles, $1.25 (for the $2 and $2.50 grades).

8 oz. bottles, $1.75 (for the $3.50 grade).

Perfume Shop, Street Floor, Old Building

Holiday Clothes
$1.95

$2.95 to $3.95 grades

For Miss 2 to 6—fascinating little frocks, many made in smart sleeveless fashions. Plain and figured voiles and self-striped dimities, in lovely bright shades, charmingly adorned with hand-stitchery or with interesting little collars of white organdie or batiste.

For Boys 2, 3, and 4—attractive variations of the Oliver Twist suit in green, French blue, daffodil or brown chambray and poplin, with blouses of white cross-barred dimity and poplin.

The Children's Bazaar, Third Floor, Old Building

At New Low Prices for Miss 14 to 20

White Pleated Skirts
$10.75 and $15.75

Newly purchased at very special prices because of the lateness of the season.

Wool crepe, flannel, crepe de chine and stunning new crepe weaves. In "cluster" pleats, fine side pleats and in fine box pleats. Deep hems and well-made belts—for these are in every way comparable to our higher-priced models of the first of the season.

In Colors, too—gray and beige, of course, for next to white these are most in demand. Plain skirts in fine crepe de chine also at these prices.

Gaily Colored Jackets
$14.50 and $25

That have been $19.75 and $39.50

—in our own stocks until today. Silk or wool in most fascinating weaves, in brilliant colors—red, green, vivid blue, gold and in navy blue, brown, black and white.

Tie-around or "button-at-the-front" models.

Second Floor, Old Building

THE DOWNSTAIRS STORE
Lower Prices for Standard Qualities

First in demand, and here's a real sale—

Sleeveless Sweaters

Two Groups: $3.95 and $4.95

For the regular $6 to $10.75 grades

Mosty samples — coat styles.

Otherwise, prices like these would be impossible.

Brushed wool, artificial (fiber) silk, and combinations of mohair and fiber—at $3.95.

Fine mohair, and rich combinations of fiber silk and mohair—at $4.95.

Many beautiful color effects—black and white, blue and white, blue and red, brown and henna, and others of equal interest.

Extra News—for the Fourth

White Hats: Leghorns included

At the lowest price we've seen for equal qualities . . . $2

About 2,000 of these hats, gathered from various makers, averaging close to half price.

* * *

White satin dress hats, leghorns, white Milan hemp and peanut straw hats and other kinds of equal fashion interest.

* * * *

Ideal for most Summer occasions, at a price that is noteworthy.

Downstairs Store, Old Building

25,000 Yards of Cotton and Linen Fabrics

25c to $1.50 yard—Less than Half Price

An annual event! An almost unlimited choice of this season's smartest dress fabrics from the best collection of cottons and linens the Dress Goods Salon has ever shown.

In 1½ to 6 yard lengths

Crepes — *Eponges* — *Dotted Swiss*
Voiles — *Organdies* — *Batistes*
Scotch Zephyr Ginghams — *American Tissues*
Irish and Belgium Linens
English Prints and Chintzes

Embroideries and prints in gay and colorful patterns. All the important new weaves.

Street Floor, Old Building

Sale of 5,000 yds. Imported All-silk Pongee (or Shantung)

Natural color pongee from Japan and China. We have established the following prices by careful comparison with those prevailing in the retail market in New York. In each case we consider our pongee superior in quality to that of the comparative price quoted. All are 32 and 33 inches wide.

$1.95 yard

for pongee of $3.50 grade

The heaviest of the four qualities—a marvelous fabric, of close-weave and beautiful tone, in a flat finish. Best for suits—for men and women—for motor dusters, for pleated skirts for traveling frocks, for summer slip-covers for furniture.

$1.50 yard

for pongee of $2.25 grade

Lighter in weight than the first but also closely woven and beautifully finished. A good weight for sports frocks, camping bloomers and middies, and for skirts.

$1.50 Pongee, $1.10 yard

A medium weight, evenly woven, in a silky, cool finish, making this a perfect fabric for house draperies, for shirtings, pajamas and negligees, blouses and children's dresses—the little smocked ones which are so charming.

68c yard

Only 600 yards of pongee at this special price

A light weight fabric, extraordinarily good for so little.

Street Floor, New Building

Smartly Tailored Camp Clothes

At Specialized Prices

Made to our order of materials that will stand the wear and tear of the rough and ready life at camp.

Full cut knickerbockers, in sizes 12 to 22, carefully reinforced and fastening at the knees with button-toned cuffs or adjustable fastener—in khaki jean, $2.25; khaki drill, $2.50; white linen, gray or brown tweed, $3.95.

Regulation middy blouses of khaki jean, in sizes 6 to 20, $1.75.

Overblouses and mannishly tailored shirts of khaki jean, in sizes 12 to 20, $1.95.

No camp outfit should be considered complete without a smart suit of khaki jean, and one of the most successful models is the one illustrated. It comes in sizes 14 to 22, and is priced $5.75.

Other attractive suits of khaki jean, for girls 6 to 16, $3.95.

Second Floor, Old Building

Boys' Wash Norfolk Suits
$4.75 and $6.50

For $6.50 to $10 grades

Cool suits for boys of 7 to 17 years. A wide range of fabrics—linen, khaki, beach cloth, linen crash, white duck. Very well made suits that will stand up under rough usage.

And all lowered from our stocks for immediate clearaway.

Wash Suits for Smaller Boys

$2.35 for the $3 and $4.50 grades

Regatta cloth, cotton pongee, galates and peggy cloth in Oliver Twist or middy models. Generously cut and very well tailored for boys of 4 to 10 years. Third Floor, Old Building

Day-Before-the-Holiday Sale of Women's & Children's Hosiery

A clearaway at low prices of some very good stockings in styles and colors that will be most in demand for the Fourth.

Women's Stockings of Silk and Silk and Artificial Silk Mixed, $1.15

for the $1.50 and $1.65 grades

3,000 pairs all perfect, all with mercerized cotton tops, soles and heels.

Pure Silk—black, Cordovan brown, dark beige.

Silk and Artificial Silk Mixed

Three groups.

With a broad dropstitch. Black, steel gray, beige, Cordovan brown and two-toned effects.

With a fine-ribbed dropstitch. Light and dark beige, Cordovan steel gray, black and four attractive two-toned effects.

Plain with side-clocks in contrasting color. Light and dark beige, Cordovan brown, gray.

Children's Silk Socks, 38c

Discontinued styles which have sold in our stocks for 55c, 65c and $1 pair.

2,700 pairs—all perfect—sizes 4 to 9½ in the lot, but not in each color and style.

Pure White Silk—full-fashioned with mercerized cotton soles.

Pure Silk, seamless—pink, white, black, tan, gray, flame, red, other shades.

Pure Silk, seamless—with fancy turnover cuffs of mercerized cotton White and dark colors with tops in contrasting shades.

Mercerized cotton striped with Silk, seamless—in white and a variety of shades.

Main Aisle, Old Building

Smart White Pumps, $3.95

With a touch of color

Ideal Summer pumps—correct in fashion detail, good looking, and the regular $5.40 grade.

* * *

White canvas, trimmed with either red or green kid.

Not too extreme; not too conservative; smart and effective.

Downstairs Store, New Building

300 New Dresses For Women At $10.75

New arrivals—

Emphasizing the good styles and fabrics that are immediately available at this moderate price.

Pongee dresses at $10.75—which is very close to the actual cost price.

Sheer voile dresses in extra sizes—at $10.75.

Normandy voile dresses—at $10.75.

Plain voile dresses in attractive pleated models, with short sleeves—at $10.75.

Fresh and new.

Downstairs Store, Old Building

A Fine Bicycle for $27.50

An exceptionally low price for a bicycle of this type. They are fully equipped with new departure coaster brake, roller chains, forber hanger, mudguards and motorcycle seat. For boys there is a 19 in. drop-bar model; for men, the 21 in. straight bar.

Enameled in gray and black or green and black.

Street Floor, New Building

Motor Restaurants for the Holiday

Service for 4 . . . . $9.75

Service for 6 . . . . $11.75

There are just 50 in the suitcase model, 20 in. long, 6 in. high, 12¾ in. wide. The case is of solid basswood, covered with black enamel with a washable lining. Equipped with Swedish enameled cups and plates, a large sandwich box and nickel silver cutlery.

At these prices the restaurants offer unusual opportunity.

Street Floor, New Building

ADVERTISEMENT.

Dioxogen

kills germs with Oxygen

OXYGEN! We can't live without it. Disease germs can't live with it.

Dioxogen simply brings to disease germs oxygen in such a form that they are instantly destroyed.

Yet Dioxogen is as harmless to the human system as pure water.

Use Dioxogen, diluted, after shaving. You'll find it a refreshing lotion, which relieves soreness and prevents infection.

At All Druggists

Telesco Partition

Is Your Desk Nailed to the Floor?

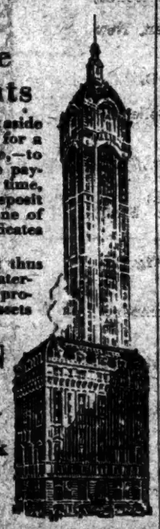
Of course it isn't. Nor is any other part of your office furniture. You move it too often to have it nailed.

The same should be true of office partition. Telesco Partition is built like furniture and is screwed together so that it can be moved like the rest of your office fixtures.

Phone for complete details 340-H

IMPROVED OFFICE PARTITION Co
28 GRAND ST, ELMHURST
NEW YORK CITY
TELEPHONE NEWTOWN 3400

Your Mortgage Payments



If you wish to set aside a sum of money for a specific purpose,—to meet a mortgage payment at a fixed time, for instance,—deposit those funds in one of our Time Certificates of Deposit.

Your money will thus earn interest uninterruptedly and be protected by all the assets of the

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World Factors in Business

Executives will find in this week's issue of The Annalist, out today, reviews and interpretations of situations valuable as guides in business management. Among them are:

Business sound but cautious; Car loadings again over 1,000,000 a week, though manufactured products falls off 8,000 cars; Canada may prohibit export of pulp wood; Swiss authority denies that great quantities of German capital are in Switzerland; Guaranteed railroad stocks viewed from an investment standpoint; Berlin distress increases as food prices rise to 1,366 times those of 1913; Trade unionism in Sweden spreading to intellectual workers; Official Washington's view of business; Foreign opinions on industry, commerce and finance; Barometrics of business; Range of Stock prices; Unlisted securities.

Advertisers in The Annalist reach an investing and purchasing power of hundreds of millions of dollars annually. Advertising rate, 10 cents an agate line, single insertion.

The ANNALIST

This Week's Issue

10 cents a copy $5.00 a year

Published Monday by The New York Times Company Times Square, New York

PARENTS RECOVER STRANDED BABIES

Offer No Complaint Against Woman Who Took Infants to Schenectady.

SYMPATHIZE WITH HER

Police Find Nursery Home in Brooklyn to Be in Excellent Order.

Several of the thirteen babies who were taken to Schenectady in an auto on Friday night by Mrs. Anna Siewers from her home at 1,209 Sixty-third Street, Brooklyn, were recovered by their parents yesterday. All of the mothers and fathers of the children who could be reached yesterday said that they had given permission to Mrs. Siewers to remove their babies to a farm for the Summer, that they had no complaint to make, and were inclined to sympathize with her.

It was said that the body of the dead infant, Arthur Cartell, had not been removed by his parents, though his mother, Mrs. Louisa Cartell of 33 Jackson Avenue, Long Island City, had left Schenectady with her other infant son, Richard, 22 months old. Several parents said they might not go to Schenectady and would prefer to leave their children in the care of Mrs. Siewers. This may not be permitted by the authorities at Schenectady, according to a letter received yesterday by Mrs. Isabella Mongan of 204 East Forty-first Street.

This letter was written by Mrs. Siewers, as follows: "Dear Mrs. Monagan. This town does not allow me to have the babies, and I was ordered to write and tell you to come and take Bernard away. Come at once, on Monday, if possible. I can place him and fix things for you. I will tell you when I see you. But be sure and come for him.

"MRS. SIEWERS."

Mrs. Monagan, who had to board her baby because of her daily employment with a piano firm, said that she would have to go after her child, although the expense and loss of time were serious matters with her. Previously she had boarded the boy with a neighbor in the same house.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Ryan of 139 West Sixty-third Street sent a telegram to the Schenectady Hospital asking when they would be permitted to come for their son Charles, 2 months old. He and two other babies were placed under medical care on their arrival. Another infant there is Alfred Helph, 2 months old, son of Mrs. Anna Helph, 1,124 Simpson Street, Bronx. Mrs. Helph was absent yesterday, and neighbors believed she had gone for her son.

One of the children claimed yesterday was Andrew Ferris, 5 months old, who was removed by his aunt, a Mrs. Cranarth of 908 Amsterdam Avenue. The names of the other infants and their parents, as reported yesterday, were: Thomas, 2 months, son of Thomas English, 225 East Fifty-second Street, Brooklyn; Rosalie, 5 months, daughter of Walter Gerkhoff, 315 MacDonough Street, Brooklyn; Mary, 5 months, daughter of Mrs. Emily Catrarino, 312 East 214th Street, Bronx; William, 2 months, son of Hugo Kallemeyer, 10 Goodwin Place, Ridgewood, L. I.; Dorothy, 6 months, daughter of Mrs. Mabel Baldwin, 1,238 Jefferson Avenue, Brooklyn; Joseph, son of Mrs. Theresa Morgan, 72 Second Street, Brooklyn.

The other children in the party not included in this list are the sons and daughters of Mrs. Siewers. It was said that Mrs. Siewers had twice previously taken children to farms she had rented or contracted to buy, but had to give up the project because funds she expected to have to meet these obligations had been tied up in probate litigation over the estate of her husband, Arthur, who died five years ago. Mrs. Siewers is a daughter of Mrs. August Erdman of 8,910 107th Street, Richmond Hill.

The parents of each child she boarded in her Sixty-third Street nursery paid $7 to $10 weekly. When the nursery was opened in April the Board of Health granted a permit for the care of three children. Subsequently as the number of infant inmates increased there was some difficulty with the Department of Health, it was said, because Mrs. Siewers had not obtained a proper inspection of the premises by the Building Department.

The police made an inspection of the nursery yesterday. They were permitted to enter by Mrs. George M. Chase, a neighbor, with whom Mrs. Siewers had left the keys of the house. Detectives who looked around the house said they found everything in good order and that the case requires no further action by the police.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., July 2.—The first of the parents to arrive here today for their children was Mrs. Thomas English of New York City, who took back with her a baby boy. Mrs. Bernard Monogan arrived here tonight for her son, 8 months old, and Mrs. Harry Ryan of New York City also reached this city to claim her two-months-old baby, one of the three taken to the hospital on arrival of the "caravan" in the city.

Among the parents expected at an early hour tomorrow are Mrs. James Baldwin, mother of Dorothy Baldwin, 8 months old, and Mrs. Hugo Kallmeyer, whose two-months-old son was one of the "baby farm" patients.

6-FRANC COPY OF BUST SOLD IN PARIS FOR 4,500

Antiquary Who Got It as Authentic Has Been Holding It for 7,800 Francs.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Co.—Serv.
Special Cable to The New York Times.

PARIS, July 2.—A copy of a Coysevox bust, valued at 6 francs, has just been sold at a Paris art gallery for 4,500 francs as the original to a Paris antiquary who is holding it for 7,800 francs. The incident, occurring at the time when the controversy over faked statuary is at its height, counts a point against the critical judgment of the experts and dealers who are maintaining that there are no fakes extant in the Louvre.

The bust in question belonged to the collection of a wealthy Parisian, Marcel Sambaux, which was sold here several weeks ago. In the auction catalogue it was listed as "A bust in plaster of Coysevox, 1693, supposed representing the Marechale de Villeroi wearing a perruque." It is ascribed to Coysevox.

Today an Alsatian, who was formerly a student of Olivier Merson, states that the bust was a copy of the original which he made for a prize for the auction held for students in Merson's studio. The Alsatian later painted his acquisition and when he left Paris presented it to the janitor.

A Parisian journalist visited the janitor who now owns the bust, where he not only received assurances that the object was authentic but was offered a written guarantee in the event of purchase.

Captain Brown Wins Shoot.

CRAGMOOR, N. Y., July 2.—Captain C. N. Brown, United States Army, won the Camp Perry special individual match at the Eastern small bore rifle championships held here today, making 388 bullseyes out of a possible 400 at 50 and 100 yards.

M'ANENY AND MENDEN WRECK WITNESSES

Questioned by Prosecutor About What Might Have Caused Elevated Crash.

George McAneny, Chairman of the Transit Commission, and W. S. Menden, President of the B. M. T., each spent more than two hours yesterday with Assistant District Attorney Joseph V. Gallagher of Brooklyn and discussed the causes of the elevated wreck in which eight persons were killed. Mr. Menden paid his visit in the morning and Mr. McAneny in the afternoon.

About all Mr. Gallagher would say about the talks was that he had warned both Mr. Menden and Mr. McAneny that anything they said might be used against them, inasmuch as the proceeding was a criminal one for the purpose of determining responsibility for the wreck. Mr. McAneny went through the formality of replying with a smile to the warning. Whether they will appear before the Grand Jury later was not learned yesterday, but it is probable that they will.

The condition of the roadbed and the recommendations for repairs which had been sent by the Transit Commission to the old B. R. T. were the subject of a good part of the discussions. With Mr. McAneny the Assistant District Attorney went over maps of the scene of the wreck and technical descriptions by engineers in an attempt to determine just what had happened. Mr. Gallagher, who has asserted that rotten guard beams were the primary cause of the loss of life, found himself in agreement with Mr. McAneny at times and at others there was a wide divergence between their views as to what had happened and why.

$100,000 ISSUE ENJOINED.

Stockholders of Cutlery Concern Out $300,000, Complaint Alleges.

Judge Marcus B. Campbell, in the United States District Court, Brooklyn, yesterday issued a temporary injunction restraining officers of the Cling Cutlery Corporation, 28 West Forty-fourth Street, Manhattan, from proceeding with a new bond issue of $100,000. The injunction was granted on application of John and Mary G. Griffin, 397 Stuyvesant Avenue, Brooklyn, and Mary E. Dalton, 531 Putnam Avenue, Brooklyn, minority stockholders.

The injunction will be in effect until 2 P. M. Thursday, when officers of the corporation are directed to show cause why it should not be made permanent and why receivers for the assets of the corporation should not be appointed. The complaint charged that the officers and Directors had lost more than $300,000 in stockholders' money.

Corvin E. Ware of Demarest, N. Y., in an affidavit, said the company was insolvent. He asked for a permanent injunction on the ground that the money "realized on the bond issue will undoubtedly go the way of other funds obtained by the officers, to wit: excessive salaries, private enrichment and other illegal methods."

Mr. Ware said he was not a stockholder, but that his daughters owned stock.

TRIO, 19, HELD AS BURGLARS

Suspect Harlem Youths of Looting Brooklyn Homes of $25,000.

Frank Daly, Joseph Massa and Frank Cantono, all 19, of Harlem, were held without bail for examination today by Magistrate Brown in Flatbush Court, Brooklyn, yesterday on suspicion of a score of burglaries in the Flatbush section. Police estimated the aggregate loot at $25,000.

Fred Williams, 21, also of Harlem, who is in Kings County Hospital with a bullet wound in his left leg, is awaiting arraignment on suspicion of being a member of the band. Police said Williams was shot and captured after the home of John Carlson, 450 Ocean Parkway, had been broken into. Questioning of the prisoner, they said, led to the arrest of the other three Sunday.

The police said a 500-pound safe belonging to Dr. Keva C. Ariuck of 176 Fenimore Street, Brooklyn, was found on a fire escape outside Daly's room at 218 East Eighty-first Street, Manhattan. About $7,000 in diamonds, dental gold, silver and platinum which Dr. Ariuck said the safe had contained, was missing.

CHARGES EDITOR WITH LIBEL

Prosecutor Gets Warrant for Publisher of Newark Ledger.

A warrant, charging Lucius T. Russell, editor and publisher of The Newark Ledger, with criminal libel, was sworn to yesterday by John O. Bigelow, Prosecutor of Essex County, before Acting Clerk Noble of the First Criminal Court, Newark. The Prosecutor charged that he was libeled by statements appearing in The Newark Ledger, a morning newspaper, on June 23. The sentences quoted by Mr. Bigelow as libelous were part of a letter, critical of the Prosecutor's office, written by Mr. Russell to one of his reporters in the trial of Mr. and Mrs. John Creighton, who were acquitted of the murder of Mrs. Creighton's brother. The letter was published on June 23 under Mr. Russell's name.

The warrant had not been served on Mr. Russell last night, as he was at his Summer home in Deal, N. J.

Brooklyn Man Hangs Himself.

Special to The New York Times.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., July 2.—Richard A. Reading, 40 years old, of Brooklyn, who for the last six months had been stopping with James Dodd of 69 Sanford Avenue, Plainfield, following a nervous breakdown, was found dead in his bedroom, having hanged himself with a trouser belt. Reading was employed in the New York office of the American Thread Company. He leaves his wife, two brothers and two sisters, all of Brooklyn.

How about Helen?

She's been wanting pictures of the children—intimate, 'round the home pictures, for years.

Our complete stock of Kodak and Graflex cameras makes it easy enough for us to help you choose the camera that she wants—and you want, too.

Developing, printing and enlarging of the superior kind.

Eastman Kodak Co.

(Eastman Kodak Stores, Inc.)

Madison Ave. at 45th St.

EXPERIENCE

backs Commonwealth Bonds. Experts on our Board supervise every loan. Their experience protects you.

Get in touch with us today. Ask for particulars regarding our offerings of New York City 6% First Mortgage Real Estate Gold Bonds.

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"I wouldn't blame you"

I WOULDN'T blame the smoker who criticized me personally if he bought a La Palina that did not live up to all I have said about it. I know that the tobacco rolled in each La Palina contains only the richest part of perfect leaves. I know that such care is exercised in our factories that there should never be an inferior cigar allowed to wear the La Palina band.

I am as confident of the quality of each La Palina shipped from our factories as though I had handed it to you myself. And I know you will appreciate and enjoy this quality whenever you buy a La Palina from a dealer who keeps his stock in good condition.

The mild, full-bodied flavor of La Palina is the result of an exclusive combination of fine imported tobacco. I keep on hand, *in advance of manufacturing requirements*, more than three and one-half million dollars' worth of this tobacco. It is cured and tested and the proper combination made *in advance*. The varying strengths and flavors of crops of different years are blended in exactly the proportions that produce the one flavor you recognize as La Palina.

Samuel Daly
President

CONGRESS CIGAR COMPANY
Philadelphia

Excellentes - - - 10c Blunt - - - 2 for 25c
Senator - - 2 for 25c Magnolia - - - - 15c
Perfecto Grande, 3 for 50c

Also numerous other popular shapes and sizes

LA PALINA
IT'S JAVA WRAPPED
CIGAR

N. Y. Branch, 132 W. 43d St.
Bryant 6748 & Bryant 6749
Schwarz & Son, Newark, Distributor

Keep a fresh box in your office humidor and also in your humidor at home.

TRADE UNIT MARK

Feeling at Home— or wishing yourself there

Just the difference between wearing a *"Full-Fashioned" Bathing Suit*—and the ordinary kind.

"FULL-FASHIONED" means *shaped-in-the-knitting-to-fit.*

"Full-Fashioned" means retaining its tailored trimness and shape—of soft, lasting worsted fabric, the best that money can buy—close-knit and quick drying—comfortable in the water and comely when you come out!

In two-piece suits or the UNIT—knitted top skirt and trunks of a single uncut piece of material.

At the Smarter Stores

D. NUSBAUM & CO.
BROOKLYN KNITTING CO.

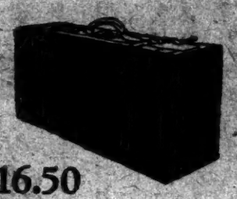
Mills: Union Course, Long Island
Sales Office (wholesale only): 347 Fifth Avenue, N. Y.

UNIT *Bathing Suits and* NU-UNIT *Sweaters for Men and Women*

TRADE NU-UNIT SWEATERS MARK

Store Hours 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.
Store Closed All Day Tomorrow

Lord & Taylor
FIFTH AVENUE
TELEPHONE FITZROY 1900



$16.50

Hand Luggage

Both Spacious and Smart

Will your week-end bag hold everything you want to take with you? The black enamel duck bag above holds much more than most, yet is light to carry. It has a deep tray, and form for one hat. 26, 28, 30 and 32 inches, $16.50.

Genuine Sealskin Bags
$27.50

One of the most durable and attractive bags we have ever shown at this low price. Made of genuine sealskin, lined with soft leather; hand sewed corners; one or two handles. 18 and 20 inches.

SEVENTH FLOOR

Household Needs for Summer

Bath Towels—Large size, soft and absorbent quality, all white or with colored borders. Dozen $4.50.
Bath Mats—A large assortment of designs and colors, splendid quality. Each $1.
Huck Towels—All pure linen, hemstitched with damask borders and monogram space. Dozen $6.50. Guest size $4.50.
For Kitchen and Pantry—All pure linen typed towels, a dozen, $5. Pantry towels in pure linen, in checked design. Dozen $3.50.

SECOND FLOOR

Summer Bedding

Sheets
Size 63 x 99 inches, $1.55
Size 63 x 108 inches, 1.75
Size 72 x 99 inches, 1.75
Size 72 x 108 inches, 1.95
Size 81 x 108 inches, 2.15
Size 90 x 108 inches, 2.25

Pillow Cases
Size 42 x 38½ inches, 45c
Size 45 x 38½ inches, 48c
Size 50 x 38½ inches, 52c

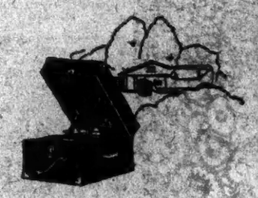
Summer Blankets

Reduced in price for a few days only. These blankets from England are all pure wool of the finest grade, with a broadcloth finish. They are feather weight and desirable for summer, yet have the necessary warmth for chilly nights. All white only. Size 70 x 84 inches. Really an unusual opportunity. Pair $14.95

SECOND FLOOR

Portable Victrolas

Take one of these with you on your 4th of July vacation. The machine itself has an excellent tone. The case is mahogany and the lid acts as a sounding board. When closed it is compact as a suitcase and will fit nicely into your car, $50.



SEVENTH FLOOR

Shopping in summer is simplified for customers who make use of our Mail and Telephone Order Bureau.

B. Altman & Co.

The Remodeling of Fur Garments

is a highly specialized service in connection with the Department on the Third Floor.

Here on display are advance models in Fur Coats, Capes and Wraps, from which ideas may be taken for the necessary alterations to meet the new season's mode.

Patrons are advised to have their Fur Garments remodeled and repaired during the Summer months, when special rates are available.

Madison Avenue-Fifth Avenue, New York
Thirty-Fourth Street Thirty-Fifth Street

The McCreery Men's Shop

A genuine, white buckskin sport oxford with patent leather trim. $10.50

James McCreery & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE 34TH STREET

Safe Milk and Malt Grain Ext. in powder, makes The Food-Drink for All Ages

Avoid Imitations—Substitutes

5c for PINAUD'S Lilac Tale

"The World's Finest" ED. PINAUD'S Lilac Tale
Exquisite quality. Write today for sample; enclose 5c.
Parfumerie ED. PINAUD
37 West 57th St., New York

"Bambalina"

Like widening waves, the fame of "Bambalina," the dance hit from "Wildflower," has spread in every direction.

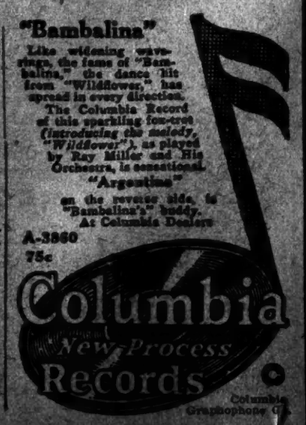
The Columbia Record of this sparkling fox-trot (introducing the melody, "Wildflower"), as played by Ray Miller and His Orchestra, is sensational.

"Argentina"

on the reverse side, is "Bambalina's" buddy.

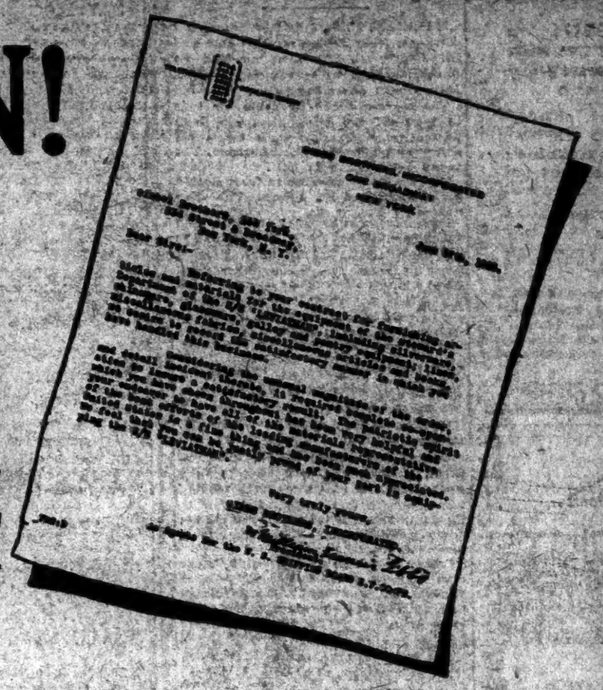
At Columbia Dealers

A-3860
75c



Columbia Graphophone Co.

Bon Voyage LEVIATHAN!



WE Who Have Helped to Build Your Comfort--- to Make You Great as the Great Name You Bear---as Gallant as the Flag You Fly---as Potential as the Mighty Service You Symbolize---

SALUTE YOU!

To the United States SHIPPING BOARD

with whom it has been our privilege to labor to rear this new "Leviathan" dedicated to the service of the United States and its people, we pay due tribute here.

It's over—all the effort of creation. Many months of planning. Many months of toil. The work is finished, and the work is good. Witness: this perfect thing, the great new flagship of America's Merchant Marine.

Vision she crystallizes, and purpose and patience and power. The dreams of men who have set their hand to the task with ideals to guard them, and to guide. **To these great gentlemen: Albert D. Lasker, Chairman; T. V. O'Connor, Admiral W. S. Benson, G. E. Chamberlain, F. I. Thompson, C. E. Plummer, Meyer Lissner, members of the United States Shipping Board, and J. B. Small, W. J. Love and J. E. Sheedy, its trustees; to Gibbs Brothers, members, agents, engineers, and architects of the United States Shipping Board, and to Walker & Gillette, consulting architects, this tribute.** The record of their service is the Leviathan. Eloquent and excellent. Beyond praise.

Gimbels is proud to have had its share in the building of her. Proud that its service has been a not negligible factor in the service of the world. **That in this magnificent achievement were enlisted the efforts of the Gimbel stores.** And that those efforts ensure the comfort, the security, the well-being of thousands of Americans, this year and through the years to come.

Just a word about it—the labor that it meant. Sixteen months occupied in the performance. The ocean traversed again and again. Super-quantities and super-qualities of goods sought, found, compared, rejected and selected. Great mills taxed to capacity. Larger production of better grade than many firms on either side of the water had ever attempted to manufacture before. Standard goods. LEVIATHAN standard goods. Best-in-America goods (except in the case of the linens, best Irish, best Scotch). Mile on mile of them. Ton on ton of them. Every tiniest item assembled on one given day at Boston. Set out in duplicate galleys. Transferred by 1000 stevedores, on schedule time, without one lost motion, to the ship! And its destined place.

And now the decks are cleared for action. The scene is set. The great vessel is ready to sail. May her voyage be as beautiful as she. May her future be as great as the purpose and the labor that have made her what she is. The seven seas await her. Europe awaits her. Her faith is unquestioned. Her destiny is sure.

Gimbel Brothers Direct Contractors to the U. S. Shipping Board for All China: Silver: Glass on the Leviathan.

And of all the good-will that goes with her, and the good wishes and the godspeeds, none are so sincere, so heartfelt as those of the workers who have made her possible. Among them, those of this organization who in the great accomplishment of a great work have borne their humble part.

Ave atque vale!
Bon voyage, Leviathan!

Gimbel Brothers Direct Contractors to the U. S. Shipping Board for All Linens and Domestics on the Leviathan.

Gimbel Brothers Direct Contractors to the U. S. Shipping Board for All Galley and Pantryware on the Leviathan.

Gimbel Government Contract Service
is no new thing. During the past years Gimbel contracts with the Government of the United States have run into many millions of dollars.

Gimbel Hotel-contract Service
is borne witness to all over the United States by many of the country's leading and largest hotels, notably

The Ambassador ***The Traymore***
The Marlborough-Blenheim
(all of Atlantic City)

the ***Hotel Vanderbilt*** of New York City and ***The Alamac*** (now building).

Gimbel Person and Home Service
is of similar calibre to these. As high in standard; as carefully detailed. The greatest part, as is evident, of course, of a great business.

To Our Co-Workers, the SUB-CONTRACTORS

(by name listed below) who under our contract have sped the tremendous task so zealously and so well—our sincere thanks and deep appreciation go on record here and now.

Adding Machines
Burroughs Adding Machine Co., N. Y.

Aprons
Wender & Goldstein, Inc., Brooklyn

Bath Caps
Samstag & Hilder, N. Y. C.

Bath Mats
Hohlfeld Mfg. Co., Phila.

Bath Sheets
Star & Crescent Co., Phila.

Bath Towels
Cannon Mills, Kannapolis, N. C.

Bathing Suits
Progress Knitting Mills, N. Y. C.

Bed and Table Linen
McCrum, Watson & Mercer, Ltd., Belfast

Bed Spreads
Monument Mills, Inc., New York City.

Blankets
North Star Woolen Mills, Minneapolis, Minn.
Wilson & Bradbury, N.Y.C.

Blankets Reconditioned
Rees & Rees, N. Y. C.

Books
Brentano's, N. Y. C.

Canvas Materials
C. R. Daniels, Inc., N. Y. C.

Card Tables
Ferguson Brothers Mfg. Co., Hoboken, N. J.

Chinaware
Onondaga Pottery Co., Syracuse, N. Y.

Chinaware, Miscellaneous
Hall China Co., East Liverpool, Ohio.

Duplicators
Beck Duplicator Co., N. Y. C.

Dusters: Mattress Covers: Meat Cloths: Pad Mattresses
Louis Cohen, New York City

Flags
Annin & Co., N. Y. C.

Games
W. C. Horn & Co., N. Y. C.
John Samuels, N. Y. C.
Alexander Taylor & Co., N. Y. C.

Galley and Pantry Equipment
Bramhall, Deane Co., New York City.
Goodell & Co., N. Y. C.
U. S. Slicing Machine Co., N. Y. C.

Glassware
United States Glass Co., Tiffin, Ohio.

Hospital Equipment
Hospital Supply Co., New York City.

Labels
E. H. Kluge Co., N. Y. C.

Materials for Slip-covers and Table Covers
Brettell & Bray, New York City
Dusenberry & Co., New York City
Johnson & Faulkner, New York City

Menu Holders, Portfolios, Fancy Baskets
Treitner & Freeman, New York City.

Moisture Tubes
H. Kaufman, N. Y. C.

Phonographs
Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co., Chicago, Ill.

Rubber Sheets
Hodgman Rubber Co., Tuckahoe, N. Y.

Sheets and Pillow Cases
Taylor, Clapp & Beall, Utica, N. Y.

Silverware
R. Wallace & Sons Mfg. Co., Wallingford, Conn.

Stair Rope
Morris Bernhard Company, N. Y. C.

Steamer Chairs
E. H. Mahoney Chair Co., Gardner, Mass.

Steamer Rugs
F. H. Cabot & Company, N. Y. C.
Old Town Woolen Mills, Old Town, Maine.

Stretchers
Kny-Scheerer Corporation, N. Y. C.

Table Linens
Hay & Robertson, Ltd., Scotland.
Henry Matier & Co., Ltd., Belfast.
McCrum Watson & Mercer, Ltd., Belfast.

Towels
Broadway Damask Co., Ltd., Belfast.

Typewriters
Royal Typewriter Co., New York City.

Vacuum Cleaners
Hoover Suction Sweeper Company, N. Y. C.

All Slip-covers and Table-covers on the S. S. Leviathan were made in the workrooms of Gimbel Brothers, New York City.

Gimbel Brothers Direct Contractors to the U. S. Shipping Board for All Games: Books, etc., on the Leviathan.

GIMBEL BROTHERS

32ND STREET - BROADWAY - 33RD STREET NEW YORK CITY

NEW MOVE TO INDICT PLASTERERS HALTED

Untermyer's Aid Ready With Witnesses, but Case Is Not Taken Up.

HAD PROPOSED RETRIAL

Lockwood Committee Counsel Criticised by Lawyer—Says Attorney General Stopped Action.

Efforts to obtain a new or superseding indictment, charging conspiracy in restraint of trade, against the thirty-six members of the Plasterers' Union in whose case a jury disagreed last Summer, were halted yesterday before Justice Jeremiah T. Mahoney in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court. Later Jonah J. Goldstein, representing defendants, questioned the right of Samuel Untermyer or associates of the former counsel for the Lockwood committee to appear before the Grand Jury. After the Court had excused the grand jurors Mr. Untermyer issued a statement, saying he had never intended to appear before that body seeking a new indictment against the plasterers.

When the Grand Jury was empaneled yesterday Abraham Friedman, who was associated with Mr. Untermyer in presenting the evidence on which the first indictment was returned, was in court with nine witnesses. The case, however, was not taken up. When Justice Mahoney found there was nothing legally before the court he excused the Grand Jury till Monday.

The move to obtain a new indictment of the plasterers was used as the basis of an attack by Mr. Goldstein upon Mr. Untermyer. Among other things he said:

"Under the law no official has any business before a Grand Jury unless he is a duly elected District Attorney or else an Attorney General specially designated by the Governor to appear here.

"In this case Mr. Untermyer, who is not the District Attorney, and as an Attorney General, never received a commission from the present Attorney General to appear, takes it upon himself to persecute the Plasterers' Union by obtaining orders and convening terms of the Supreme Court and Grand Juries, involving expenses to this county and harassing the defendants without the slightest authority in law for so doing."

Mr. Untermyer last night gave out a statement in which he said:

"It is not true that there was any thought of my appearing before the Grand Jury this morning, or at any other time, in connection with the superseding indictment of the officials of the pasterers' union, although I am, and have been for the last two years, a Special Deputy Attorney General in connection with the prosecution of offenses disclosed by the Lockwood committee.

"The officials of the union were tried under an indictment that was procured while I was abroad, but with my consent. The trial court held that it was not sufficiently broad to cover all the acts of conspiracy that were sought to be proven against the officials of the union. On that ground much of our most important testimony was excluded. After a trial lasting three weeks the jury disagreed, standing six to six after twenty hours of deliberation.

"Mr. Freedman and I thereupon recommended that the case be retried, but that the indictment should first be amended by changing the date of the conspiracy so as to include all the acts of oppression charged against the union that had been excluded at the former trial. It was for the purpose of correcting this informality and for that purpose only that Mr. Freedman was to have introduced the additional proof, which I believe would result in a conviction. The Attorney General has decided not to take this action and it rests with him now to determine whether the case shall be retried upon the present indictment.

"I have his request for my recommendation on that subject under advisement and will communicate with him in due course.

"All the technical points that Mr. Goldstein now presents for newspaper consumption have long since been rejected by the Court, when his demurrer to the indictment was overruled.

"When the present Attorney General came into office I accepted a new designation from him as Special Attorney General, as did Mr. Freedman, under which we have been and are still acting. Mr. Goldstein's statement to the contrary is untrue. He is also aware that his further statement about the expenses of this prosecution is equally inaccurate. He is well aware that in the prosecution of this, as in all other cases arising out of the Lockwood committee investigation, I have insisted throughout on acting without compensation and have personally paid my own out-of-pocket expenses. So, so far as my services are concerned, for the past three years they have been without a penny of expense to the State.

"The question of the further prosecution rests, as it always has rested, with the Attorney General."

SEEKS TO AVENGE PET DOG.

Actress Asks Punishment for Motorist Who Killed Chu Chang.

According to Louise Dale, an actress, of 14 West 101st Street, a motorist who would run over a dog would as willingly kill a child. Chu Chang, her pet Pekinese, was run over and killed on Wednesday in Manhattan Avenue, and Miss Dale told Magistrate Silberman in the West Side Court yesterday that she fainted when the dog was struck. Several onlookers took the license number of the car and Miss Dale sought to have the owner identified and his license revoked.

The Magistrate commended Miss Dale for her humanity, but told her that that case was one which did not come within his jurisdiction. Civil action, he said, could be taken against the automobile owner. Miss Dale said she did not want damages, but she thought the driver was a public menace. She valued the dog at $350.

BOY MYSTERIOUSLY SHOT.

Maxim Silencer Believed to Have Been Used by Assailant

The detectives of the Eleventh Inspection District in Brooklyn yesterday made a tour of the district in an effort to locate all owners of guns and pistols on which Maxim silencers are used.

Jacob Schmid, 18 years old, of 86 Morgan Avenue, Brooklyn, while walking along Kingsland Avenue, Brooklyn, Sunday evening suddenly felt a stinging pain in the right arm. He went to the Stagg Street Police Station and told of the sudden pain. It was discovered then that he was suffering from a bullet wound.

Schmid told the police that he heard no shot fired nor could he imagine why any one would try to shoot him.

New Chilean Cabinet Sworn In.

SANTIAGO, Chile, July 2.—The new Chilean Cabinet took the oath of office last evening. It is constituted as follows: Premier and Minister of the Interior, Domingo Ammategui Solar; Minister of Foreign Affairs, Emilio Bello; Minister of Justice and Public Instruction, Alcibiades Roldan; Minister of Finance, Guillermo Subercaseaux; Minister of War, General Luis Altamirano; Minister of Industry and Public Works, Francisco Mardones.

Left £18,084 Estate in England.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 2.—William Jackson of Connecticut, a publisher who started as a boy in a Boston publishing firm and became partner in it after introducing the subscription book business, left £18,000 in this country. He gave the income from £5,000 each to his women executors.

TAKE BOSTON VOYAGERS FROM WRECKED SHIP

Tugs Also Rescue Crew of Advance, Which Breaks in Two Near Halifax.

HALIFAX, N. S., July 2.—The steamer Advance, from Boston for this port and St. John's, N. F., went aground on Shut-In Island while entering Halifax Harbor in a dense fog today.

The captain asked by radio for tugs to take off the passengers, and both passengers and crew were taken off safely by tugboats in the afternoon. The vessel later broke in half.

There were 70 passengers from Boston for Halifax and St. John's. The crew numbered 55.

The Adanve was of 2,469 tons and carried a general cargo in addition to passengers. She was purchased recently by the Intercolonial Navigation Company from the Panama Railway Company and put into regular service on the line between Boston, Halifax and St. John's.

DOOMED MAN LIKES JOKES.

William Creasy Takes to Reading Funny Stories in Death House.

Special to The New York Times.

OSSINING, N. Y., July 2.—William M. Creasy, condemned to death as the slayer of Miss Edith Lavoy, Freeport, L. I., teacher, has, according to Sing Sing attendants today, taken to reading funny stories and books of fiction in the death house to take his mind off his plight. Creasy still strongly maintains his innocence.

Creasy has been in the death house nine months. He was convicted at Mineola and sentenced there by Judge Lewis J. Smith to be executed the week of Nov. 7, but an appeal delayed the execution. Creasy was arrested after the school teacher was found, evidently slain, in a rooming house in Freeport on June 23 last. Creasy, who was an attentive admirer, has always denied having caused her death.

CHARGE JAIL PROXY PLOT.

Three Warrants Issued in Chicago Substitution of Dry Offender.

CHICAGO, July 2.—Three warrants charging conspiracy to obstruct justice were issued today by United States Commissioner Glass against Peter and Paul Capadona, cousins, and Joseph Caniatto as a result of Paul's action in substituting himself for Peter to serve a sixty-day sentence in the De Kalb County Jail because Peter had five children to support.

Peter, a saloonkeeper, had been sentenced for a prohibition violation, and after the prisoner had served part of the sentence the jailer discovered that he was Paul and not Peter Capadona. It is charged that Caniatto aided in the masquerade.

ANTHRACITE MEN TO MEET.

Atlantic City Conference July 6 Expected to Fix Strike Outlook.

Possibility of another anthracite strike this year is expected to be largely settled at the joint scale conference between representatives of operators and miners which will discuss at Atlantic City, beginning July 6, a new agreement to replace that expiring Aug. 31.

Conferees will negotiate at the Hotel Ambassador and will consist of the General Policies Committee of Anthracite Operators, of which S. D. Warriner is Chairman, and the Scale Committee of the anthracite miners, headed by John L. Lewis, President of the United Mine Workers of America. Others on the Scale Committee are William J. Brennan, Thomas Kennedy and Chris Golden, Presidents, respectively, of Districts 1, 7 and 9, comprising the 155,000 organized miners in the hard coal fields.

A 20 per cent. wage increase, a two-year contract and introduction of the "check-off" head the list of eleven formal demands voted unanimously at the miners' tri-district convention at Scranton, Pa., last week which the Scale Committee will serve Friday upon the mine owners' spokesmen.

ACTOR GETS SIXTY DAYS.

Confesses He Stole Handbag Containing $7 to Pay Hotel Bill.

Leo Oppenheim, 35, an actor living at the Remington Hotel, West Forty-ninth Street, was sentenced to sixty days in the workhouse when he pleaded guilty in Special Sessions yesterday to theft on June 20 of a handbag containing $7 from the office of the Goldwyn Moving Picture Corporation, 729 Seventh Avenue.

Miss Hilda Bloom, a stenographer, of 957 Hoe Avenue, the Bronx, said Oppenheim took the handbag from her desk. She caught him as he ran toward the elevator and held him until a policeman arrived.

Probation Officer Buss told Justices Kernochan, Murphy and Herrman that Oppenheim had acted in the "Squaw Man" and "The Bird of Paradise." Buss said Oppenheim told him he had taken the money to pay his hotel bill.

KLAN INITIATES 200.

1,500 Attend Ceremonies at Middle Island, L. I.

PATCHOGUE, L. I., July 2.—More than fifteen hundred Ku Klux Klansmen of Suffolk County, N. Y., assembled on the estate of Charles E. Walters at Middle Island tonight to initiate 200 candidates. The ceremonies, closed to the public, were conducted by the Suffolk County Kleagle and opened with the burning of a cross which lit up the countryside for miles. Following the fiery cross ritual the candidates, all partly masked by handkerchiefs, passed in single file to the altar, over which floated a large illuminated American flag.

After each novitiate had taken the Klan oath, the ceremony ended with the burning of a second cross over 40 feet high. Guided by this beacon the Klansmen, about 300 of whom were in full regalia, left for their homes.

Sentenced to Die in Chair.

Death in the Sing Sing electric chair the week of August 19, was the sentence pronounced yesterday by Judge Burt U. Humphrey, in the Queens County Court, Long Island City, upon Albito Mastrota, 31 years old, convicted June 9 of slaying his uncle James Mastrota, Jan. 25 last. The uncle had named his nephew chief beneficiary of his $30,000 estate, bequeathing Vincent Mastrota, Albito's brother, only $15,000. Albito is reported to have given his brother the $37,000 which would have come to him under his uncle's will.

Five Lundin Co-defendants Freed.

CHICAGO, July 2.—After a month of the trial of Fred Lundin, political associate of former Mayor Thompson, and twenty others, the State today dismissed the case against James C. Michaels, Andrew Meyerger, a ward politician; Jeremiah O'Leary, David Walsh and Edgar L. Offlington, former Superintendent of Construction of the Board of Education. All the defendants were indicted on a charge of conspiracy to defraud the Chicago Board of Education of $1,000,000. Lundin is expected to stand trial Monday.

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The Vintage Ricoro — beautifully made of Porto Rico's finest tobacco

Saratoga size, 2 for 15c Box of 50—$3.75

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DOWN to the old Spanish factories in San Juan and Ponce come trucks and ox carts laden with vintage tobacco from the Ricoro plantations in the hills. And in the Ricoro factories, the world's most skillful cigar-makers work up this leaf into the finest cigars ever made in Porto Rico.

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You would naturally expect to pay high prices for such a fine imported cigar, hand-made of *vintage* tobacco—the kind that grows perhaps once in a lifetime. But you don't have to, for Ricoro; because it is imported duty free, *you save the difference!*

Cabinet size, 2 for 25c Box of 50—$6.75

Corona size, 10c Box of 50—$4.50

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Ricoro comes in 10 regular sizes, *2 for 15c up to 15c*

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Ricoro Operas . . . *Package of 10, 13c—2 packages, 25c*

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Every day buyers throughout the United States draw through the Business Page of The New York Times the merchandise they urgently need—dresses, coats, materials, knit goods and capes. They describe their requirements in an advertisement under "Buyers' Wants."

The "Offerings to Buyers" columns afford a market for manufacturers through which they may dispose of surplus stocks—aprons, bolivias, sweaters, linens, skirtings or apparel. Recently, on one day, there were 38 announcements of dresses, many offered at sacrifice prices.

Rate for each classification, 15 cents a word.

BUSINESS PAGE

The New York Times

OAB

Clothes that fit can be comfortable

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It isn't.

A D'Andrea Ready to Wear suit will fit and look and *feel* as if it were made to measure especially for you.

And precisely because it *is* comfortable and *does* fit, it will hold its shape better and wear much longer. Just slip on one of these suits and see if it isn't so.

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MEN'S TAILORS

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SHELBY SUFFERING FROM SHELL-SHOCK

Verbal Bombs Warning of Approach of Financial Disaster Spread Gloom.

OPTIMISM EBBING AGAIN

Enthusiasm Wanes With the Arrival of Each Great Falls Bulletin.

TICKET SALE DATA SCARCE

$8,000 Printed Is Only Definite Phase of High and Low Finance of the Great Bullfight.

By ELMER DAVIS.

Special to The New York Times.

SHELBY, Mont., July 2.—Flooded with new rumors of financial disaster at the last moment, Shelby's optimism ebbed again tonight. It has been ebbing and flowing in the last few days like the waves on the beach, just after a big boat has gone up the river, and it reached its high point just before the break today.

Convinced that there was going to be a fight, Shelby was getting ready for the great day, and greeted the advance guard of the crowd that was expected to pour in. Improvised hotels, tent colonies and automobile parks were beginning to see customers arriving at last when suddenly news came from Great Falls, the financial capital of the world, that the international loan which was to have enabled Montana to pay its debt to Jack Kearns had fallen through, and that the stern, acrid, undisputable Kearns was going to proceed with the sanctions provided in the treaty and take his champion out of the State, with no fight.

One of the lady phrenologists who operate on Main Street, Shelby, has a large chart of the human head up on a sign before her door, with each part of the brain marked off for the quality it is supposed to contain, and each quality illustrated by a hand-made picture. Right over the ear is the bump of "executiveness," and it appears that gentlemen who stick out over the ear must be potential railroad presidents, movie directors or master minds. If that chart has it right, all Montana must be hollow above the ears, for it appears to contain more executives to the square inch, and less executiveness, than any other State in these parts.

And it is hard luck on Shelby, for, as noted above, there was beginning to be a prospect of a fair-sized crowd. The concessionaires who rent beds may be out of luck, but the concessionaires who feed the populace seemed likely to get somewhere near an even break. Even the so-called hotels were beginning to get trade. One tent colony of bunks, perhaps the least comfortable of the various types of sleeping quarters, reported that it had thirty men in last night, expected seventy-five or eighty tonight, and had reason to hope that a good percentage of its 400 bunks would be filled tomorrow night.

No Crowding Here.

Out in the sumptuous automobile park provided by the Chamber of Commerce, with its running water, lights and gas stoves, there were seventy cars today—not many considering that it was built for three thousand, but about sixty more than yesterday. And these were all good cars whose customers looked as if they could afford fight tickets, which could hardly be said for the more numerous cars in the free parking spaces about town.

That is only a small beginning, of course. Shelby has parking space reserved for eight or ten thousand cars, perhaps more; and there are several ten-acre lots set aside for that purpose with not a car in them. But there will be a big influx tomorrow and on the morning of the Fourth, if the fight is held, in Glacier Park are many where from three hundred to five hundred tourists who expect to come down on the special train of day coaches from Kalispell on the morning of the Fourth. The number is uncertain because there are a number of horseback parties in the park which may or may not get out in time, but all of them intend to get out. R. F. Butler and James Keeley of the Pullman Company are not yet ready to say how many special Pullmans will come in for the fight, but it is apparent that it will be several dozen, besides the big local and semi-local traffic by day coach and automobile.

How many seats have been sold where they have been sold and who has the money nobody knows now. Thirty-eight thousand were printed, and that is as far as anybody can go in that phase of the high and low finance of the great bullfight. If there is a crowd of ten or fifteen thousand people in the arena built to hold 40,000 it will take a lot of police protection to keep the holders of twenty-dollar seats from crashing the fifty-dollar gate.

One shop on Main Street here advertised opera glasses at $2.50 that are guaranteed to "make a twenty-dollar seat look like a fifty-dollar seat." But there will be other ways of doing that unless Sheriff E. H. Benjamin and the 200 deputies whom he promises to have inside the arena work pretty hard.

Fire Fighters Ready.

Fire protection of the arena is another and more serious question. Twenty fire chiefs of the State will stand around inside, each ready to use his hand extinguisher, of the small type commonly carried in automobiles, on any fire that may start. There will be twenty more watchmen under the seats, each carrying a larger extinguisher. The plans also called for two hydrants with hose attached under trap doors about half way down the seats; but the mains for the hydrants have not yet been laid. Since the arena is built of pine and all the exits are on the outside and can be reached only after customs have climbed to the top of the seats, it will be observed that this arena will not be the safest place in the world with a crowd of 15,000 people in it, of whom probably 13,000 will be smoking steadily for three hours.

State Fire Marshal William B. Brooks did his best to prevent one fire hazard today when he warned the aviators, mostly belonging to newspaper photographers' associations, who have been flying over the town for the last day or two at distances sometimes not greater than two hundred feet above the ground, that any man who tried that over the arena on the Fourth would be shot at by the Fire Marshals, who would do their best to hit him.

"It would be impossible to avert a terrible disaster," he said, "if a plane fell into the arena and the tank exploded." Presumably the shooting will be done when the planes are headed away from the arena.

Even if there is no fire it is likely to be pretty hot, for the gently sloping bowl of pine boards makes a first rate heat reflector. It depends on the weather, of course. If it happens to rain the night before the fight, as it did the night before the Dempsey-Carpentier fight at Boyle's Thirty Acres, the seats will be damp enough to be safe against fire. If the weather is as it is today—breezy and mildly vaguely with clouds sweeping intermittently across the sky—the arena will be not uncomfortable. But if it is a good hot afternoon of the sort that Shelby ordinarily sees at this time of year there will be a well warmed crowd before the fight is over.

Dry Arena Forecast.

In that event it will be hot and also dry. Soft drinks will be sold in the arena, but they will be very soft. The enthusiastic boosters who in the early days of this fight spread the word all over the Northwest that Shelby would be wide open merely brought down on themselves an exceptionally vigilant lot of prohibition officers, who since the grand clean-up of the town a week ago Sunday have kept it about as arid as the Great American Desert to which it used to belong. They are not inhuman; they may have dried the town up too much to suit a good many tastes, but at least one of their raids saved the public from a most fraudulent imposition.

A rascal in the Twin Cities got himself 154 cases of near-beer, even more distant than usual since it had only a quarter of 1 per cent. of alcohol and took off the labels so that the plain bottles looked like those in which the real Canada beer used to come into town. He planned to sell them on the Fourth for $1.50 a bottle, but a prohibition officer discovered his infamous scheme and arrested him for the crime of possessing for sale near-beer without a label.

Be the person who becomes desiccated by his wanderings in the baked mud and flying dust of this city has to content himself with soft drinks that are entirely moral, but bad for the insides. The rain will be pretty bad in Shelby, but the sun has its drawbacks. The impromptu sanitary arrangements made in expectation of the big crowds are about as good as possible, but as good as possible is not so good. Shelby can now be smelled at a considerable distance across country, literally and figuratively too.

Few Fans From Pacific Coast Book Reservations to Shelby

SAN FRANCISCO, July 2.—The Pacific Coast will not be represented by any great number of fans at the Dempsey-Gibbons fight at Shelby, Mont., on Wednesday. Railroad offices here reported "scarcely more than a handful" of San Franciscans departing for Shelby. At Los Angeles about forty tickets were sold for the scene of the bout. A railroad at Portland, Ore., has arranged for two extra sleepers on a train bound for Montana tonight, and at Seattle approximately 130 admission tickets had been sold up to noon. Two carloads of fight fans will leave tonight from Spokane. Two special trains that had been spoken for from San Francisco were canceled when reports were received that the fight managers were having trouble with their finances.

GODFREY GLOOM NEAR IF NOT ALREADY THERE

The Lure of Shelby Triumphs Over His Meditations on Harding in Glacier Park.

By ELMER DAVIS.

Special to The New York Times.

GLACIER PARK, Mont., July 2.—Among the numerous tourists who are lingering in the more comfortable atmosphere of Glacier Park while they wait for the fight at Shelby is Godfrey G. Gloom, a well-known pawpaw planter and unterrified Democrat of Amity, Ind. Mr. Gloom allowed himself to be interviewed by a TIMES correspondent on the prospects of the fight, and asserted that he was a Gibbons rooter.

"Yes, sir," said Mr. Gloom, "I stopped off in Shelby for a few days before I came up here, and I want to tell you this Tommy Gibbons is a mighty fine boy. He's handsome and good-natured, clean livin' and a family man, and everybody likes him. He'd make a mighty popular champion. He's got all the qualities a champion ought to have except the ability to lick the present incumbent.

"No, I'm not a prizefight fan. I just happened to be up here to look over the scenery and thought I'd run down and see the fight as a side issue. And there's quite a number of people at Glacier Park just like me. They wouldn't look at one of them vulgar, degrading and brutalized exhibitions for mere pleasure, but so long as they happen to be up here and it happens to be up here, why, it's just one of the customs of the country, like the sun dance of the Blackfeet Indians, and of course no tourist is going to pass up the customs of the country. What else do they tour for?

"As for me, I wish they'd have this fight, if they have it at all, here in Glacier Park. The hotel accommodations are considerably better than in Shelby and the scenery is a shade more restful to the eye. But I guess there was nobody up here in the park that would fall for Jack Kearns's high finance. They don't grow 'em like Jim Johnson and Molumby very often. So I'm lingerin' here till the morning of the Fourth, when I take my last look at the Rocky Mountains sheep and go down to gaze at the sorrowful spectacle of the Shelby goats.

"No thoughtful citizen can visit this country up here without realising how we've mistreated our wards, the Indians. And they nearly all very properly by their plain turnin' their backs on the blessings of our 100 per cent. Nordic civilization. As I crossed the country up here I see white families jounsin' around over the hills and gullies in Fords, but would any Indian ride in a Ford? Not him. The Blackfeet run mostly to Dodges, but I hear there's some of these tribes up here that won't look at nothing less than a Packard.

"And yet the evils of civilisation are eatin' their way into the heart of the noble savage. Down here over the hill behind the hotel I meet the Chief Boss Ribs. How's that? Chief of what? Why, he's chief of the Blackfeet, of course. The Blackfeet are all chiefs, just like the members of this Borah-Johnson-La Follette-Hearst third party. And what do you suppose this veteran warrior, this ancient father of his people, was doin'? Why, he was writin' an autobiographical novel, just like a 20-year-old Greenwich Village intellectual.

"True, he was writin' it Indian style, paintin' it in red and blue and green and yellow on a big sheet of canvas; but it was the story of his life, all right. He told us all about it, through an interpreter. Mostly how he and his friends—White Dog, Pretty Snake, Looking-for-Smoke, and some more of the brash young men of the later Victorian period—went around and stole horses from their neighbors. But at that it was considerably less discreditable than most autobiographical novels.

"He had a thread of unity, a left motif, runnin' through it, too. The old boy had a good luck charm, a medicine piece, lookin' something like a few rivets hammered through a leather disk with a rim of beads around it, that he always carried with him when he went out to do his fightin' and every time he killed a man or stole a horse, which was frequent, he painted the good old luck piece on the canvas right over the picture of the killin'. After lookin' over the story of his exploits, I couldn't help wishin' Tommy Gibbons could take that lucky piece into the ring with him on Wednesday, for it seems to be right powerful, and Tommy is goin' to need something powerful.

"Anyway, old Chief Boss Ribs had a starkly simple style in tellin' his story. If he killed a man, he paints a picture of himself standin' up and the victim lyin' flat with blood rushin' out of him and that's all there is to it. Some of you newspaper boys might do well to let that old warrior show you how to get down to the bones of a story without loss of time."

The correspondent ventured to ask Mr. Gloom what he thought of the political situation.

"Politics?" snorted the veteran.

"I try not to think about politics. What is it the Apostle says, whatsoever things are pure and of good repute, think on those things and not on politics. Up here amid the eternal mountains and the icy glaciers and God's own fresh air, I ain't seen anything to remind me of politics or politicians except maybe this here mountain they call Almost-a-Dog. My friend Walter J. Wood, the Washington correspondent of the Amity Grapevine-Telegraph, has gone off to Alaska with Mr. Harding and he'll fill me full of all the politics I need and more when I get back.

"What's that? Oh, yes, I know Mr. Harding said there was no politics in this trip. No politics for him, he meant; just the same way as there's no money in this fight for Shelby, Mont. But there is a lot of money in that fight for Jack Kearns, and it looks as if there is going to be a lot of politics in Mr. Harding's trip for other people.

"Why, he starts off here across the country, the President of the United States, the representative and embodiment of the majesty and dignity of the great American people. Do you realize what a majestic and awesome spectacle that is—the Chief Executive of the greatest country in the world makin' triumphal progress across it? The travels of a Roman Emperor was nothing to that. Yes, sir, Mr. Harding starts out with all the trappings of majesty, and what does he do? Why, at St. Louis he takes off his crown and tosses it to Borah and Johnson and at Kansas City he passes the sceptre over to Wayne B. Wheeler, and at this rate when he gets to Alaska he won't have any of the imperial regalia left except the pointed green cap of a Tall Cedar of Lebanon."

"Perhaps you think, then," said the correspondent, "that the Democrats have a good chance next year. They've done nothing particularly stupid lately, so far as can be judged from the papers."

"Oh, I count on 'em to run true to form," said Mr. Gloom. "Of course you don't see nothing about their foolishness in the papers. There's no news in the dumbness of Democrats."

WILLARD AND FIRPO IN HARD TRAINING

Former Champion Boxes Fifteen Rounds—Argentinean Goes Seven.

Jess Willard and Luis Angel Firpo, who will meet at Boyle's Thirty Acres on the evening of July 12 for the privilege of facing Jack Dempsey for the world's heavyweight crown, yesterday continued their hard work in preparation for the big battle. Willard did his work at the Columbus Sporting Club in Yonkers and Firpo trained at the Ocean Park Casino at Long Branch, N. J.

Willard put in the hardest day since he started training for the bout, going through the equivalent of fifteen rounds. He boxed three rounds each with Joe White, Buddy Jackson and Chief Metcqua. The sparring partners carried the former champion at a fast pace as they were working under special instructions from Jack Skelly, who is directing Willard's training. Willard has laid out plans for an aggressive campaign and according to Skelly, Willard will force the fighting from the start.

The big fellow looked good in his workout yesterday. His left was working well and he kept it in the face of his sparring partners all the time. It was difficult for them to put a glove on him. At the end of each round he permitted them to land a few blows, just to see how it felt. He merely smiled every time they landed.

"Jess is in great shape right now," said Skelly. "He is down to weight and all he needs to do now is develop his wind. He never permitted himself to get out of condition after his battle with Floyd Johnson and at present I feel that he is in condition to go the full twelve-round distance with any man in the world. In my mind it is only a question if the other fellow can go the distance with Willard."

Down at Long Branch Firpo held his second public workout since he opened his camp there a week ago Sunday. Jimmy De Forest, who trained Jack Dempsey for the Willard battle, is in charge of the Argentinian and says that Firpo is looking great. Firpo boxed with Jack McAuliffe 2d of Detroit and Eddie Tate, the big colored fighter. Tate was engaged by Dempsey in his training for Willard, and De Forest considers him one of the best sparring partners in the business. Firpo boxed four rounds with McAuliffe and took Tate on for three. He wound up his training with a brisk four-mile run.

Trainer De Forrest believes that in Firpo he has the making of the next champion. Yesterday he asserted that unless Dempsey is in the best condition of his career when he meets Firpo the South American is virtually certain to win. De Forrest, however, is taking it for granted that Firpo will eliminate Willard, and now is making plans for the battle with Dempsey.

"I realize that Dempsey is a great fighter," De Forrest said, "for I was with him for a long time. But Firpo has come along faster than any one expected. He will meet the test against Willard, and I have no doubt about the outcome. Then our next step will be to make ready for Dempsey. And Jack had better be prepared. Firpo is learning fast and with his great natural strength and hitting power, he will be an opponent worthy of Dempsey."

SHELBY PINS HOPE ON MAYOR JOHNSON

With Stanton's Assistance, Natives Believe He Will Yet Rescue Situation.

LEAVES FOR GREAT FALLS

Is Reported to Have Securities and $25,000 in Cash to Offer Kearns.

Special to The New York Times.

SHELBY, Mont., July 2.—What the people of Shelby, Mont., would rather like to know tonight is whether a man named Jack Dempsey is going to fight a man named Tommy Gibbons in the ambitious little city of Shelby for the championship of the world. Most citizens of Shelby seem to think he will. The statement is made with due caution because it is hard to tell what a man in Shelby is thinking, and even if this were known it probably would be unadvisable to print the exact thoughts of the majority of the town's folks right now.

The proposed Dempsey-Gibbons bout is in a sad pilght, according to word reaching here from Great Falls, and at last the people of Shelby are beginning to realize it. Shelby kept the faith for a long time. The natives proved themselves among the world's best believers, but even they have begun to weaken now. The sentiment most frequently heard on a journey down the newly paved Main Street is: "Well, let them get it over with one way or the other, and it doesn't make much difference which way."

Shelby has pinned its last hope on Mayor Jim Johnson, of here and George H. Stanton of Great Falls. They have decided that if Jim Johnson, with Mr. Stanton's assistance, cannot save the fight then it won't be saved. There is apparently no existing hope here that Jack Kearns will weaken in his stand and send Jack Dempsey into the ring for the insignificant sum of $210,000 that Kearns has already pocketed.

When this bout was proposed Shelby thought boxing was a sport. They know now it's a business and they respect Jack Kearns's ability as a business man, although the opinion of his sportsmanship is not so flattering. If Kearns and Dempsey intend to leave Montana in the near future it would probably be just as well for them to go without bidding their friends in Shelby good-bye.

If Kearns is leaving, however, he will have a chance to say farewell to the Shelby man who has done the most to make his stay in Montana pleasant. Mayor Jim Johnson, accompanied by his wife, left Shelby at 2 o'clock this afternoon in an automobile bound for Great Falls. It was said here that the genial Mayor was taking with him $25,000 in cash and other variously estimated amounts in securities, all intended finally, it was intimated, for the Kearns-Dempsey coffers.

Johnson left for the scene of the financial conference at the instance of Mr. Stanton, who called him over the long distance telephone. Mayor Johnson would not repeat exactly what was said in the conversation over the telephone, but if it was bad news it must be rigid for the Mayor that he did not allow it to affect his customary aplomb. The Mayor takes the world lightly even when it frowns.

The departure of Mayor Johnson left only Mike Collins of the original group of promoters in Shelby. Collins has steadfastly refused to have anything to do with or say about the finances of this bout recently, and he would not break the rule today.

"My job since the match was signed has been to oversee the publicity. I have nothing to do with the finances, and nothing that I could tell you would be of any value even if I were willing to talk," said the present situation. Being a boxing promoter, I can appreciate Kearns's attitude. Ordinarily I believe that a man should get what he is promised in a business deal. Circumstances, however, sometimes arise which make this impossible, and then a man has to act as his business judgment dictates."

Neither Tommy Gibbons nor his manager, Eddie Kane, would talk much about the misfortune which had apparently overtaken the bout. Kane said he would wait until it was finally decided before giving out a statement, but he reiterated that he was not only ready, but willing to fulfill his contractual obligations.

GORDON IN RING TONIGHT.

Bantamweight to Box Edwards in Queensboro Open-Air Stadium.

Harry Gordon hopes to be just one step nearer a meeting for the world's bantamweight championship after his battle tonight against Danny Edwards, which will be the twelve-round feature at the Queensboro open air stadium. Gordon eliminated one of the most dangerous contenders in his division when he gained the referee's decision over Carl Tremaine in the semi-final to the Wilde-Villa bout. Edwards, the colored flash, also has been advancing with rapid strides and tonight's affair is in the nature of an elimination battle.

BOUT AT SHELBY OFF; COMPROMISE FAILED

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

merely that nobody had made him an offer.

Would Take $50,000.

"Loy," he said, turning to Molumby, "do you think you could raise fifty thousand? I'd take the gate for the rest."

"I don't know," said Molumby, "I'll try."

"I want to know," said Kearns, not unreasonably disgusted with the vacillation of the local men.

Then it was suggested that Mr. Stanton, who was in the lobby, be brought up, and for the first time the two met. Kearns asked Stanton what he could propose, and Stanton passed the buck back to Major Lane, who had already passed the buck to others.

There was more uncertainty. "Has any money been offered you today?" Kearns was asked. "Not a dime," he said.

In response to a question, Stanton said that Great Falls and Shelby felt that Dempsey ought to fight and take his chances on the gate. Kearns finally proposed to give the local men twelve hours more to raise half the money and take the rest out of the gate, with the result told above.

Nobody was willing to take the responsibility; the fight had been handed back to Molumby, the original promoter, who had plenty of willingness but nothing more.

Situation Is Tense.

Not since the time when President Wilson went into the silences to commune with his soul and decide what to say to the Germans about the Lusitania has there been such feverish tension as existed in Great Falls tonight, when the populace waited till midnight to see whether Jack Kearns was going to weaken or hold to his determination of no last hundred thousand no fight. It is true that the feverish tension existed mainly among the experts in diplomacy and high finance who are covering this projected prize fight, and not among the inhabitants. Great Falls is entertaining an Elks convention, and the populace is listening to the notes of Elks and Elkesses while the great problem is fighting itself out in the soul of Jack Kearns.

Upstairs in a room at the Park Hotel this strong, silent man is wrestling with the great decision. He is not wrestling with it in the same room all the time, for now and then newspaper men find out what room he is in and go up to ask him, and then he moves to another room.

Meanwhile in the lobby downstairs everybody who was ever seen speaking to Jack Kearns was taken for a last-minute authority on the inside of the Great Decision. Broken prizefighters who came around to the camp to try to get a job as sparring partners and got the gate instead, were eagerly buzzed for their opinions. A poll taken in the lobby at 10:20 mountain time (1:20 A. M. New York time) discloses the opinion prevalent by a margin of about four to one that Mr. Kearns would be smitten with magnanimity and agree to sink his principles and accept the beggarly pittance of two hundred thousand.

The proponents of the story argued from general and unassailable principles, that he just plain couldn't take Montana's money and walk out of the State. That he had his highly polished champion brought up to the edge and wouldn't want to let him slide back without fighting somebody; that a refusal to go through with the fight now would kill Dempsey with the public or kill the fight game with the public, that $200,000 was a lot of money, anybody would fight for it, and so on. Against that the other side reasoned that Mr. Kearns was never known to take less than the contract price, so why should he now?

So the argument went while upstairs Mr. Kearns devoted his time to the processes of thought and the samaritan occupation of rubbing campher on the leg of a New York newspaper man who had collapsed at dinner.

The Afternoon Conferences.

Special to The New York Times.

GREAT FALLS, Mont., July 2.—At 2:30 o'clock this afternoon, Major Lane, speaking for the committee, admitted failure. The committee agreed to function until midnight only technically, not actively.

"Our mission is ended right now," said Major Lane, "but we will continue to function until midnight, the time limit specified when we assumed this responsibility expires. The continued existence of this committee for the remainder of the day, however, will be almost completely technical. By that I mean that there appears to be no more active work confronting us. We have tried every method possible. Every source which occured to us and every avenue which held out any hope of rescue has been followed without success.

"I am free to state that I entertain no hopes of raising the money needed. We were appointed June 30 and had until July 2 to raise the $100,000. We worked hard. I don't think our determination or the amount of work the committee did can be questioned. We simply could not raise the money and that is all. So far as we are concerned, the responsibility is lifted from our shoulders. We concede failure of our task.

"The matter now is in the hands of Promoter Molumby and Jack Kearns. If is they who will decide whether there shall be a bout on Wednesday afternoon. This committee has not the power or authority under the agreement signed when it was appointed to call off the match. Our duties ended when we found we could not raise the $100,000 third payment."

Sale of Tickets Stopped.

Major Lane issued this statement early in the afternoon after working tirelessly throughout the morning in an effort to raise the $100,000. Before the statement was issued, about 1 o'clock, Mr. Stanton left the conference room, and on a visit to the offices of the local Commercial Club, distributing agency for bout tickets in this city, ordered the sale of tickets stopped. At that time Mr. Stanton admitted that it looked as if the bout was off.

Major Lane returned this morning from Shelby, where he spent yesterday investigating conditions at fight headquarters in an effort to devolve some plan of persuading order out of chaos. His investigation convinced him that his task was hopeless.

Major Lane would make no statement of the financial side of the bout in general or as it concerned his committee. He would not divulge the nature of conditions he discovered at fight headquarters. It was learned, however, that the amount of cash actually available this morning to meet the third payment to Kearns totaled $40,000.

This money, it was said, representeed $40,000 which had been realised on pledges made when the Lane committee instituted its round-up for the third $100,000 payment to Dempsey. The remaining $4,000 was said to represent all there was in the treasury at Shelby from the sale of tickets.

The outlook for raising the sum necessary to complete the payment stipulated in the contract for the bout was hopeless, Lane admitted. Unofficially it was reported that Major Lane found conditions at Shelby in such deplorable state that his hopes of making a success of the money campaign his committee had instituted were dissipated.

There is reason to believe that, as ugly situation may now develop. Many tickets have been sold on direct sale and by distribution among contributors to the original fund to secure the bout and those contributors who raised the second $100,000 payment.

As the situation stands now a loss of $400,000 is confronting the promoters of the bout, and there are rumors of legal action contemplated by individuals and groups for the recovery of money advanced to float the project.

As far as can be learned, there is no disposition here to place the blame for the existing crisis upon the shoulders of Kearns. The champion's manager said today he had been told by Dan Tracy, who was installed as boxt director June 16 and remained at the head of the organization for eight days, and Major Lane, who occupied a similar position in relation to the bout for the past four days, that his stand is justifiable in the premises. Kearns said both Tracy and Major Lane concurred in his view that the bout was a business proposition and that if the financial provisions or the document were not fulfilled he was justified in withdrawing from the bout on the ground that the contract had been violated.

Kearns is satisfied that he has done everything possible and within reason to make the bout a success. The champion's manager today revealed that he had offered to withdraw from the bout to release Promoter Molumby and Tom Johnson, Mayor of Shelby, from the responsibilities assumed when the bout contract was signed at the time the second payment was due.

Kearns said he accepted the Shelby offer reluctantly at the insistance of the promoters and others seeking the bout and pointed out that at the time he signed the contract in Chicago he had offers which were as good, if not better, from Tex Rickard and Tom O'Rourke, New York boxing promoters.

His initial payment of $110,000, which included $10,000 for training camp expenses, was held up for ten days at the time contracts were signed, but he said he was assured this was a necessary formality and no indication of difficulty in obtaining the money.

Kearns said he offered to postpone the bout on June 25, when he became aware of the difficulty encountered in raising the second $100,000. This proposition, however, failed when, Kearns said, Eddie Kane, manager of Gibbons, demanded $100,000 before he would consent to a postponement. Now Kearns says he is ready within thirty days from this date to return with Dempsey to Montana and have the champion defend his title against Gibbons in any city in the State where the necessary $100,000 is raised. In the statement he plans to leave at midnight it is understood Kearns will discuss all these phases of the bout—and more.

Through all the commotion attending the financial aspect of the proposed bout Jack Dempsey spent today in the quiet of his camp. The titleholder has discontinued training except for road hikes and calisthenics, and is giving his attention to the hours of rest before the time at which he is scheduled to enter the ring Wednesday if the bout is held.

Jack was on the road this morning for a short walk, and for the rest of the day spent his time lounging about his camp living quarters playing cards or fooling around with a four-legged pets. Many visitors called to greet the champion and wish him luck.

OFFICIALS EXAMINE JERSEY CITY ARENA

Will Not Permit Willard-Firpo Bout Unless Stadium Is in Safe Condition.

RICKARD APPROVES MOVE

Says He Invited Co-operation and Will Make All Repairs That Are Necessary.

Before a permit will be issued for the fight between Jess Willard and Luis Angel Firpo at Boyle's Thirty Acres in Jersey City, scheduled for Thursday night, July 12, the Jersey City building officials will insist that the stadium be absolutely safe in every way, and before this permit is issued a thorough investigation of the arena will be made. An inspection already is under way, with Commissioner John Saul of the Jersey City Building Department personally directing the work. Two members of his department, Daniel Coleman and Joseph Quinn, have been engaged in inspecting the giant arena for the last few days, and Commissioner Saul announced yesterday that he expects to have his report ready by Thursday, and then to make a personal inspection.

Tex Rickard also made it known yesterday that he was ready to co-operate in every way with the members of the Jersey City Building Department to make the arena absolutely safe, and would make every repair suggested by the officials. He said that he had had his own engineers making an inspection for the last two weeks and was awaiting their report. He added that just as soon as he receives the report from Commissioner Saul he would start to work on the arena.

According to Commissioner Saul, a great strain has been placed upon the beams because of the settling of the ground on which the arena is constructed. He said that this settling of the ground was due to the fact that the stadium had been built on land which had been filled in on a stream that had run through the section. He said that in a number of cases the floor boards were warped and decayed and that some of the aisles were many degrees out of the way.

To Complete Report Thursday.

"Unless I am absolutely satisfied that the stadium is in a safe condition there will be no permit issued for the fight," Commissioner Saul said. "If the stadium shows the slightest indication that it may not be capable of holding the thousands of persons who will attend the fight, I will not allow it to go on. I expect to complete my report on Thursday and I will then make a personal inspection to see that everything is O. K."

Rickard made it clear late yesterday afternoon that he had had no word from Commissioner Saul and said he doubted very much that Mr. Saul would give out any report that the arena was unsafe without first communicating with him. Rickard expressed great surprise over what he called a premature announcement on the condition of the arena, but added that he would do everything in his power to make it safe.

"As soon as I get word officially from the Jersey City Building Department about any weakness in the arena I will go the limit to make it safe," Rickard stated yesterday. "These inspections are nothing new. In fact, I always insist upon them and before I would open the gates and jeopardize the lives of thousands I would never stage any sporting attraction. In fact, I was the one who first requested Commissioner Saul to assist in making the inspection. I invited his co-operation.

"My engineers have been working over there for weeks. We are not inviting trouble of any kind. Then, again, the insurance companies have not been losing any time. We carry more than $500,000 in accident insurance, and you don't think that these companies will be willing to assume this risk unless assured everything in the way of protection has been done. These same insurance companies also have had their inspectors looking over the arena thoroughly for the past month.

Always Has Plants Inspected.

"There is nothing new in these reports and nothing over which to become startled. The same thing occured last year just before the Leonard-Tendler fight. At that time every square foot of the massive arena was inspected and I insisted that the same thing be done for the Willard-Firpo fight. It always has been my custom to have my big plants inspected by the best inspectors that can be procured. The answer to my care is that I never have had an accident.

"Why, do you know that the companies which carried the insurance for the Dempstey-Carpentier fight—and almost 100,000 persons jammed the arena—never received even one letter in the way of a complaint?

"When the rumor first reached me it was to the effect that the Commissioners had declared the arena unsafe. I figured right away that it was the work of some persons not any too friendly to me and that they believed it would be a fine way to injure the ticket sale. There is no question that if such a report had been given wide publicity it would cause great financial damage to the fight.

"But you can say for me that I always insist upon inspections and that I have great confidence in Commissioner Saul. He is a sincere, honest, conscientious man and I will abide by any decision he makes. I will comply with every requirement of the building laws and will take every precaution to safeguard those who will attend the fight. I am confident that everything necessary can be done without delay and that the fight can be held as scheduled. However, I expect to have Commissioner Saul's complete report in my hands on Thursday, and the boxing public can rest assured that if I open the arena at Boyle's Thirty Acres for the Willard-Firpo fight it will be absolutely safe."

The giant arena in Jersey City was built by Rickard in 1921 and was completed a few days before the Dempsey-Carpentier fight, which was held on July 2, 1921. It was erected at a cost of more than $400,000. The last time it was used was on July 27, 1922, when Benny Leonard fought Lou Tendler.

POLO GROUNDS A. C. TO LOWER PRICES

Ten Dollars to Be Highest Admission Charge for Championship Bouts.

The management of the Polo Grounds Athletic Club, through its matchmaker, Tom O'Rourke, announced yesterday that prices for all championship bouts would be slashed to the bottom and that the top price in the future for title engagements would be $10.

The Polo Grounds A. C. has promoted two title bouts this year, the first between Johnnny Kilbane and Eugene Criqui the afternoon of June 2. The top price for that show was $25, and it was a financial failure. Their next venture was the Jimmy Wilde and Pancho Villa battle on June 18 and the top price was cut to $15. The Wilde-Villa battle outdrew the Kilbane-Criqui show, and as the Polo Grounds A. C. has three more title bouts in view, the action was taken in an effort to place boxing within the reach of all. The first show will be staged on July 26 between Johnny Dundee and Eugene Criqui for the world's featherweight title. The next will be between Harry Greb and Johnny Wilson for the middleweight championship. The date will be either Aug. 31 or Sept. 17.

Matchmaker O'Rourke said that the Greb-Wilson date was dependent upon the plans of the promoters of a Dempsey fight here on that date, he said that the Greb-Wilson bout would be held on Sept. 17. The third title meeting will bring together Pancho Villa and Frankie Genaro. The bout has not been clinched, but if Genaro wants to get a crack at the world's title he will have to box under the direction of the Polo Grounds A. C., or lose the chance to face Villa, O'Rourke asserted. The veteran matchmaker made it clear that the Polo Grounds A. C. had first call on Villa's services.

Matchmaker Tom O'Rourke yesterday released the following statement:

"After consultation with Charles A. Coneham, President, and the Board of Directors of the Polo Grounds Athletic Club, it was decided that the day of big prices for championship matches was a thing of the past, that the public had been milked and will not stand for it; they have had a surfeit of it, and there are no two fighters worth the prices that have been charged to see them perform in the past.

"I have consulted with the managers of Criqui, Dundee, Wilson, Greb and Villa, all champions and ex-champions, who agree that the top price for championship matches should not exceed $10, and that it would help the game more in the future if prices were lowered to that figure.

"The climax has come and the directors of the Polo Grounds Athletic Club have voted to make the top price for all championship matches $10 in the future, if the champions compete at the Polo Grounds. Beginning July 26, the top price for the Criqui-Dundee championship match will be $10."

Two World's Records Broken In Power Boat Regatta

BURLINGTON, Iowa, July 2.—Two new world's records in the 104 and 151 classes were established at the regatta of the Mississippi Valley Power Boat Association this afternoon. Miss Quincy, VI., owned by C. E. Padgett of Quincy, Ill., won the 151 class event in 8:20 for an average of 36 miles an hour, nosing out the Margaret III., whose record of 34 miles per hour has held the championship for four years. In the 104 class, with a record of 25.12 miles an hour, Buddy, owned by Phil Becker Jr. of Peoria, Ill., set a new record.

WALKER-PADGETT BOUT ENDS IN 11TH

Welterweight Champion and Rival Fall Through Ropes at Broad A. C., Newark.

COWBOY SENT TO HOSPITAL

Suffers Two Broken Ribs as He Lands on Press Table—Receives Hard Beating.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., July 2.—In the eleventh round of the scheduled twelve-round bout between Mickey Walker, welterweight champion of the world and Cowboy Padgett of Dolores, Col., before 6,000 fans at the Broad A. C., here tonight, both fell out of the ring landing on the press table. Padgett hit his right side and broke two ribs. Walker was not hurt. Padgett was removed to the Newark Hospital.

Up to the time of the accident Walker had given Padgett a severe beating. Just before the accident Walker floored Padgett with a right smash to the jaw, the latter going down for the count of nine. Padgett arose and began fighting hard to regain lost ground. He backed Walker against the ropes, his weight causing the champion to fall through. Padgett with him.

Walker dropped Padgett with a left hook to the body in the third round, but before the referee could stop counting Padgett was up fighting. Walker cut Padgett's lip in the fourth round.

Walker continued his aggressive tactics in the fourth, landing some stiff punches with both hands to the face and body. Walker staggered Padgett with a right to the head in the fifth.

In the seventh Walker had Padgett in a bad way. He staggered the cowboy a number of times. Padgett, however, showed great gameness and kept coming in for more.

Walker dropped Padgett with a right hook to the jaw in the tenth round for a count of four.

Joey Russell of Newark outpointed Johnny Gannon of Brooklyn in the semi-final of eight rounds.

BEATS BROTHER TO WIN.

S. Thompson Medallist in Canadian Golf—Four From U. S. Qualify.

MONTREAL, July 2.—Stanley Thompson of Mississauga, Toronto, turned in the best card in the qualifying round of the Canadian amateur golf championship tournament today with 149 for 36 holes. His brother, W. J. Thompson, who won the opening round last year, was second with 150.

Among the thirty-two golfers who qualified in the day's play, four were from the United States. They were L. L. Bredin, Detroit, 154; G. F. Standifer, Washington, 156; W. C. Ford, Charleston, S. C., and R. H. G. Walmsley, Morris County, N. J.

OCKENDEN WINS GOLF TITLE

Captures French Open Honors With Score of 288—Havers Is Fourth.

DIEPPE, France, July 2.—James Ockenden of England won the French open golf championship today, making an aggregate score of 288 for the seventy-two holes played. J. W. Gaudin was second with 290. The scores of other leaders were: Jean Gassiat, 293; A. G. Havers, 296; M. Gollas, 296; Arnaud Massey, 297; William M. Watt, 297; Angel de la Torre, 298.

CLARK BEST AT TRAPS.

Breaks 99 Targets in Practice Shoot at Maplewood Gun Club.

Special to The New York Times.

MAPLEWOOD, N. H., July 2.—A throng of prominent trapshooters from all parts of the country gathered for the practice shoot held at the Maplewood Gun Club today, inaugurating the ninth annual club midsummer shooting tournament. A large gallery watched the phenomenal shooting of Jay Clark Jr. of Worcester, who broke 99 over all.

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MRS. MALLORY LOSES IN WORLD'S TOURNEY

U. S. Tennis Champion Beaten by Mrs. Beamish in a Close Match at Wimbledon.

BOTH PLAY CAUTIOUS GAME

Make Carefully Planned Exchanges From Backline—Scores 4-6, 7-5, 6-4.

JOHNSTON TRIUMPHS AGAIN

American Has an Off Day, but Eliminates Campbell—Mlle. Lenglen Gains Easy Victory.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 2.—American performances at the Wimbledon lawn tennis tournament today were of a more varied color than on any previous afternoon. William M. Johnston advanced, as was expected, a stride nearer the finals by defeating the Hon. Cecil Campbell, Irish international, but he had to fight hard to do it.

Miss E. Goss, as had been anticipated, was defeated by Miss K. McKane, who is reckoned as Mlle. Lenglen's most dangerous rival, and Mrs. Mallory lost to Mrs. Beamish. The downfall of last year's finalist was a distinct surprise, but Mrs. Mallory has not been showing as good form this year as last and was perhaps a little too confident when she took the first set.

The match between Johnston and Campbell was an interesting contrast to the strenuous struggle which took place Friday between Johnston and Vincent Richards. Today Johnston won only after four sets which went to 6—1, 5—7, 6—2, 6—2, and at one period it seemed probable that he might, after all, be beaten. On Friday he won in three straight sets, yet no one who saw both matches would care to draw a close comparison between Richards and Campbell on the strength of these matches.

Drive Mostly From Baseline.

The feature of today's games was the predominance of baseline driving. Johnston came to the net rarely, and Campbell attacked almost as frequently. It was, in fact, a far less brilliant player who faced Campbell than Richards, and it seemed as though Johnston needs the stimulus of a raging attack to bring out his strongest points. Campbell is very far from raging. In fact, one of the secrets of his strength lies in his power to vary continually the pace of his drives. One ball he returns within an inch of the baseline and the next he drops half way down the court. It was disconcerting to Johnston, but he took the first three games, lost the fourth and captured the set, 6—1.

The first two games of the next set went the same way, and then a change suddenly came over the match. Campbell took the third game, and after Johnston had won another attually ran ahead until he had five games to three. Johnston seemed to be growing anxious. He was netting balls and was serving double faults. He was relying almost entirely on placing his deep drives and could do no more than pull up to 5all. Then Campbell took a love game and captured the set after a long rally. But his strength was at an end and Johnston took the next three games, and although he lost the following two he went straight on to win the set, 6—2. His service gained him several points and his placing did the rest.

Campbell Loses Power.

The last set followed almost the same course. Campbell made a final effort when the score was 5—1 and took the second game, but he was played to a standstill in the next.

Miss McKane won two straight sets from Miss Goss, losing only two games in each. Both put their trust in a baseline game and kept away from the net. Miss Goss was disappointing in the accuracy of her service. She committed a number of double faults and, moreover, found the net with many of her cut shots. It was, however, a more even match than the score suggests. Miss Goss was slow in warming up, but when she did gather speed she made Miss McKane work hard for her victory. The latter won not so much by any marked superiority in her play, but by being a little steadier and a little better in all departments.

Miss Ryan's victory over Miss Rose by two love sets was little better than a walkover, but it is not easy to account for the triumph of Mrs. Beamish over Mrs. Mallory. The latter won the first set fairly comfortably, 6—4. This, perhaps, made her overconfident. She had kept Mrs. Beamish on the run with her long baseline drives and believed she had worn her down. Mrs. Beamish, however, came back and with great steadiness carried the score in the next set to 5—4. Then she lost on her service, but retrieved that error by taking Mrs. Mallory's in turn without losing a point.

The deciding set was a splendid struggle. Both women were evidently feeling the effects of the long fight, but Mrs. Beamish emerged the victor through her fine cross-court drives from the baseline. The score was 6—4.

Vincent Richards and F. T. Hunter scored two victories in the men's doubles. They defeated S. M. Hadi and D. R. Rutnam, 6—4, 6—1, 6—4, and B. D. Hinmers and I. Higgins, 6—4, 6—4, 6—2. Miss Leslie Bancroft and Mrs. Mallory defeated Miss Kalber and Mrs. Bousfield, 8—6, 6—1, 6—2. Mlle. Susanne Lenglen scored an easy victory in the women's singles over Mrs. Hazel, 6—2 and 6—1.

No Mallory-Lenglen Clash.

WIMBLEDON, July 2 (Associated Press).—Somehow or other the tennis lovers of this world are going to have to get along all Summer without either seeing or reading about a match between Suzanne Lenglen of France and Mrs. Molla Mallory of America. For this, Mrs. A. E. Beamish, one of Great Britain's best tennis players, is to blame. It was she who stopped Mrs. Mallory this afternoon just when the American champion was rushing toward another collision with Suzanne.

Now it will be Mrs. Beamish, instead of Mrs. Mallory, who meets the incomparable champion, when the French girl steps upon the centre court for the semi-final match in a campaign for her fifth world's championship.

Except for the seesaw nature of the struggle today there was nothing very spectacular in watching Mrs. Beamish win from the American by the score of 4—6, 7—5, 6—4. There were no bursts of brilliance—only cautious exchanges of shots, made for the most part from or near the back line. Both went about their play with the idea of safety first and each sought to wear the other out by crisscrossing returns.

American Loses Last Point.

Both were pretty well worn out at the finish, so nearly even was their war of attrition. Both managed to keep up the hot pace to the very end—a somewhat sorry end for Mrs. Mallory, as she dropped the last point by failing to hit clean, the ball glancing off the rim of her racquet.

Nearly every point caused a lengthy rally, both keeping up a steady fire until one or the other either netted or drove outside, or else left an easy opening for a placement from mid-court. Curiously enough the service had little to do with settling any points. Mrs. Mallory serves overhand, Mrs. Beamish underhand, and neither had much trouble in sending back a clean return on the other's service; indeed, in the second nearly every game was won against the service.

In the first set each won her service up to the time Mrs. Mallory was leading at 3—2; then she broke through Mrs. Beamish's service, getting a commanding lead that gave her that set. After that it was simply a matter of who could keep returning the ball steadily and surely until an error or an opening came. Mrs. Beamish proved the steadier, so she won.

Not many spectators saw the match, as Mlle. Lenglen played simultaneously on an outside court. Suzanne draws the crowd, no matter how certain it is that she will crush her opponent. She did so today, defeating Mrs. Hazel of England with the loss of only three games. She will play Mrs. Beamish tomorrow or Wednesday.

Johnston Beats Irish Champion.

William M. Johnston of California, the favorite to win the men's championship, had an off day, and for the first time in this tournament lost a set. It was to Cecil Campbell, the Irish champion, who finally flickered out before Johnston's superior skill. The scores were 6—1, 5—7—, 6—2, 6—2.

Johnston was forever flopping the ball into the net or shooting it beyond the backline. His play all during the match was uncertain, now dazzling, now execrable. Had Campbell been able to keep up his stanch stand of the second set he might have fared better, but he, too, became wobbly, and Johnston renewed his vigor and finished him off. Campbell knew better than to leave Johnston openings for swift passing shots, so he limited most of his efforts to strictly back-court play.

Johnston will meet Norton, the South African champion, in the semi-finals, while Francis T. Hunter, to get in the semi-finals in the lower half, must dispose of Count de Gomar of Spain tomorrow.

INDIA DAVIS CUP STAR ON CAMBRIDGE TEAM

Ramaswami to Play for English Collegians Against Yale and Harvard.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 2.—The tennis team from Cambridge which, paired with a team from Oxford, will meet the Yale-Harvard teams on July 13 and 14 in the Newport Casino courts in an international college tournament will include one of the Davis Cup players from India, C. Ramaswami. At the same time the American team is to have two title players, Lucien E. Williams, ex-intercollegiate champion, and Arnold W. Jones, the national junior titleholder, both of Yale.

Besides Ramaswami, the Cambridge team will be made up of S. N. Lowry as Captain, M. D. Horn and J. L. Lezard. On the Oxford team there will be A. M. Wilden, C. P. Kingsley, A. A. Walt and S. F. Hepburn.

The Harvard team will be captained by Morris Duane, and his teammates thus far are W. W. Ingraham and R. S. Pfaffman. One more is yet to be selected. There also to be one added to the Yale team, now made up of Williams, Jones and G. M. Wheeler.

MISS SIGOURNEY WINS IN CLAY COURT PLAY

Miss MacDonald Also Victor as National Tourney Begins at Buffalo.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 2.—Play in the women's national clay court tennis championship began on the courts of the Park Club here today. Miss Edith Sigourney of Boston had little difficulty in winning from Miss Adlet of Buffalo, and Miss Mayme MacDonald of Seattle, Wash., eliminated Miss Yates, another Buffalo player.

In the longest match of the day Mrs. Reise, former Michigan champion, defeated Mrs. Roam Lachman of Vallejo, Cal.

The summaries:

Miss Edith Sigourney, Boston, defeated Miss Susan Adlet, Buffalo, 6—0, 6—1; Miss MacDonald, Seattle, defeated Miss Yates, Buffalo, 6—1, 6—0; Mrs. Reise, Detroit, defeated Mrs. Lachman, Vallejo, Cal., 6—3, 6—0; Miss Clark, East Aurora, defeated Miss King, Cleveland, 7—5, 6—1; Miss Killey, Cleveland defeated Mrs. Helden, Buffalo, 6—3, 6—3.

TENNIS STARS PLAY TODAY.

Williams Among Those Entered at Nassau Country Club.

The best entry list of the local tennis season has been received by the Nassau Country Club for the tournament which will start today. R. Norris Williams, former national champion and Davis Cup player; Watson M. Washburn, another representative of the United States in the Davis Cup matches, and Zenzo Shimizu and Masamosuke Fukuda, Davis Cup players from Japan, are some of the headliners who will meet in the singles tournament.

Dr. George King, metropolitan clay court champion, is another of the prominent players entered. Others include Carl Fleisher, 4th, new intercollegiate champion; Lucien Williams of Yale, who won the intercollegiate title in 1922; Arnold Jones, the junior national titleholder; W. W. Ingraham of Harvard, semi-finalist in the recent intercollegiate tournament; Luis White, Frank Anderson, Fred Anderson, W. A. Larned, Clarence Pell, Dean Mathey, Walter Merrill Hall and many others who have obtained national and international prominence in the tennis world.

FIRM FRIEND FIRST IN MYRTLE STAKES

Wins Mile Feature in 1:37, One Second Slower Than Aqueduct Track Record.

SANDE SCORES A DOUBLE

Aides Dolores to Victory in Miss Woodford Handicap and Parasol in Last Race.

Firm Friend, Sandy McNaughton's chestnut four-year-old son of Friar Rock and Bold Girl, yesterday ran away with the Myrtle Selling Stakes, the star event on the card at the Aqueduct track. Firm Friend broke running, and with a great burst of early speed raced into a lead of five lengths in the first quarter of a mile. If the others thought that Firm Friend was coming back to them before the end of the mile journey they were mistaken, as the colt went about the task of winning the race in a businesslike manner, and was six lengths in front of the nearest of his field at the half-mile post. Here Lang eased up a bit on the colt and came pretty near being beaten, for All Over, the Quincy Stable's bay son of Zeus, which had been fourth in the early running, came on with a rush, passing Tufter and then Modo and only failed to get up by a neck.

All over, which was the 11 to 5 favorite, would have won if he had gotten away with Firm Friend's speed from the barrier. All Over ran a much-improved race, and at the finish was beginning to wear the winner down. The race was run in the fast time of 1:37, which was exactly the same hung up by Zev when he won the Queens County Handicap. The race was worth $3,325 to the owner of the winner. Sam Louis bid up Firm Friend to $7,200, the stable going $5 better to save the colt. Firm Friend carried 106 pounds, receiving five from All Over, which beat Modo by five lengths for the place money. Modo shouldered top weight of 116 pounds. The winner was held at 7 to 2 at post time, while Modo closed at 5 to 2. The time is the surest indication of track conditions. It was one second slower than the track record, and is the fastest time the Myrtle has ever been run in.

The day was ideal for the sport and a big crowd turned out to enjoy an excellent afternoon's racing. This is the last week of racing on Long Island until September, as the thoroughbreds will go to Empire City next Saturday.

A field of six went to the post for the Miss Woodford Handicap for mares three years old and upward at a mile. The winner was J. H. Rossiter's four-year-old filly Dolores, which scaled the talent, which did not think she would be able to go the route. She did, however, and won easily by more than two lengths from the Greentree Stable's Solisa. Solisa, Mary Patricia and Polly Ann finished in that order behind the winner noses apart, making a great race for the place and show money.

Sande Rides Two Winners.

Sande held Dolores behind the early pace, sending the daughter of Disguise to the front after they had gone six furlongs. She was not in danger thereafter, running the mile in 1:39 4-5. Dolores opened at 5 to 1, going to 6 to 1 and closing at 9 to 2. Solisa and Mary Patricia were held in equal esteem and closed at 18 to 5, while Polly Ann was made the favorite, opening at 2 to 1 and closing at 5 to 2.

Sande made his double for the afternoon by bringing G. D. Widener's filly Parasol home in the van in the five-furlong dash for maiden two-year-olds, which closed the afternoon's proceedings. The chestnut daughter of Trompe la Mort was making her racing début but was held in high esteem by the public, as she closed at 13 to 5. There was a heavy late play in the Riviera Stable's Miss Domino, which opened at 6 to 1 and was backed down to 13 to 5. It was a hard field from which to pick a winner, twelve going to the post, three of which had never shown under silks. Marshall Field's Scarab and J. S. Cosden's Lady Polka were equal leading favorites with the winner, but both receded, the former going to 4 to 1 at post time and the latter to 10 to 1.

Sande got Parasol away well from a post position that was none too good, but it was Scarab which made the early pace with Miss Domino pressing her in the stretch run, however. Parasol uncorked a burst of speed that brought her to the wire an easy winner by five lengths over H. Madden's Clarissa Anne, a half-sister to Sir Martin out of Miss Kearney. The latter also showed late speed, getting up to take the show money by a head from Miss Domino, who took the small end of the purse by half a length from Scarab. They raced the distance in 1:00 1-5.

The other event for the juveniles was a selling race at five furlongs, first on the card, and twelve went after the money, which was won by J. Madden's chestnut colt Byron. After the race Sam Louis ran him up to $6,000 and took him at that figure. Louis likes the Madden youngsters, and a few days ago he took Donnelly away from the master of Hamburg Place and added a couple that previously had beaten him in the home stable. Byron is by Sir Martin out of Mercadel.

Byron Beats the Favorite.

In yesterday's race Byron showed a lot of speed and rushed into an early lead, winning easily by two lengths from J. T. Luzzi's Squires, the latter being the 9 to 5 favorite. Squires was a length and a quarter in front of Billy Warren, which beat Anne by two lengths for the show money. Byron opened at 8 to 1 and closed at 7 to 1.

The Fleetwood, a six-furlong dash for three-year-olds, was an easy victory for Harry Payne Whitney's Broomstick filly Transom, the odds-on favorite at 2 to 5. Transom outraced the Greentree Stable's Mooraker and had a margin of four lengths on him at the finish. Mooraker, also by Broomstick, was six lengths in front of J. E. Madden's Sandy Hatch. The race was run in 1:12 1-5. Transom is a full sister to Transmute, winner of the Tremont Stakes last Saturday, and is entered in some of the best of the filly events of the season.

The Greentree Stable started three in the steeplechase for maidens at about two miles and landed two of them in the money, the other running fourth. Mrs. Whitney's silks were brought home in front by Letterman, a gelded son of Superman, which had shown some class on the flat. He ran through the field as though he liked it and came home an easy winner by eight lengths over the 12-to-5 favorite, Mrs. Herbert L. Pratt's William of Coretoman. The Greentree Stable's bay filly Conniebert was third. It was the first start she had ever made in her life on any track and she was a good race, taking the short end of the purse by five lengths from her stablemate, Pirate Gold. Ten ran, and J. E. Davis's Prodigious was the only one to go down. He gave Jockey J. Pierce a nasty fall and the boy was carried from the field unconscious. It looked as though he was seriously injured, but he was quickly revived in the jockey house and said he was all ready to go over the course again.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.

For two-year-olds; selling; purse $1,034.70. Five furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Byron	107	M. Fator	7-1	1st
Squires	110	Schuttinger	9-5	2nd
Billy Warren	107	McAtee	4-1	3d
Ann	113	Sande	6-5	4th
Star Closely	114	C. Kummer	7-1	5th
Mary Agnes	104	Thurber	30-1	6th
Pontillon	117	Burns	6-1	7th
Child's	107	Turner	15-1	8th
Lady Audrey	121	Carter	15-1	9th
Blue and Red	107	Callahan	20-1	10th
Dunone	102	Simon	50-1	11th
Balcrose	113	Barnes	50-1	12

Time—1:06.

Start good; won easily; place driving. Byron, ch. c., 2, by Sir Martin—Mercadel; owned by J. E. Madden and trained by F. M. Taylor.

SECOND RACE.

For four-year-olds and upward; maidens; purse $1,000; steeplechase. About two miles.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
*Letterman	137	Haynes	3-1	1st
W. of Coretoman	145	Ferguson	12-5	2d
*Conniebert	130	Marsters	3-1	3d
*Pirate Gold	130	Neander	5-1	4th
†Roulette	135	Hanton	3-1	5th
Kate O'Day	137½	O'Connor	30-1	6th
Grouch	157	Campbell	50-1	7th
†Bigheart	147	Mergler	3-1	8th
Yorkshire	142	Smoot	5-1	9th
Prodigious	153	Pierce	15-1	10th

*Greentree Stable entry. †J. S. Cosden entry. ‡Fell.

Time—1:14 2-5.

Start good; won easily; place same. Letterman, ch. g., 4, by Superman—Arlette; owned by the Greentree Stable and trained by V. Powers.

THIRD RACE.

For three-year-olds; conditions; the Fleetwood; purse $1,056.70. Six furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Transom	104	McAtee	2-5	1st
Moonraker	109	Corcoran	12-1	2d
Sandy Hatch	115	Sande	5-1	3d
Shamrock	112	Thurber	20-1	4th
Battersea	107	Turner	15-1	5th
Cape Clear	109	Smith	25-1	6th
Rocky	101	Callahan	30-1	7th
Better Times	104	Lang	15-1	8th
Marionette	111	M. Fator	25-1	9th
Knighthood	108	Marimee	50-1	10th

Time—1:12 1-5.

Start good; won easily; place driving. Transom, ch. f., 3, by Broomstick—Traverse; owned by H. P. Whitney and trained by J. Hopkins.

FOURTH RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; the Myrtle Selling Stakes; $2,000 added. One mile.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Firm Friend	106	Lang	7-2	1st
All Over	111	Barnes	11-5	2d
*Modo	116	Johnson	7-2	3d½
*William Tell	106	Callahan	5-2	4th
Costigan	106	Merimee	12-1	5th
Tufter	107	Turner	6-1	6th
Bucedo	99	Pierce	7-1	7

*Modo Stable-R. L. Gerry entry.

Time—1:37.

Start good; won ridden out; place driving. Firm Friend, ch. c., 3, by Friar Rock—Bold Girl; owned by S. McNaughton and trained by owner.

FIFTH RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; mares; the Miss Woodford Handicap; $11,056.70 added. One mile.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Dolores	116	Sande	10-2	1st
Solisa	114	Corcoran	10-5	2d
Mary Patricia	119	Johnson	16-5	3d
Polly Ann	113	Barnes	5-2	4th
Pop Wow	110	Callahan	7-1	5th
Hellebore	113	Merimee	20-1	6

Time—1:39 4-5.

Start good; won easily; place driving. Dolores, b. f., 4, by Disguise—Berrill's Choice; owned by J. H. Rossefer and trained by C. Kirschbaum.

SIXTH RACE.

For two-year-olds; fillies; maidens; purse $1,056.70. Five furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Parasol	114	Sande	13-5	1st
Clarisse Anne	114	Stutts	15-1	2d
Miss Domino	114	Turner	13-5	3d½
Scarab	114	Johnson	4-1	4th
Lady Polka	114	C. Kummer	10-1	5th
*Nemesis	114	McAtee	4-1	6th
†Myera	114	Robinson	15-1	7th
*Drumstick	114	Corcoran	4-1	8d
Roxana	112	Miller	60-1	9th
All in All	114	Callahan	60-1	10th
*Sleveshoom	114	Simon	15-1	11th
East Wind	114	Barnes	60-1	12

*H. F. Whitney entry. †Sanford S. Farms entry.

Time—1:00 1-5.

Start good; won easily; place driving. Parasol, ch. f., 2, by Trompe la Mort—Parasol; owned by G. D. Widener and trained by A. J. Jones.

Weather clear; track fast.

SWEETHEART BREAKS LATONIA TURF MARK

Lowers Time for Six Furlongs to 1:10 in Capturing Devon Park Purse.

Special to The New York Times.

LATONIA, Ky., July 2.—Sweetheart, a three-year-old chestnut filly bred and owned by B. Coombs, this afternoon established a new track record for six furlongs at the Latonia track by running the distance in 1:10 flat. Sweetheart, which is by Ultimus, out of Humanity by Hamburg, set the new mark in winning the Devon Park Purse, in which she beat the Audley Farm's Fair Phantom by three lengths. The former mark of 1:10 4-5 was established by High Cost on June 7, 1921.

Sweetheart, which ran second to Untidy and in front of Gadfly in the Kentucky Oaks at Churchill Downs, got away with the best start of the field of seven which went to the post for the Devon Park. She showed extreme early speed and held command all through the race. Fair Phantom chased the leader all the way, but never could get nearer than a length and was well beaten at the end, while Sweetheart had something in reserve. Jeanne Bowdre was third, six lengths behind Fair Phantom. The latter was the odds-on favorite, while a $2 ticket in the mutuels on Sweetheart paid $10.20.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,400; six furlongs. Patrician, 102 pounds (Heupel), $12.10, $5.70, $3.70, first; Sister Josella, 99 (Parke), $5.50, $3.70, second; Wilgwon, 114 (Lunsford), $4, third. Time—1:12 3-5. Kirklevington, Mahony, Cash, Tex and Yonmeed also ran. Prescutter, Sunny Ducrow and Monsoon were left. Louis Lichtenheim lost rider.

SECOND RACE—For two-year-old fillies; maidens; allowances; purse $1,400; five furlongs. Phoebe Snow, 115 pounds (Layden), $6.50, $2.50, $2, first; Play Lord, 112 (Pool), $3, $2.70, second; Phyllis Louise, 115 (Mooney), $6.30, third. Time—1:00 4-5. Vertigo, Annie Layo, Nell McChord, Howdy, Medina, Bonnie Lassie, Dona Vera, Virginia Queen and Querulous also ran.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds; fillies; claiming; purse $1,400; one mile and seventy yards. Great Luck, 106 pounds (W. Pool), $10.70, $6.50, $4.10, first; Child's Play, 104 (Brothers), $8.90, $5, second; Miss Meise, 107½ (E. Pool), $3.40, third. Time—1:43 3-5. Mistress Mary, Flower Shop, Beach, Rachel D., Miss Maxie, Bello Amie and Giabelle also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For two-year-olds; allowances; the Point Breeze Purse; purse $1,600; five and one-half furlongs. Although Upgrade (Stewart), 3 (90), $2.70, $2.50, first; Swift Water, 106 (W. Pool), $17.80, $7.80, second; Faldena, 108 (Connelly), $4.10, third. Time—1:08 2-5. Edna Queen Charming and Bye Bye also ran.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; allowances; the Devon Park Purse; purse $1,700; six furlongs. Sweetheart, 99 (Coombs), $10.20, $2.90, $2.50, first; Fair Phantom, 107 (W. Pool), $2.90, second; Jeanne Bowdre, 103 (Heupel), $2.60, third. Time—1:10. Right on Time, Violet Mahoney, John Q. Kelly and Long Grass also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,500; one mile and a sixteenth. David Harum, 113 pounds (E. Pool), $9.70, $5.90, $4.80, first; Cap Rock, 100 (Wilson), $44.50, $15.80, second; Grande Dame, 102 (Brothers), $6.80, third. Time—1:46 3-5. Lady Myra, Wapiti, Stump Jr., Queen Hish, Alluring and Goldencrest also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,500; one mile and seventy yards. Sea Court, 108½ pounds (Wilson), $24.20, $12.10, $8.50, first; Be Good, 101 (Connelly), $5.30, second; Fine Ultra, 99 (Brothers), $5.30, third. Time—1:43 1-5. Marine Corps, Normal, Tippo Saib, Fancy Free and Neddam also ran.

Weather clear; track fast.

SEA GULL FOUR WINS.

Defeats Montreal Polo Team by Score of 9 Goals to 2.

MONTREAL, July 2.—Playing under a handicap of two points, the Sea Gull Club Polo Team of Boston defeated Montreal, 9 to 5, in the first match of the series at Cartierville today. The match was the first tryout for Montreal.

English Experts Pick Hoover To Win Diamond Sculls Again

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 2.—Experts watching the enthants in the Diamond Sculls, which will be held on Wednesday, practicing today predicted that the trophy will leave England for the third consecutive year. Walter Hoover, the defending titleholder, appears to be sculling as well as ever, and in his practice spin today rowed in his specially designed boat. R. S. Cadman, another American, and H. A. Bellyse, the Canadian veteran, are in the same half of the draw, but English experts are of the opinion that Hoover will again carry off the trophy.

HAL BEE CAPTURES 2:08 PACE STAKE

Wins the Edwards at North Randall in Opening of the Grand Circuit Season.

EVENT RUN IN DIVISIONS

Lambert Todd Takes First—Hal Bee Gets Second and Trophy in Fastest Heats.

CLEVELAND, July 2 (Associated Press).—Close finishes and fast time marked the opening of the Grand Circuit harness horse racing at North Randall today. Large fields were on the card and it was necessary to split the Edwards Stake for 2:08 pacers in two, but each division carried the original value of $3,000.

The trophy given to the winner, however, went to Marvin Childs, who drove Hal Bee to victory in the second division in the fastest three miles for the event. Thomas Murphy, the Syracuse (N. Y.) reinsman, furnished the winner of the first division with Lambert Todd.

In doing the second division in 2:03 3-5, 2:03 1-5 and 2:04 4-5, Hal Bee paced the fastest three miles negotiated on a harness horse race track this season.

In starting the first three heats of the day only four scores were necessary, Periscope getting away his two miles in one score each and Hal Bee getting off on the second attempt, but Starter Phillips had trouble getting the fields away the rest of the day.

The summaries:

2:06 CLASS TROTTING. PURSE $1,500.

Periscope, b. m., by Stilko-Leola H. (Dodge)	1	1	1	
McGregor the Great, b. h. (Cox)	2	2	2	
Princess Etawah, b. m. (Murphy)	3	3	5	
Jane the Great, b. m. (McMahon)	5	5	3	
Baron Worthy, b. g., by Worth McKinney-Baroness Sybil (Stokes)	4	4	4	

Main Lick also started.

Time—2:11 2-5; 2:04 4-5.

2:08 CLASS PACING. PURSE $3,000. THE EDWARDS.

SECOND DIVISION.

Hal Bee, br. m., by Hal B-Lady Zombro (Childs)	1	1	1	
Wrack, b. h. (McMahon)	10	2	2	
Miss Ellen Todd, b. m. (Fallin)	2	3	5	
Gilded Lad, b. m. (Egan)	5	4	6	
Pony Wood, ch. g. (H. Thomas)	3	6	3	
Peleface, Walter McGregor, Miss Betwin, Silver Maid, Rifle Grenade, Buddy Mac and Wanda May also started.				

Time—2:03 3-5; 2:03 1-5; 2:04 4-5.

2:06 CLASS PACING. PURSE $3,000. THE EDWARDS.

FIRST DIVISION.

Lambert Todd, b. g., by Jim Todd-Grace Lambert (Murphy)	1	1	1	
Gamey the Great, ro. g. (Stokes)	2	2	2	
Lady Macy C., b. m. (H. Thomas)	3	4	6	
Ribbon Cane, b. m. (Childs)	5	3	3	
Metcalfe Direct, b. m. (Gray)	11	5	4	
Elverso, Lambetto, Princess Marion, Orphan Peter, Arrowhead and Easter Belle also started.				

Time—2:05 4-5; 2:04 1-5; 2:06 1-5.

2:18 CLASS: TROTTING.

Purse, $1,200.

Jay Lee, blk. h., by J. Malcolm-Forbes-Violette (Dodge)	2	1	1
Ruby Hall, blk. m., by Walnut Hall-Ruby Worthy (Taliman)	1	3	10
Eleanor Worthy, b. m. (Callahan)	3	2	3
Fed M., b. h. (Clippenger)	8	7	2
George Watts, ch. h. (Berry)	4	4	4

Busy Hall, Helen Wilkes, Peter S., Gold King, Queen Allz, J. L. Worthy and Cegaratia Roy also started.

Time—2:08 4-5, 2:09 2-5, 2:08 2-5.

2:04 CLASS—PACING.

Purse $1,200.

Symbols Forrest, br. h., by Symboleer-Sweet Expedition (Murphy)	7	1	1
Parker Boy, b. g., by Forrest King-Lady Gay (Berry)	1	2	4
Logan Hedgewood, b. g. (Childs)	6	2	2
Johnny Quirk, sr. g. (Egan)	8	4	3
Sun Flash, br. g. (Cox)	2	6	7
Roger C., Miss Maria, Esa H. Pointer also started.			

Time, 2:05 1-5, 2:05 3-5, 2:04 1-5.

YALE TRIUMPHS AT POLO.

College Champions Defeat Carranor Four at Toledo, 11-5.

TOLEDO, Ohio, July 2.—Yale University, intercollegiate polo champions, completely outclassed the Carranor Polo Club in a fast game here today, winning by the score of 11 to 5.

Hopkins and Baldwin of Yale were the outstanding players. The Eli team had a handicap of two goals.

LATONIA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—$1,400; claiming; two-year-old maidens; five and a half furlongs. Ayp State, 102 pounds, Rambler 105, Antos 105, Marion North 105, Ancestress 108, Breechloader 105, Asa Jewell 105, Wrackray 110, Our Option 111, Frankman 115, Bettant 115, Lampward 115. Also eligible: London Smoke 110, Mary Lynn, 102, *Firetoma 110, *Frontiersman 100, Sioki 105, Howdy 108.

SECOND RACE—$1,500; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Rachel D. 93 pounds, Tempting 98, Mary Rose 95, *Dorothy Buckner 100, *Last One 101, *Isoceles 101, *Rapid Traveler 101, *Inquisition, 106 Cecilia 106, Sarazi 110, *Belle of Elizabethtown 110, Caligula 112.

THIRD RACE—$1,500; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; mile and an eighth. *Nuyaka 95 pounds, Royal Crown 97, Lady Lillian 102, *Boy From Monee 102, *Sportsman 105, *Ginger 107, Whirling Dan 105, Rancocas 107, Few Acres 110, Jake Barger, 110, Kirklevington 110, Yoshimi 110. Also eligible: Bold Gold 98, Walnut Hall 107, *Attorney 102, Kimpaling 110.

FOURTH RACE—The Burnet Woods; $1,600; allowances; three-year olds and upward; mile. Miss Cerica 94 pounds, Revenge 96, Bodyguard 96, Victoire 100, Lady Champ 104, Checbo 110, Buster 100, Barracuda 100.

FIFTH RACE—The Miami Valley; $1,500; allowances; three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Noel 92 pounds, Enrico 92, Symbolic 96, Great Jax 97, Tuscola 97, Suave Prince 102, Excuse Me 104, Actuary 104, Ten Lec 109.

SIXTH RACE—Butler Claiming Handicap; $1,600; three-year-olds and upward; mile and a sixteenth. Time 100 pounds, Guest of Honor 106, Tip Toe Inn 106, Fantoche 113, Makeup 114, *Jacolet 118.

SEVENTH RACE—$1,400; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; mile and seventy yards. Miss Claire 100 pounds, *Long Boat 100, Little Ann 100, Sam Lorch 105, Sea Wrack 105, *Last Brush 105, *Dr. Gilbert 110, *War Idol 110, Jupiter 110, Iwin Iwin 110, *Kremlin 112, Rep 113. Also eligible: Rock Garden 100, Punta Gorda 98, True American 105.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather clear; track fast.

AQUEDUCT ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Two-year-olds; claiming; to be ridden by boys who have not won three races; five furlongs. †Watch Out 96 pounds, *Royal Lehman 110, *Somerby 112, *Without 107, *Plaid 104, *Wee Dear 104, *Pest 100, *Our Star 104, *Vultilis 100, *Sea brotte 104.

SECOND RACE—The Glendale Steeplechase Handicap, with $5,000 added; four-year-olds and upward; about nine miles and a half. †Soumangha 148 pounds, †Our Boots 137, †*Ballapse 135, †Fastadale 137, **Grenadier 138, Partery 132.

*Greentree Stable entry.

†J. S. Cosden entry.

THIRD RACE—Three-year-olds and upward; claiming; seven furlongs. †*Scarecrow 97 pounds, High Prince 112, Ben Wood 114, Al Boyd 112, L'Affaire 120, *Recommendation 103, Dunsandel 110, Blue Hawk 117, Zealot 121, †S. Lawrence 100, †Sweepsta es 109, Glenlily 117, Listen Dearie 102, Pietrus 116, Wynnewood 112, Antonior 115, †Shaffer 110, †O'Corra 102, Rock Salt 102.

†J. L. Holland entry.

†John Shaughnessy entry.

FOURTH RACE—Old Rosebud Handicap; three-year-olds and upward; mile and a sixteenth. †Playfellow 100 pounds, †Pettibone 97, Hephalatos 107, Shuffle Along 100.

FIFTH RACE—Three-year-olds and upward; mile and a sixteenth. †Playfellow 108 pounds, Intelligence 100, Homestretch 102, Athelstan 106, Simbini 109, Forest Lore 109.

†Quincy Stable entry.

SIXTH RACE—Two-year-olds; maidens; five furlongs. †Thorndale 115 pounds, †Hercules 115, Enemy Bells 112, †Parvenue 115, †Billy Tode 115, Whacle 115, The Buccaneer 115, †Benaparte 115, †Fablan 115, †Warrenton 115, †Nautical 115, Houri 112, Bell Pull 115, Gold Bug 115, Handsome 115, Kemotes 112, Rocky 113, Royal Airman 115, Defiant 112, Samaritan 115.

†J. E. Madden entry.

†Quincy Stable entry.

†Harry Payne Whitney entry.

†J. S. Cosden entry.

†H. P. Whitney entry.

‡Five pounds apprentice allowance claimed.

**—Two pounds apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather cloudy; track fast.

RAMBLERS DEFEAT ARMY POLO TEAM

Win Final Round for Third Westbury Challenge Cup by 10 to 4.

TAKE LEAD EARLY IN GAME

Meadow Brook Players Increase Margin in Second Half and Keep Officers From Scoring.

The Army polo team, winners of the junior championship last season and undefeated this year, met their match yesterday in the final round for the Third Westbury Challen

YANKEES BAT HARD AND ROUT SENATORS

Score Nine Runs in First Three Innings and Win Fifth Game in Row, 13-1.

BABE RUTH MAKES HOMER

Also Pounds Out Triple and Double —Shawkey Pitches Well and Gets Three Hits.

The opening conflict between the Yankees and Washington Senators at the Stadium yesterday was one of those games that have to be seen to be appreciated. Persons who are experts in such matters declared it the worst game of the season, and the only possible consolation was that the Yanks won, by a score of 13 to 1.

The chief impression gained from watching the Senators yesterday was that Nick Altrock is not the only comedian on the team. The contest difference between Nick and some of the others seems to be that Nick knows he is being funny.

The Yanks scored nine runs in the first three innings and then admitted that they had won another game—their fifth in a row and their thirteenth out of the last seventeen. The Athletics having lost to Boston, the Yanks now have only a bare lead of ten games—the biggest advantage held by a team at this stage of the season in the last decade. There is many a slip between the cup and the lip, of course, but, barring earthquakes, epidemics or train wrecks at least half of the world's series ought to be played in this city.

There was some expectation that the Senators would be a slight improvement on the Athletics, but this hope was disappointed in the first inning. Witt was hit squarely in the spine with a pitched ball. Dugan raised a fly which Goslin obligingly muffed in left field—great baseball. Then Ruth stepped up and pulverized a slow ball—one of those slow balls that the Giants threw at him last October—and the pill stopped traveling when it hit the empty seats half way up the right-field bleachers.

Pipp Continues Attack.

Three runs and nobody out. Pipp resumed the refrain with a single to centre, but was caught stealing. After Meusel had rolled out, Ward singled to centre and came all the way around on Scott's double to right and Harris's wild relay throw over Ruel's head at the plate.

And so it went—wild pitches, wild throws, fumbles, home runs, three-baggers, doubles, hit batsmen and everything else in the baseball Bible except a balk and a triple play. It was quite a game. Hard-shelled fans quit the park early. After the Yanks had got a dozen runs or so ahead, Miller Huggins put in his pony infield—Gehrig at first, Johnson at short and Gazella at third, with Hinky Haines in centre and Elmer Smith in right. The Senators, too, tried out numerous youngsters, and a perfectly splendid batting practice was indulged in as a closing feature of the game.

The Washington pitchers were short on curves and control but long on names. Jesebel Tecumseh Zachary, the left-hander, started it and lasted only as long as the first inning. A Mr. Friday succeeded him and the punsters immediately pointed out that Monday didn't seem to be Friday's day. Friday is the pitcher who recently gave four-team bases on balls in one game. He had no chance to equal this record yesterday because the Yanks hit him for seven safeties and five runs in three innings and forced his premature withdrawal in the middle of the fifth in favor of Jonkheer Baskervilly Hollingsworth, who finished the game in good style.

Against this array of names Bob Shawkey did some good pitching—far too good under the circumstances. He might have saved up a little of it for rainy days. Bob was well backed in batting and fielding. The Yanks drove out nineteen hits. Ruth got a homer, then a triple and a double, lacking only a single for a perfect day. Pipp was there with a homer and two singles and Shawkey himself edged into the three-hit class by beating out two bunts and smashing another infield blow off Hollingsworth's fingers.

Senators Score Lone Run.

All that the Senators got in the way of runs was compressed into the fifth inning when Sam Rice tripled to centre with one out and scored on Goslin's double to left. In a nutshell that describes the Senators' offensive activities for the afternoon.

The Yanks, after scoring four runs in the first, faced Friday in the second and reaped three more. Shawkey was out, Friday to Gharrity, but Witt walked. Dugan struck out, and Friday, elated at this incident, gave Ruth a fast one which the Babe shot over Goslin's head in left for three bases. Witt, of course, scored, and both Ruth and Pipp followed him in when Wally lifted a fly-ball home run just inside the left field foul line. When Meusel followed with a two-bagger, condolences were offered for Mr. Friday, but he unexpectedly settled down and stopped Ward on a pop to Ruel.

The third one opened as if it would be a big inning. Scott singled to centre, Hofmann to left. Bunting for a sacrifice, Shawkey rolled one between Friday and Bluege and beat it out, filling the bases with none out. Witt's single to centre scored Scott and Hofmann, but Dugan, Ruth and Pipp could do nothing to help along the rally.

In the fourth the Yanks finished Friday. Hofmann walked, Witt was hit by the second time and Peckinpaugh fumbled Dugan's grounder, Hofmann scoring. When Ruth smashed a double inside first base, Witt came across and Dugan went to third. More bloodshed when Pipp singled to centre, Dugan chasing in and Ruth chasing after him. Meusel hit to the middle sector for a base, and Friday vanished in favor of Hollingsworth, who made Ward fly to Rice, and Pipp was caught trying for home.

Full score:

NEW YORK (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	WASHINGTON (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Witt,cf	4	1	1	4	0	Rice,rf	4	1	3	4	1
Meusel,rf	3	1	0	1	0	Pepeanth,ss	4	0	0	3	1
Dugan,3b	4	2	0	0	7	Goslin,lf	4	0	2	2	0
Gazella,2b	0	0	0	0	0	Gharrity,1b	4	0	0	8	0
Ruth,rf	4	3	3	0	0	Ruel,c	3	0	0	5	1
Smith,rf	0	0	0	0	0	Hargrave,c	0	0	0	2	0
Pipp,1b	4	1	2	10	0	Evans,cf	4	0	1	0	0
Gehrig,1b	1	0	0	7	0	Harris,2b	2	0	1	0	0
Meusel,lf	5	0	2	1	0	O'Neill,2b	1	0	1	1	1
Ward,3b	4	1	1	3	1	Bluege,3b	4	0	0	0	4
Scott,ss	4	1	1	0	2	Zachary,p	0	0	0	0	1
Johnson,ss	1	0	1	1	2	aLalbold	1	0	0	0	0
Hofmann,c	3	2	1	5	0	Friday,p	1	0	0	1	0
Shawkey,p	3	0	3	0	3	Hol'worth,p	1	0	0	0	0
						bConroy	1	0	0	0	0
Total	43	13	19	27	16	Total	34	1	8	26	7

a Batted for Zachary in second.
b Batted for Hollingsworth in ninth.
New York ..... 4 0 0 0 0 0 9 0 x—13
Washington ..... 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—1

Two-base hits—Scott, Meusel, Goslin, Ruth. Three-base hit—Ruth. Home runs—Ruth, Pipp. Double plays—Rice and Peckinpaugh; O'Neill and Gharrity; Ward, Johnson and Gehrig. Left on bases—New York 10, Washington 8. Bases on balls—Off Shawkey, 2; Friday 3, Hollingsworth 1. Struck out—By Shawkey 7, Zachary 1, Friday 2, Hollingsworth 1. Hits—Off Zachary 4 in 1 inning, Friday 16 in 3 1-3, Hollingsworth 3 in 3 2-3. Hit by pitcher—By Zachary (Witt). Wild pitches—Shawkey, Friday, Hollingsworth. Losing pitcher—Zachary. Umpires—Hildebrand and Dineen. Time of game—2:00.

BASEBALL

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York 13, Washington 1.
Boston 7, Philadelphia 4.
St. Louis 7, Chicago 2.
Other clubs not scheduled.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Philadelphia 10, New York 4.
Pittsburgh 4, St. Louis 1.
Cincinnati 9, Chicago 8.
Other clubs not scheduled.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	44	23	.657
Philadelphia	34	32	.515
Cleveland	33	33	.500
St. Louis	32	33	.492
Chicago	30	33	.484
Detroit	31	34	.477
Washington	30	36	.455
Boston	24	36	.400

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	45	23	.662
Pittsburgh	40	25	.615
Cincinnati	38	27	.585
Brooklyn	34	31	.523
Chicago	36	34	.514
St. Louis	32	36	.471
Boston	21	45	.318
Philadelphia	20	46	.303

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Washington at New York.
(Game starts at 2:30 P. M.)
Philadelphia at Boston.
Detroit at Cleveland.
Chicago at St. Louis.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at Philadelphia.
Boston at Brooklyn.
(Game starts at 2:30 P. M.)
St. Louis at Pittsburgh.
Cincinnati at Chicago.

RED SOX HOMERS DEFEAT ATHLETICS

Harris and Burns Hit for Circuit and Ehmke Wins Twelfth Victory, 7 to 4.

BOSTON, July 2.—Home runs by Joe Harris and George Burns, with a team mate on base in each instance, featured the victory of the Red Sox over the Athletics by a score of 7 to 4 today.

Ehmke won his twelfth game for the tail-end Sox and contributed a two-base hit. Galloway's fielding was brilliant.

The score:

BOSTON (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	PHILADELPHIA (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Mitchell,ss	5	0	0	1	4	Matthews,cf	5	0	1	1	0
Collins,cf	4	1	1	4	0	McGowan,lf	5	0	0	1	0
Flagstead,rf	3	1	2	1	0	Perkins,c	5	1	2	4	1
Burns,1b	4	2	2	9	2	Hauser,1b	4	0	2	10	0
L. Harris,lf	3	1	1	4	0	Welch,rf	4	0	0	2	0
Devormer,c	4	0	0	4	1	Galloway,ss	4	1	1	2	7
McMillan,3b	4	0	0	3	1	Ricondo,2b	3	1	1	2	5
Hamilton,2b	3	0	0	2	2	Dykes,2b	1	0	0	0	0
Ehmke,p	4	0	1	2	3	Kyller	1	0	0	0	0
						Bodie,2b	1	0	0	0	0
						Hasty,p	1	0	0	0	0
						Heimach,p	3	0	1	0	6
Total	31	7	10	27	5	Total	37	4	8	24	11

a Batted for Dykes in sixth.
Errors—Boston, 4 (Mitchell, Collins, J. Harris, Ehmke); Philadelphia 1 (Dykes).
Boston ..... 2 0 2 0 0 0 2 0 x—7
Philadelphia ..... 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 0—4

Two-base hits—Heimach, Flagstead, Burns, Ehmke. Home Runs—J. Harris, Burns. Stolen bases—Galloway, Ricondo. Sacrifice—Flagstead. Left on bases—Philadelphia 10, Boston 6. Bases on balls—Off Hasty 1, Heimach 1, Ehmke 2. Struck out—By Heimach 1, Ehmke 5. Hits—Off Hasty 4 in 1 1-3 innings, Heimach 6 in 6 2-3. Hit by pitcher—By Ehmke (Hauser). Losing pitcher—Hasty. Umpires—Connolly and Owen. Time of game—1:45.

BROWNS BEAT WHITE SOX.

Timely Hitting Stops Chicago's Winning Streak—Score Is 7-2.

ST. LOUIS, July 2.—Timely hitting enabled the St. Louis Browns to check Chicago's winning streak today. The score was 7 to 2. Mack replaced Leverette for the White Sox after the third inning and Lyons relieved Mack after the seventh.

The score:

ST. LOUIS (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	CHICAGO (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Tobin,rf	5	0	0	0	0	Hooper,rf	4	0	0	1	0
Roberts,3b	3	2	1	1	1	McClellan,ss	4	0	1	1	2
Williams,lf	4	1	1	3	0	Collins,3b	3	0	0	4	3
Jacobson,cf	2	1	2	3	0	Hapeany,lb	3	1	0	9	0	0
McManus,2b	3	1	2	3	1	Mostil,cf	4	1	2	2	0
Gerber,ss	3	0	1	1	2	Sheely,1b	4	1	2	7	1
Severeid,c	2	0	1	5	0	Falk,lf	4	0	1	5	0
Schlitzer,2b	3	0	0	7	0	Kamm,3b	4	0	1	0	1
Shocker,p	2	1	1	0	2	Schalk,c	2	1	0	6	0
						Graham,c	2	0	1	0	0
						Leverette,p	0	0	0	0	2
						Mack,p	0	0	0	0	0
						Lyons,p	0	0	0	0	0
						aStrunk	1	0	0	0	0
						bElish	1	0	0	0	0
Total	25	7	9	27	7	Total	34	2	10	24	11

a Batted for Mack in eighth.
b Batted for Lyons in ninth.
Errors—St. Louis 0, Chicago 1 (Mostil).
St. Louis ..... 0 1 3 1 1 2 0 0 x—7
Chicago ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0—2

Two-base hits—Mostil, Robertson. Three-base hits—Severeid, Sacrifices—Barber, Leverette, Jacobson, McManus (2). Left on bases—Chicago 8, St. Louis 7. Bases on balls—Off Leverette 4, Mack 1, Struck out—By Leverette 5, Mack 1, Shocker 5. Hits—Off Leverette 5 in 3 innings, Mack 4 in 4, Lyons none in 1. Losing pitcher—Leverette. Umpires—Moriarty, Holmes and Nallin. Time of game—1:45.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

St. Paul 4, Milwaukee 3.
Kansas City 13, Minneapolis 7.
Indianapolis 14, Louisville 1.
Columbus 4, Toledo 3 (first game).
Toledo 6, Columbus 2 (second game).

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
St. Paul	44	23	.657
Kansas City	41	31	.661
Louisville	37	31	.544
Columbus	33	33	.478
Indianapolis	30	34	.469
Milwaukee	30	39	.435
Minneapolis	26	40	.394
Toledo	25	43	.372

Player Hits for 21 Total Bases.

ENID, Okla., July 2.—Ed Bratcher, right fielder for the Ardmore club of the Western Association, was at bat nine times, getting three home runs, three doubles and three singles in a double-header here today.

GIANTS ARE BEATEN BY PHILLIES, 10-4

Quakers Score Their First Victory Over Champions in Thirteen Games.

MITCHELL IN HERO ROLE

His Pitching and Two Triples Play Big Part—Williams Hits 22d Home Run.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, July 2.—A string of twelve consecutive victories for the Giants over the Phillies was snapped by Clarence Mitchell today, the left-handed spitball pitcher, keeping the Giants' attack scattered and tossing two three-base hits into an offensive that enabled Fletcher's men to win by a score of 10 to 4.

Prominent, too, in the humbling of the Giants was Cy Williams, who lifted the ball over the right field fence in the first inning for his twenty-second home run of the season, thus preventing Babe Ruth, who also made a homer yesterday, from gaining on him in the race for circuit-hitting honors. Another home run hitter in this game was Travis Jackson, who hit into the left field bleachers in the ninth inning.

Jack Scott was the first of four pitchers to be sent into action for the Giants. Big Jack lasted less than six full rounds and was followed by Bill Ryan. Bill afforded some relief, but was taken out for a pinch hitter in the eighth inning, and Claude Jonnard succeeded him. Claude was removed under fire before this inning was over, Clinton Blume coming in to finish up. The Phillies made seventeen hits, seven of which were for extra bases.

Phils Score Again in Third.

To add to the run that resulted when Williams lost the ball in the first inning, the Phillies made another in the third inning. Mokan singled to right, Williams popped to Frisch, but a sharp drive from Walker's bat bounded off Jackson's shins into left field, Mokan dashing all the way from first base to the plate and Walker making two bases.

The Giants, having missed chances to score in the first and second innings and having expired in order in the third inning, managed to score a run in the fourth. Young singled to left centre and Kelly, running to centre, Young reaching third. Kelly was forced at second base on Parkinson's remarkable pickup of Cunningham's shot through the box and his toss to Tierney, but Young scored while the play was in progress.

In the fifth inning the champions took the lead by scoring two runs. Jackson walked, but was doubled up with Grob when Heinie lined to Rapp. Goldie whipping the ball across the diamond to Holke before Jackson could scramble back to first base. Frisch poked a single to right centre and a double to left by Meusel put Frisch on third. Young then singled to left centre, scoring both men.

Scott had wabbled through five innings, when the Phillies fell on him in the sixth. Wilson doubled to left and scored on Holke's single to right, beating Young's fine throw to the plate by a mile. Parkinson, relieving Rapp singled to centre, sending Holke to third, and Mitchell delivered the blow that won for the Phillies. He tripled to right centre, scoring Holke and Rapp. Ryan was called in to relieve Scott and Mokan signalized his arrival with a sacrifice fly to Cunningham on which Mitchell scored.

Jonnard Hit Hard.

Jonnard, facing the Phils in the eighth, was roughly treated. Rapp singled to left and scared on Mitchell's second triple, which also went to right centre. Mokan singled to left and Mitchell counted. Williams singled to right, sending Mokan hopping to third, and Walker brought Mokan in with a single to centre. Tierney passed out on a fly which Jackson bagged in short left centre, but Parkinson's single to centre, Williams scoring and Walker reaching third. Jonnard was taken out and Blume stopped the attack short. Wilson hit to Grob, who cut Walker down at the plate, and Holke was retired by Frisch and Kelly.

The only semblance of a rally which the Giants could muster in the ninth began and ended with Jackson's poke into the left field bleachers.

The score:

PHILADELPHIA (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEW YORK (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Mokan,lf	4	2	2	3	0	Jackson,ss	3	2	1	1	2
Williams,cf	5	2	3	4	0	Grob,3b	5	0	0	0	2
Walker,rf	5	0	2	2	0	Frisch,2b	5	1	1	1	4
Tierney,2b	5	0	1	1	2	Meusel,lf	5	1	2	1	0
Parkinson,ss	5	0	1	1	2	Young,rf	5	1	2	1	0
Wilson,c	5	1	3	3	1	Kelly,1b	4	0	2	8	1
Holke,1b	4	1	1	11	0	Cunningham,cf	4	0	0	1	0
Rapp,3b	4	2	2	1	2	Snyder,c	4	0	1	8	0
Mitchell,p	3	2	2	0	0	Scott,p	2	0	0	0	1
						Ryan,p	0	0	0	1	1
						aGowdy	1	0	0	0	0
						Jonnard,p	0	0	0	0	0
						Blume,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	40	10	17	27	9	Total	36	4	9	24	11

a Batted for Ryan in eighth.
Errors—Philadelphia 1 (Tierney), New York 1 (Snyder).
Philadelphia ..... 1 0 1 0 0 4 0 4 —10
New York ..... 0 0 0 1 2 0 0 0 1—4

Two-base hits—Snyder, Meusel, Kelly, Walker, Tierney, Wilson, Parkinson. Three-base hits—Mitchell (2). Home runs—Williams, Jackson. Stolen bases—Mokan. Double play—Rapp and Holke. Left on bases—New York 9, Philadelphia 9. Bases on balls—Off Scott 2, Mitchell 4. Struck out—By Scott 3, Ryan 2, Mitchell 2. Hits—Off Scott 10 in 5 innings (none out in sixth), Ryan 1 in 2, Jonnard 8 in 1-3, Blume 0 in 1-3. Losing pitcher—Scott. Umpires—Quigley and Pfirman. Time of game—2:03.

PIRATES BEAT CARDS, 4-1.

Hamilton's Fine Pitching Helps in Pittsburgh Victory.

PITTSBURGH, July 2.—Hamilton was invincible in the pinches and Pittsburgh easily won from St. Louis today by the score of 4 to 1. Timely hitting accounted for the Pirates' runs, while Maranville's error gave the Cardinals their only tally.

The score:

PITTSBURGH (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'anville,ss	5	0	1	2	6	Mann,rf	5	0	2	1	0
Carey,cf	5	2	2	1	0	Bladen,lf	4	0	0	1	0
Bigbee,lf	4	0	0	1	0	Hornsby,2b	3	0	1	2	3
Russell,rf	4	0	1	4	0	Mayers,cf	4	0	2	1	0
Traynor,3b	4	1	2	1	2	Stock,3b	4	0	0	1	0
Grimm,1b	3	0	0	7	1	Ainsmith,c	3	0	0	4	0
Rawlings,2b	4	0	0	2	4	Freigau,ss	4	0	0	1	4
Gooch,c	4	0	0	3	0	Lavan,1b	4	0	2	10	1
Hamilton,p	4	0	1	0	1	Pfeffer,p	2	0	0	1	1
						aClemons	1	0	0	0	0
						Stuart,p	1	0	0	0	0
Total	32	4	9	27	10	Total	35	1	7	24	9

a Batted for Pfeffer in seventh.
Errors—Pittsburgh 3 (Maranville, Rawlings); St. Louis 2 (Hornsby 2, Freigau).
Pittsburgh ..... 1 0 0 1 2 0 0 0 —4
St. Louis ..... 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—1

Two-base hit—Lavan. Three-base hit—Carey. Stolen bases—Carey, Russell. Sacrifices—Ainsmith, Bigbee (2). Double play—Hornsby and Lavan. Left on bases—St. Louis 10, Pittsburgh 9. Bases on balls—Off Pfeffer 3, Hamilton 2. Struck out—By Pfeffer 2, Stuart 2, Hamilton 1. Hits—Off Pfeffer 8 in 6 innings, Stuart 1 in 3. Losing pitcher—Pfeffer. Umpires—Finneran, O'Day and McCormick. Time of game—1:48.

SOUTHERN ASSOCIATION.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

New Orleans 5, Atlanta 1.
Birmingham 5, Mobile 3.
Little Rock 5, Memphis 3.
Nashville 7, Chattanooga 4.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New Orleans	42	24	.636
Nashville	41	29	.586
Mobile	37	30	.552
Atlanta	37	33	.529
Memphis	33	28	.478
Birmingham	32	30	.478
Chattanooga	27	39	.409
Little Rock	23	44	.343

Baseball Today, Ebbets Field—Brooklyn vs. Boston, 3:30 P. M.—Advt.

Five Leading Batsmen In Each Major League

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Player and Club.	G.	A.B.	R.	H.	P.C.
Heilman, Detroit	59	213	50	89	.418
Jamieson, Cleveland	65	261	49	96	.368
Ruth, New York	66	221	63	73	.360
Collins, Chicago	62	224	34	80	.357
Haney, Detroit	59	210	34	75	.357

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Player and Club.	G.	A.B.	R.	H.	P.C.
Wheat, Brooklyn	62	246	30	97	.394
Roush, Cincinnati	54	242	38	90	.372
O'Farrell, Chicago	57	203	37	73	.360
Fournier, Brooklyn	48	187	33	66	.353
Frisch, New York	58	238	59	104	.364

REDS RALLY TO WIN FROM CUBS, 9 TO 8

Drive Alexander Off Mound in Eighth—Roush's Hit Decides Game in Ninth.

CHICAGO, July 2.—The Cincinnati Reds came from behind and after being held to two hits for six innings launched two vicious attacks against Alexander and drove him off the mound in the eighth inning, winning from the Chicago Cubs today by the score of 9 to 8.

The winning run came in the ninth on Elliott's error of Daubert's grounder, Bohne's double and a single by Roush.

The score:

CINCINNATI (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	CHICAGO (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Burns,rf	5	2	1	3	0	Statz,cf	4	2	2	1	0
Daubert,1b	4	2	1	15	0	Hollocher,ss	4	2	1	1	1
Bohne,3b	5	2	3	2	2	Grantham,3b	4	0	2	2	0
Roush,cf	5	1	2	3	0	O'Farrell,c	5	2	2	6	1
Duncan,lf	5	2	3	0	0	Friberg,2b	5	1	2	2	2
Fonseca,2b	5	0	1	4	7	Miller,lf	5	0	1	1	0
Wingo,c	5	0	0	1	0	Heathcote,rf	4	0	0	1	0
Sanders,c	2	0	1	1	0	Elliott,1b	4	0	1	12	1
Caveney,ss	3	0	1	0	2	Alexander,p	3	1	1	1	3
Keen,p	1	0	0	0	1	Cheeves,p	0	0	0	0	0
Couch,p	1	0	0	0	0	Vaughn,p	0	0	0	0	0
aHarper	1	0	0	0	0	Demovich,p	0	0	0	0	0
Harris,p	0	0	0	0	0						
bBressler	1	0	0	0	0						
Rixey,p	0	0	0	1	1						
Total	40	9	13	27	10	Total	38	8	10	27	14

a Batted for Couch in seventh.
b Batted for Harris in eighth.
c Batted for Cheeves in eighth.
Errors—Cincinnati, 5 (Bohne, Fonseca 2, Caveney, Couch), Chicago 2 (Hollocker, Elliott).
Cincinnati ..... 0 0 0 0 0 4 4 1 0—9
Chicago ..... 1 0 4 0 2 0 1 0 0—8

Two-base hits—O'Farrell, Duncan (2), Hollocher, Bohne. Home runs—Statz, Bohne, Friberg, O'Farrell. Stolen bases—Grantham, Statz. Double plays—Bohne and Fonseca, O'Farrell and Graham, Alexander, Hollocher and Elliott. Left on bases—Cincinnati 6, Chicago 7. Bases on balls—Off Keck 2, Alexander 1, Cheeves 1. Struck out—By Alexander 3, Keck 1, Dumovich 1, Hits—Off Keck 4 in 5 1-3 innings, Harris 1 in 1, Alexander 10 in 7 1-3, Dumovich 2 in 1, Couch 3 in 2 2-3, Rixey 2 in 2, Cheeves 1 in 2-3. Hit by pitcher—By Keck (Hollocher). Winning pitcher—Rixey. Losing pitcher—Dumovich. Umpires—Klem and Wilson. Time of game—1:55.

MISS WAINWRIGHT LISTED.

To Compete in Ten-Foot Springboard Diving Event in Garden.

Miss Helen Wainwright, famous all-around aquatic performer, will compete in the ten-foot springboard diving event which will feature the aquatic carnival in the Madison Square Garden pool on Thursday night. Her entry was received yesterday, and among those who will oppose her are Miss Alma Mann, Panama Canal Zone champion; Miss Louise Davidson, metropolitan star; Miss Florence Briscoe, national junior titleholder; Miss Dorothy Hucknall of Atlantic City and probably Miss Ellie Bethe Becker of Philadelphia, national diving champion.

The event will mark Miss Wainwright's first appearance in the Garden pool in two years.

TORONTO CREWS VICTORS.

Capture First and Second in Eastern Association Race.

MONTREAL, July 2.—The Argonaut Rowing Club of Toronto won the feature event of the third annual regatta of the Eastern Racing Association at Lachine today. The club took first and second places in the open eights, a mile and one-quarter test, in which six crews competed.

DONATES FIELD TOMORROW.

W. K. Vanderbilt to Give Grounds to Naval Reserve Battalion.

Several nationally famous athletes in track and field and some of the leading women swimmers in the country will take part in the events which will open the new field at Little Neck, L. I., which William K. Vanderbilt will present to the Sixth Battalion of the Naval Reserve Force tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. The field is completed and fully equipped with a running track, jumping pits, baseball diamond and diving boards, an exact duplicate of the famous New York Athletic Club field on Travers Island.

REDS HONOR DEAD FAN.

Flags at Ball Park Lowered to Half Mast for "Al the Milkman."

CINCINNATI, July 2.—The flags at Redland field, the home of the Cincinnati Nationals, were at half-mast today in honor of "Al the Milkman," the king of local rooters, who died Saturday. Every member of the Red team visited his home in a body last night to pay their final respects.

Al, whose name was Albert Schoenleben, had his own seat in the bleachers, and became known to the patrons of the Cincinnati team by his practice of rewarding highly meritorious plays with a bouquet of flowers.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Toronto
FIRST GAME.

									R.	H.	E.
Toronto	1	1	0	0	3	0	1	2	—8	12	1
Syracuse	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	—3	8	3

Batteries—Reynolds and Hill; Frankhouse and Niebergall.

SECOND GAME.

										R.	H.	E.
Syracuse	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	12	0
Toronto	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	4	14	2

Batteries—Reinhardt and McKee; Glazer, Summers and Hill.
Other clubs not scheduled.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Baltimore	47	24	.662
Rochester	42	27	.609
Reading	38	33	.535
Toronto	34	36	.514
Buffalo	32	35	.478
Jersey City	31	41	.431
Newark	29	39	.426
Syracuse	26	44	.371

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Jersey City at Newark.
Syracuse at Buffalo.
Toronto at Rochester.
Reading at Baltimore.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

Pittsfield 5, Bridgeport 0.
New Haven 12, Springfield 5.
Albany 5, Worcester 3.
Hartford 8, Waterbury 6.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Hartford	42	22	.656
New Haven	36	26	.581
Albany	33	30	.524
Springfield	32	31	.508
Waterbury	29	36	.453
Worcester	27	34	.443
Pittsfield	26	36	.419
Bridgeport	26	39	.419

New York-Pennsylvania League.

Williamsport 7, Elmira 2.
Triple Cities 13, Wilkes-Barre 4.

BASEBALL Today, Yankee Stadium—3:00, Yankees vs. Washington; Melrose 1900.—Advt.

EVANS AND OUIMET ENTER TITLE PLAY

Former Champions Will Compete in National Open Next Week—Jones Also Listed.

Francis Ouimet and Charles (Chick) Evans, two of the three amateur golfers who hold the distinction of having won the American open championship, are among the simon pure entrants to the 1923 play, to be held next week at Inwood, L. I.

In addition to Ouimet and Evans the amateur contingent is led by Jess W. Sweetser, the present amateur champion; Rudolph E. Knepper, former intercollegiate titleholder, and Bobby Jones, of Atlanta, who finished within a stroke of Gene Sarasen, victor in last year's open play.

It has been seven years since an amateur scaled the wall of professionals to a triumph in the open. In 1915 at Minneapolis, Chick Evans, with a record stroking of 286 in the 72-hole test, became the third amateur holder of the open title. Before Evans, Jerome Travers, in 1915, led the field at Baltusrol with 297.

Ouimet was the first amateur to win the open title, capturing the prize in 1913 at Brookline after a memorable play-off of a tie with Harry Vardon and Ted Ray, the noted English professionals. The three had tied with a medal of 304. In the play-off the amateur turned in a card of 72 with Vardon 77 and Ray 78.

Last year at Skokie Jones came within a stroke of the title, Sarasen, the winner, had a card of 288, while the Atlanta youth was second in a tie with the veteran, John D. Black, of California, with cards of 289.

U. S. OLYMPIC TEAM TO OCCUPY CHATEAU

Will Use 'Olympic Village' Quarters Only During Time of Competition.

PARIS, July 2 (Associated Press).—The entire United States Olympic team participating in the

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NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JULY 3, 1923.

THE LEAGUE AND THE COURT.

There seems still to be some misunderstanding of the exact relation of the World Court to the League of Nations, as of the effect of the President's speech at St. Louis. A valued correspondent writes to THE TIMES:

> In your leading editorial of June 29 you say: "If Mr. HARDING is willing "to throw Mr. ROOT and Mr. HUGHES "overboard, and insist that the Inter-"national Court of Justice disavow its "League parentage," &c. Mr. ROOT in his address to the Union League Club of New York, May 18, 1923, said: "There have been a good many asser-"tions that the Court was the off-"spring of the League of Nations. I "will say more about that in a few "minutes, but just now I will say "that that is not so." Again Mr. ROOT said: "When the League of Na-"tions came into being they did not "undertake to make the Court part of "the League." How can you recon-cile your statement with these facts?

Further on in this same address by Mr. ROOT, he pointed out that the efforts of the United States and other countries to establish an International Court of Justice had always broken down on the method of electing Judges. Finally, the Council of the League, with the aid of Mr. ROOT himself, devised the scheme of making the Assembly and the Council electoral bodies for the purpose of choosing Judges. Every other plan had failed; this one was tried and found to work. Both Mr. ROOT and Secretary HUGHES proposed that the United States should be represented in the Council and in the Assembly of the League solely for the purpose of filling vacancies in the World Court. Secretary HUGHES not only, with the President's approval, urged this upon the Senate last February, but in his address on April 27 before the American Society of International Law he maintained the same position, asking the question: "With respect to the "choice of Judges, would we endeavor "to have a practicable plan or one "that had been demonstrated to be "impracticable?"

Now, what Mr. HARDING did in his St. Louis speech was to abandon the practicable plan. He would reject and tear up the device which according to Messrs. ROOT and HUGHES was the only one by which the World Court could have come into being. Mr. HARDING would have the Council and Assembly of the League entirely divested of the function of electing International Judges. He would have the World Court itself empowered to fill vacancies as they may arise. This is the recommendation by the President which has been almost universally regarded as throwing Mr. ROOT and Secretary HUGHES overboard. Those gentlemen have as yet given no sign that they do not find the water fine, but it is surely to be expected that they will have something to say when they set about clambering back on the President's ship.

MR. LA FOLLETTE'S CRISIS.

Senator LA FOLLETTE intends to take the stump in Minnesota next week. He means to prevent the election of Governor PREUS to the Senate, as he prevented, or thinks he prevented, by his clarion voice, the re-election of Mr. KELLOGG. He is sending an address "to the Voters of Minnesota." If it be true that this is to be mailed to 400,000 Gopher citizens, he is not yet so overwhelmed by the millionaires and the monopolists that there isn't a comfortable sum for postage in his strong box. "We are at a crisis "in Congress where every vote counts "vitally," he says. There is always a crisis in Congress, and Mr. LA FOLLETTE is always embattled against it.

It is painful to notice that he is not quite accurate. He says that "if "PREUS were elected, it might throw "the control of the United States "Senate completely into the hands of "the reactionaries who serve private "monopoly, and thus make remedial "legislation impossible." The Republican majority in the next Senate will be 7, but it is not a real majority, as the La Follettians hold the balance of power. Ten Senators classified as Republicans favor Mr. LA FOLLETTE'S policies. Should the regulars elect Governor PREUS, the LA FOLLETTE group will be strong enough to prevent the passage of any measures unacceptable to them, unless ten Democrats should go out of their way to support them; and the Democratic policy is of course to make mischief, while at least two Democratic Senators, WHEELER and DILL, belong to that Legislative Service Group of which Mr. LA FOLLETTE is the head and front.

The election of Governor PREUS would not give control to the regulars. The election of MAGNUS JOHNSON will not secure "the remedial legislation" dear to Mr. LA FOLLETTE'S heart. He talks magniloquently about the great purposes of the Progressives in the next Congress. Their program is

> to repeal the Esch-Cummins railroad law and reduce the ruinous existing freight rates; reduce the burden of taxation on the common people—the consumers; enact and enforce absolute publicity of all income tax returns and stop dishonest tax dodging by trusts and millionaires; deal firmly with the monopolies in oil, coal, steel, lumber, sugar, meats and other necessaries of life; call the gambling organizations to account and insure fair prices in grain and other farm products; curb militarism and imperialism—the twin iniquities which overwhelm the people with taxation, beget foreign complications and inevitably breed foreign wars, and mete out deserved punishment to profiteers and grafters.

This is good swelling stuff. It sounds as though it were left over from Mr. LA FOLLETTE'S Monthly. He and his associates in virtue can't do any of these things. They can block the regulars and the regulars can block them. That is all there is to it. If Governor PREUS "belongs to the special interests," then so did his old friend, the best-beloved man in Minnesota, KNUTE NELSON. Dear to Mr. LA FOLLETTE is "a ringing appeal." Nobody grudges to him or to his auditors in Minnesota such long-drawn wailing music as he will serve to them next week; and we mustn't blame a romanticist if in his ardor he becomes a little careless of facts.

GENERAL GOURAUD.

America has honored JOFFRE and FOCH, the victor of the first battle of the Marne and the strategist whose genius as Commander-in-Chief of the allied forces shattered the German military machine and ended the war. General HENRI GOURAUD, who has come to this country to attend the convention of veterans of the Rainbow Division at Indianapolis, is endeared to Americans because he commanded on hard-fought fields in France the Marine Brigade of the Second Division, the Rainbow Division and other American units. They learned to know him as a soldiers' General, as an inspiration in the zero hour, and when battle was joined as a first-class fighting man. His type has always been the glory of the French Army, fearless, full of fire and indomitable. He displayed on the Champagne front the resolution of GRANT and the martial spirit of STONEWALL JACKSON. In mid-July, 1918, GOURAUD foiled a well-prepared and powerful German offensive by drawing fifteen divisions into a zone occupied only by outposts and annihilating the enemy with a concentrated artillery fire. The German bombardment had been a waste of explosives. The enemy fell into a trap set by the "Lion of the Argonne." His own losses were comparatively light. It was one of the few instances in the war when the German intelligence service was tricked and German battalions were sent to certain slaughter and overwhelming defeat.

Marshal FOCH had to be won over to GOURAUD'S plan. The risks seemed to be desperate. Failure would give the enemy an advantage difficult to overcome, and the French counter-offensive would be in danger of collapse. But GOURAUD had made his dispositions so well that success was assured as soon as he had withdrawn his divisions without attracting the enemy's notice. His general order to his troops on the eve of battle is a classic. "Nobody," he said, "will "look behind nor recede a step. Each "of you will have one thought—"to kill and kill until they cry "'Enough!'" So terrible was the French and American fire that the German advance never got much beyond the abandoned positions. An English correspondent, writing about General GOURAUD in September, 1918, paid this tribute:

> In character this man is a prince among soldiers. A recent Order of the Day spoke of his "lofty moral value," of the soldiers' love for him "because he loves them," and of his flaming patriotism. "A leader of men of the highest type" is his chief's summing up of HENRI GOURAUD. A great General and a great gentleman!

After the German rout, with casualties estimated at 40,000 in killed and wounded, General GOURAUD thanked the Americans for their contribution to his victory:

> I desire to express the admiration of France for the courage and bravery of which the American battalions have given proof in hard fighting, and also for the effectiveness of their artillery fire. In this emergency the troops of the United States largely aided their French comrades in breaking repeated assaults of the enemy. I wish to compliment the American officers and men for the great and noble part they played in this battle.

In accepting the invitation of the Rainbow veterans the General said impulsively: "I went to see the "country where your wonderful sol-"diers were bred." It was a great disappointment to him when the American troops were withdrawn from Coblenz. It seemed to him like the severing of a tie with the ally he admired. An impression that HENRI GOURAUD has the limitations of a fighting soldier would do him an injustice. He is a student of affairs, an economist, an executive, and his judgment is so respected that he has been considered for important diplomatic posts. In the honor paid JOFFRE and FOCH for their brilliant leadership was reflected the love and veneration for France as a friend of liberty and a faithful ally. This sentiment will be felt again in the spontaneous welcome to their distinguished fellow-soldier, HENRI GOURAUD.

THE SHADOW OF THE BONUS.

Senator EDGE of New Jersey has been thought of as one of the steady and dependable members of the Senate. Especially in matters of finance has his judgment been sound and boldly declared. In the Senate he spoke and voted against the soldiers' bonus. But on Sunday in his address at the formal opening of the Convalescent Home of the American Legion at Toms River, N. J., he stated that the situation had changed, and that he hoped that a businesslike bonus bill would pass at the next session of Congress. For it he promised to work and vote.

It would be unkind and doubtless unfair to link this change in the Senator's attitude with the fact that he has to go before the people next year for re-election. It may be that he began to see the light when his colleague, Senator FRELINGHUYSEN, was so unexpectedly defeated last November. Senator EDGE would have his State understand that he has altered his position only for good reasons. But unfortunately the reasons which he assigns are not good.

When the Bonus bill was up early in 1922, Mr. EDGE stipulated that a sales tax must be embodied in it to raise the money needed, or else he would not vote for it. He said explicitly: "If the billions necessary to "pay the proposed bonus are to be "raised through further taxation upon "business and industrial enterprises, "then I am against it." What does he give now as an excuse for abandoning that position? He says that we can take for the bonus the sums paid by Great Britain in settlement of her war debt to the United States. But Senator EDGE knows perfectly that all such payments are set aside by law for the reduction of the debt of the United States. He will therefore be facing the same alternatives next Winter that confronted him two years ago.

The next Congress is even less likely than the preceding to enact a sales tax. If the Bonus bill passes it will have to be financed by one of those forms of taxation to which Senator EDGE announced his unyielding opposition. It will take a good deal of explaining for a man of his reputation and previous record to make people believe that there is nothing political in his announced willingness to turn a sharp corner in the matter of the soldiers' bonus.

AMERICAN RACE PREJUDICE IN FRANCE.

The reported action of some Paris restaurants in closing their doors to negroes contrasts with the treatment which the French accorded American colored troops in France during the war. The Ninety-second Division, for example, which was composed of negroes, won many warm friends among the French people of the towns and villages where they were billeted. The same is true of the colored regiments brigaded with the French. This was not only because these soldiers were Americans, but because the French have never drawn the color line, as have Americans and English. Although they have not gone as far as the Spanish and Portuguese colonizers of Latin America, who for generations intermarried with races of all shades, they have always been tolerant and even cordial toward people with colored strains in their blood. As a rule, colored persons of good education have been freely welcomed socially and in every other way in France. The only possible exception has been in the case of those of the Senegalese troops who were recruited from backward and barbaric regions and who offered little appeal to French sympathies. It has also been said that in the French West Indies, notably in Martinique, where the proportion of negroes is unusually high, the attitude of the whites has resembled that of our own Southerners toward the American negroes.

America's race prejudices should not be exported. If the French, on their own account, wish to bar negroes from their restaurants, the matter is one which concerns only themselves and the colored races. When, however, they bar them in order to curry favor with Americans, it takes on another aspect. It is difficult to believe that there are enough negroes who visit or would like to visit the French restaurants patronized by Americans to give offense to any but the small handful of intolerants. Most peoples like to carry their prejudices about with them. But when they attempt to force them upon another nation, it is a signal that intolerance is going beyond bounds.

The French have a version of the adage which reads, "When in Paris do as the Parisians." Americans, for the most part, endeavor rather to do as they think the Parisians do. They are usually eager to cast aside the restraints of their American upbringing, substituting therefor an American-made conception of Paris as a city of unlimited personal freedom. The least that can be asked of Americans who visit French restaurants is that they put up with the eccentricities of French customs, even to the extent of tolerating the presence of foreigners of all colors. Could they but for a moment see themselves in French eyes they would realize that many of their actions appear to the French not only as eccentricities, but as exhibitions of downright social barbarism. A little more respect for Parisian prejudices as well as for Parisian tolerances would be in order.

THE PRIVILEGED FARMER.

The latest happy thought in aid of wheat growers is that they should raise prices by keeping 200,000,000 bushels of this year's crop off the market. The process would be financed by a Government agency, the new Intermediate Credit Bank. Officials of the American Farm Bureau Federation have sent telegrams to Secretary WALLACE and President HARDING urging this method of relief for the farmer by stabilizing the price of wheat at something like $1.50 a bushel.

Probably the plan will never emerge from dreamland. Its chief significance at the present moment is its innocent assumption that the farmer can do no wrong. He is privileged above all his fellow-citizens. In his behalf methods can be employed which in the case of others would be both illegal and abhorrent. The farmer can be a forestaller and regrater amid universal applause. According to the scheme proposed, he could enter into a combination or conspiracy to raise the price of flour 50 per cent. or so without being exposed to cries of rage by the Housewives' League or by a Congress vigilant to detect and punish profiteers. If the farmer is not happy, this is not because he does not enjoy extraordinary privileges in the eyes of the authorities and before public opinion.

Of the practical and financial aspects of such an attempt to corner the price of wheat with the assistance of a benevolent Government it is not necessary to speak at length. It would be in line with experiments tried in the case of cotton, and in that of coffee in Brazil, with disastrous results. Planters and farmers certainly cannot be wiser than speculators in knowing exactly when it becomes perilous to overstay their market. It might easily require not an intermediate credit, but an indefinitely large credit to finance such a wheat operation if it were once undertaken. If relief of the same kind were urged in behalf of the producers of a surplus of oil on a declining market members of Congress would fall in convulsions and all ears would be split with the shrieks of protest. But wheat and the farmer occupy a position of high privilege. In it they will be secure—although it entails no practical benefit—until after the next Presidential election. The privileged but unhappy farmer has a vote.

CHANGING MINDS.

Doubtless GEORGE M. was not thinking particularly of the feminine members of the Four Cohans when he penned these stirring lines:

> My father's constant admonition, when I first turned toward writing for the stage, was: "Never put language in the mouths of your characters which you would be ashamed to have your mother or sister listen to. Never try for a laugh with a situation that would make them blush." I thank God that I have never put pen to paper without having these thoughts uppermost in my mind.

Who can read this tender confession without adoration of womanhood? Yet mother and sister are not what they once were. At the height of the furor over BRIEUX'S "Damaged Goods" a disgruntled male was guilty of the following: "Now that women have "found they can talk about any-"thing," he said, "they talk about nothing else."

Mr. COHAN mentions "Damaged Goods," but in a manner somewhat cryptic. He concedes that it is "a "genuinely and technically sound "work of art," but adds that, "written by a highbrow for highbrows," such a play "finds itself commercially "profitable not so much for its mes-"sage as for its frankness." In the dialect in which "argument" means an encounter with fists, "frankness" has a meaning similarly violent, and one rather suspects that Mr. COHAN so uses the word. If so, he has quite missed the secret of the "commercial" success of BRIEUX'S acrid play. For the first time on the stage the truth about a loathsome disease, with immense social consequences, was placed before an audience in a form comprehensible to one and all. Negligible as a work of art, it spoke directly of a subject of importance and was eagerly listened to.

In Mr. COHAN'S philosophy "the "prime purpose of the theatre is to "entertain." It is the function of the Church "to teach and guide." On such a matter dogmatism is perilous, but something is to be said for the idea that the function of the theatre is not merely to entertain but also to widen our outlook upon the world and deepen our knowledge of life—to interest and inform, if not to teach and guide. Even if we assume that the ultimate test of dramatic art, as of the wisdom of remembering sister and mother, is commercial success, there is force in the other contention. There has not been a Summer of late without one or more plays of more import than mere entertainment that outlasted the dog days.

Victorian idealism dies hard, especially when it chimes in with commercial prudence. But OLIVER HERFORD was not altogether the cynic in saying that the only reason women have cleaner minds than men is that they change them so often.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Have Park Manners Improved?

Opinions seem to differ whether the recent discussions of park vandalism and the recent efforts through persuasions and penalties to teach decency and good manners to the vandals are having much effect. To some observers who passed through parts of Central Park toward nightfall on Sunday there was an obvious improvement in conditions, while others, who probably or possibly had looked elsewhere, declare that more rubbish than ever had been scattered over the lawns and under the shrubbery and that the "campaign" has been a failure.

The police apparently are among the optimists, for they report that they found occasion to summon very few people to court and that the behavior of the crowds was decidedly better than in the past. This encouraging view of the situation, unfortunately, might be based on a relaxation of police activities as easily as on the reform of the Park's frequenters, for it is said that the policemen do not like to do this sort of work and a convenient way of avoiding it would be to declare it no longer necessary. The duty is, indeed, one for special guardians to perform, rather than for the regular patrolmen, but as money with which to pay the former is not available, the latter must be used.

Certainly there should be no cessation of efforts to make the public realize that their own enjoyment of the parks in large measure depends on their own treatment of the city's property. The pressure should be continued as long as it is needed, and one cannot help recurring to the idea that the most impressive lesson for the vandals would be to set them immediately to clearing up the rubbish which they and their kind had scattered. There might be difficulty in carrying out that plan, but at least it is not open to so many and such great objections as there would be to the adoption of Dr. HORNADAY'S proposal to raise a park protection fund by charging an admission fee at the gates. With all due—and it is much—respect for his wisdom, that simply could not and should not be done.

Harshness Will Be Dangerous.

While TOLSTOY, that madman of genius, was alive, he constantly wrote on economic and social topics in a way highly offensive to the Czar's Government—in a way that would have resulted in the deportation to Siberia of almost any other Russian. TOLSTOY, however, had an international reputation, with fervent admirers scattered through every civilized country, and the authorities whom his doctrines offended and his books endangered simply did not dare to take against him severe measures, or any measures at all, for that matter. Any attempts at repression would have excited more indignation than the agents of autocracy dared to face. So TOLSTOY was allowed to write and publish what he chose, and to live as he pleased, the old Government thinking or hoping, perhaps, that the way he lived would serve as an antidote for what he wrote.

And probably the old Government for once was right.

Now a like problem has been presented to the Soviet rulers. TOLSTOY left when he died many manuscripts and a voluminous diary, and this material his widow now is publishing as fast as she can put it into what she considers proper shape. For obvious reasons she has selected publishers out of Russia, and, for reasons not less obvious, this method of bringing out the posthumous works is disliked by the Soviet magnates and they have ordered the Countess to stop it.

Whether she will or not is an interesting question—as interesting as is the question whether, if she ignores the orders to publish only in Russia—and therefore subject to Soviet censorship—the present authorities will be bolder than were their imperial predecessors and enforce their will on the great man's widow.

A Hero More Sorry Unimaginable.

As surprising as any manifestation of sentiment here, just now, is that of the negroes who in considerable numbers are declaring that the man GARVEY is a hero and a martyr, sent to prison for trying to serve his race.

Surely there ought to be intelligence enough among the colored people to see that GARVEY illustrated their worst and weakest qualities, not their best and strongest, and that he was a ruthless exploiter in his own interest of their more foolish and impressionable representatives. The charge that he was the victim of the animosity felt here against any negro who tries to better the condition of his people is an absurdity that should be apparent to black and white alike. There is no such animosity.

It is not for the white folk to make too much of GARVEY'S liking for resounding titles and magnificent uniforms or to be too much amused by it, for those are qualities by no means peculiar to his race, or even to its more childish members; but it does take a special and peculiar folly to be deceived into thinking that the American negroes can better their condition by setting up a kingdom or republic of their own in Africa.

As for GARVEY the financier, those who entrusted their money to him have reason to know the quality of his abilities and to want no more experiences of the same kind.

Germans Who Are Enemies of Germany.

In none of the dispatches from Berlin does there appear any denunciation of the men who put the bomb in the train at Duisburg and killed the Belgian soldiers. Yet this act was even more stupid than criminal, and the stupidity, if not the criminality, might be expected to excite German reprobation.

From such slaughter nobody of any sense at all could see the possibility of deriving anything except more trouble for Germany and added severity in carrying out the policy of occupation. That the French and Belgians can be frightened by these petty attacks into abandoning or changing their plans is a hope only madmen could hold. The only explanation that can be given of homicidal sabotage is that it illustrates the often observed incapacity of the Germans for understanding the minds of other peoples. With that incapacity goes a second—that of seeing any likeness between the same acts committed by themselves and by their enemies. They are filled with rage and horror when Germans are put to death for disobeying military orders issued by the French, but they were even more amazed than angered when the Allies resented the shooting of EDITH CAVELL and Captain FRYATT, who had violated German commands.

FRENCH SECURITY.

Declaration by President Harding Is Urged.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Colonel House's admirably compact article in the valuable journal Foreign Affairs indicates in a clear way the one key problem of the French-German settlement. Every French child has had drilled into him the terror of the German wolf, "le Prussien." Rightly or wrongly, the French fear the Germans. France will ruin herself on armaments unless she is protected. The restoration of Germany, her prosperity, happiness and productivity are essential to the well being of the world. A "formula" of protection must be found. Three main formulas are in the air:

First—The demilitarized Rhine zone proposed by Colonel House. This doubtless would be helpful, but would not protect France against a German air and gas attack from a secretly prepared and formidable air fleet.

Second—What may be called the Stinnes-de Lubersac economic co-operation plan, based on the theory that with closely knit economic interests France and Germany would remain at peace. This plan would also be helpful, but would not calm the fears of France, and would be incomprehensible to the French voter.

Third—Constitutional changes which will refer the making of war in each country to the people, in the belief that the plain people are always opposed to war. This also might be helpful, but would not be accepted in France as meeting the requirements.

On Dec. 17, 1921, after a study of the matter in France and numerous conferences with thoughtful publicists in France and America, the writer wrote the following in an article which appeared in the columns of The Independent. He has seen no reason to change his opinion, and believes that the reprinting of this suggestion may be useful at the present time:

> "The United States has only recently sent her armed forces to fight on French soil. She would doubtless do so again if Germany unwarrantably attacked France. Why not say so? If President Harding were to express with due solemnity his conviction that if France were again unwarrantably attacked the United States would defend her, such a declaration made with the proper degree of ceremony would be hailed as an epoch-making event. The new 'Harding Doctrine' would echo around the world. Such action would be constitutional, would calm France, serve notice on Germany and be acceptable to England, Italy and Japan. Our people would approve it."

WALTER E. MAYNARD.
New York, June 28, 1923.

Lost Letters in Italy.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A gentleman from Boston, I think—at least, he mentions having a Boston banker—has written me from Tremezzo, Italy, that he thinks a letter of mine published in THE TIMES of May 13 in regard to the number of letters lost in Italy "tends to alarm our friends in the United States quite unduly."

As nothing was further from my thoughts, may I ask you to publish this disclaimer?

Not having been here since the year before the war, it has been a perfect joy to find the people so full of ardor for a leader who is not afraid. It gives you the feeling somehow that in this tremendous conflict with chaos, which seems to be worldwide, Italy may cut her way through to order and sanity sooner than some of the best of us. Yet even here there is the struggle.

I have said it so many times that it has become almost a stock phrase, "Italy is more enchanting than ever and Sorrento the most beautiful place in the world." Not to have been here is to have led a wasted life. Having been in Italy once, you are bound to come again and again.

Sorrento just now in its riot of blossoms sets you dreaming of the Garden of Eden; that, alas, the serpent is here also, only furnishes historical background and makes the illusion complete.

Probably one of the most effective means of fighting the devil is to give him nothing to do. Hence my suggestion that all who were coming to Italy should have a London or Paris address and take the precautionary measure of having their bankers register whatever was forwarded.

That this particular serpent of irresponsible and wanton destruction is broadcasting himself and infesting our own posts' service as well seems apparent from the words stamped on recent letters from New York, which read, significantly enough, "Register or Insure Valuable Mail."

As all mail is valuable to us over here that comes from home, my object in suggesting what our own Government is suggesting officially was not to alarm but to reassure, and no one could regret more than I if I failed to make this clear.

ELIZABETH GOLDSMITH.
Sorrento, Italy, June 4, 1923.

Cohalan in 1924.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Obviously Mr. Justice Daniel F. Cohalan is determined at all hazards that the League of Nations will be the paramount issue of the campaign of 1924. Is it not high time that all true friends of world peace and the great principles formulated by Woodrow Wilson should be on the alert for the defeat of Cohalanism before it is too late? Cohalan and his friends constitute a sinister obstacle to the lofty idealism for which Woodrow Wilson fought, and the sooner their schemes are frustrated the better the prospects next year for a real Democratic victory.

DEMOCRAT.
New York, June 27, 1923.

RED ROWAN.

I will lie by a rowan tree
Upon a heathered hill.
The plover will whistle one long note
And the wind be shrill;

I will lie in waiting arms,
Plover, winds, will depart.
He will feed on flesh and bone,
I, live in his untamed heart.

Red, red blood will he drain—drain—
And the rowans will hang more red.
He will lift his head with new strength
For pride of a low-laid head.

I will lie by a rowan tree
Under the earth and stones.
The kestrel will sweep and a wild goat
Leap above quiet bones.

LILIAN MIDDLETON.

SCOPOLAMIN EXPERIMENTS.

Evidence Obtained by Use of Drug Open to Serious Objection.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In THE TIMES of the 29th instant I note editorial comment on the use of scopolamin in criminal practice.

Like every other State hospital physician, I have had considerable personal experience with hyoscine, or scopolamin; they are practically, if not absolutely, identical. And by virtue of that experience, I feel justified in some comment upon the alleged claims emanating from San Quentin prison.

The primary effect of hyoscine is, of course, narcotic. In full doses, it produces deep sleep; but if the dosage be very carefully regulated, a "twilight sleep" may be induced, during which the subject can be aroused, will answer questions coherently, but relapses at once into inattention, and retrograde amnesia. That is, he answers a question, identifies an object shown him; but when questioned again a few minutes later, he has no conscious memory of his previous statements.

But the effect of hyoscine goes further than this. If such "twilight sleep" be continued for, say 24 to 36 hours, by repeated exhibitions of hyoscine, it will be followed, upon withdrawal, by deep narcosis, and then by a stage of intense excitement, amounting to manifacal delirium, and lasting for another 24 to 48 hours, or even longer, depending upon the susceptibility of the subject.

So much for therapeutics. Now, during "twilight sleep," the subject's answers to questions—as regarding previous crimes, &c.—depend entirely upon his personality, his idiosyncratic reaction to scopolamin, and the depth of his narcosis.

That is, if he be easily susceptible, and if the impression of the drug be exactly correct, he may confess a previous crime—or he may not. There are those, as I know from my own experience—and any other experienced State hospital man will confirm this—who will not be induced, either by the immediate effects of hyoscine, or ether, or any other drug, or during the intense excitement which follows prolonged use of hyoscine (for 24 to 48 hours, that is) or during the confused state accompanying recovery from a general anesthetic, or by any other means known to me, to part with any secret which they choose to retain. A determined personality can, and often does, so charge his psychic censor with the importance of keeping his secrets that such secrets will not escape even during profound confusion or delirium.

If the subject, however, be more accessible, he may be induced to make the desired statement, either during "twilight sleep" or, more probably, during the intense excitement which follows it. During "twilight sleep" he is very likely to make any statement whatever that may be suggested to him by an earnest seeker for information. And, during the subsequent excitement, he may, and usually does, so intermingle actual experiences with dreams and delirious fancies, either present or remembered, that the truth can be winnowed from his productions only by an expert psychologist who is also absolutely conversant with the actual experiences of the subject's past.

And finally, even though the subject make a straightforward confession which can be substantiated, it is of no legal value. Certainly no court, (until successive constitutional amendments have nullified all that remains of our ancient Bill of Rights) would hesitate an instant in excluding any and all statements of the accused alleged to have been procured by such means. Duress continues to be duress, whether chemical or by force of arms; and every statement procured by duress is therefore void ab initio. It could not be claimed that a confession so extracted was freely made, even though the subject consented to the administration of hyoscine. If duress of every sort could be excluded, still his statement would be liable to the objection that it was made during profound intoxication (for one may be intoxicated and rendered temporarily incompetent as well by any other intoxicating drug as by alcohol), and therefore void.

Wherefore, the method is open to such objections, and its results are so (almost) certain to be inaccurate, that no court of law could recognize it—while this remains a free country. Even though such methods were certain to produce reliable results, they would still be prohibited, because they violate absolutely the rights of the defendant. The "third degree" remains a third degree, and unjustifiable, though applied with a hypodermic syringe instead of a locust nightstick or a bit of rubber hose.

And, finally, some folks can and will lie, whether drugged, drunk or sober. Lying may be more than a mere accomplishment; in some cases it is an inherent part of the personality. In such cases, to destroy the faculty of prevarication is to destroy the individual himself.

ERNEST M. POATE, M.D.
Southern Pines, N. C., June 30, 1923.

ANTI-SALOON LEAGUE DENIES

That Its Leaders Are Cool to Bryan and That It Prefers Republicans.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As General Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League of America, please permit me to reply to statements in the news columns of your issue of last Saturday.

Your correspondent stated, under the heading "Antagonism to Bryan," that a coolness has arisen between Mr. Bryan and leaders of the league, and that a majority of our leaders think Mr. Bryan's usefulness has ceased. These statements are entirely without foundation. There is only the best of feeling between the national officers of the Anti-Saloon League of America and Mr. Bryan.

The further statement in your article that the Anti-Saloon League is more in favor of the Republican Party as a party than the Democratic Party is also untrue. The Anti-Saloon League of America continues its historic policy, upon which it has won its battles for thirty years, in standing not for any party as a party, but for dry candidates and against wet candidates of all parties, regardless of their party affiliation.

P. A. BAKER,
General Superintendent the Anti-Saloon League of America.
Westerville, Ohio, July 2, 1923.

Friends From the City.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Patiently, for many years, we who live in small towns or the country have suffered each Summer by our thoughtless relatives and acquaintances (from the city) sponging upon us for their Summer outings, and it is even worse now that so many people own automobiles. They do not stop to think, I suppose, that our Winters are not so full of diversion as theirs, and that we look forward to lovely Summer outings for ourselves.

If city people really want to see their country friends, why not engage board at a comfortable boarding place in the neighborhood, and thus make their visit a real pleasure to the housewife and her family, not an annual event greatly to be dreaded. Put yourself in her place.

HOUSEWIFE.
Atlantic City, June 29, 1923.

HYLAN SIGNS BILL FOR TAX EXEMPTION

Approves Ordinance Extending Time on Unlevied Buildings Until April 1.

OUTLINES HIS REASONS

Declares Bill Was Not Passed to Provide Harvest for Realty Speculators.

The tax exemption ordinance adopted by the Board of Aldermen on June 26, which extends until next April 1 the time in which certain types of dwellings may be built without the payment of taxes, has been approved by Mayor Hylan. In a memorandum to the Aldermanic Board yesterday the Mayor gave his reasons for signing the ordinance.

The ordinance provides for a maximum of $5,000 on a single family house, $10,000 on a two-family house and $15,000 on a multi-family house on which construction has started between April 1, 1923, and April 1, 1924.

"It is generally conceded," wrote the Mayor, "that the principal object of tax exemption was and is to assist the average citizen of moderate means to own a home to house properly his family, the thought being that not only would this prove beneficial to the immediate family circle affected, swelling the ranks of the small home owners of whom there can never be too many in a growing city, but also alleviate in a measurable degree the housing shortage. That object has been conserved in the ordinance just enacted.

"Tax exemption was not designed to provide a perennial harvest for large realty speculators. These speculators have enjoyed exemptions on multi-family houses often exceeding $250,000 a year. The commendable desire to speed the construction of apartment houses and to create a healthy competition among owners which would accrue to the advantage of tenants in the form of reasonable rentals has been the compelling reason for these generous exemptions.

"But the beneficent purpose sought to be accomplished in granting such exemptions have not altogether been realized. The generosity of the city has not been passed along to the tenants, as a general rule, although isolated cases of such generosity may have been recorded. It is an open secret that rent profiteering among a grasping minority is still with us; and to this fact the many thousands of cases handled by the Mayor's Committee on Rent Profiteering bear strong evidence."

TO HALT DOUBLE TAXATION.

Britain Moves for Reciprocal Arrangement With Foreign Nations.

LONDON, July 2 (Associated Press).—The House of Commons today unanimously adopted a new clause moved by Sir William Joynson-Hicks, Financial Secretary of the Treasury, in the financial bill providing for relief from income tax of the profits of any shipping business which are chargeable to income tax in any foreign country, provided that reciprocal exceptions have been agreed to by the foreign country concerned.

Sir William explained that the Government was very desirous of getting rid of the troublesome system of double taxation, not merely between Great Britain and the United States, but among all civilized countries of the world. A beginning was being made with shipping business of the United States, and he asked the House to agree to the clause because it would give a lead to the committee of the League of Nations, which was dealing with the whole question of double taxation. The scheme would be worked by an order in council, after a treaty with a foreign country had been concluded.

Remarking that shipping had been harder hit by double taxation than any other industry, the Secretary referred to Washington's offer in 1921 to exempt from taxation the shipping incomes of any country willing to make reciprocal arrangements. It was the careful consideration of this offer which led to the present Government action, which he hoped would be the forerunner of a wider scheme to relieve all trades from double taxation throughout the world.

CALLS 10,000,000 IGNORANT.

Educator Says Some Americans Are Almost Barbaric.

OAKLAND, Cal., July 2.—A census in which every individual would be put to the test of reading simple paragraphs and writing simple sentences would show there are approximately 10,000,000 illiterates in the United States and almost as many near illiterates, delegates to the National Education Association's convention were told today by Mrs. Cora Wilson Stewart, Chairman of the United States Illiteracy Commission.

"In the most illiterate sections," she asserted, "conditions approach the barbaric. Marriage has no sanctity and commerce is carried on through barter and trade."

The teachers are the trustees of America's destiny, Will C. Wood, California's Superintendent of Public Instruction said in welcoming the delegates. "We must stand adamant against the attempts of men who would pay the debt of the war by discounting the educational opportunities of American boys and girls," he added.

MINNESOTA CAMPAIGN ON.

Three Senators Start Tour This Week in Johnson's Behalf.

ST. PAUL, July 2.—Three United States Senators will start campaigning in Minnesota this week for Magnus Johnson, Farmer-Labor candidate for Senator at the July 16 election. They are Lynn G. Frazier, North Dakota; Henrik Shipstead, Minnesota, and Burton K. Wheeler, Montana, and all were indorsed by the Non-Partisan League.

The Farmer-Labor party has mapped a vigorous campaign in an effort to send Johnson to the seat held by the late Knute Nelson. More than 500 meetings in two weeks are planned.

The Republicans also are preparing for a strenuous drive to elect Governor J. A. O. Preus. Speakers of national note are expected soon to aid them.

State Senator James A

MRS. C. VANDERBILT HOSTESS IN LONDON

Entertains Royalty and Noted Americans at Dinner and Dance at Brook House.

PRIME MINISTER PRESENT

Grand Duke Michael, Lord and Lady Mountbatten, Secretary Mellon and the Otto H. Kahns Among Guests.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 2.—Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt gave a dance tonight at Brook House, Park Lane, which was preceded by a dinner party. The guests included Princesses Marguerite and Theodora of Greece, Prince Paul of Serbia, Grand Duke Michael, the Duke and Duchess of Abercorn, the Earl and Countess of Arran, the Marquess of Bath, Prime Minister and Mrs. Baldwin, Belgian Ambassador and Baroness Moncheur and Baroness Kathleen Moncheur, Earl Beatty and Countess Beatty.

Franklin Ambassador and Mrs. De Gontaut-Biron, Minister and Mme. Edouard de Laboulaye, Viscount and Viscountess Chilston, Lady Cunard, Marquess and Marchioness Curzon of Kedleston and Lady Alexandra Curzon, French Ambassador and Countess de Saint-Aulaire, Lord Byng of Vimy, Colonel and Mrs. Harrison, Lord Hardinge, Italian Ambassador and Marchesse Dalle Torretta.

Also Mr. and Mrs. Otto Kahn and Miss Kahn, Andrew Mellon, Secretary of the United States Treasury, and Mrs. Mellon, the Earl and Countess of Middleton, the Marquess and Marchioness of Milford Haven, Lord and Lady Louis Mountbatten, the Marquess and Marchioness of Northampton, Lord and Lady Normanby, Prince Obolensky, the Duchess of Totnais, Marquis de Villaviela and Mr. and Mrs. Post Wheeler.

MISS HOWELL WEDS ROBERT J. MARLOW

The Bride of New York Banker in the Cathedral of the Incarnation, Garden City.

Miss Regina Wright Howell and Robert Joseph Marlow of this city were married yesterday afternoon at the Cathedral of the Incarnation, Garden City, L. I. The ceremony was witnessed by relatives and close friends of the bride and bridegroom.

The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert L. Howell of New York. Mr. Howell was formerly Senior Vice President of the National Bank of Commerce and is now a Director of that institution. He is prominent in the silk business.

Mrs. and Mrs. Marlow will reside temporarily at the Garden City Hotel.

Westervelt—Fay.

Miss Beatrice Cazin Fay, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Edey Fay of New York and Renemnah Manor, Stamford, Conn., was married to Frank Ramsey Westervelt of Nyack, N. Y., yesterday at the Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church, the Rev. William Raymond Jellife officiating.

Mrs. David Hitchcock was matron of honor and Harry K. Westervelt Jr. was best man for his brother. A reception and dinner followed at Sherry's.

The bride's father is one of the Vice Presidents of the Atlantic Mutual Insurance Company. Mr. Westervelt is the son of Mr. and Mrs. F. K. Westervelt of Nyack. He was in the aviation service during the war.

Spring—Freedman.

Dr. Percival E. Spring, chief dental and oral surgeon of the Hospital for Joint Diseases, and a son of Mrs. Frances E. Spring of 574 West End Avenue, and Miss Lillian Consuelo Freedman, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles M. Freedman, were married last Thursday at the Plaza. The couple left immediately after the wedding for a trip through Canada and Nova Scotia. The bridegroom is a brother of Dr. Maurice Spring.

Hertzsch—Gilbertson.

Mr. and Mrs. John A. Gilbertson of 605 West 178th Street, announce the marriage on last Saturday of their daughter, Miss Evelyn Elizabeth Gilbertson, to J. W. Hertzsch of Oyster Bay. The ceremony was performed at the Port Washington Presbyterian Church, the Rev. Walter H. Semple officiating. A reception followed at the home of the bride's parents. The maid of honor was Miss Kitty McKay and the bridegroom's brother, Rudolph Hertzsch, was best man.

Heymann—Feldman.

The marriage is announced of Miss Harriet Feldman, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Feldman of 1,417 Grand Concourse, and Carl Heymann, son of Mr. and Mrs. H. Heymann of this city, which took place on June 24 at the Commodore. Mr. and Mrs. Heymann, who will make their home at the Hotel Peter Stuyvesant, will leave for China and Japan the latter part of August, returning to New York the early part of 1924.

SIR RONALD STORRS MARRIES MRS. CLOWES

Governor of Jerusalem Weds Widow of Lieutenant Colonel in St. Peter's, London.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 2.—The marriage took place today at St. Peter's Church, Eaton Square, of Ronald Storrs, Governor of Jerusalem, son of the Dean of Rochester, and Mrs. Louisa, Lady Clowes, widow of Lieut.-Col. S. Clowes. The ceremony was attended by many distinguished people.

Sir Ronald Storrs made a brief visit to this country last Winter, and the purpose of his visit was to collect funds for and arouse interest in the Pro-Jerusalem Society, an organization devoted to the preservation of everything of historical interest in Jerusalem. He is 39 years old. He holds one of the most romantic posts in the world, being the successor of Pontius Pilate, who held the same post about 1,900 years ago under the Roman Government. Among his acts as Governor he has prohibited drinking here and denied a request for a concession to run trams to Bethlehem and the Mount of Olives.

Tompkins-McKean Wedding July 7.

Miss Florence Porter McKean, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Porter McKean of Troy, N. Y., and Manchester, Mass., will be married to Ralph Lewis Tompkins, son of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Lewis Tompkins of Newburgh, on Saturday, July 7, in St. Paul's Episcopal Church at Manchester. A reception will follow at the Yacht Club there.

Mr. Tompkins and his bride will make their home at 24 Gramercy Park.

Sir Bryan Donkin Weds Mrs. Bates.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 2.—The wedding took place in London last Wednesday of Sir Bryan Donkin, well-known physician, and Marie Louise, widow of Isaac Bates of Belfast and daughter of the late William Baxter of Whangarei, N. Z.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Former Governor Charles S. Whitman, who returned last week from Europe, and Mrs. Whitman have taken an apartment at the St. Regis.

Mr. and Mrs. James Lowell Putnam have closed their home and are at the St. Regis until they sail for Europe.

Harry Payne Whitney was a dinner host last evening in the Italian Garden of the Ambassador.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert C. Chatfield-Taylor, who have been at the Plaza, have gone to Watch Hill, R. I., for a few weeks.

Mrs. Richard P. Rogers gave a luncheon at Sherry's yesterday for the Prince and Princess Christian of Hesse.

Mrs. G. Coleman Hayes, Miss Marjorie Hayes and Nelson Hayes of 140 West Fifty-seventh Street have gone to East Hampton, L. I., for the Summer.

Miss Eleanor G. Brown of 36 Gramercy Park is visiting Mrs. Hayes over the Fourth.

Mr. and Mrs. Chester Dale have returned from France and will be in Southampton for the Summer.

Clarence H. Mackay will entertain at luncheon today at his country place at Roslyn, L. I., for General Henri Joseph Eugene Gouraud.

Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth O'Brien gave a dinner last evening at the Ritz-Carlton. Their guests included Mr. and Mrs. John Magee and Mr. Mackay.

Robert Livingston Gerry and Mrs. Gerry have taken a cottage for August at Saratoga for the racing season.

Mr. and Mrs. Anson W. Hard gave a luncheon yesterday for Mrs. Edward Pearson at Pierre's, where Mrs. Adrian Iselin 2d entertained for Mrs. Thomas L. Robinson.

Mr. and Mrs. Bryan L. Kennelly have come from Kennelworth, their country place at Purchase, N. Y., and are at the Lorraine for several days.

General Butler Ames of Lowell, Mass., will sail for Europe tomorrow on the Leviathan.

Colonel Frank J. Griffin, U. S. A., and Mrs. Griffin of Washington, D. C., are at the Astor before going to Atlantic City. Colonel James A. Moss, U. S. A., of Washington is also at the hotel.

Prince and Princess Bibesco are the guests of Mrs. Franklin Roosevelt at Hyde Park, N. Y. Mr. and Mrs. Adolf Miller of Washington, D. C., who were visiting Mrs. Roosevelt, have returned to their home.

Major A. D. Budd, U. S. A., and Mrs. Budd of Fort Sill, Okla., have been guests at the Biltmore. Mrs. Budd is to be at Windsor, Mass., while Major Budd accompanies General Gouraud on his six weeks' trip.

Washington.

The Counselor of the Japanese Embassy and Mme. Sebouri were hosts to a company of ten at dinner last evening at the Shoreham Hotel.

Maurice Francis Egan, former Minister to Denmark, is visiting his son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Murph, at their Summer home, Oak Rise, near Deer Park, Md.

Brig. General and Mrs. Robert Alexander have concluded their stay in Washington and are in New York for several days before leaving for the Pacific Coast.

Mrs. Francis Nash will leave the latter part of the week to spend the Summer at Atlantic City. Miss Carolyn Nash will go to Bar Harbor tomorrow for several weeks, later joining her mother. Dr. Nash will go to Atlantic City in August.

Senator and Mrs. Nathaniel Dial have closed their home in Kelorama Road and are leaving by motor for their home in Laurens, S. C.

Mrs. Charles B. Howry has joined Judge Howry at their residence in Sixteenth Street after a visit to Mrs. Scully on Long Island.

Joseph Day of New York, who is at the Shoreham Dr several days, was host there at luncheon yesterday.

Southampton.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Dana have leased the T. Gaillard Thomas villa, the Dunes, and will arrive this week.

Mrs. Henry D. Brockman has leased the Hornblower cottage in Main Street and will occupy it in a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Michael Gavin will occupy the Anson McCook Beard house in Oldtown and will arrive Friday. Mr. and Mrs. Beard sailed on the Olympic last Saturday with their children for Europe, where they will pass the Summer. Mrs. Gavin is a sister to Mrs. Beard.

Miss Ellie Mackay is the house guest of Miss Cornelia Livingston at the villa of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Goodhue Livingston, and will remain over the Fourth. Miss Mackay will pass the Summer in Scotland with her father and brother.

Mrs. George G. Whitney has taken the Corwith house in Main Street for the season.

Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Dodge and their daughter returned yesterday afternoon from a visit to Mount Kisco, where they went for the marriage of Miss Dodge to William F. C. Ewing last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Percy H. Stewart are at their villa, Seaward, in First Neck Lane.

Prince and Princess Rospigliosi were here yesterday looking for a villa for the remainder of the season.

Miss Mary Hoppin and William Warner Hoppin Jr., with Miss Genevieve Fox, have gone to Westbury, L. I., where they will be the guests the last of the week of Miss Peggy Phipps at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John S. Phipps.

Mr. and Mrs. George Howard Chase of Washington, D. C., who have been guests of James G. Farrell at his villa in Cooper's Neck Lane since last Friday, left yesterday to continue their motor trips through Canada and the western part of this country.

Mr. and Mrs. Stuart Wing, who are in the Fordham East Cottage for their first season here, will entertain friends over the Fourth. Mrs. Wing was Miss Helen Grech, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Grech of the Hedgerows in First Neck Lane.

Miss Bartlett is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Lucien H. Tyng at the Shallows, their villa in Halsey's Neck Lane.

Newport.

The tennis team from Cambridge, paired with a team from Oxford, which will meet the Yale-Harvard teams on July 13 and 14 in the Newport Casino courts in an international college tournament, will include one of the Davis Cup players from India, C. Ramaswami.

On the other hand, the American team is to have two of the players, both of them members of the Yale team, Julian K. Williams, the intercollegiate champion, and Arnold W. Jones, the national junior titleholder.

Besides Ramaswami, the Cambridge team will be made up of S. N. Lowry as Captain, M. D. Horn and J. L. Lasard. On the Oxford team there will be W. Whitby, R. Kingsley, F. Walk and S. Hepburn. James H. Van Alen was to have been a member of the Cambridge team, but he did not arrive from England.

The Harvard team will be captained by Morris Dunne, and his teammates thus far are W. W. Ingraham and K. S. Fiffman. One more is yet to be selected. There is also one to be added to the Yale team, for, besides Williams and Jones, the other member thus far is G. M. Wheeler.

Bradford Norman Jr. and Grover Loening returned to New York yesterday morning by the air line.

Mrs. Marion Oppie gave a luncheon at Beacon Rock yesterday for twenty-four guests.

John Aspegren and Stuart Duncan have returned to New York, but will be back for the Fourth.

Mrs. R. T. Wilson is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Goelet.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Parish of New York, who have arrived for the season and are occupying the Cadiz cottage on Harrison Avenue, have registered at the Casino. Other registrants there include Frederick Buell of New York, a guest of Henry Howard; Mr. and Mrs. Cardenas of Washington, who are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Sylvanus Stokes, and Mr. and Mrs. Duncan Ellsworth, who are visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. McGee Ellsworth.

Miss Bombaugh and Miss M. Lloyd Bombaugh of Baltimore have arrived at the New Cliffs for the season. Mr. and Mrs. William D. Guthrie of New York also are there.

Vincent Astor will soon go abroad, but will return to Newport later in the season.

Mrs. Daniel B. Fearing, who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Marion Oppie, has gone to Ashfield, Mass., to visit Mrs. William Turnbull.

Mr. and Mrs. Williams Burden gave a dinner at their Summer home last evening.

Crosby Kindleberger and family of Flushing, L. I., have arrived at Jamestown for the Summer.

Major and Mrs. Lorillard Spencer are occupying Major Spencer's mother's house, Chasteleux.

Frazier Jelke of New York, whose new Summer home is fast nearing completion, has registered at the Casino for the season. Mr. and Mrs. Clarence W. Dolan also registered for the season yesterday.

Miss Mary Agee is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. William Woodward at the Cloisters.

White Sulphur Springs.

The annual trap shooting week at the Maplewood Club started yesterday with many interesting entries of noted shots from all parts of the East and Canada. More than 300 arrived here for this event and unusually valuable prizes and purses are offered.

Arrivals at the Mount Pleasant House, Bretton Woods, include Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Blair, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Seibert and Mr. and Mrs. Charles C. Haddock of New York.

Mrs. L. M. Robertson of Maysville, Ky., will spend her fiftieth season at the Charles H. Cheney, Treasurer of the Cheney Silk Manufacturing Company of South Manchester, Conn., his forty-fourth season at the Sinclair House, Bethlehem.

Miss Eleanor Lowry of Newport, Mrs. William Bayliss, Mrs. Jerome D. Greene Jr. are among New Yorkers who will spend the Summer at the Profile House in Franconia Notch.

The Misses Swords of New York will arrive this week at the Mountain View House, Whitefield, for the season.

Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Andrews of New York will arrive at the Mount Washington Hotel at Bretton Woods for the opening. Charles J. Root has sent out many invitations for the dinner on Saturday evening.

George Chatillon and the Misses Chatillon of New York have left Bretton Woods for a motor tour of the mountain resorts.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank F. Shute have opened their cottage in the New Waumbek colony for the season, and Miss Ethel Drake, Mrs. Shute's daughter, will be with them.

An Appalachian Mountain Club range party, tramping over the Presidential Ranges, spent yesterday at the Mount Pleasant House and will be at the Summit House on Mount Washington tonight.

The Berkshires.

Mrs. Raimond T. Baker has gone to the circle at Shelby Mount, with New York friends including Mr. and Mrs. Sydney J. Colford Jr. They will continue later in the week on to Washington and will take an automobile trip down the coast to California.

William C. Redfield, Secretary of Commerce in President Wilson's Cabinet, and Mrs. Redfield of Brooklyn, N. Y., arrived yesterday at the Redfield homestead in Pittsfield for the month. Their daughter, Mrs. Charles K. Drury, and two children went to her camp in the Adirondacks.

Harris Fahnestock Jr. of New York, who is in his eighteenth year and will enter Harvard this Fall, was operated on for appendicitis by Dr. George D. Stewart of New York at the House of Mercy Hospital in Pittsfield yesterday. His condition is favorable.

Miss Gertrude Parsons and Mrs. Carlos M. de Heredia went to Bar Harbor yesterday, while Mrs. Frederick Schenck, Mrs. Rudolph H. Kissel Jr. and Mrs. Gurney L. Livermore motored to Welch Hill, R. I.

DINNER FOR JOSEPH PALMA.

Head of Secret Service Here Honored by His Staff.

The United States Secret Service Staff of New York City last night gave a dinner at Frasco's restaurant, 18 Beaver Street, for Joseph A. Palma, who has been head of the service here since June 1 and who before that made a name for himself in rounding up counterfeiters and mail bandits.

Judge John J. Freschi presided. The dinner was attended by 200 persons, including city, State and Federal officials. Among the speakers were Rev. Father Anthony Cataggio, Deputy United States Attorney Walter Wiane and Federal Judge Louis Fitzhenry.

Judge Freschi made known for the first time to many of those present that Palma has been decorated by the Italian Government with the Cross of Chevalier, the Order of the Crown, for his work in guarding General Diaz, Prince Undine and Marconi and other Italian notables on their visits to this country. Peter A. Rebano, who is in Mr. Palma's office, also received a cross.

Mr. Palma's staff presented him with a gold membership card of the Order of Elks.

Frollichstein-Berger Engagement.

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Frollichstein of 818 West Eighty-sixth Street have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Leona C. Frollichstein, to Josiah Berger, son of Mr. and Mrs. Barnett Berger of this city and Woodmere, L. I.

Miss Frollichstein is a graduate of Cornell University and Mr. Berger graduated from Exeter. During the war he served in the navy.

The marriage will take place in the Autumn.

REPORT ON GAYNOR HEIRESS

Late Mayor's Daughter Soon Gets Principal of $114,000 Legacy.

Supreme Court Justice Wadsworth signed an order yesterday permitting Mrs. Ruth Gaynor Kennard, youngest of the seven children of the late Mayor Gaynor, to dispose of her dower interest in property owned by her husband, John Townsend Kennard, and his sister, Mrs. H. Seaver Benjamin, at 806 West 114th Street, for $2,825. The property has been sold for $25,000.

The Court acted on a report by Mrs. Anna Oppenheimer as referee, who found that Mrs. Kennard, who is now 26 years old, has a trust fund of $114,000, left by her father, from which she draws $1,500 a year until she is 34, and then gets the principal and accumulated income, which is now $6,700. When her mother dies she and the other Gaynor children will get the Gaynor home at 20 Eighth Avenue, Brooklyn, valued at $20,000, and Royal Baking Powder stock valued at $40,000.

SARAZEN PLAYS TOMORROW

To Pair With Farrell in Match Against McLean and Kerrigan.

Gene Sarazen, national open golf champion, and Johnny Farrell, professional at the Quaker Ridge Club, will pair together in a four-ball match against George McLean and Tom Kerrigan tomorrow morning at the Briarcliff Lodge, where Sarazen is the pro.

One Overcome by Heat.

Charles Fischer, 41 years old, of 61 Beekman Street, was overcome by heat yesterday at Second Avenue and Thirty-sixth Street. He was removed to Bellevue Hospital.

Charles U. Clark in Rumanian Academy.

Charles Upson Clark has been elected an honorary member of the Rumanian Academy of Bucharest, an organization similar to the French Academy and the Institute of France.

MARGARET WILSON GOES INTO BUSINESS

Daughter of Former President Begins Work in New York Advertising Office.

Miss Margaret Woodrow Wilson, daughter of the former President, made her initial venture in the business world yesterday when she started work on the consultant staff of the Dixon Company, Inc., a national advertising and merchandising agency at 116 West Thirty-second Street.

Seated in the office of Milton H. Slow, President of the firm, Miss Wilson declared she was looking forward to her undertaking with zest and eagerness. She became interested in advertising only several months ago, she explained, but since that time has studied advertisements and has observed the advertising methods of a number of concerns to aid her in her new work.

Her father, she said, is sympathetic with her course. For approximately twelve years Miss Wilson has busied herself with civic and social work.

"This is a serious step," Miss Wilson explained, "and will be no part-time job. I expect to devote all my time to it during the day, but shall continue my civic work in the evening. I will make speeches and do everything possible to have community councils formed in every neighborhood."

Miss Wilson, who greatly resembles her father, wore an old-rose silk skirt and slipper and stockings and a large white straw hat, covered with white velvet flowers. Her only jewelry was a silver ring on the small finger of her left hand, long jade earrings and a very small circular breastpin of gold.

Miss Wilson will seek clients for the company as well as serve as a member of the consulting staff.

During the war she made a tour of the Middle West and South for the Red Cross and later another trip for general war relief work. She entertained members of the A. E. F. in Belgium and in France with her singing in 1919. Miss Wilson lives at 134 West Fourth Street.

GOLD STAR MOTHERS FOUND BIBLE SCHOOL

One Dollar Sends Child for Six Weeks—Attendance in New York Now 35,000.

Among the 300 daily vacation Bible schools which were opened yesterday morning was a "gold star school." This was made possible by a mother whose three sons, her only children, died on the battlefields. She made a generous contribution herself and induced several other gold star mothers to make a donation. The result was $500. All the mothers wished to remain anonymous.

The city branch of the gold star school is at the Home Church and Community Settlement, 548 East Eleventh Street, near Avenue B. The country branch is at Bernardsville, N. J., where a big house surrounded by several acres has been secured. Fifty of the best girls at the city branch will be sent to the country branch for this month, and fifty of the best boys will be sent there for August. The $500 will meet the expenses of both schools.

There were 125 children registered yesterday at the city branch, which was visited by the Rev. Walter M. Howlett, Secretary of the International Vacation Bible School Association.

Reports made yesterday afternoon at a conference of the 300 superintendents showed the attendance of the morning was nearly 35,000, which is 5,000 more than were expected. There are 150 schools in the metropolis and an equal number in its vicinity.

The budget for maintaining the schools in New York and vicinity was placed at $25,000, and the New York branch has $20,000 in hand.

Russell Colgate, President of the national society, made the largest single donation, $5,000. There were no large gifts to the New York branch, but there were hundreds of small gifts. Five hundred public school teachers sent a contribution, writing that they would enjoy their own vacation more knowing they had helped some little child off the streets during the hot weather.

It costs about $1 a child for the six weeks the schools are open.

110,000 ACRES THROWN OPEN

Lands in Four Western States Offered to Ex-Soldiers.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—More than 110,000 acres of public land in four Western States were thrown open today to entry by former service men. The area comprises the second largest offering of public domain for homesteading in several years. The exact dates for filing will be announced by local land offices. Lands thrown open under the order include:

California—1,000 acres in San Bernardino County, near Kelso, and in San Diego County near Campo.

Colorado—1,000 acres in Costilla County, near Garrett.

Nevada—30,000 acres in Nye County, near Carvers.

Utah—40,000 acres in Washington County, near Central.

In addition about 11,000 acres in Juab County, near Mona, Utah, will be opened to former service men after the Secretary of the Interior reclassifies the tract in accordance with public land grants to it.

NOTED ALIENIST DIES.

Dr. James G. Kiernan Was Expert for the Defense in Guiteau Trial.

CHICAGO, July 2.—Dr. James G. Kiernan, one of the country's leading alienists and psychologists, who died at his home yesterday will be buried tomorrow. Dr. Kiernan was from 1874 to 1878 assistant physician at Ward's Island, New York, and for many years was in charge of the Cook County Hospital for the Insane here. He testified regarding neurotic and insane tendencies in many famous criminal cases.

Dr. Kiernan was born in this city June 15, 1850. He studied at City College and received his medical degree from New York University in 1874. While Superintendent of the Cook County Insane Hospital he brought about the investigation of county charities in 1889 which led to the "boodle" trials and convictions of 1891. From 1890 to 1902 he was Professor of Forensic Psychiatry at the Kent College of Law in Chicago, and he held various chairs of neurology in medical colleges, at the time of his death being Professor of Mental and Nervous Diseases at Chicago Medical School.

He was expert for the defense in the Guiteau trial of 1881. Among his writings are "Was Carlyle Insane?" and "Is Genius a Neurosis?"

Gustave A. Kerker's Funeral.

Services were held yesterday at noon at the Funeral Church, Broadway and Sixty-sixth Street, for Gustave Adolph Kerker, composer and musical director, who died Friday at his home, 606 West 169th Street. The Rev. Dr. Wyle officiated. Among the many beautiful floral offerings was a wreath from Edna May, the soprano who won her first professional triumph as the leading prima donna in "The Belle of New York" in Mr. Kerker's most famous success. There were present in the chapel many persons of prominence in the theatrical and musical worlds.

Rev. U. F. W. Kitzmeyer's Funeral.

Services were held last night in St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran Church, Coney Island, for the Rev. U. F. W. Kitzmeyer, pastor of the church for fifteen years, who died Saturday of heart disease after a long illness. Mr. Kitzmeyer was born in Baltimore in 1858 and was educated at Pennsylvania State College and the Gettysburg Theological Seminary. He was married in 1882.

LINCOLN AID DIES ABROAD.

W. H. Hall Was Last Civil War Veteran to Succor President When Shot

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—A cable dispatch received by the Interior Department today through the Pension Bureau stated that William H. Hall, the last Civil War veteran who succored President Lincoln at the time of the latter's assassination had died at South Shields, England, at the age of 89 years. The pension which Hall had been receiving from the American Government will now be discontinued on account of death.

The fact that Hall assisted Lincoln the night of the great tragedy is well authenticated officially. After the shot had been fired Hall, who was sitting in the pit almost under the Presidential box, ran with three others, to the President's side and assisted in carrying him on a stretcher arrangement across the street to the house of William Peterson, taken, standing at 516 Tenth Street, where Mr. Lincoln died April 15, 1865.

ARTHUR W. MARCHMONT DIES

Author of "By Right of Sword" and Many Other Novels Was 71.

LONDON, July 2.—Arthur Williams Marchmont, the novelist, died at his home in Bath last night. He was born in 1852, and after leaving Oxford engaged in journalistic work, and he continued in 1894 to write fiction. His "By Right of Sword" was dramatized and produced in America in 1902.

Among the score of novels that came in rapid succession from Marchmont's pen, usually two appearing a year, were "A Dash for a Throne," "A Courier of Fortune," "The Man Who Was Dead," "Under the Black Eagle" and "When the Empire Crashed."

JOHN F. REDMOND DEAD.

Managing Editor of The Editor and Publisher Was a Native New Yorker

John Francis Redmond, managing editor of The Editor and Publisher, died yesterday morning at 12:40 at St. Vincent's Hospital after an illness of several months. Mr. Redmond was born in New York City Dec. 7, 1885, the son of Aiden Redmond and Catherine Morrissey Redmond. His father died when the son was about 12 years old, and while still a boy he joined The Fourth Estate, holding various positions until 1914, when he was made managing editor. During the war he served in the United States Navy, and was attached to the cable censor's office.

Frank Fowler Rogers.

Frank Fowler Rogers, 48, writer and dean of fraternity editors, died yesterday morning at his home, 7 East Eighth Street. He had been in poor health for more than a year, but had recently returned from a trip to Barbados, seemingly improved.

Born in this city, he was graduated from Leland Stanford University in 1899. Mr. Rogers became editor of The Rainbow, the magazine of the Delta Tau Delta Fraternity. He continued to serve in that capacity for nearly a quarter of a century, relinquishing his post only a few months ago because of his failing health.

Besides his editorial services for his fraternity, Mr. Rogers served for ten years as manager of the Delta Tau Delta central office in this city. He was a member of the New York Delta Tau Delta Club and the Salmagundi Club.

John Beam Vreeland.

John Beam Vreeland, who was United States Attorney for the District of New Jersey from 1904 to 1913, died Sunday night at his home in Morristown, N. J., after an illness of several months. Born in Newark in 1852, he went to the public schools and, while selling newspapers, attended law school, being admitted to the bar in 1875. Two years later he made a Federal District Attorney he had just completed a term in the State Senate. Since 1913 he practiced law in Newark. In 1876 he married Ida Estelle Kill and in 1919 he married Ida Kline Smith. Services will be held at 2:30 this afternoon at the South Street Presbyterian Church in Morristown.

The Rt. Rev. Bishop James Ryan.

ALTON, Ill., July 2.—The Right Rev. Bishop James Ryan, 76, of the Alton diocese, died today. He had been Bishop of the Alton diocese thirty-five years, coming here from Kentucky. He was born in Ireland.

Obituary Notes.

THOMAS F. BERRY, for many years head of a department for the Standard Oil Company at the Greenpoint station, died on Saturday at his home in Rockaway Beach. He was 59 years old.

EDWARD GREGORY, 74 years old, a retired shoe merchant and a Past Master of Corinthian Lodge of Free Masons, died on Saturday at his home, 241 Bergen Street, Brooklyn.

JOHN ASHTON GREENE, a retired rubber goods manufacturer and founder of the firm of Greene-Tweed Company, died on Sunday at his home, 374 Clinton Avenue, Irvington, on the eve of his ninety-seventh birthday. Mr. Greene was born in Beverly, Mass., and had lived in Brooklyn for half a century. He was the oldest Deacon in Emanuel Baptist Church and was also interested in mission work.

Mrs. SARA T. WEAVER KREPS, widow of Major Frank Kreps, who served in the Civil War, died on Sunday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Edward Arthur Hatch, 528 East Nineteenth Street, Flatbush, aged 85 years.

CHARLES EMBREE LAWRENCE, who died Sunday at his home, Boxwood, L. I., in his 78d year, was the last surviving member of James C. Lawrence and member of a family that for several generations was noted for breeding and racing trotting horses. His grandfather's Lady Suffolk is said to have been the first horse to trot in 2:30 or better.

CLINTON H. MENEELY, President of the Meneely Bell Company of Troy, N. Y., said to be the oldest bellmaker in America, died Sunday night at his home in Troy, aged 84.

L. PERCIVAL STARR, fruit grower, died yesterday of apoplexy while playing golf at Geneseo Valley Park, Rochester. He was 54 years old and lived at Williamson, N. Y.

FREDERICK G. BUCKELL is dead of paralysis at Oxford, England, according to word received here yesterday. He was 67 years old and the only child of Sir Robert Buckell, six times Mayor of Oxford, who twice was received officially in this city, by Mayors Garner and Mitchel.

THOMAS H. TYSON of 246 Springdale Avenue, East Orange, N. J., 69 years old, for many years an employe of John Wanamaker, Inc., died last night in Bellevue Hospital of pernicious inflammation, operated for an intestinal ailment. Mr. Tyson came here from London in 1883.

Born.

HYMAN—Dr. and Mrs. F. E. Hyman (nee Lois Bonn) announce the birth of a son, Marc Jay, June 30, 1923.

VAN RAALTE—Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Van Raalte of 820 West 180th St. announce the birth of a daughter, Alice, Sunday, July 1, at Mower Hospital.

Engaged.

PREVOST—RANDOLPH—Mr. and Mrs. William W. Randolph of 140 Prospect Street, East Orange, announce the engagement of their daughter, Katherine, to Mr. Stuart Allan Prevost, formerly of Montreal, Canada, now of New York.

Married.

GRENSHAW—HODGES—On Saturday, June 30, 1923, at Moreton, Va., by the Rev. Mr. H. Bates, Louise Frost Hodges, daughter of Brigadier General Henry C. Hodges Jr., retired, to Dr. James Lowry Crenshaw of Bryn Mawr College.

EASTMAN—HUNTHER—On Saturday, June 30, 1923, in New York City, by the Rev. Ralph W. Sockman, Miss Dorothy Hunther, daughter of Mrs. Caroline Mc-Coun Hunther.

EWING—DODGE—At St. Mark's Church, Mount Kisco, on Saturday, June 30, by the Rev. Dr. Frederick Wyle, rector of the church, assisted by the Rev. James M. Francis, former rector of Washington Irving Memorial Church, New York, and Mrs. Marshall Witherbee Dodge, to William F. Cochran Ewing, son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Ewing of New York.

Died.

ALLINGHAM—Marina Tuttle, Rest Haven, Atlantic Highlands, N. J., beloved wife of William E. Allingham. Service will be held at her late residence, Sunday, July 8, at 10:30 A. M. It will be an Episcopal service. Interment private.

Died.

ASTY—Christian Lodge No. 66, I. O. F., and Rebekah Lodge No. 66 are requested to attend the funeral of our late brother and sister, Charles and Mary Asty, from their late residence, 1,000 Bergen Av., on Wednesday, July 4, at 2 P. M. Interment Cypress Hills Cemetery. Members of Rebekah Lodge will meet at Odd Fellows' Hall, 9th Av. and 23d St., at 1:30 P. M. on that day.

B. WASSERLEBEN, Secretary.

LEVY—Corinthian Lodge No. 49, A. F. and A. M., are hereby summoned to attend the funeral of our late brother, Joseph Levy, from his late residence, 1,000 Lexington Av., on Tuesday, July 3, at 2 P. M. Interment Cypress Hills Cemetery. Members of Constantine Lodge, Union Chapter and Jerusalem Council are invited to attend.

HENRY LEVENSON, Master.
DAVID VORHAUS, Secretary.

LETTLE—At her residence, 1,112 Findlay Av., New York City, Clara Louise, wife of Clarence William Little, daughter of the late Edwin and Victoria Stanton of New York City and sister of Mrs. Herbert W. Gleason. Services at the house, Wednesday, July 4, at 11 A. M. Interment convenience of family.

MANTEL—Morris, beloved father of Sallie Levine, Abraham, Henry, Michael, in his 76th year. Funeral from the residence of Chas. Levine, 107 Lexington Av., at 2 P. M., Tuesday. Kindly omit flowers.

MARKS—David, on July 2, in his 49th year. Funeral notice later.

MEAD—On Sunday, July 1, 1923, Susan V., beloved daughter of the late William A. Mead and Anna Sergeant. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 1,000 Park Av., on Tuesday afternoon, July 3, at 4 o'clock. Interment private.

MYHATT—On Monday, July 2, at Ow United States Veterans' Hospital, Northport, Conn., A. B. Myhatt of New Milford, Conn., in his 68th year. Mrs. Henry E. Negele. Funeral at New Milford Thursday, July 5, at 2 o'clock standard time. Interment in Greenwood.

PALEN—Suddenly, on July 2, 1923, at West Orange, N. J., Sarah Forrest Negele, wife of George Frederick Palen, aged 57.

PECKHAM—In New York City, on July 3, 1923, Richard Townsend, beloved husband of Louise Dore and son of the late S. Townsend and Mary Wells Peckham, in his 70th year. Funeral services at All Angels' Church, west side of 81st St., on Tuesday, July 3, at 2 P. M. Interment at Utica, N. Y. Providence, R. I., papers please copy.

REDMOND—John F., on July 2, 1923, beloved husband of Alice Guthrie Redmond. Funeral from his late residence, 942 West 159th St., Wednesday, July 4. Requiem mass at 10 A. M. at the Church of Our Lady of Good Hope, 160th St. and Riverside Drive. Automobile cortege.

REDMOND—John F., The Society of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick in the City of New York announces with regret the death of their late member, John F. Redmond. The members are requested to attend the solemn high requiem mass on Wednesday, July 4, at 10 A. M., at the Church of Our Lady of Good Hope, 160th St. and Riverside Drive.

HENRY L. JOYCE, President.
WILLIAM J. COLEMAN, Secretary.

ROSENTHAL—Louise, beloved wife of Prof W. Rosenthal, Ph.D., and mother of Elsbeth Rosenthal. Funeral private.

ROGERS—Frank Fowler Rogers on Monday, July 2. Funeral service at 7 East 8th St., Tuesday, at 2 o'clock.

ROSENBLUM—Sarah (nee Franks), 1,226 60th St., Brooklyn, Sunday, 2 A. M., July 1.

SAMUELSON—On Sunday, July 1, Miriam, beloved mother of Marjorie Samuelson and devoted daughter of Rose Kerr. Funeral services at her late residence, 1,125 57th St., Brooklyn, Tuesday, July 3, at 2 P. M.

SERRANO—On July 1, Mary J. Christie de Serrano, widow of the late Juan Enrique Serrano, at her late residence, 1,126 Lexington Av., on Tuesday, July 3, at 10 A. M.

SIMONA—Harry L. (Phil), Sunday, July 1, at his residence, Baltimore, Md., beloved husband of Rose Simona, of Baltimore, Minnie Hertz and Ida Berger, of New York City. Funeral from M. Plaks Chapel, 237 Lenox Av., Wednesday, July 4, 9:30 A. M. sharp.

STEVENSON—Suddenly, Tuesday, June 26, 1923, Milton, Sydney Lamb, Minna and Virginia Stevenson. Funeral services at the residence of Sydney Lamb, Minna and Virginia Stevenson, 7 Wednesday, July 4, at 3 P. M.

SMITH—Frank, on the 29th inst., dearly beloved husband of Adele Smith (nee Fuld), and father of Mrs. Hayes Hyman and Mrs. Oscar Straus. Funeral services at the residence of the late Isaac Fuld, 1,000 Lexington Av., Wednesday, July 4, at 2:30 P. M.

STOTT—At Montclair, N. J., Monday, July 2, 1923, Charles Stott, in his 58th year. Funeral services will be held at the late residence, 18

WEAR them out? Of course you can. But you will have to haul thousands of tons many thousands of miles, and have them re-grooved, before you can say your Goodyear All-Weather Tread Solid Truck Tires are done.

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Lehon Body Co., Inc., 17 W. West St., Mount Vernon
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Nelson Truck Tire & Wheel Shop, 401 Lafayette Ave., Brooklyn
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GOODYEAR

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With your eyes—compare the size
With your tongue—compare the taste
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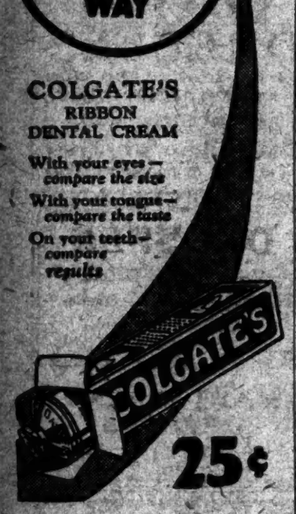

25¢

MANY NOTABLES OFF ON EUROPEAN TOUR

Aquitania Sails With Long List of Prominent Men and Women Aboard.

JIMMY WILDE RETURNS

Barney Bernard and Wife and Dr. and Mrs. Morris Leave on Vacations.

The Cunarder Aquitania leaves today at 10 A. M. for Cherbourg and Southampton with a long list of passengers, among whom are many notables from all parts of the United States.

The list includes Miss Anne McCormick, sister of Vance McCormick, former Mayor of Harrisburg, Pa.; Bishop Schrembs of the diocese of Detroit, Mich.; Chief Medical Examiner Charles E. Morris of New York, with his wife and niece, going to Austria and Italy for the Summer; Barney Bernard of "Potash and Perlmutter" and Mrs. Bernard; Jimmy Wilde, the Welsh prizefighter, who lost to Pancho Villa, and Mrs. Wilde, and ten members of the Preston family of Random Farm, Mount Kisco and New York, including Mr. and Mrs. Walter L. Preston, Messrs. Whiting, Hayden, George, Lewis and John Preston and the Misses Jean, Alice and Irene Preston.

Other prominent passengers will be Franklin K. Burke, Jr. of Forest Hills, a member of the Princeton crew; H. Asano, President of the Toyo Kisen Kaisha, and Mrs. Asano; Mrs. Harry F. Sinclair, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Crocker, Mr. and Mrs. Peter H. B. Frelinghuysen and Miss Frederica Frelinghuysen, Harry Glenby, C. C. Kurzman, Dr. and Mrs. Robert W. Lovett, Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Mallory, Frank H. Maynard and Miss Maynard, General Samuel McRoberts and Mrs. McRoberts, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore F. Merseles, Captain James A. D. Perrins and Mrs. Perrins, Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Ramsdell, Charles G. Raymond, Mr. and Mrs. J. Leonard Replogle, Mr. and Mrs. Silliu Sanger, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Stecker, Paul D. Van Anda, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Walker, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Warley, Mr. and Mrs. Emil Winter, Herbert L. du Pont, C. W. Watson, State Senator; Dr. Joseph Styber and George K. Meyers.

New Yorkers sailing on the Aquitania include: P. Lorillard, J. M. Dickinson, A. W. Chittenden, O. C. Quitanan, H. Mercer Walker, Mr. and Mrs. N. L. McCready, G. M. Boyes, E. E. Shahmoon, Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Hauptman, F. G. Hogarth, A. D. Ledoux, Mr. and Mrs. William Thel Young, Mrs. E. Benchly, Mrs. Samuel McCullough, Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Lusty, Wilfrid Eyre, Mr. and Mrs. Robert L. Hecht, Coll McDougall, Mrs. H. Ray Dennis, Mrs. Charles Scribner Jr., Gino Salvini, S. S. Cole, Mrs. Mary B. Stetson, Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Newell, Mrs. Albert A. Levi, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Boyer, A. de la Sota, Mrs. G. K. Myers, Mrs. A. Davis.

Carl Laemmle, the motion picture magnate, will go to Europe to look over some site for a scenic background for a play he has been planning for some time. He is accompanied by Mrs. Laemmle and son Julius.

Miss Dorothy Davis, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Hood, Mr. and Mrs. Bryant McCampbell, Leonard Cushing, Miss Josephine Farrell, Mrs. Grattan F. Hanford, Miss Rose Dennis, Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Well, F. R. Lyon, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Rawie, Mrs. E. Becker, Miss A. Becker, Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Dalton, Mr. and Mrs. Morris Harris, Mr. and Mrs. Strauss, P. H. Shohmenger, G. C. Eckstrom, William B. Nash, Philip H. Nash, Miss L. G. Wallace, Bruce Wallace Carroll, Mr. and Mrs. William Carleton Shanley, the Misses Regina and Lois Shanley, Marcus C. Josephs, Mr. and Mrs. Wray Cleveland, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Polson, J. P. C. Alden, Mrs. George P. Meservy.

Mr. and Mrs. S. G. Mortimer, Miss Martha H. Clark, Miss Mary Marsman, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph W. Dickson, Bert Lechner, Mrs. B. Nash, Miss Elizabeth Nash, Mrs. Jesse S. Heiman, Miss Edith Johnston, Mr. and Mrs. J. Oswald Jemines, Mr. and Mrs. David L. Luke, Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Strobeim, Mr. and Mrs. C. D Wesselner, Mr. and Mrs. David Blumenfeld, Mrs. Helen Massenat, Miss Frances Scullion, Mrs. R. H. Bateson, Mrs. Chester A. Braman, Miss Mary Barber, Mr. and Mrs. S. Harsfeld, Mr. and Mrs. John R. Russell, Richard Meyer, Mr. and Mrs. David E. Aerich, the Misses Esther, Mary, Blanca and Perla Aerich, Stocton Rush, Alexander Rush, Mrs. Emory W. Clark, Miss Elizabeth Clark, Dr. and Mrs. G. G. W. Wheter.

Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Moffett, Mrs. Robert H. Thompson, Mrs. C. M. Higgins, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Rush, Mrs. R. L. Garbatt, Mrs. M. J. Hartfield, the Misses Rosalie and Sadie Hartfield, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Lawton Coffin, Miss Elizabeth Coffin, Mrs. Sue Meyer, Leon Jobin, Mrs. William H. Chaffee, Miss Nancy Chaffee, Miss Marchis Mensing, Frank J. McCabe, James Houston, Mr. and Mrs. Dean S. Edmunds, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Henera, J. K. Simon, Mrs. S. B. Chapin, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Fraser, Samuel Freedman, George Gibbons, Simon Adler, Mr. and Mrs. Eustis Paine, Mrs. Evangeline Metcalf, William W. Bell, E. F. Hammer, Mrs. Bernard Epstein, Mrs. Margaret M. Gillick, Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Herman, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur T. Beasley, S. A. Bacon, G. G. Allen, Samuel Heller, Miss Edith R. Gibson, Mr. and Mrs. J. Nervechoung, Miss Eleanor McCune, Mrs. G. Jay Vinton, Miss Beatrice Presswood King, Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Rushmore.

Among the passengers leaving today for Gothenburg on the Swedish-American liner Stockholm are—Burc Burnell, Senator C. C. Owens, Chairman of the U. S. Trade Commission to Sweden; Folk Sundblad, Mr. and Mrs. G. Swanson, Miss Eula Thomas, Captain and Mrs. John Wilson, Rev. and Mrs. J. A. Watson, Miss Helen Streator, Dr. H. C. Sanders, Miss Ida Appell, Mr. and Mrs. A. Billing, Mrs. Vivian Cornell, Miss Cornell, Miss Mary C. Dunn, Mrs. Helen L. Flower, Harvey D. Goulder, Mrs. E. Hayward, Professor and Mrs. William Hadden, Mrs. M. M. Hendry, Colonel and Mrs. C. A. Smith, Congressman and Mrs. William D. Upshaw and Dr. Harvey D. Goulder.

JERITZA TO SAIL ON OCT. 3.

Her Health Excellent and No Change in Plans, Gatti-Casazza Cables.

Reports that Mme. Jeritza of the Metropolitan Opera "would not sing again before the end of the year," following an operation for appendicitis on June 11 last in Vienna, were set at rest yesterday by those in charge of the opera company's offices here.

General Manager Gatti-Casazza cabled from Milan yesterday to Edward Ziegler that there had been no change in the prima donna's plans for next season. Mr. Gatti made no reference to any operation whatever.

"Mme. Jeritza's health is excellent," said the message, "and she will sail for New York on the steamship Majestic on Oct. 3."

The singer, according to foreign reports, has been singing lately both in Vienna and Budapest.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"Vanities of 1923," which was to have opened at the Earl Carroll Theatre last night, will open on Thursday instead.

George M. Cohan's two productions, "So This Is London!" and "Little Nellie Kelly," will end their respective engagements at the Hudson and Liberty Theatres this week.

J. C. and Elliott Nugent will again tour in "Kempy" during the early part of the season and will each be seen in new comedies about midseason.

Rudolph Schildkraut will appear with Boris Thomashefsky's Jewish company at the Bayes Theatre during the coming season.

Viola Tobin will play the leading feminine role in Edward Laskey's Empire, Inc., in which Robert Ames will have the chief role.

Plans are being made for the production next fall of "The Irish Jew," a comedy by John Kane Dunlap, first produced two years ago in Dublin.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Cuticura Talcum To Powder And Perfume

To soothe and cool the skin and overcome heavy perspiration, dust lightly with this pleasingly scented powder. It imparts a delicate lasting fragrance and leaves the skin refreshed and cool.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: "Cuticura, Boston." Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

Qildag Graphited Motor Oil

contains a very small quantity of the smoothest lubricant known, Defloculated Acheson Graphite. This pure graphite, in particles so fine that the microscope scarcely shows them, circulates to every part of the motor, forming a surface on bearing parts that makes them run smoothly and quietly and protects them from wear. Send for free booklet.

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Price reduced to 30c. per quart

TO LAY OUT WORLD FLIGHT.

Lieuts. Nutt and Crumrine Will Make Pathfinding Tour for Army.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The War Department today announced that Lieutenants Clifford Nutt and Clarence E. Crumrine of the Army Air Service have been selected to proceed on a "pathfinding trip," which will take all Summer, to gather data for a proposed airplane trip around the world.

Both of these officers are experienced cross-country pilots and both were members of the flying expedition from New York to Nome, Alaska, and return, in the year 1920, headed by Captain St. Clair Street.

The itinerary of Lieutenants Crumrine, who is now stationed at McCook Field, Dayton, Ohio, will be from the United States to the British Isles, thence to Greenland, Iceland, the Faroe Islands, France, Italy, Canada and back to the United States.

Lieutenant Nutt, now on duty in the Philippine Islands, will go to Japan, thence to the Kurile Islands, the Aleutian Islands and Alaska, returning over the same route.

Three army teams have been entered in the national balloon race to be held at Indianapolis, Ind., on Independence Day. The teams are: Captain Lester T. Miller, pilot, and Lieutenant C. M. Brown, aid; Lieutenants Robert Olmstead, pilot, and John W. Shoptaw, aid, and Lieutenants James B. Jordan, pilot, and Max F. Meyer, aid. Lieutenant Joseph P. Bailey, the operations officer, will act as an alternate.

The teams finishing one, two and three will represent the United States in the international balloon race to be held in Brussels, Belgium, on Sept. 23 next.

7 HURT IN TROLLEY CRASH.

One Victim in Hospital Following Collision in Bronx.

Seven persons, one a woman, were injured last night when a northbound Westchester Avenue car was struck by a northbound Webster Avenue surface car at Third Avenue and 137th Street, the Bronx. There were about forty passengers in each car and many were thrown from their seats.

Harry Frankenstein, 28 years old, of 1,100 West Farms Road, conductor on the Westchester Avenue car, suffered a possible fracture of the skull and was taken to Lincoln Hospital.

The cars were of the open type and Frankstein, who was standing on the running board of the Westchester Avenue car, was thrown to the street.

The police did not learn the name of the motorman of the Webster Avenue car. Their theory was that he had misjudged the distance between the two cars and applied the brakes too late to prevent the collision.

HELD AT 70 FOR 8TH TIME.

Arrest Woman With Seven Convictions as She Quits Workhouse.

Mrs. Anna L. Vogelin, 70, was arraigned yesterday before Magistrate Thomas F. McAndrews in Yorkville Court on a charge of grand larceny and held in $2,500 bail for examination today.

Her police record dates back to June 11, 1884, when, as Carrie Morse, she was sentenced to two years on Blackwells Island. Since then she has been convicted seven times, mainly for persuading women to give her money to buy stock on margin and then failing to do so.

Mrs. Mathilda Jacobson of 42 Lexington Avenue, charged Mrs. Vogelin with swindling her out of $100 on Jan. 26, 1922. Mrs. Vogelin was released from the Workhouse yesterday and as she stepped ashore from the Eighty-sixth Street ferry, Manhattan, she was arrested on Mrs. Jacobsen's complaint by Detective John Forst.

MORE RABBIS NEEDED.

Only Three Seminary Graduates and Forty-Eight Vacant Pulpits.

Special to The New York Times.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., July 2.—Reporting for the Placement Committee at the annual Rabbinical Assembly of the Jewish Theological Seminary of America, at the Scarborough Hotel, this city, this afternoon, Rabbi Louis Finkelstein, class of 1919, told his hearers that there were forty-eight open pulpits in America waiting to be filled and only three graduates this year. "We cannot get enough rabbis to fill our temples," he said.

President Louis Epstein urged the establishment of a publication to encourage scholarship and schooling among American rabbis and the harmonization of traditions with life.

Mayor Clarence J. Housman welcomed the 300 delegates who are here for a three-day stay.

DERAILING DELAYS TRAINS.

N. Y., N. H. & H. Engine Mishap Retards Thousands of ersons.

Several thousand commuters arrived late for work yesterday when the electric locomotive of the second section of a New York, New Haven & Hartford train, bound from Boston to New York via Springfield, was derailed at Sixty-fourth Street and Park Avenue. The accident occurred about 8 A. M. on Track 2. Although incoming trains were switched to another track, traffic was delayed from thirty minutes to an hour on all inbound tracks.

A train from Stamford and another from New London were brought into the city via the Harlem River branch from New Rochelle to Hunt's Point. Traffic between Mount Vernon and New York was almost completely paralyzed. Hundreds of commuters in that section walked across country to the subway or elevated stations. Officials were unable to account for the accident.

Woman Acquitted of Murder.

Mrs. Augusta Nicol, 23, of 232 Jefferacquitted by a jury in the Hudson County Court, Jersey City, on a charge of murder as a result of the death of her husband, Thomas Nicol, 29, who died on Christmas Day from a bullet wound. It is alleged that during a quarrel on Dec. 9 last Mrs. Nicol had shot her husband after he had attempted to shoot her.

"Fashions of 1924" on July 16.

A musical production entitled "Fashions of 1924" will be presented at the Eyceum Theatre on Monday night, July 16, by Alexander Leftwich. Harry B. Smith and Ted Snyder are the authors, and the cast will include James Hussey, Edith Tallaferro, Carlotta Monterey and Marie Nordstrom.

ADVERTISEMENT.

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Your food won't do you good unless you enjoy it. Before eating you feel the need of something

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Made since 1824 from the same formula. It's right there when you feel the need of a good dependable tonic.

For Sale by all Drug, Delicatessen and Grocery Stores.

Send for free sample

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12 East 46th St., New York City

THE SCREEN

Skiing in the Alps.

"THE CHASE," a story of the Alps; "Ivan the Great," something about the life of a great bear; "The Cuckoo's Secret," showing a lazy female bird; Hodge Podge, "Speed Demons"; orchestral and vocal selections. At the Capitol.

Three films of exceptional merit figure on the program this week at the Capitol in addition to the usual orchestral music, vocal renditions and ballet dancing.

The longest picture is called "The Chase," and in it marvelous sliding, jumping and trudging on skis is shown. Jacob Kabian is responsible for this Alpine production, now being shown for the first time in America. In it, to give an idea of the story, the producer has conceived the notion of an expert ski jumper playing the fox to eight others, who are the hounds. The fox is Hans Schneider, and he has half an hour's start on the hounds. The manner in which he dashes along the untrodden snows, shoots over hills into valleys, walks up inclines, always as sure of himself as if he were running on the roads, is thrilling even when his efforts are seen from a seat in the Capitol.

According to the game of fox and hounds on skis, the hunds must not only catch the fox, but they must get his "brush," or cap. Schneider, as one might imagine, gets a fine start in thirty minutes. During that time he essays to give his pursuers a false idea of the direction he has taken, although red paper discs must be placed at certain intervals. The work of the hounds is something to admire, for although they dash along close together, they arise from their falls with singular ease and agility. They are shown one instant looking like black ants on the great white space and the next sequence has them speeding toward the camera at the rate of an express train. It is a girl, who apparently does not take part in the full distance of the chase, who captures the fox just as he is taking a snooze in a hut. She tracked him through a tack placed on one of his skis.

Just as interesting as the Alpine picture is an English film entitled "The Cuckoo's Secret." It is a record of this lazy, greedy, selfish bird's life. The producer observes that the cuckoos come to England in the Spring. (One hears them mocking bad shots from the fringes of the golf links.) He shows a cuckoo searching for a comfortable nest in which to lay her egg. She picks a titlark's home, where there is a little family, the mother away searching for food. The egg is laid, making the nest pretty cramped for the little ones. Then comes mother titlark, who looks at the egg, and although slightly flabbergasted at its being there, decides to do as she would want to be done by. So she squats on the big egg. The baby cuckoo comes along, and at his earliest age he proves his selfishness and ingratitude by kicking out of the nest his foster brothers and sisters. There is a remarkable "shot" of the little mother sitting on her foster child, who is about fifteen times as big as she is. This is a production well worth seeing, as it is filled with interesting details of this lazy bird with an interesting cry.

Another film of considerable appeal is Ivan the Great, one of Harold McCracken's Alaskan productions. Ivan is a great brown bear, whose antics seem almost playful, but who on the slightest provocation—meaning just getting near enough to a man who is without a gun—will hug him, and, after the iron-maidenlike embrace, devour him.

FRENCH INSTITUTE TO BUILD

Ten-Story Structure to House a Museum and Art Gallery.

The French Institute in the United States has filed plans with the Manhattan Bureau of Buildings for the construction of a ten-story building at 20 and 22 East Sixtieth Street. The site, which is owned by the institute, has a frontage of 44 feet and a depth of 100 feet.

A museum, art gallery, lecture hall and clubrooms will occupy the first five stories of the new building, while the upper five floors will contain offices. McDougall Hawkes is President of the institute, Joseph H. Freedlander, the architect, has estimated the cost at $375,000.

1,000 GUARDSMEN GASSED.

Eyes Smart, Tears Flow When Tube Is Upset at Peekskill.

PEEKSKILL, N. Y., July 2.—Nearly 1,000 members of the 106th Infantry of Brooklyn, attending a lecture by Lieutenant W. S. Barnett on chemical warfare at the State camp here today, were gassed when a tear gas tube was inadvertently upset.

Some managed to get masks on in time, but those who did not shed real tears and suffered from smarting eyes. Wind carried the gas to the rifle range a half mile away, where the 105th Infantry was firing, causing a suspension of rifle practice.

No serious effects were reported, as this particular gas is comparatively harmless.

EASTMAN EMPLOYES GET $1,700,000 IN DIVIDENDS

15,000 in All Parts of World Share—Stock Dividends Total $4,500,000.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., July 2.—The Eastman Kodak Company will give approximately $1,700,000 to its employes today under the wage dividend plan. Fifteen thousand employes in all parts of the world will benefit. Stock dividends amounting to $4,500,000 also will be distributed at the same time.

In addition to these two items, $200,000 will be paid in stock dividends to employes on 10,000 shares which George Eastman, treasurer, set aside for those who had been with the concern two years or more.

Dividends distributed today are the regular quarterly payments of $1.25 on each share of common, plus 75 cents extra dividend. The preferred holdings will pay one and one half per cent.

The wage awards are 13 per cent of the five years' pay of each employe, providing he has been in the employ of the company for that period.

MOTION PICTURES.

ROUNDS of APPLAUSE for

Presented by CARL LAEMMLE
Directed by RUPERT JULIAN

Universal Super-Jewel with MARY PHILBIN and NORMAN KERRY

Special Presentation IMPRESSION VIENNOISE

RIVOLI CONCERT ORCHESTRA
Dance Divertissement

Our apologies to those unable to secure seats for the triumphant opening

RIVOLI—NOW

216TH & 217TH SHOWINGS
"The Covered Wagon"
A Paramount Picture
CRITERION B'way & 44th St. Twice Daily 2:30-8:30 Mats. Exc. Sat. & Sun. 50c to $1.10. Sun. MATS. 2 All Seats Reserved Eves., $1.10 to $1.65

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CRITERION THEATRE—Now Showing
McBRIDE'S
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STADIUM SYMPHONY CONCERTS
N. Y. Philharmonic Orchestra
WILLEM VAN HOOGSTRAATEN, Conductor
LEWISOHN STADIUM, Amst. Ave. & 138 St.
Every Evening at 8:30, Beginning Thursday, July 5th
OPENING NIGHT
Tchaikovsky 5th Symphony
Wagner—Handel—Strauss
PRICES, 25c, 50c, $1.00

B'way at 41st St. B. F. KEITH VAUDEVILLE
DAVID BELASCO'S "THE GIRL OF THE GOLDEN WEST"

LOEW'S STATE B'way at 45th St. Cont. 11:30 to 11:30
BETTY COMPSON in "THE RUSTLE OF SILK"
JIMMY SAVO
Fred Lindsay & Co.
Billy Hughes & Co., Others

LUNA CONEY ISLAND
SPEND YOUR FOURTH AMONG ITS 7 WONDERS
PRYOR'S BAND—BIG FREE CIRCUS. TAKE YOUR PLUNGE IN ITS POOL.

STEEPLECHASE CONEY ISLAND
The Funny Place
SURF and POOL BATHING

PALISADES AMUSEMENT PARK
Open West 125th St. Ferry. Many Free Attractions
Salt Water Surf Bathing 9 A. M. to 11:30 P. M.

To the Public

As a result of the great public interest in Mrs. Reid's personal message and the innumerable requests to hear her speak received by the N. Y. Committee of the Los Angeles Anti-Narcotic League, Mrs. Reid has accepted their invitation and will speak at each presentation of her photo drama "Human Wreckage" during the week.

LYRIC Times Sq. Tues., 42d St., W. of B'way Twice Daily, 2 20-8:30
500 Reserved Orch. Seats, Mats. 83c 500 Reserved Orch. Seats Evgs. $1.10

RIVOLI Broadway at 49th St. Public and press acclaim Universal's "MERRY-GO-ROUND" with Mary Philbin, Norman Kerry and star cast. Exquisite prologue.

CAPITOL EMIL JANNINGS in "PETER THE GREAT" drawing capacity crowds. Keaton comedy and other numbers. Rissenfeld's Classical Jazz.

RIALTO, Broadway at 42d St.

MARK STRAND B'way & 47th St. "WANDERING DAUGHTER." DEN TORMIN'S "What Is to Be" Wanderlas Say This Evening" Strand Symphony Orchestra.

PLAZA Mad. Ave. & 59th St. LON CHANEY in "THE SHOCK"

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Broadway at 30th St.
Dancing "Everyone wants to see you!" Music
Quaintest Place in America
Delicious Chicken and Shore Dinner, $2.00. All Day
Baby Broilers, Ducks, Turkey, Fruit and Vegetables From Our Own Farms.
SEA FOOD DIRECT FROM OCEAN TO TABLE—LEXINGTON 3530

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BROOKLYN'S LARGEST HOTEL
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Interborough (7th Ave.) Subway Station in building
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Cuisine of the Best

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Between Central Park & Riverside Drive. SUBWAY STATION at 86th ST. COR. ELEVATED STATION—2 Blocks 86th St. Largest and Most Attractive Midtown Hotel, Within Ten Minutes of All Shops and Theatres.
Furnished and Unfurnished Suites For Permanent and Transient Residence 2, 3, 4 & 6 Rooms, 1 or 2 Baths may be leased on a yearly basis at a substantial saving.
During Summer months 500 rooms with private bath at special Summer rates.
Restaurant of Highest Standard.

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Here one has the comfy feeling of individual attention cheerfully rendered; the rooms are charming and homelike, the service personal, an air of interest being shown for the guest, an interest impossible in a larger hostelry.
Running Water or Bath with Every Bedroom. $2.00, $2.50 to $3.50 per day. Living Room if Desired.
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Bus, surface lines and Subway one block distant. Close to Central Park and the Drive.
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Swept by breezes from the Hudson River. Cool, Clear Air.
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Bet. 94th and 95th Sts.
Subway Express Station at 96th St.

HOTEL Rutledge
Lexington Ave. at 30th St.
Phone Lexington 9670
For Gentlewomen Exclusively
Nowhere excelled in comfort and attentiveness. Carefully planned to please the good taste of modern women. Accessible and quiet. Personal inspection invited.
Without bath, $10.00 per week. With bath, $15.00 per week up.
European Plan.
Generous Discounts to Permanent Guests on American Plan.

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35-37 WEST 64TH ST., N. Y. CITY
Between Broadway and Central Park Stations, "L" & 7th Av. Subway at 59th St.
CLEAN—QUIET—FAMILY HOTEL.
PRIVATE SHOWER and TUB BATHS
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Bookings Now Being Made at 2067 BROADWAY
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"Safest bet in town."—World.

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EARL CARROLL'S
VANITIES of 1923
SEATS NOW SELLING AT BOX OFFICE

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GEORGE M. COHAN Presents
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The Musical Speed Show. ADRIENNE
SEATS 8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE

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GEORGE M. COHAN'S COMEDIANS in "LITTLE NELLIE KELLY"

GAIETY B'way & 46th Street. Evs. at 8:50. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. at 2:30.
CYRIL MAUDE in "AREN'T WE ALL"
Frederick Lonsdale's Brilliant Comedy.

The Comedy Smash! 275th Performance Thursday Night
MERTON OF THE MOVIES
CORT THEATRE, 48th St., E. of B'way. Evgs. 8:40. MATINEE TOMORROW.
with GLENN HUNTER FLORENCE NASH

GLOBE EDITION DE LUXE GEORGE WHITE'S SCANDALS POP. MATS. TOM'W & SAT., 2:30.

SAM H. HARRIS Presents ICEBOUND
Owen Davis' Warm-Hearted Play. 400 Times.
SAM H. HARRIS Thea., W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:15. LAST WEEK.
The 1923 Pulitzer Prize Play
Seats at Box Office $1 to $2.50.

SAM H. HARRIS Presents IRVING BERLIN'S MUSIC BOX REVUE 296 TIMES
MUSIC BOX THEATRE West 45th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat., 2:15.
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COOLEST AND MOST COMFORTABLE THEATRE IN THE WORLD.
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AMERICA'S ANNUAL REVUE

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CASINO B'way at 39 St. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Tom'w & Sat. 2:30.
THE SEASON'S TRIUMPH! Arthur Hammerstein's Musical Hit!
WILDFLOWER with EDITH DAY

SELWYN Thea., W. 42d St. Evgs. at 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat. at 2:30.
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Last 2 Times GO-GO APOLLO THEATRE, W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Wed. & Sat.
Bernard Granville, Dee Barclay, May Boley.

GARRICK Thea., 65 W. 35th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30.
BERNARD SHAW'S THE DEVIL'S DISCIPLE

TIMES SQ. 42 St. W. of 7 Av. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
325 TIMES FOOL
By CHANNING POLLOCK

BOOTH West 45th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
JOHN GOLDEN Presents
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BELMONT 48th St. W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Thurs. & Sat.
IT'S A COMEDY
H. B. WARNER in YOU and Lenita Wales
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Maxine Elliott's 39th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:15.
SAM H. HARRIS Presents
JEANNE EAGELS IN "RAIN"
274 TIMES. Staged by John D. Williams

REPUBLIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30.
ANNE NICHOLS' LAUGHING SUCCESS
Abie's Irish Rose
THE PLAY THAT PUT U ON HUMOR

TAYLOR HOLMES 39th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
The Season's Laughing Hit.
"NOT SO FAST"

QUEZON ATTACKS GEN. WOOD'S POLICY

Head of Philippine Senate Says He Mixes Unduly in Domestic Affairs.

EXECUTIVE VETO AN ISSUE

Another Is Wood's Closing of National Bank Branches—No Break, Says Governor.

MANILA, July 2 (Associated Press).—Manuel Quezon, President of the Philippine Senate, today charged Governor General Leonard Wood with unduly interfering in the domestic affairs of the Philippines and predicted a split between the Governor General and the Legislature if the present Administration policy was continued.

The head of the Senate took issue with the use of the Executive veto in matters purely domestic and the Governor General's insistence on closing branches of the National Bank of the Philippines.

The present form of Government in the Islands, under which the Governor General is not responsible to the people and the elected representatives of the people are not responsible to the Governor General, cannot continue, according to Senator Quezon. He holds that either the Legislature or the Governor General must be made responsible for, and must have the requisite authority to carry out, all policies.

"If the Governor General is to have absolute authority in domestic affairs, it will be as well to abolish the Legislature altogether, since then it would be a mere machinery of power," he said.

Governor General Leonard Wood refused to be interviewed after his return from his trip, but it is reported that his party had not felt the typhoon, as the ship was south of the storm belt.

General Wood told The Associated Press that there had been no break with the Governor General, President of the Senate or with the Legislature. All work between the Governor General and the legislative members had gone along "very well."

"I read Quezon's statement with surprise," he said. "We have been working harmoniously and I appreciate the co-operation of the legislators."

On his trip south General Wood visited the majority of the southern provinces and many remote districts. He visited the scene of the recent Moro fanatical disturbance, where, he said, everything now is orderly and quiet. There are only a half dozen of the followers of the fanatical leader Akkara. Instigator of the disturbances, at large. Akkara is under the order of execution for murder and some thieves than peace disturbers.

One person was killed, one sailboat confiscated and practically all telegraph and telephone lines outside the city were destroyed by the typhoon which raged here for two days. A survey today disclosed the weather has cleared, but communication still is interrupted. Serious damage was done by the typhoon in the northern provinces, it is believed here. There was no serious property damage in Manila.

WANT RAIL HEARING DELAY.

New England Governors Ask Time to Study Proposed Mergers.

AUGUSTA, Me., July 2.—The Governors of the New England States, excepting New Hampshire, tonight sent a telegram to the Interstate Commerce Commission requesting postponement of the proposed hearing on railroad consolidation "to give sufficient opportunity to the citizens of New England, to the public and commercial organizations and to all others interested, to study the facts to be presented at the New England Governors."

This report was made yesterday to the assembled Governors at Poland Spring by James J. Storrow, Chairman of the New England Railroad Committee named by the Governors to study the New England transportation problem. The telegram also recommended rehabilitation of the Boston & Maine and the New York, New Haven & Hartford as a step toward the consolidation of the two roads into a New England system. Consolidation of New England roads with trunk lines was disapproved.

A statement signed by all the Governors except Governor Brown of New Hampshire was issued tonight calling the plan of the committee "the first complete constructive suggestion that has been made for the rehabilitation of the New Haven and Boston & Maine roads."

The Governors are to meet in Boston early in August for further discussion of the situation.

SMASHES 1,000 GLASSES.

Fine for Small Previous Breakage Angered Bus Boy—Locked Up.

Because the manager deducted a few cents from his wages as payment for several drinking glasses he broke in an uptown restaurant at 49 Trinity Place, Stanislaw Zarovich, 29, former bus boy at the place, at Twenty-sixth Street, last night smashed 1,000 glasses valued at $100.

The noise and confusion among patrons attracted Patrolman Bornkamp, who arrested Zarovich on a charge of malicious mischief.

The manager said Zarovich had been discharged last week.

MISSING PERSONS.

The following persons were reported as missing yesterday to the police:

EMANUEL TLEIT, 23 years old, 141 East 103d Street; 9 A. M., July 1; 5 feet 4 inches, 125 pounds; brown eyes, dark brown hair, dark complexion; gray suit, black shirt, white collar with dots, black tie; carried in his pocket a check for $100 signed by Mrs. Rose Tleit; brown shoes and stockings, straw hat.

ANNA M. MURRAY, 19 years old, 1427 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn; 2 P. M., June 27; 5 feet 6 inches, 134 pounds; blue eyes, light brown bobbed hair, dark complexion; light yellow waist, navy blue skirt; black patent leather shoes, black silk stockings, red hat.

THOMAS HALL, 75 years old, 5 Kings County; 6 P. M., July 1; 6 feet 2 inches, 180 pounds, blue eyes, gray hair, small white mustache, long nose; dark clothes, striped trousers, dark gray vest, white striped shirt, black lace shoes, gray woolen stockings, straw hat.

JOHN G. GAUTASSERA, 80 years old, 1 Fifth Avenue; 9 P. M., June 26; 5 feet 9 inches, 140 pounds, brown eyes, black hair, black mustache, fair complexion; dark suit, black lace shoes, brown stockings, straw hat.

CLAUDIUS CAPALLIGENTES, 32 years old, 1 Bond Street; 7:30 P. M., June 26; 5 feet 5 inches, 130 pounds, brown eyes, black hair, dark complexion; blue shirt, white collar, black tie, black shoes and stockings, gray hat.

ANTHONY GORDINOLI, 16 years old, 1,262 East Chester Road; 9 A. M., July 1; 5 feet 2 inches, 125 pounds, brown eyes, black hair, dark complexion; blue serge suit, white collar, black tie, black shoes and stockings, gray hat.

RAMSEY PYRKA, 19 years old, 19 Rutgers Place; 10:30 A. M., June 30; 5 feet 10 inches, 160 pounds, gray eyes, brown hair, dark complexion; light brown kakipants, tan shoes, black stockings.

JOHN DEMONE, 17 years old, 8 Pennsylvania Avenue, Brooklyn; 5 P. M., June 30; 5 feet 6 inches, 130 pounds, gray eyes, dark hair, dark complexion; light suit, white shirt, black tie, black felt shoes, black shoes and socks, dark cap.

FRANCIS BERRY, 19 years old, 264 Hull Street, Brooklyn; 2 P. M., June 30; 5 feet 10 inches, 160 pounds, black eyes, black hair, medium complexion; black striped suit, black tie, gray canvas, black shoes and stockings.

DOMINIC GRANDEO, 14 years old, 440 Bergen Street, Brooklyn; 5 P. M., July 1; 5 feet 3 inches, 90 pounds, black eyes and hair, thin face, white collar and tie, blue pants, black shoes and stockings, gray cap.

JOSEF BERNSTEDITZ, 13 years old, 168 Avenue B, Brooklyn; 5 P. M., June 29; 5 feet 2 inches, 90 pounds, brown eyes and hair, dark complexion; white striped shirt, brown striped pants, brown shoes and black stockings, light cap.

BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday ..... per cent. for the best names
Saturday ..... per cent. for the best names
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Type of Buying a Factor.

While present indications are that dresses and coats will be most popular this Fall, it is not believed that suits will be neglected. This despite the fact that suits during the Spring were not in as much demand as was expected. The bulk of the probable suit business, however, is thought likely to be confined to the higher grades. It is pointed out that, in some respects, the way buyers operate has considerable to do with the choice between dresses and suits. Experience has proved, it is said, that, when hand-to-mouth buying prevails, dresses are more popular because they are manufactured more rapidly, require a longer production period and, therefore, forward orders are needed for them. Moreover, quick turnover all along the line from piece goods to the consumer has made dresses popular with retail distributers.

Jewelry Trade Did Well.

The end of the half-year found leading manufacturers in the jewelry trade considerably ahead of the same period for last year in the amount of business done, the gain in some cases amounting to nearly 50 per cent. The consequence is that they are in a very optimistic state of mind and are laying plans for another busy six months. At the moment things are rather quiet, but there is a constant sale of flexible platinum bracelets set with diamonds or with diamonds in combination with small colored stones. There seems to be little figure in the purchase of this merchandise, consumers of the wealthier type apparently being willing to pay whatever is asked for the prices they want.

Platinum Reaches Record Levels.

With the exception of the days of the war when, before the Government took control of the supply and fixed the price, platinum soared to dizzy heights that metal has never been so expensive as it is at present. In other words, a new high price level for normal times has been reached. The current prices are $110 an ounce for the soft metal, $125 an ounce for the medium and $136 an ounce for the hard. These figures represent an advance of at least $5 an ounce over the previous high records for normal times. Iridium, which is used a great deal for hardening platinum to make it more workable, is quoted at $300 an ounce.

May Have Fashion Service.

The various district associations of the Merchants' Association Knitted Outerwear are now being polled on the proposition of whether or not the organization should have its own foreign fashion service. The suggestion of such a service was made by B. Stebbins of the Royal Knitting Mills, and the idea was so well thought of that the proposition was put to vote. If the service is favored, the necessary steps will be taken to keep the members supplied with information about what the big Paris style-makers are working on, and it is expected that this information will do a great deal toward promoting still further the rapid growth which knitted outerwear here has seen in the last few years. The outlook in this industry for Fall is said to be unusually bright, the buyers entering the new season with very little carryover.

Flare Effects Proving Popular.

In girls' coats ranging up to 14 years, those having the flare effect are considered likely to prove popular. Buyers who have operated for Fall in these goods are said to have preferred this style. Polaires, tweeds, chinchillas and bolivias are the fabrics which have been used mostly, with a series of browns leading in the colors desired. Raccoon collars in shawl fashion have been among the leaders of the fur-trimmed garments in the medium-priced range. Although many manufacturers have included in their lines garments of colonnaward bolivias, some buyers are said to be fighting shy of these, owing to doubt as to their giving entire satisfaction. The same thing is said to be happening in the case of some chinchillas, which were declared yesterday by a well-known merchandise manager to lack a pleasing finish, although cheaper in price.

Are Buying Women's Shoes.

Although very little was done in the shoe trade yesterday, due to the proximity of the holiday, it was said that somewhat more activity was seen last week in the buying of Fall footwear for women than earlier reports had given credence. The business done then, together with that previously booked, showed a strong preponderance of demand for strap pumps of all kinds. Next to them came goring pumps, but the call for the latter was much smaller than that for the straps. All shades of brown are seen in the Fall purchases, with black ones also well thought of by buyers. Oxfords are not having a normal advance sale for Fall due to unsold stocks, as a result of the cold Spring, in the hands of the retailers.

Cut Straw Hat Prices.

In spite of the efforts made to stave off price cutting of men's straw hats until Aug. 1, all of the large local chain stores instituted their prices yesterday. The action had been expected, as on Friday last a movement to hold off the slashing came to naught. Several of the department stores and at least one of the specialty stores, however, had made reductions earlier. In one instance, according to the announcement made, the lowering amounted to one dollar below the price made at the beginning of the season. The other chain stores contented themselves with quoting the new figures without making comparison with the earlier prices. The action taken corresponds to that of last year, when prices were also cut just before the July 4th holiday.

Preparing Retail Advertising.

Widely varying methods and lack of systematic procedure in handling the advertising departments of a large number of retail stores are shown in a summary of advertising organization study by W. R. Hotchkin, issued yesterday as part of the Data Book of the Advertising Group of the National Retail Dry Goods Association. It is suggested that many stores would do well in following more standardized methods of good practice. Of the 40 tables on which the summary is based. Incidentally, the statement is made that the percentage of advertising cost to gross sales averages around 3 per cent.

Long Line Effects Are Varied.

While long lines are predominant features of Fall suits, there is quite a tendency to develop variations of them in order to put added life into a mode that has prevailed for some time. The jackets are from 30 to 40 inches, the majority of them going to seven-eighths lengths, but quite a few being shown in the short, hip version. The skirts usually are of the straightline type, but something approaching the wrap-around style has been developed in some of the models. Pockets come in for accentuation in various ways. The three-piece style is being shown principally in the higher grades. For them a high grade silk is used for the bodice effect. With the less expensive models being the fabrics utilized.

Gray Goods Were Quiet.

The combination of the approaching holiday and the break in cotton, following the giving out of the Federal report on the crop condition of the staple, combined to keep trading at a low ebb in this market yesterday. Few, if any, sales of gray goods were made, and even unimportant trading was scattered. Second hands were said to be willing to take as low as 11 cents for 39-inch 68-72 printcloths, with first hands asking an eighth more. In the other printcloth constructions, second hands were reasonable in bids of 9¾ cents for 35-inch 64-60s. Sheetings were quiet, but based on 7½ cents for 36-inch 3.50s, while in the specialties 12 cents was the nominal price for 42-yard sateens.

Cut in Straw Prices.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 2.—Keenan's, Inc., women's wear dealer of Troy, cuts $18,000 and have $18,000 fire insurance in assets, according to a petition in bankruptcy filed against the firm today by New York creditors.

Fred A. Gabriel and Myron H. Tyre, builders of Albany, filed a voluntary petition with liabilities of $12,139 and assets of $4,304.

JUDGMENTS.

Filed yesterday; the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Bailey, William and Nt. Surety Co.—Pay. pla. $50.....$300.00
Barnades, Abraham—D. Atlas et al.....$1,347.80
Burns, Thomas and Marguerite E. Burns—H. Katz.....$982.76
Goodwin, Peter M.—Metropolitan Playhouse Corp. et al.....$118.75
Bauer, Walter M.—Carmosa & Lindstrom.....$1,000.00
Ohlman, Harry—S. Blum.....$1,000.00
Carson, Inc., A. and Nt. Surety Co.—C. D. Jones, costs.....$128.10
Cohen, Rebecca—Pacific Bank.....$388.79
Cohen, Harris—Atlas Fire Frame, Inc.....$395.76
Clark, Morris S.—Stern Bros.....$806.90
Cohen, Harry and Samuel (Become St. Pipe Works)—Power, Waghuman, Rosenkrantz Co.....$1,000.00
Cohen, Louis J.—L. Hittenberg et al.....$616.43
Connolly, Arthur J.—Manhattan Fuel Corp.....$183.70
Donovan, R. E.—Iron Metallic Mfg. Co.....$4,196.23
Deas, Hattie W.—Auto Brokerage Co.....$981.10
Eighth Ave. R. R. Co.—G. Martin & Co. costs.....$130.85
Frederick Furst Co., Inc.—M. D. Jones et al.....$1,548.01
Gleasner, James—Stock & Co.....$1,000.00
George Dose Engineering Co., Inc.—John B. Alden and August F. Altieri—S. W. Hughes et al.....$2,870.16
Gill, Thirlby, et al., as survivors of Lloyds Surety Co.—People, &c.....$2,000.00
Halpern, Arthur L. and John Doe Garage—Commercial Investment Trust, Inc.....$302.86
Interborough Rapid Transit Co.—I. Vlock.....$1,091.70
Kalkas Solor-Jaburg Bros., Inc.....$358.20
Kobiwots, Herman — Broadway Central Hotel, Inc.....$10,391.10
Kahlon, John S.—O. A. Kelly et al.....$133.52
Levy, Milton M.—Multicolor Sales Co., Inc.....$643.58
Levenson, Bell G.—B. G. Goodman et al.....$204.98
Lewison, Nettie — Hood Rubber Products Co.....$817.56
Meyer, William, and Henry C. Jordan—Y. W. Mfg. Co.....$2,720.91
Meyer & Metzger, Inc.—J. W. Moon.....$2,943.50
McDaniel, Henry—B. Altman & Co.....$534.65
O'Reilly, James A., and Michael Walsh—Perret Productions, Inc.—Franklin, inc.....$1,000.00
Platt, Joseph J.—T. Morgan.....$126.00
Putnam, Lloyd L.—Pacific Bank.....$1,000.00
Perfect Window Regulator Co.—Rider Body Corp., costs.....$129.10
Quaglia, Angelo, and Nati. Surety Co.—Crespin.....$3,000.00
Republic Silt Case and Bag Co., Inc.—Rosenberg et al.....$973.85
Robertson, Annie M.—Altman & Co.....$266.75
Segnon, Ralph and Pacific Paper Co.—Segnon.....$1,000.00
Segalowics, Edward—Davies Moneyweight Scale Co.....$191.46
Ritscher, Thomas M.—W. F. Gerlinger.....$627.50
Rider Body Corp.—Manhattan Body Co., Inc.....$1,481.47
Morale Novelty Paint Co.—Metropolitan Sadoon, Inc., and Max H. Varone (Home Comfort Co.)—Pacific Mills et al.....$2,468.80
Schwartz, Frederick—A. Lemberg.....$2,468.80

LOST AND FOUND

A Short Sentence for Something Needed in a Hurry. Bryant 1000.

LOST.

BAG—Beaded, containing a knife. Return to Castilia, 56 West 56th; reward.

BANK BOOK, No. 16251. Please return to the Union Dime Savings Bank, 40th St. and 9th Av., City.

BANKBOOK—No. 4808, Chatham & Phenix Bank, 125th St. branch; return to bank.

BRIEF CASE—Lawyer's, between Grand Central Station and 14 East 60th. Via yellow taxi; liberal reward; no questions asked. E. J. Garey, Broad 6643 or Plaza 3500.

BRIEF CASE containing dress sketches, initialed E. H. R.; $50 reward. 356 5th Av., Room 608. Fitzroy 0607.

CERTIFICATE NO. Q 88,780—Lost, Southern Pacific Company stock, for 10 shares, in the name "Arthur Maisner"; notice is hereby given to show cause to said company, 60 Broadway, New York, why a duplicate should not be issued. Arthur Maisner, 215 West 92d St., New York.

GLASSES, tortoise rim, Saturday, between 104th-5th Av., Rockaway Park. Chelsea 2456.

GRIP, black, lost. Yellow taxi Thursday evening; reward. Call Plaza 7150.

HANDBAG, dark blue, bank book, glasses, keys, watch, fountain pen, identification cards, money, subway Columbia University station or 72d St. on Brooklyn train, Saturday P. M., June 30. Notify E. S. Bryant, 1458 E. 22d St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Reward.

HANDBAG—Contents: keys, rosary, Brighton "L," Manhattan Beach bus; reward. Riverside 1706.

PACIFIC OIL CO. certificate No. 617,817, for thirty (30) shares in the name of Lilly B. Smith; notice is hereby given to show cause why duplicate should not be issued. Mrs. Lilly B. Smith, care Dr. H. A. Smith, Delta, Colorado.

POCKETBOOK between 103d and 104th, Broadway; contained lavaliers, ring, &c.; reward. Academy 4689.

SILK BAG—Lost in taxi, July 2. Reward if returned to Plaza 5336.

Jewelry.

BROOCH—41 diamonds, Saturday, Richmond Hill; liberal reward; sentimental reason. C. L. Meyerdirks, 149 B'way, N. Y. C. Phone Cortlandt 6575.

DIAMOND pin, with pearl drop; Sunday afternoon, 79th-Broadway-Columbus Av.; reward. 255 West 79th St. Apt. 16. Endicott 4616.

PIN—Small platinum filigree, one sapphire, Sunday evening, Riverside Drive, 116th St. subway through shuttle to 18th St.; reward. Cathedral 7078, Apt. 6d.

RING—Lost Sunday, July 1, at Roumville Hotel Baths, Long Beach, gentleman's diamond ring; liberal reward. Telephone Evergreen 8799W.

RING—Emerald, diamond; heirloom; Riggs's Restaurant, Sunday; reward. Rector 3654.

VANITY box, West 48th; brown leather, monogram C. A. B.; containing money, keys and other things; please return keys; reward. S 407 Times.

$500 REWARD

for return of two rings left in ladies' washroom at Altman's Monday. Have description: 1 square diamond platinum solitaire ring and one gold ring set with 2 diamonds. Communicate Raymond C. Yard, Inc., 527 5th Av. Vanderbilt 8134.

$2,000 REWARD

for return of pearl necklace containing 107 graduated pearls with diamond clasp, lost July 3 in New York City. Communicate Raymond C. Yard, Inc., 527 5th Av. Vanderbilt 8134.

$1,000 REWARD.

Circle brooch, sapphires and diamonds set in platinum, lost Monday morning between Greenwich, Conn., and New York City; no questions asked. Return to Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$400 REWARD

for return of diamond bar pin lost June 28, at or between Hotel Biltmore and Globe Theatre or in taxicab. A. C. Bennett, 18 William St. Broad 2764.

Wearing Apparel.

DRESS GOODS and ties, package, lost in Altman's. Phone Fordham 8083.

NECKPIECE, sable, two skins, between 88th St. and Washington Place, 6th Av.; reward. Spring 3568 after 5.

NECKPIECE—Fur, 81st Theatre, Saturday; reward. Room 1706, 18 West 44th.

SABLE neckpiece, 2 skins, Friday, between 725 St. subway-Kingsbridge Road station; liberal reward. Kennedy, 2,815 Grand Concourse.

SABLE FUR SCARF—Lost, June 30, on Columbus Av., between 63d and 80th Sts. and Central Park. Will pay reward. Julia Levy, Friesament Hotel, 74th St. and Broadway.

SABLE neckpiece, Music Box Theatre balcony, Friday night; reward. L. 909 Times.

SKIRT, white pleated, lost on 57th St. Please return to 166 W. 72d and receive reward. Bingham.

Cats, Dogs and Birds.

IRISH TERRIER, ch64's pet, female; answers to name "Brownie"; shoulder harness; reward. Dr. E. S. Denser, 168 West 81st St.

GERMAN police dog in Flatbush or vicinity; black and tan; reward. Diaz, 504 Beverly Road.

POLICE DOG, German, female, reddish fawn; Thursday Park Av.; reward. 1 East 97th. Phone Rhinelander 2216.

YORKSHIRE TERRIER, answers to name Jam; reward, no questions asked. Dr. M. A. Rothschild, 950 Park Av.

FOUND.

PURSE—Found on Fifth Avenue bus. Phone Schuyler 8580.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

WILLIAM BAWDEN, Deceased.

The persons representing the devisees of William Bawden, deceased, late of 37, St. James Street, Weston-super-Mare, Somerset, England, watchmaker and jeweler, who died on the 19th day of September, 1920, are desirous of ascertaining the address of Miss Edith Bawden, formerly of 948 Main Street, Buffalo, New York. Will Miss Edith Bawden or any one able to give information as to her death, marriage or present whereabouts communicate with Messrs. Smaltha, Ford & MacFedyean, Solicitors, Grove Chambers, Weston-super-Mare, Somerset, England?

MAX BERANBOM has severed his connections with Weltman, Schwade & Beranbom. This firm is continued by Louis Weldman and Benj. Schwade, under the firm name of Weltman & Schwade, 45 Bayard Street, New York City.—Weltman & Schwade.

KUSSIN & WINETT sold their pharmacy, 421 2d Av., to Harry Maigern, June 22, 1923. Not responsible for debts contracted after that date. U. Russin, 1,764 Weeks Av., Bronx.

MY WIFE, HELEN ROTH, LEFT MY BED and board; will not be responsible for her debts. LOUIS ROTH.
436 Audubon Av.

SHOPPERS' COLUMN

Gowns

REBUILDER OF GOWNS
Creations made from your out-of-fashion frocks. Perfect workmanship. Prices reasonable. ATALANTA HOMER, LTD.
25 West 43th St. Bryant 1441

Hats

All These Dainty Little Hand-Blocked FRENCH FELT HATS ARE $5 each, in all the best colors, at NAT BRENNER, 39 West 38th St.

Furniture

FURNITURE FURNITURE FURNITURE
"Everything for the Home."
DIRECT FROM THE FACTORY AT WHOLESALE PRICES
Savings of 25% and up
BIG "69" FURNITURE WORKS
203-205 East 76th St.
Just a step east of 3d Av. "L" station. New York City.

Furs

Furs—Retail at Wholesale Prices.
42 Inch Latest Model Hudson Seal Coat $275.00
Remodeling and Repairing.
Expert Workmanship.
Chas. Morewitz, 33 West 35th. Est. 1892

Silks

ROOSEVELT SILK MILLS
14th St. and 4th Ave.
Corner 16th St.
WHITE SILK SHIRTING, $1.50
a yard. Usual price $2.50. Superior quality; 36 inches wide. Three yards will make a shirt. Call, or if out of town, write for samples.

LEADERSHIP

In June The New York Times published 1,899,960 agate lines of advertising, a gain over the corresponding month of last year of 78,752 lines, and 410,620 lines more than the next New York newspaper.

SEES SPAN OF LIFE INCREASED 20 YEARS

Homeopathy Society Head Says It Will Be Crime to Die Under 75.

URGES INTELLIGENT LIVING

Declares Deaths Through Preventable Causes Exceed Those In War.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 2.—Predicting that during the next half century twenty years will be added to man's average life, and declaring that the time is near at hand when it will not only be a crime to die of typhoid fever, but a crime to die under 75 years of age of diabetes, bright's disease, the various cardiac vascular diseases, and possibly cancer, Dr. Claude A. Burrett of Rochester, President of the American Institute of Homeopathy, delivered his annual address at the opening of the seventy-ninth annual convention of the society in Vernon Hall this evening. He insisted that the time had come when the rank and file of the people had a right to know of the achievements of medical science and what it can do for their life.

"Deaths due to preventable causes are far in excess of deaths by war and gross accidents, said Dr. Burrett. "Great stress is laid on the prevention of death by accident in the industries and on public thoroughfares. A far greater toll of life is taken by the accidents of living, such as overwork, over-rest, unbalanced exercise, unintelligent eating, in short, unintelligent living. These pave the way to the early degenerative diseases and an unnecessarily short life.

"The hospital must no longer be regarded merely as an institution for the treatment of the sick. It must in the future be the headquarters from which the public may receive its education on how to live in order to escape the hospital as a place in which to be sick.

"This health education must further be carried on by the printed page. Why cannot we replace the sensational pseudo health material found in the magazine sections of some of our daily papers with sound, wholesome information on better living in the daily press and in magazines devoted to such a cause?

"The fact that the average span of life has been increased from 30 years in the sixteenth century to 55 at the present time has been due, Dr. Burrett said, to the saving in the lives of infants and children, the cutting in half of the tuberculosis death rate, and the better control of infectious and contagious diseases. The next step was the instruction of the public in intelligent living.

Two United States Senators are scheduled to address the institute Wednesday night. They are Walter E. Edge of New Jersey and Dr. Royal S. Copeland of New York.

Salt Lake City

The Center of Scenic America

Your stop-over can easily be arranged

From Salt Lake City you can reach every nationally known western wonderland, quickly and easily. Good rail and auto roads radiate from Salt Lake City to Zion National Park, Cedar Breaks, Yellowstone, Crater Lake, Mt. Rainier, Glacier National Park, Lake Tahoe, Yosemite National Park, Mt. Lassen and Feather River Canyon, Royal Gorge and Mesa Verde.

In southern Utah are found wonderlands different from all others—famous Zion National Park, Bryce Canyon, Cedar Breaks and the north rim of the Grand Canyon of the Colorado, which towers 1000 feet above the south rim, and gives a commanding view of marvelous beauty.

Whichever wonderland you wish to visit this year can be reached most quickly and easily via Salt Lake City! Stop over for fun, thrills and pleasures—all different here, high up in the heart of the Rockies!

An indication of the prosperous business condition of Salt Lake City is found in the fact that her bank clearings for 1922 were $671,483,915.96, second largest of its class in the United States.

Every big railroad to the west either reaches Salt Lake City direct or can route you via Salt Lake City—going or returning—without trouble or extra expense. Ask for the Salt Lake City 10-day stopover when you buy your ticket.

Chamber of Commerce and Commercial Club
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH

A beautiful 48-page booklet of photographs telling the story of Salt Lake City and Utah mailed free on request. Other free booklets on "Agriculture and Livestock," "Industries" and "Mining." Address, Dept. 141 Chamber of Commerce and Commercial Club, Salt Lake City, Utah.

"A man doesn't have to be much of an authority on driving a car to know that it's a heap-sight better to be careful than to wish afterwards that you had been. Carelessness, not recklessness, causes most of the accidents."
(The Traffic Officer)

Says the Veteran Motorist:

"I WANT to say right here that the attitude most motorists have toward the traffic officer is absolutely wrong. The majority of drivers imagine that he is always out to *get* them. Nothing of the sort.

"His job is to keep the highways safe for everybody. He's out to keep you from endangering the lives and limbs of others. And he's out just as hard and just as long to keep the other fellow from banging you up. He may call you down one minute and then save you a nasty smash-up at the hands of some novice or dare-devil just behind you.

"One of the best scouts I ever met is a traffic officer and a few incidents that he and others have told me make me feel like taking my hat off to the whole bunch of them. If you want my honest opinion of it, I think it's a wonder that they manage to keep so courteous, considerate and fair—considering what they have to put up with day in and day out."

Uniform Quality
Best Results

SOCONY

REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

GASOLINE & MOTOR OIL

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK
26 Broadway

That MOSQUITO!

There is a way now to get rid of him

Why let mosquitoes spoil your relaxation or sleep any longer? There *is* a way now to be rid of them, quickly and without fuss. Do you ask *how*? With Prevention, the wonderful insecticide that is sprayed.

You can't imagine anything more easy to use than Prevention. To clear a porch or bedroom of mosquitoes and keep them out for hours you simply give everything a good spraying, especially the walls and screens, and including the chairs and cushions or bed and bed clothing. Rub a little Prevention on your ankles too, if you wish. It *is* easy, isn't it? And effective.

Prevention will not stain or injure wall paper, woodwork, or the most delicate fabrics.

Prevention is a *general* insecticide—kills flies, fleas, moths, mosquitoes, and brings bugs from their hiding places.

Use Prevention at the summer home or camp and before you go have your rugs, draperies and closets sprayed well with Prevention to kill and keep out the moths.

The Prevention combination package (pint can and sprayer) is now selling at the special price of $1.00. Get one at your drug or department store today. Refills for less in pint and quart sizes, and larger sizes for hotels, restaurants and institutions. Should you now be on vacation, where you cannot obtain Prevention, write the Davies-Doherty Sales Co., 132 W. 42d St., New York.

When all other insecticides have failed, use

PREVENTOL

The *Spray* Insecticide

Stop *Assuming* Safety
Start *Assuring* It

Mail the Coupon

IT IS a mistake to ASSUME that a bond is safe simply because it belongs in the first mortgage class, particularly when you can ASSURE yourself of safety by buying 5½% PRUDENCE-BONDS, with an absolute guarantee as to interest and principal. The nature of PRUDENCE-BONDS puts them in the first mortgage class. The guarantee behind PRUDENCE-BONDS puts them in a class by themselves!

Mail the coupon for the book that tells all about them.

Tear off and mail at once.

The PRUDENCE COMPANY, Inc.
Under the supervision of N. Y. State Banking Dept.

NEW YORK
31 NASSAU STREET
Capital and Surplus, $1,100,000

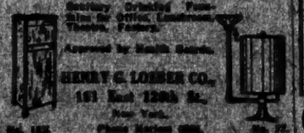
BROOKLYN
162 REMSEN STREET
Denominations $100-$500-$1000

The Prudence Co., Inc. F-127
31 Nassau St., N. Y. C.
Gentlemen:
Without obligation on my part please send booklet "Building an Income with Guaranteed Bonds."
Name _____
Address _____

Copyright 1923, The Prudence Company, Inc.

FLAGS! FLAGS!! FLAGS!!!
FOR JULY 4TH
BUY AT LOWEST PRICES
Best Grade Wool Bunting
All Sizes
4 x 6 - - $3.50
5 x 8 - - $5.50
R. W. ZUNDEL CO.
47 WHITEHALL ST., N. Y.

Water Coolers and Filters



HENRY G. LOESER CO.,
151 East 125th St.,
New York.

Business Opportunities (*bank and business references required*), Last Page.

By HENRY T. FINCK
Author of "Food and Flavor"
GIRTH CONTROL
WITH MENUS $1.75
HARPER & BROTHERS, Publishers

GARVAN SHOWS LOSS ON SEIZED PATENTS

Head of Chemical Foundation Puts Concern's Deficit Since 1919 at $147,681.

CITES GERMAN ESPIONAGE

Describes Sale of Dye Patents Which the Government Seeks to Set Aside.

$250,000 PRICE DEFENDED

Witness Asserts Wilson Warned Custodian to Prevent Any Monopoly of the Industry.

Special to The New York Times.

WILMINGTON, Del., July 2.—As evidence that the Chemical Foundation, Inc., is not concerned with profits, but is bent on an altruistic program, Francis P. Garvan, President of the foundation, recited to Federal Judge Morris today statistics to show that up to Dec. 31 last the organization rolled up a deficit of $147,681.

Mr. Garvan related that entire editions of books had been bought and distributed free by scores of thousands throughout the United States in the foundation's educational program and to further its ambition of inspiring in Americans the vital value of chemistry to America's future, from the standpoints of both science and national defense.

Mr. Garvan told in detail the steps that led to organization of the foundation, from which the Government, in the equity trial now on, is trying to wrest the seized German dye and chemical patents sold by him as Alien Property Custodian for $250,000.

Like A. Mitchell Palmer, his predecessor as Custodian, Mr. Garvan justified the sale price as being all that could be obtained, in view of the restriction imposed.

He testified that President Wilson had given warning that in effecting the sale of the patents the Custodian must see to it there would be no monopoly of the industry, and he narrated many instances of German espionage.

Garvan Tells of Wide Investigation.

Prior to becoming Custodian Mr. Garvan was Chief of the Custodian's Bureau of Investigation. In that capacity he investigated the nature and extent of enemy holdings in the organic chemical industry in the United States and the relation thereto of the American patents issued to Germans. He received information from the Department of Justice, Secret Service, Naval Intelligence, Military Intelligence, War Trade Board and records of the German wireless plant at Sayville and other seized German establishments in this country. His office searched the literature on the subject of America, England and France. He cited several letters that passed between German officials here.

Though Colonel Henry W. Anderson, Special Assistant Attorney General, objected that this was "hearsay of hearsay" evidence, and that if the Government wished to proceed on similar lines on the opposite view, the records could be piled up with thousands of books permitted in evidence, Judge Morris, on the ground that it offered the information on which Mr. Garvan acted eventually in transferring the patents to the foundation.

One of the documents quoted by the witness was an article written by Dr. Hugo Schweitzer which predicted that, because of the German discovery of an extraordinary nitrogenous fertilizer effecting an irresistible commercial attraction to farmers, "there will be a big rush for the Stutonic bandwagon," and all the ideas of a national boycott of the Germans or of an ostracism of Germany's traders and manufacturers, will vanish quickly in thin air."

Another document quoted by Mr. Garvan was a cable of April 28, 1915, by Dr. Heinrich Albert, German fiscal agent in the United States, which the defense offered in support of its charge that the German Government was using its dyestuffs monopoly to influence the diplomatic course of America. The cable said that America was developing a dye industry which had assured itself of a certain market, though Albert felt that the American industry would not be able to attain a success enabling successful competition with the Germans. Germany at that time was trying to induce America to get British consent to exchange of American cotton for German dyes.

The witness quoted from a report on March 3, 1916, of German Consul General Hossenfelder of New York to his Government in which he said that "every United States had been hard hit by Germany's embargo on dye exports and that "what the United States is able to produce in dyest ffs is neither in quality nor in shades in the remotest sufficient to meet the existing demands."

Tells of German Monopoly.

"The information I had," said Mr. Garvan, "was that prior to 1914 Germany had agencies here which represented the six companies, commonly called the Big Six, which had control of the chemical industry of Germany. My opinion was that those six companies had been combined into a coalition and that they controlled the entire organic chemical industry of Germany; that the agencies here had no independent existence of their own, but were the servants of the German industry; that the German industry had a monopoly of the American organic chemical industry, particularly as to dyes; that there were nothing but three or four assembling plants which were dependent entirely upon the intermediates which they, in turn, got from the six German companies in Germany.

"My information showed that, whereas in America we had absolutely no understanding of the relation of organic chemistry to industry or to national defense, or to the progress in medicine, each and every one of the Germans with whom I came in contact had a complete understanding that it was the lifeblood of modern industry, that it was the foundation of modern war, and that it was the hope of future medical development; that they were brought to regard dyes as the special province and special asset of Germany."

Mr. Garvan declared that the German Government, universities, schools and factories worked with a single unity of purpose, and more or less with a single unity of governmental control, to attain a world monopoly in the organic chemical field.

This was shown further," said the witness, by the fact that the dye salesmen practically were all actuated with that singleness of purpose. They were sent to the Government in Berlin and instructed in reporting as conditions in foreign countries. They were then sent to the dye factory and drilled, and they came here as salesmen. We found the trunks of thirty of them in the basement of the Bayer Company filled with their reports back to the German Government on trade conditions in each trade and industry here.

"We found even the chemists who taught the industries how to apply the dyes either to the leather or to the cloth that made the element of salability of the leather or the cloth, and therefore they had the full run of any a carpet factory. They would report back every invention of machinery, the design, style, cast, &c. Every detail that a German manufacturer attempting to rival or compete with an American manufacturer of carpets wanted was reported to Berlin by the dye salesmen.

Give Examples of Espionage.

"We had many examples of espionage. The principal one was the head of the chemical agents in this country, the late Dr. Schweitzer, who was an American citizen. We found in his papers directions from the German Empire that he become an American citizen for their purposes here. We found that he had his number from the German Secret Service. We found many evidences of his intense activity.

"Dr. Schweitzer, at the request of the German Government, attempted to corner the phenol of this country. Phenol is carbolic acid, and it turns either to the right or left into aspirin or into picric acid, which is the base of the explosives.

"Dr. Schweitzer was the head of the group that purchased The Evening Mail as a German Government organ.

"The Germans maintained a very extensive organization to observe the progress of science all over the world, and, if possible, anticipate the discoveries of science by taking out anticipatory patents. They did not work the patents they held in the United States. I reported to Mr. Palmer that the Germans used these patents as a club to prevent development of the American industry and to make our consumers buy their goods.

"I told Mr. Palmer the German 'Big Six' had a monopoly of the organic chemical industry of the world. I told him that her bringing the war was based upon that organic chemical industry; that it was not until the Fall of 1915, when her dye plants had perfected their Haber process plants and made them independent of the Chilean nitrates, so that England's blockade would not be feared, that she began seriously to prepare for the final steps before the declaration of war; that she could not have carried on the war for but a few months had it not been for the developments of the German dye factories; that the poison gas of the war had been prepared and worked out in the German dye factories; that the greatest proportion of her ammunition during the war, with which she fought the war, had been made along the Rhine and the Ruhr in the organic chemical industries of Germany; that it was the power with which she was waging the war, and that the next war would begin where this left off, and would be to an even greater extent a chemical war than the past war had been.

"Mr. Palmer said we must avoid monopoly; that the President had insisted that in the sale of the patents we should be careful not to tend toward intensifying even any apparent monopoly that there existed in the country or to create any monopoly. That was the policy of the office."

Mr. Garvan detailed at length the organization of the Chemical Foundation and the plan for the disposition of the seized dye patents. The foundation, he said, had never issued an exclusive license, and only twice had licenses been refused to applicants. He gave figures showing that from April 10, 1919, when the first lot of patents was received, until Dec. 31, 1922, the total of earnings on all patents was $60,706, and the foundation's deficit at the end of last year was $147,681. The organization, he said, had paid no dividends.

WANTS CITY MARKETS ON PORT PLAN LINES

Not Seeking to Control Municipal Institutions, Says Port Authority Official.

In what was apparently a reply to Edwin J. O'Malley, Commissioner of Public Markets of New York City, De Witt Van Buskirk, Chairman of the Food and Markets Committee of the Port of New York Authority, said that the impression that the Port Authority was seeking to control municipal markets was unfortunate. Mr. Van Buskirk said that terminal markets located without reference to the Port Authority's plan for the development of the Port District would increase cost of distribution instead of reducing them. He requested municipal officers to confer with the Port Authority engineers before fixing the location of municipal terminal markets.

"The Port Authority welcomes the establishment of terminal markets," Mr. Van Buskirk said. "The Congress of the United States has approved of the comprehensive plan adopted by the two States and has authorized the Port Authority to effectuate this plan as soon as possible. This is because transporting food products to the municipalities is a matter of interstate commerce and requires Federal as well as bi-State authority. Terminal markets located without reference to the plan can only increase costs of distribution instead of reducing them.

"Although our committee has not yet completed its studies, it is receiving cordial co-operation throughout the Port District, and the interest aroused is very encouraging, especially from the women's organizations. The engineers of the Port Authority are only too ready to co-operate with all the municipalities within the Port District in the establishment of terminals, and in order that these may serve their purposes most efficiently, and be located convenient to the lines embraced in the compresensive plan and be so designed as to serve the traffic."

LEAVES PAINTINGS TO HEIRS

Son Also Bequeaths Samuel Morse Portrait to National Museum.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., July 2.—The will of Edward Lind Morse, author and artist, and son of the inventor of telegraphy, who died at his Bartlett Avenue home here June 9 last was filed in Probate Court this afternoon.

The testator gives to the National Museum at Washington a small water-color group, painted by his father, of his parents, two brothers and himself, and to the Mount Vernon Society of Mount Vernon, Va., a portrait of Mary Ball, mother of George Washington. Yale University is to receive Samuel Morse's painting, "The Dying Hercules." The testator's own paintings are to be divided among his widow, his daughter, Miss Clara Morse, his sister, Belle Morse Rummel of Paris, his brother, William Geodrich Morse; his niece, Miss Lelia Livingston Morse, and his stepson, James Loubery. The daughter and the son, John F. Morse, are residuary legatees.

Shelter Dog, Make It Happy, Will Exacts as 'Sacred Trust'

A will providing for care of a dog, the animal to be made "in every way comfortable and happy," was filed in the Surrogate's Court yesterday. It was executed by Mrs. Alice S. Newhouse of 620 West End Avenue, who died June 11. She left half of her estate to her son, Clifford Van Schurman; a quarter to Charles Van Schurman, another son, and the other quarter to her daughter, Mrs. Alice S. Taylor of the Hotel Netherland. The will said:

"I shall ask of my three children that they provide a happy, comfortable home for my dog, Champ, and see that he is buried in the Hartsdale canine cemetery if he dies near there. I wish him so provided for that he is walked daily, well fed and bathed. He is not to be placed in a kennel. This is a sacred trust to fulfull, as Champ has been a faithful, loving companion to me when I have been alone. The cost of making Champ in every way comfortable and happy I expect my three children to share."

GOURAUD AT REVIEW OF HIS OLD COMMAND

Thanks Veterans of the Sixty-Ninth for Their Valorous Service to the Allies.

GUEST OF STOCK EXCHANGE

Famous General Also Greeted at City Hall and Pays Visit to Grant's Tomb.

General Henri Joseph Eugene Gouraud, one of the most distinguished of French Generals in the World War, was welcomed at the City Hall yesterday, and after a visit to the Stock Exchange and luncheon there, motored up Riverside Drive.

In the evening the General, accompanied by Gaston Liebert, French Consul General in this city, and an array of French and American army officers, was the guest of honor at a bayonet drill and review of the 165th Infantry of the Rainbow Division, held in the armory of the old Sixty-ninth Regiment at Lexington Avenue and Twenty-sixth Street. General Gouraud also was afforded the honor of conferring the American Distinguished Service Cross on Sergeant Joseph D. Graham of the old Sixty-ninth, who, as a private in the 165th Infantry, at Villers-sur-Fere, in the battle of the Ourc River on July 28, 1918, rescued two wounded comrades under the fire of the Germans, after three other members of his company had been killed in the attempt. Graham received two wounds from a German machine gun before he got his wounded comrades back to the American line.

Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan, retired, commander of the Twenty-seventh Division in the war, stood beside the French General when he addressed the thousands of civilians, militiamen and veterans who had gathered for the occasion. General Gouraud said:

"It gives me great pleasure to recall the fact tonight that I was the commander of the Fourth French Army when, on July 17, 1917, the Rainbow Division, which included the 165th Infantry, first opened fire on the Germans in the battle in the Champagne sector. I take this occasion to thank the men of the Forty-second Division for their devotion to the allied cause and their valorous conduct during the great war. You are part of the American army that captured 75,000 prisoners, 14,000 guns and left 75,000 dead in France. The people of France cherish the memory of your devotion to the cause, and, speaking for them, I again thank you."

The gatherings welcoming the French soldier were generally informal, but there was keen interest in the man whose empty sleeve and many medals testified to his part in the defeat of the Kaiser.

He came early in the morning from Southampton, L. I., where he spent the night as the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Sabin, reaching the City Hall about 11 o'clock. He was escorted to the Aldermanic Chamber in the midst of a group which included Clarence H. Mackay, Daniel M. Brady, the Rev. Francis P. Duffy, Colonel Arthur Anderson and Major John J. Mangan. There was a large crowd on the plaza in front of the hall.

"No words of mine can add to the warmth of the enthusiastic though informal greeting accorded you upon your arrival," Hylan said. Acting Mayor Murray Hulbert, "but your distinguished name has been linked so heroically with the history of American participation in the World War that we appreciate the opportunity to add to the pages of history an official expression of public gratitude, and as acting Mayor I extend to you a hearty and cordial welcome and the freedom of the City of New York."

Assistant Secretary of War Baker, in a letter read by Alfred E. Marling, his secretary, expressing his thanks for the reception accorded him, the party left for the Stock Exchange, where he was greeted enthusiastically by the brokers on the floor. As he made his appearance in the gallery a broker jumped on a bench and led cheers. Then General Gouraud was taken to the floor of the Exchange by President Seymour Cromwell. He walked around the floor and then was escorted to the luncheon room, where he was the guest of Mr. Cromwell. At the luncheon were Grayson M. P. Murphy, George F. Baker Jr., John D. Ryan, Otto Kahn, Clarence Mackay, Thomas W. Lamont, Nicholas F. Brady, General John J. Pulleston, Ogden Reid, Frank Vanderlip and Alvin W. Krech.

He visited the offices of J. P. Morgan & Co. for a short time after the luncheon, and after stopping at the Chamber of Commerce for a few moments went to the Woolworth Building from the tower of which the General got a view of New York.

When the party reached the Woolworth Building the General attracted the attention of Helen Sampson, 4 years old, of 135 Chester street, Mount Vernon, who was with her mother. The General shook her hand and then leaned over and kissed her, saying:

"This is the only American girl I have kissed."

After leaving the building the party drove over the Brooklyn Bridge, back over the Manhattan Bridge and up Riverside Drive to Grant's Tomb, where General Gouraud left a wreath. He then returned to the Hotel Plaza.

General Gouraud was the guest of Colonel John J. Phelan, commander of the 165th Infantry at a private dinner at the Manhattan Club before reviewing the regiment.

REQUESTS ESTIMATE ON MEMORIAL BRIDGE

Hulbert Asks Whalen to Fix Cost on Proposed Span Across Spuyten Duyvil.

Murray Hulbert, President of the Board of Aldermen and Acting Mayor in the absence of Mayor Hylan, sent a letter yesterday to Grover A. Whalen asking for an approximate cost of building a memorial bridge over the Harlem River at Spuyten Duyvil, in order that the Board of Estimate can determine whether the city is in a position to build such a structure now or in the immediate future.

"If the city acquired the Inwood Hill property," he wrote, "on which there will be a public hearing on July 13, and the Billings property, the acquisition of which has been referred to a special committee of the Board of Estimate, it will then be in order to consider bridging over the Dyckman Valley. I believe that a crossing at this point is contemplated in connection with the extension of the subway system.

"Plans might and, in fact, in my opinion, ought to make provision for carrying vehicles over the same structure, similar to the bridging of Flushing River in connection with the subway extension, recently authorized by the Board of Estimate, in which case the plans were prepared by your department in conjunction with the Transit Commission.

"I feel that some preliminary study should be given to this question at this time and would be glad to confer with you about it at your earliest convenience."

Prices realized on Swift & Company sales of carcass beef in New York City for week ending Saturday, June 30, an wholesale sold out, ranged from 8.00 cents to 18.00 cents per pound, and averaged 13.51 cents per pound, 4.67% above.

One Killed, 14 Injured in Grand Prix Race As Car Rams Crowd; Seagraves the Winner

TOURS, France, July 2 (Associated Press).—One person was killed and fourteen were injured, two seriously, during the running of the automobile Grand Prix here today, which was won by Seagraves, driving a Sunbeam car.

Dive, driving a Sunbeam, was second; Frederick, in a Bugatti, third, and Lee Guinness, in a Sunbeam, fourth.

The accident occurred at the hair-pin turn. The Devieceya entry failed to make the curve on the first round, ran into a fence and then collided with a tree, ploughing through part of the crowd.

Three children had their skulls fractured, and a woman had both legs broken.

Seagrave's time was 6 hours 35 minutes 19-4-5 seconds for the thirty-five laps, totaling 799 kilometers 50 meters, or about 496¾ miles. He averaged 121 1-5 kilometers an hour, which is 6¼ kilometers slower than the record established at Strasbourg last year.

The Grand Prix has not been won by a Frenchman or a French car since Georges Boillot won it in 1913.

Divo's time was 6 hours 54 minutes 25 4-5 seconds; Frederick's 7 hours 22 seconds, and Guinness's, 7 hours 2 minutes 3 seconds.

Only five of the seventeen starters finished. The most notable dropping out was that of Bordino in a Fiat who last year had a victory in this race in sight when his motor went dead. Both Bordino and Thomas were put out today by stones flying up from the course and damaging their cars.

The fifth man to finish was Lefevre. His time in a Voisin was 7 hours 50 minutes 23 seconds.

Salamano, in a Fiat, who looked like a winner from the half-way point onward, was leading by ten minutes on the thirty-second lap, but stopped on the thirty-third, a mile from the stands, his gasoline having run out.

The officials would not allow him to replenish his supply by means of a bicycle messenger with an oil can, as the rules provided that fresh supplies could only be obtained at stations or by means carried on board the automobile, and, as the bicycle had not been carried throughout, its use was not permitted.

ELECTION CAMPAIGN STARTS IN IRELAND

Cosgrave Gets Reception in the West Recalling the Days of Parnell.

APPEALS FOR CO-OPERATION

Republicans Centre Attack on Flogging Bill and Insist Vote Won't Be Free and Fair.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, July 2—The midlands and the west had an opportunity yesterday of getting from the public platform accounts of the Government's stewardship and the Government's attitude toward prisoners and various matters of absorbing interest. The election campaign has opened with the voters free at last to discuss rival policies, thus enjoying a freedom purchased at heavy cost.

But while President Cosgrave was striking the happy note at Claremorris of his anxiety to obliterate bitter memories and to ensure co-operation of all Irishmen for the advancement of their common country, meetings in Dublin and the Midlands addressed by Kesin O'Higgins and Ernest Blythe were frequently interrupted by those who complain the election will not be fair and free.

Cosgrave's reception recalled the best days of Parnell, Redmond, Dillon and Devlin and was enhanced by the cordial greetings from the Archbishop of Tuam and the Bishop of Ahgonry.

What is called the flogging bill seems to be the despicable stool on which to hang attack and abuse, but the Government's position was plainly put by Home Affairs Minister O'Higgins, who said that a man who tries to rob his neighbor's house is going to get the full limit of law.

This bill was responsible for another attack on the Government yesterday at a meeting in O'Connell Street, Dublin, where Father Ryan of Columbus, Ohio, who earned a reputation in Mesopotamia, and Mrs. Bride and Mrs. Despard, denies the existence of the Free State until after the general election and said the Irish Catholic Bishops and press were muzzled by the Free State. Then again a crowd of women, including the two above mentioned, carrying placards dealing with the bill, assembled outside Leinster House, about the time for the assembling of the Dail and jeered and booted the Republican officials who were entering the gates till the police were requisitioned and drove them back.

The second reading of the bill, full title of which is the Public Safety Emergency Powers bill, was taken up in the Dail, and Kevin Egan, Deputy O'Connell, opposing it, said that when Judges stated in the civil courts that they were in a position to function there was no need of special powers. Deputy Professor Magenis, supporting it, mentioned cases where flogging was legal punishment for arson, robbery and other offences. The Government, he said, is now engaged in a difficult and dangerous task, requiring considerable resolution and courage.

WET RULE COSTS $500,000.

Angry Englishman, Angered by Liquor Waste, Cancels American Order.

Announcement was made yesterday by Thomas H. Whittle, Surveyor of the Port, that in future all steamships arriving with liquors under seal would be boarded by United States Customs officials, who would break the seals on the storeroom doors and seize liquors in excess of the amount allowed for medical supplies. Hitherto the Customs Inspectors have waited for the co-operation of State Prohibition agents. The amount to be allowed for each vessel is still to be fixed by Dr. E. K. Sprague of the Public Health Service, the Surveyor said.

The White Star liner Adriatic arrived from Liverpool and Boston with only 99 gallons of spirits, 81 gallons of wine and 5 gallons of liquors under seal. The Customs officials at Boston had seized 5,250 bottles of ale and stout when the Adriatic got in there on Sunday.

G. P. Rogers, the purser, said that the sight of the beer and stout going over the side caused a wealthy English merchant in the first cabin to become so indignant at the United States that he sent a message to his firm in London canceling an order for goods which would amount to $500,000 between now and the end of the year which he had given just before sailing for New York.

Fails to Die in 12-Story Leap.

In an attempt to commit suicide Mario Cidel, 27 years old, of 74 East 108th Street, leaped from a twelfth-story window of the Masonic Hall, 71 West Twenty-third Street, yesterday, struck and tore away in his descent a section of a four-by-four metal ventilator duct, and landed on terra cotta court roof over the first floor, badly shaken up but able to talk. He was removed to Bellevue Hospital in a serious condition. Cidel was unknown in the building. His name was found on a piece of paper in his coat pocket.

GOES TO PARTHENAY FOR STATUE FACTS

French Court Investigator Finds No Trace of Legs for Four Suspected Kings.

HAD NONE WHEN ON CHURCH

The Fact That Statues Now in Louvre Are Barefooted Also Shocks the Natives.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 2.—All day long today M. Aveline, who has been commissioned by the Seine Court with the task of discovering the truth in the charges made by John Vigoroux that certain statues in the Louvre and the Metropolitan Museum of New York are faked, tried in vain to find at Parthenay any trace of the legs of the four Kings "reconstructed" for the Louvre and the Gardner Museum of Boston.

His day was fruitless. In the memory of the oldest inhabitants and to the certain knowledge of all local antiquaries the Kings who ornament the Louvre and the Gardner Museum never had any legs. In the middle ages they may have had, but no one at Parthenay ever saw any, and least of all have they ever seen any barefooted, such as are the Kings in the Louvre.

It was these barefooted Kings which started the whole present inquiry. The fact that crowned Kings should be represented by any sculptor of the middle ages not properly shod roused curiosity, the battle began, the first discovery of the first discovery made was that the bare feet of Kings had never been seen till they entered the Louvre.

When the inquiry was carried further evidence was given by George Joseph Demotte to the effect that the Kings among a pile of "old stones" which he bought from an antiquary who had got them at Parthenay. Other witnesses, notably Mme. Boutron, widow of the sculptor, who, according to Vigoroux, did considerable repair work for Demotte, declared that M. Boutron, himself, made the legs and feet of the four Kings and had a quarrel with M. Demotte about it, because he thought it "silly" not to provide them with boots and spurs as became Kings.

Today M. Aveline could find no trace of these legs and feet at Parthenay. Old people who as children had played amid the ruins of the Church of Notre Dame de Lacoudre, from which they came, declared that though they had known the busts of the Kings all their lives, they had never seen the legs either attached to the busts or separate.

Neither they declared, had they ever seen the heads of the bas relief of "Annunciation to the Shepherds," another of the contested pieces in the Louvre.

Of the many famous pieces of sculpture which used to decorate the ruins of the church at Parthenay almost all have now disappeared, in spite of the protests of the local inhabitants. The most recent of those to cross the Atlantic were the two capitals which until last year had decorated the vestry. One represented Abraham's sacrifice of Isaac and the other David and Goliath. They were twelfth-century work and were classed as among the most valuable works of their period. Last November they were removed by the antiquitquary Joret, whose name has figured in the present inquiry, and are now, it is stated, in New York. An attempt is being made by the Society of Friends of the Louvre to repurchase them.

DRY AGENT HELD IN KILLING.

"Lone Wolf" Asher of Philadelphia Is Accused of Fatal Kicking in Raid.

PHILADELPHIA, July 2.—James L. Asher, Federal prohibition agent, known as the "Lone Wolf," was held in $5,000 bail for trial by Coroner Knight at an inquest here today into the death of Peter Koucaukas, a cider saloon keeper, who died June 11 in a hospital.

Asher, together with two other Federal agents, raided the man's place. In the raid a fight occurred and it was charge that Asher kicked Koucaukas in the stomach causing injuries from he died.

Irvin Jenkins testified at the inquest that Asher in the fight kicked Koucaukas while the latter was lying on the floor. Counsel for Asher attempted to show that the Federal prohibition laws were being violated, but the Coroner refused to allow the testimony.

Asher was first held without bail, but after a consultation among the attorneys bail was fixed at $5,000.

ROB HOME OF LIQUOR.

Fake Dry Agents Lock Up Chicago Family—Take $15,000 Supply.

CHICAGO, July 2.—Six liquor bandits invaded the home of H. T. Hollingshead, a prominent business man, locked Mrs. Hollingshead, her daughter and two servants in a closet and robbed the house of liquor valued, according to the police, at $15,000.

The bandits, who represented themselves as prohibition agents, consumed nearly an hour in removing the liquor. Mr. Hollingshead is said to be in Cleveland today.

Red Russia Under Arms

Views of the vast fighting machine created by Trotsky for the defense of the Soviets, representing a million and a half men!

The General Pershing of the Red Army in Moscow
Commanding officers of the Moscow Garrison
Chiefs of Russian Red Cavalry
Regimental colors of the 14th Division of Infantry
Orphans adopted by a Moscow regiment trained to shoot

The New York Times
Rotogravure-Picture Section
NEXT SUNDAY

Reserve a copy of The Times at your news stand.

BALDWIN PLACATES CRITICS OF DRY LAW

Tells Hecklers in Commons That Britain's Reply to America on Ships Is Near.

CURB ON SEIZURES HINTED

Liquor Committee Head Denies United States Will Get "F. o. Hand to Do What It Likes."

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 2.—In the House of Commons today American prohibition was the subject of a number of questions addressed to the Government, but the answers returned did not add to the information imparted by Marquis Curzon in the House of Lords last week.

Sir William Davison, Conservative, asked whether the United States Supreme Court in their recent judgment expressly laid down that the American Government as local sovereign in the case might always out of consideration for public policy forego the exercise of its jurisdiction in any matter or exert such jurisdiction in a limited way without in any respect prejudicing or foregoing its sovereign rights, and if it was to be understood that the refusal of the United States to exercise its powers was simply in order to bring pressure to bear on this country to get her to extend the three-mile limit.

Ronald McNeill, Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, who is Chairman of the committee determining the British Government's attitude on the ship liquor question, said in reply that Sir William assumed that the American Government was sovereign.

"I think," said McNeill, "that would not be admitted to be the case within the meaning of the decision of the Supreme Court if he means by the American Government the Executive or President."

Arthur Samuel, Conservative, then asked: "Is it not a fact that the law has placed the United States Government, much against its will, in such a position that it has become the laughing stock of the world?" (Laughter.) No answer was returned.

Lieut. Col. Howard-Bury asked the Prime Minister whether he had any information with regard to the intentions of the United States Government that in future they intended to seize foreign ships coming into their harbors with liquor on board under, and to arrest their Captains, and whether he would consult with other European countries with a view to taking up retaliatory legislation against American shipping coming into European harbors in view of the refusal of the United States Government to abide by the international comity which had always existed between maritime nations.

Baldwin replied: "I have no official information with regard to the alleged intentions of the United States Government to which these questions refer."

Lieut. Col. Charles Howard-Bury, Conservative, then asked: "Can my right honorable friend say whether the enforcement of this law by the United States Government is due to a desire to protect their mercantile marine and to force foreign ships onto an equality with their own ships?"

The speaker intervened, saying, "We must not have interpretation of the motives of a foreign country."

Emanuel Shinwell, Laborite, asked: "Is it not about time for his Majesty's Government to declare that the interests of British trade and British shipping are of greater importance than the alcoholic tastes of passengers?"

No answer was returned.

Britain's Reply Near, Says Baldwin.

LONDON, July 2. (Associated Press)—Prime Minister Stanley Baldwin gave the House of Commons a gleam of light today on Great Britain's attitude toward the ship liquor seizures during the daily heckling on the subject from members apparently dissatisfied because the Government has shown no signs of opposing the American measures.

Mr. Baldwin said the Government was awaiting the report of a committee now considering the question which would enable the Government to determine its attitude. He added that the report was expected shortly, and this seemed to placate the questioners.

The committee is composed of members of the Foreign Office and Legal Department, with Ronald McNeill, Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, as Chairman.

Captain Viscount Curzon, Conservative, asked: "Are his Majesty's Government to be understood to give the United States an absolutely free hand in this matter to do whatever they like?"

Mr. McNeill said that would be quite a false interpretation of the situation.

COUZENS RATES BEER NO WORSE THAN TEA

And Wayne B. Wheeler Assails Senator's Stand for 5 Per Cent. Beverage.

DETROIT, Mich., July 2.—Declaring that an appetite for mild beer of 2¾ to 5 per cent. alcoholic content is no worse than an appetite for tobacco, tea or coffee, Senator Couzens today reiterated his advocacy of modification of the prohibition act.

"The Volstead act is my issue henceforth," Senator Couzens asserted. "I don't figure on any man denying me the right to satisfy my appetite for tobacco. Beer with a limit of 5 per cent. alcohol will satisfy the appetite, but is not intoxicating."

The Senator's statement was made in reply to a speech recently by his Democratic colleague, Senator Woodbridge N. Ferris, who declared that to legalize 5 per cent. beer would be to recognize that an appetite for alcohol still exists. That appetite should be killed, Mr. Ferris asserted.

ALMA, Mich., July 2.—Speaking before the State Synod of the Presbyterian Church here tonight, Wayne B. Wheeler, general counsel of the Anti-Saloon League, declared he did not believe Senator James Couzens of Michigan had seriously considered the question of liquor enforcement when he advocated raising the alcoholic content of beer to not more than 5 per cent.

"If your Senator thinks public sentiment is for beer why have the voters failed three times to elect a Congress favorable to it?" he demanded of his audience. "Senator Couzens never could have been elected on a 5 per cent. or a 2.75 per cent. beer platform. This State has spoken on this question.

"Beer constituted more than 30 per cent. of the liquor trade before we had prohibition. To permit its return would bring back about 90 per cent. of the political corruption and evils of the former wet regime."

Seeks to Condemn Elevated Spur.

Corporation Counsel George P. Nicholson announced yesterday that he will make an application to the Supreme Court on July 16 for the condemnation of the elevated spur in Forty-second Street extending from Third Avenue to the Grand Central Terminal. A resolution to condemn this spur was passed by the Board of Estimate on June 29 last. It was also decided to assess all the costs and expenses of the proceeding on adjacent property owners.

WILL RENEW EFFORT TO INDICT ANDERSON

Banton to Submit Anti-Saloon League Case to Grand Jury Again on Monday.

NEW WITNESSES, HE SAYS

Charges of Misuse of Funds, Which Failed to Cause Indictment in January, Are Repeated.

District Attorney Banton announced yesterday that he intended to go before the Grand Jury next Monday in a second attempt to obtain the indictment of William H. Anderson, State Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, on charges of misusing the finances of the league. He said that he had new witnesses and newly discovered evidence, which he indicated gave him a stronger case than he had when the January Grand Jury failed to indict after an exhaustive inquiry into the charges then made against Anderson.

Three separate charges will be made against the prohibition leader in the new presentation of the case. He will be charged, Mr. Banton said, with grand larceny in presenting an alleged fictitious bill for $24,700 to the league for "confidential publicity purposes"; with extortion in taking a split in the commissions paid to O. Bertsell Phillips, former financial representative of the league, for contributions solicited by Phillips, and with forgery in the third degree in connection with the alleged alteration of the books to conceal the difference between what Phillips was supposed to receive and what he actually received in commissions.

Mr. Banton said that in addition to the newly discovered evidence the same evidence would be presented to this Grand Jury as was offered to the January Grand Jury. Subpoenas have been issued for employes and former employes of the Anti-Saloon League, including Phillips. A subpoena was served upon Miss Maude M. Odell, assistant to Mr. Anderson, when she was about to leave New York on a vacation trip to Illinois to visit relatives. She had to cancel her railroad reservations, but Mr. Banton said her testimony probably would be concluded so that she could leave next Tuesday.

The new witnesses have been questioned by Mr. Banton and his chief assistant, Ferdinand Pecora, who is expected to present the evidence to the Grand Jury. Mr. Banton declined to disclose the names of the new witnesses or the nature of the new evidence prior to action by the Grand Jury.

The District Attorney said that a letter had been written to the Rev. David James Burrell, pastor of the Marble Collegiate Reformed Church, New York City, who lives in Madison, N. J., and who declined to come to New York to testify before the January Grand Jury on account of ill health, asking him if his health were good enough now to testify. Mr. Banton said that the letter was practically an "invitation" to Dr. Burrell to testify. He added that the District Attorney's office waned to investigate the charges thoroughly, but with fairness to Mr. Anderson, and that if Dr. Burrell had testimony to give that was favorable to the accused, he would have a chance to give it to the Grand Jury. At Dr. Burrell's home in Madison last night a woman who answered the telephone said that the condition of Dr. Burrell's health was such that he could not accept the invitation to testify. She said that Dr. Burrell was not allowed to be disturbed even to the extent of answering the telephone, that he had not gone to New York for a month, and did not intend to do so all Summer. She said that Dr. Burrell had not received the letter from the District Attorney's office.

Mr. Anderson remained silent under the new threat of indictment. He is out of town, "taking a short rest," according to information given out at the offices of the Anti-Saloon League, but his whereabouts were kept secret. The following statement was issued by Orville S. Poland, general counsel for the Anti-Saloon League of New York:

"Mr. Anderson will not issue any statements or grant any interviews on the matter of the Grand Jury investigation. All inquiries about this matter will be referred to former Senator Edgar Truman Brackett, special counsel, and any possible statement purporting to come from Mr. Anderson is unauthorized. This will prevent confusion and misinterpretation."

At Mr. Brackett's home at Saratoga Springs it was said that he could not be disturbed.

18 DRY AGENTS DROPPED.

Lack of Appropriation Causes Staff Reduction Here.

The prohibition enforcement staff in the metropolitan district was reduced by eighteen men on June 30, it was disclosed yesterday at prohibition headquarters. The reduction was said to be the result of inadequate funds. The appropriation which became effective on July 1 is $300,000 less than that of last year.

"Due to the constant reports in newspapers," said one dry official, "to the effect that after July 1 the Federal prohibition force would be greatly increased, my office has been overwhelmed with applications for appointments in the service. Now, instead of giving as the cause, lack of funds, Washington has found it necessary to reduce the number already in the service, and we can really look for no relief until next December, when Congress meets, at which time there is a possibility that an additional appropriation will be granted."

The number of prohibition agents in New York was approximately 300 during the latter part of 1922, and at present there are only about half that number.

LINES DROP DRY QUESTION.

Atlantic Conference at The Hague Leaves It to Governments.

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THE HAGUE, July 2.—It was learned today that at the Atlantic conference of steamship lines just held at The Hague the question of prohibition was not discussed.

It was unanimously agreed that this was a question entirely left in the hands of the Governments.

FIGHT TO CONTROL WILLYS-OVERLAND

Three Factions Seek Stock of Company Now in Receivership.

739,866 SHARES INVOLVED

Two Rival Bids of $3,000,000 and a Third Offer by Two Distributers.

JUDGE KNOX HEARS PLEAS

President John N. Willys Sides With Group Headed by Thomas H. Tracy.

In an argument yesterday before Federal Judge Knox on the question of disposing of 739,866 shares of the common stock of the Willys-Overland Company, owned by the Willys Corporation, now in receivership, it developed that a fight is going on for control of the Willys-Overland concern, the biggest industry in Ohio. It has been said that the men who control this company control Toledo and a big slice of Ohio besides. Three bids were offered for the shares, two of them representing diverse interests in the company.

John N. Willys, President of the company, who has so far stood aloof from all internal squabbles, has now sided with a faction for which Thomas H. Tracy is the spokesman and which is opposed by a faction headed by Henry L. Thompson, Chairman of the Board of Directors. The stock represents one-third of the issue of the Willys-Overland Company, and it was said that the faction that obtains it will control the great business. This business, it was stated, has a plant covering many acres in Toledo. It employs many thousands of men, and is now producing on an average nearly 1,000 cars a day, and the demand for the cars is said to be increasing.

Two Bids at $3,000,000.

A bid of $3,000,000 for the stock made by the banking concern of Dillon Read & Co. of this city was in the interest of the Thompson faction, it was stated, and a bid of the same amount offered by Mr. Tracy was said to be in the interest of himself, Mr. Willys, and their associates. This bid has the advantage over the bid of the Thompson faction because it contains a stipulation that the first preferred stockholders of the Willys corporation shall receive any profit growing out of the shares in excess of $3 a share, and that this agreement shall run for a period stated in the plan to be hereafter agreed upon.

It is also stipulated that the offer shall have the approval of the Federal Court in this jurisdiction and of the court in the Northern District of Ohio. With the bid was a check for $150,000 to be applied to the purchase of the shares and to be returned if the offer is rejected. Judge Knox

ASSURED INCOME

must come from a substantial source. The income of electric light and power companies is more stable than that of any other important industry.

Certain of these companies enjoy unusual advantages in location, market, and management. Their securities are especially attractive to the investor for income.

We offer a choice selection of these desirable issues. Send for copy of our "Bond Topics" describing some of them.

Ask for T-800.

Alt Bickmore & Co
111 BROADWAY, N.Y.

Electric Bond and Share Co.

6% Cumulative Preferred Stock

Since its incorporation in 1905, company's net income has been sufficient to meet preferred dividend payments during all that period more than 4.1 times.

General Electric Company owns all the Common stock.

Price to yield 6.15%

Further Details on Request.

Bonbright & Co.
Incorporated
25 Nassau St., New York

E. H. Rollins & Sons

Founded 1876
43 Exchange Place, New York
Boston Philadelphia Albany
Buffalo Chicago San Francisco

California

The treasure-house natural resources of California have been developed to a large extent by Eastern capital.

As the oldest established Bond House on the Pacific Coast we have been an important factor in this development.

Our Experience Is at Your Value

We have prepared an illustrated booklet entitled

"California Securities"

This will be sent upon request for T-427.

Investment Suggestion

We Recommend

Ten-Thirty Year
Federal Land Bank
4½% Bonds
Due July 1, 1953

Not redeemable before July 1, 1933

Exempt from Federal, State, Municipal and Local Taxation

Price 100½ and interest To Yield over 4.45%

McDONNELL & Co.
120 BROADWAY
NEW YORK
Members New York Stock Exchange

SHORT TIME
Canadian Bonds

Principal and Interest payable in United States Gold Coin

Province of Quebec
6% due 1st Mch., 1925
Province of Ontario
6% due 15th April, 1925
Province of Nova Scotia
6% due 15th May, 1925
Province of Nova Scotia
5% due 1st Jan., 1926
Province of Alberta
5% due 1st May, 1925

Price rates to yield 5.25%

A. E. AMES & CO.
74 Broadway, New York
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
Established 1889
Head Office: Union Bank Bldg., Toronto
Branch Offices: Montreal Victoria, B. C.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Recovery in Stocks, After Early Uncertainty—French Exchange Very Weak.

Usually a stock market which displays such weakness at the week-end as that of Saturday is followed by a falling market when the next week begins. It is commonly expected that selling orders will come in from the general public over Sunday; if an active "bear movement" is in progress, its promoters are counted on to press the decline still further. This was precisely what did not happen yesterday. In a few highly speculative stocks, declines of some severity occurred at the opening; but in the market as a whole there was neither any great weakness nor evidence of aggressive selling. On the contrary it became rather manifest, before the day was far advanced, that previous speculative sellers had buying orders in the market, and the general market closed at a fairly substantial recovery.

Net changes for the day were irregular, with a few isolated declines, some of them running to 2 and 3 points. But advances predominated; notably in the railway shares, several of which closed more than 2 points higher. However the market moves hereafter, yesterday provided at least an illustration of the fact which every one recognizes in quiet times and forgets when the market is in commotion—that days of convulsive declines, like those of Friday and Saturday, are the occasions selected by shrewder speculators to repurchase.

Sterling exchange went below the year's previous low price; so did francs, lire and many of the "neutral exchanges." The franc fell below 5 cents; something which has happened on only three previous days this year—at the end of January, when the French troops entered Essen. Undoubtedly this reflected financial dislike over the tightening of the strain in the Ruhr and over the absence of any sign of a break in the Franco-German deadlock. It is not a pleasant situation. Yet some people may recall that last January the common prediction, in financial circles at Paris, was that Germany would probably not come to terms before July.

Yesterday's estimate on the cotton crop by the Department of Agriculture would have produced a greater impression on the cotton trade's mind, if the department's record as prognosticator had been better. The Government's figures were an undoubted surprise. Its statement of increase over 1922 in acreage planted exceeds by one-fourth the highest estimate from any responsible private source and its forecast of the yield is fully 600,000 bales in excess of the cotton trade's expectations. Taking the department's figures at face value, and assuming its 11,412,000 bales to be the actual yield of 1923, the margin between supply and requirements, after allowing for necessary reserves at the season's end, might still be very close. Not long ago, the common estimate of the cotton trade was that a crop of 13,000,000 bales would be absolutely essential to meet the twelve month's needs of home and foreign spinners, with a safe "carry over" next Summer. Evidently, a shortage of a million and a half bales below any "irreducible minimum" would amount to calamity.

But the cotton trade began some time ago to realise that the minimum named in March was not irreducible. The 13,000,000 figure was based on asumption that spinners' purchases would continue at the unprecedentedly high pressure of that month. So far as monthly consumption figures show, the takings of home spinners have continued nearly as large as they were in March; but meantime purchases for export have decreased so much more rapidly that in April and May the sum of home and foreign was less by 285,000 bales than in 1922. Markets have a way of so adapting themselves as almost invariably to dodge a seemingly impending "famine." What the case would be, if the crop should have as unlucky a midsummer experience as last year's, is another matter. But if even the "boll weevil" were to turn out an exaggerated peril, just after every one had despaired of resisting him, it would not be the first season in which he has done so.

MONEY.

MONDAY, July 2, 1923.

Stock Exchange call money opened and renewed at 6 per cent., which coincided with Friday's final, but rate later dropped to 5½, with a further decline to 5 in the last hour for final accommodations. No change was discernible in either quotations or conditions in fixed period market, 5 per cent. continued freely bid for all maturities, with lenders' rate at 6%. Commercial paper brokers report discount on notes unchanged at 6 per cent., and assert that not until after holiday do they look for any activity coming from July investment funds.

Call Loans.

Renewals.	High.	Low.	Last.	Friday's Last.
6	6	5	5	6

Time Loans.

Mixed collaterals, 60-90 days.....5 @5½
30, 5 and 6 months.....5 @5½
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days.....5
4, 5 and 6 months.....5 @5½

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 4 to 6 months.....5
Other names, 4 to 6 months.....5@5½

Bankers' Acceptances.

Call loans against acceptances.....4%

Prime bankers' acceptances, eligible for purchase or rediscount by Federal Reserve Banks. Rates quoted are for discount at purchase:

	Bid.	Asked.
30 days	4½	4
60 days	4½	4¼
90 days	4½	4¼
Four months	4½	4¼
Six months	4½	4¼
Spot delivery, ineligible, 90 days	4½	4¼

London Market.

Money in London 1¾, lower at 14 per cent; short bills ¼ lower at 1 5-16@1¾ per cent.; three months' bills unchanged at 2% per cent.

Gold bullion up 1d at 90s. Taking the British Mint standard price of 84s per fine ounce as par, the market quotation of gold would represent a price of 108% at London. On the same basis the highest London price for gold for the year to date was 109 on Jan. 30. The highest price since open trading in gold was resumed at London in September, 1919, was 140%, on Feb. 4, 1920; the lowest, 105%, on Feb. 21, 1923.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Exchanges of checks at the New York Clearing House, $627,000,000; balances, $111,000,000; Federal Reserve credit balance, $86,000,000; exchanges this day a year ago, $604,200,000.

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London ¼d lower, at 30¼d per ounce; New York price ⅛c lower, at 65½c.

Range for 1923:

	Highest.	Lowest.
London	32 5-16d Apr. 20	30¼d Feb. 2
New York	66½c Mar. 20	60½c Feb. 2

Range for 1922:

London	31 5-16d Dec. 11	30¼d Dec. 18
New York	66½ Mar. 28	60½ Dec. 18

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

MONDAY, JULY 2, 1923.

Day's Sales.	Saturday.	Friday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.
880,942	478,735	773,825	228,500	Holiday.

Year to Date.	Same Period 1922.	1921.	1920.	1919.
132,487,908	188,157,458	92,927,019	124,436,694¼	145,957,129

1923 High.	Low.	Sales.	Stock and Dividend Rate.	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Ask.
10¼	10	100	Advance Rumely	10	10	10	10		10	11
54¾	33½	100	Advance Rumely pf. (3)	33½	33½	33½	33½	+ ½	33	36
72⅝	56	1,000	Air Reduction (4)	57½	57¾	56	56	+ ½	57	58
7⅛	6¼	1,800	Ajax Rubber	6¾	7	6½	7	+ ¼	6½	7
¾	¾	100	Alaska Gold Mines	¾	¾	¾	¾		¾	¾
1¾	1¾	300	Alaska Juneau	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾		1¾	1¾
80	62¾	2,700	Allied Chem. & Dye (4)	64½	65¾	64¾	65¼	+ ¾	65	65¼
51¾	37⅝	1,200	Allis-Chalmers Mfg. (4)	39	39¾	38	38¾	+ 1	39	39¾
97½	90¾	100	Allis-Chalmers pf. (7)	90¾	90¾	90¾	90¾	+ ⅝	90	91
36⅝	11	2,800	Am. Agricult. Chemical	13¾	13¾	11	11½	+ 1¾	11¾	11¾
65⅝	33¾	400	Am. Agricult. Chem. pf.	34	34	33¾	33¾	+ ¼	33	33¾
49¾	30	600	Am. Beet Sugar	30	31¾	30	31¾	+ 1¾	31¾	32
40	29¼	900	Am. Bosch Magneto	29½	30	29½	30¼	+ ¾	30¼	31
83¾	70	100	Am. Brake Shoe & F. (5)	70	70	70	70		70	72
108	73½	23,000	Am. Can (5)	85¾	87¾	84¾	87⅛	+ 2⅛	87¼	87⅝
115	106¾	200	Am. Can pf. (7)	107	107¾	107	107¾		105	103
180	135¾	900	Am. Car & Foundry (12)	155¾	156	155¾	156	+ 2½	155¾	156¾
253½	200¼	300	Am. Chain, Class A (50c)	221¼	221½	220¾	220¾		220	221½
1,500	Am. Chicle	9	10¼	9	10¼	+ 1¼	10	11		
51	25	100	Am. Chicle pf.	40	40	40	40		41	45
30⅝	4⅜	500	Am. Cotton Oil	4⅜	5¼	4⅜	5¼	+ ¾	5	5¼
7⅝	4¼	100	Am. Druggist Syndicate	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾		4¾	4¾
142¾	93	100	Am. Express (6)	96¼	96¼	96¼	96¼	+ ¼	96	100
71¾	49¼	200	Am. Hide & Leather	50	50	50	50		50	70
74⅜	37¼	500	Am. Hide & Leather pf.	37½	38¼	37⅜	38¼	+ ⅛	38	39½
111⅞	86	300	Am. Ice (7)	92	92	92	92		91½	92½
33⅞	17⅜	2,200	Am. International	18¼	18¼	17¾	18		18	18¼
13⅝	10¼	600	Am. La F. Fire Engine (1)	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾	+ ¼	10¼	11
25	19	200	Am. Linseed	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝		19½	20
146⅝	120¼	1,100	Am. Locomotive (10)	131¾	132	131¾	132	+ ¾	132	134
70⅞	65¾	900	Am. Locomotive, new	65¾	66¼	65¾	66¼	+ ¼	66¾	67
55⅞	40¾	100	Am. Metal (3)	40¾	40¾	40¾	40¾		41	43
80⅜	76	300	Am. Radiator (4)	78¼	79¾	78¼	79¼	+ 1	79¾	80
9¾	4¾	900	Am. Safety Razor (25c)	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾		5¾	6¼
21⅝	10⅜	300	Am. Ship & Commerce	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾		10¾	10¾
61⅜	53	6,000	Am. Smelting & Ref. (5)	53⅝	55¾	53⅝	55¼	+ 1½	55	55¼
40⅝	31⅜	2,100	Am. Steel F. (3), ex div	31⅝	32¼	31⅝	32⅛		32	32⅝
85	65	500	Am. Sugar Refining	67	67	67	67	+ 2	66½	67
39⅝	16	2,000	Am. Sumatra Tobacco	16⅜	17⅜	16	17⅜	+ ⅞	17⅛	17⅜
125¾	110¾	1,800	Am. Telephone & Tel. (9)	119¾	120¾	119¾	120¾	+ ¾	120	120¾
181¾	140	800	Am. Tobacco (12)	141¾	142	141¾	142	+ 2	142	144
159¾	140	800	Am. Tobacco, Class B (12)	140¾	142¾	140¾	142¾	+ 1¾	142	144
105¾	101	100	Am. Tobacco pf. (6)	102	102	102	102		102	102½
44⅝	27½	300	Am. Water Works & Elec.	33	33	32	33	+ 1	33	35¼
63¾	48¾	100	Am. W. W. & E. pfc. pf. (4)	53	53	53	53		53	54
100¾	80¾	2,700	Am. Woolen (7)	81	83¾	80¾	83¾	+ 2¾	83½	83¾
15	15	300	Am. Writing Paper pf.	15	15	15	15		14	16
19¾	8	1,000	Am. Zinc, Lead & S.	8¾	9	8	9	+ ⅛	8¾	9
58¾	30½	500	Am. Zinc, Lead & S. pf.	33¾	36¾	33¾	36¾	+ 5⅞	35	37
53⅞	38	6,900	Anaconda Copper (8)	38	39¾	38	39¾	+ 1¾	39½	39¾
46	29	200	Ann Arbor pf.	30	30	30	30	+ ¼	29½	32
18⅞	12	300	Arnold, Constable & Co.	13¾	13¾	13½	13½	+ ¼	13¼	14¾
1	1	200	Assets Realization	¾	¾	¾	¾		¾	1
80	62¾	300	Asso. Dry Goods (4)	76¾	77	76¾	77	+ ¼	77	77½
93¾	88	100	Asso. Dry Goods 2d pf. (7)	88½	88¾	86⅞	88¾	+ 1¾	88	90
105½	97	4,100	Atch., Top. & Santa Fe (8)	97⅝	98½	97⅜	98½	+ 1⅛	98¼	98⅝
90¾	87	100	Atch., Top. & S. Fe pf. (5)	87⅝	88	87⅝	87¾	+ ⅛	88	88
1¾	¾	500	Atlantic, Birm. & Atlantic	¾	¾	¾	¾		¾	1¾
127	110¾	500	Atlantic Coast Line (7)	111	113¾	111	113½	+ 2½	113	114
8½	1¼	600	Atlantic Fruit	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	+ ⅛	1⅜	2
24	12¾	3,700	Atl. Gulf & West Indies	13⅜	13¾	12¾	13¼	+ ⅝	13	13½
160	108	900	Atlantic Refining (4)	104	107	104	107	+ 2	106	107
57⅝	51	400	Atlas Powder, new	53	53	51	51	+ 1	50	52
25⅝	17⅜	1,300	Austin Nichols	18	19	18	19	+ ¾	19	19¾
28¾	19½	400	Auto Knitter Hosiery (3)	19¾	19¾	19½	19½	+ ¼	19¼	19¾
14⅝	12	100	Auto Sales pf.	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝		12	14
144¼	115⅜	14,400	Baldwin Locomotive (7)	115⅝	119	115⅝	119	+ 3	118⅝	119
56⅝	40¾	4,600	Baltimore & Ohio	43	44⅜	42¾	44¼	+ 1⅝	44	44¼
60¾	53¾	200	Baltimore & Ohio pf. (4)	56⅝	56⅝	56½	56½		55	56¾
35	10	200	Barnsdall, Class A	12½	12½	12½	12½	+ ⅛	12	13
¾	¾	400	Batopilas Mining							
53	50	100	Bayuk Bros.	51	53	53	53	+ 1	50	53
54¾	36¾	1,000	Beech-Nut Packing (2.40)	54¼	56¾	54½	56¾	+ 1¾	55¼	56¾
51¾	41¾	6,000	Bethlehem Steel (5)	42⅝	44	41⅝	44	+ 2	44	45¾
87¾	87	200	Bethlehem Stl. cum. pf. (7)	87¾	87¾	87	87	+ ⅛	87	87¾
100	100	100	Bethlehem Steel pf. (8)	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	+ ¼	100	102
4¾	1¼	100	Booth Fisheries	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼		4¼	4¾
6⅝	5⅝	100	British Empire Steel	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝		6⅝	6⅞
19¾	17¾	600	British Emp. Steel 2d pf.	19¾	19¾	17¾	18¾	+ 3¼	17¾	19
121¾	104¾	700	Brooklyn Edison Elec. (8)	105	106¼	105	106	+ ¼	106	107
1¾	1	400	Brooklyn Rapid Transit	1⅛	1⅛	1	1⅛		1	1¼
49	40	700	Brown Shoe (1)	49¾	49	49	49	+ 1	48¾	49¼
144¾	120	100	Burns Brothers (10)	120	122	120	122	+ 1	121½	122
28	23½	100	Burns Brothers, Inc., B (3)	26	28	26	28		25	26¼
11⅝	5¾	2,400	Butte Copper & Zinc (50c)	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾		5¾	6
37⅝	17⅞	800	Butte & Superior (2)	18½	19	18¼	19	+ ¼	19	20
21¾	13¼	300	Butterick Co.	14¼	14¼	14	14		13½	15
9¼	2¾	100	Caddo Central O. & R.	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾		2¾	3
87	77	100	California Packing (6)	77¾	77¾	77¾	77¾		75½	76
29⅜	16½	12,100	California Petroleum (1½)	16¾	17	16¾	17	+ ¼	16¾	16¾
110¾	94¾	700	California Pet. pf. (7)	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾	+ 2¼	97	101
13⅝	6	2,100	Callahan Zinc-Lead	5¾	5¾	5	5		5	6
42¾	42¼	300	Calumet & Hecla	42½	42½	42¼	42¼	+ ¼	42¾	43¾
146¾	140¾	3,000	Canadian Pacific (10)	142¾	145¾	142	145	+ 2¾	145	145¼
1	1		Cane (J. F.) Pow							
40¾	19¾	2,300	Central Leather Co.	19¾	21	19¾	20¾	+ ¾	20¾	21
79¾	55	700	Central Leather Co. pf.	55	58¾	55	55¾	+ ¾	56¼	57
86¾	28	200	Century Ribbon Mills	32½	32½	32	32		30	32
50¾	37⅝	3,200	Cerro de Pasco Copper (1)	30	39¼	38¾	39⅜	+ ⅝	39	39¾
74	46¾	5,900	Chandler Motor (6)	47½	49¾	46¾	49½	+ 2¾	49	49¼
97	87	1,200	Chesapeake & Ohio (4)	87¾	89¾	87¾	89¼	+ 1½	89	89¾
104¾	96	100	Chic. & Ohio pf. (6½)	96	96¾	96	96¾	+ ⅛	96¾	97½
3¾	2	100	Chicago & Alton	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼		2¼	3
38¾	25¾	200	Chicago & Eastern Ill.	25½	26	25½	26		26	27
62¾	49	200	Chicago & Eas. Ill. pf.	49	49	49	49	- 1	47¾	49¼
143⅝	93	900	Chicago Great Western	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼		4¼	4¾
74¾	37¾	900	Chi. Great Western pf.	9½	10	9½	10		10	10¾
178¾	145¾	4,100	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	16¾	19	17¾	19	+ 2¼	18¾	19¼
45¾	30¾	1,000	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul pf.	30¾	31¾	30¾	31¾	+ ¾	31¾	31¾
68	09	1,400	Chicago & N. W. (5)	69½	70	69¾	70	+ 1	70	71
90¾	75¾	600	Chi. Pneu. Tool (5)	76¾	78	76¾	78	+ ¾	78¼	79
97¾	22¾	9,200	Chi., R. I. & Pac.	24¾	24¾	22¾	24¾	+ 1½	24¾	24¾
95	77¾	300	Chi., R. I. & Pac. pf. (7)	78	78	77¾	77¾		76	79
85	67¾	300	Chi., R. I. & Pac. pf. (6)	68	68	67¾	68	- 1	68¼	70
90¾	24¾	2,500	Chile Copper (2½)	25¾	25¾	25¾	25¾	+ ⅛	25¾	25¾
21¾	17	2,300	Chino Copper	18⅝	18⅝	18	18⅜	+ ⅛	18¼	18⅜
76¾	60	100	Cluett-Peabody (5)	60	60	60	60	+ 1	60	65
83¾	72¾	2,100	Coca-Cola (7)	75¾	76¾	75¾	76		76	76¾
35¾	25	500	Col. Fuel & Iron	25¾	26	25¾	26		26	26¾
37⅝	30¾	1,300	Columbia G. & E. (2.60)	31	31¾	30¾	31¾	+ ⅛	31¾	31¾
114	91½	2,700	Col. G. & E. pf. (7.80)	92¾	93½	91¼	93¼	+ 1¾	93¼	94½
4¾	2¾	400	Columbia Graphophone	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾		2¾	3
12¾	2	100	Columbia Graphophone pf	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾		2¾	3
39¾	15	100	Com. Solvents B	19	19	19	19	+ 1	17	20
83¾	67	700	Comp.-Tab.-Recording (6)	67½	68	67¾	68	+ 1	68¾	69¾
89¾	58¾	7,400	Consolidated Gas (5)	67¼	68¾	66¾	68	+ 1¼	68	68¾
14¾	7	2,400	Consolidated Textile	7¼	7¾	7	7		7	7¾
47¾	31¾	2,500	Continental Can (3)	44¼	46	44	45¾	+ 1¾	45¾	46
110¾	102¾	100	Continental Can pf. (7)	104	104	104	104		103	108¼
12¾	6⅜	800	Continental Motors	7	7¼	7	7¼	+ ⅜	7	7¾
139¾	122	9,300	Corn Prod. Ref. (7½)	122¾	124¾	122	123¾	+ ¾	123½	123¾
122¾	116¾	200	Corn Prod. Refining pf. (7)	116¾	116¾	116¾	116¾	+ ¼	116½	119
62¾	39¼	16,400	Cosden & Co. (4)	39¾	42	39¾	41¾	+ 2¼	41¾	41¾
97¾	84¾	100	Cosden & Co. pf. (7)	97	97	97	97	+ 1	96¾	97½
64¾	61¼	5,200	Crucible Steel (4)	62¼	63¾	61¼	63½	+ 1¾	63¾	63¾
20	10	2,700	Cuba Cane Sugar	10	11	10	11	+ ⅛	10½	11¼
64¼	37¼	1,500	Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	40	41¾	40	41¾	+ 1¾	41½	42
37⅝	23¾	3,400	Cuban-Am. Sugar	25	26	24½	25¾	+ 1¾	25¾	26
12¾	3	4,400	Cuban Dom. Sugar	4	4	3	4		3	4¼
58⅞	36	300	Cuban Dom. Sugar pf.	39	39	36	38	- 2	35	38
69	56¾	300	Cuyamel Fruit (1)	57	57	56¾	56¾		56	57
88½	20¾	4,200	Davison Chemical	34¾	35¾	34½	35¼	+ 1¾	35	35¼
124¾	103	400	Delaware & Hudson (9)	105½	107	104½	106¾	+ 1¼	106	107
130¾	110¾	300	Del., Lack. & West. (6)	114	114	113	113¾		113½	114
111	100¾	500	Detroit Edison Co. (8)	102	104	101¾	102	+ ¾	102¾	103
40	30¾	300	Dome Mines (4)	34½	34½	34¼	34¾	+ ¼	34¼	34¾
14¾	12¾	700	Douglas-Pectin (1)	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾		12¾	13
146¾	106	5,400	Du Pont de Nemours (6)	106¾	111¾	106	111	+ 3½	111	111¾
89¾	83	100	Du Pont de N. deb. (6)	88	88	88	88		88	88
115¾	80¾	1,000	Eastman Kodak (17½)	103	103	101¾	102¾	- ¼	103	103
67¾	62¾	400	Elec. Storage Bat. (1½)	63	63	63	63	+ ¼	63	64
20¾	13¾	100	Ellis-Foster pf.	14	14	14	14		13	15
94¾	62¾	1,500	Endicott-Johnson (5)	63¾	64½	63¾	64½	+ ¾	63½	64½
13⅝	10¾	1,900	Erie	10¾	11¼	10¾	11¼	+ ⅜	11¼	11¾
21⅜	15	3,500	Erie 1st pf.	17	18¾	16¾	18¾	+ 1¾	18	18¾
16⅞	10¾	100	Erie 2d pf.	11	12	11	12	+ ¾	11	12
86	65¼	5,400	Famous Players-Lasky (6)	68	70	68	69¾	+ 4¾	69¾	69¾
30¾	28¼	400	Federal M. & S. pf. (2)	35¾	35¾	35¾	35¾		35¾	36¾
10⅜	7¾	1,000	Fifth Avenue Bus (64c)	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾		7¾	8
102¾	96¼	200	Fisher Body Ohio pf. (8)	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾		96	97
16½	8	1,400	Flak Rubber	8	8¾	8	8		8	8¾
47¾	37⅜	2,900	Fleischmann Co. (12)	40	40¾	39¾	40¼	+ ¼	40¼	41¾
71¾	64¾	1,000	Foundation Co. (60)	67¾	67¾	67¾	67¾	+ ¾	67¾	68¾
22	6½	3,900	Freeport-Texas	9¾	10	9¾	10		10	10¼
71½	43¾	200	Gen. Am. Tank Car (3)	44	44	43¾	43¾	- 1	43	44
54	25¾	1,100	General Asphalt	27¾	28¼	27¾	28¼	+ ⅜	28	28¾
83	61	800	General Asphalt pf. (5)	64	64	64	64	- 1	63¼	67¾
59¼	30¼	100	General Cigar (5)	51	51	51	51		51	52
176¾	122¾	1,900	General Electric (8)	122¾	176	173	176	+ 3	174	176
12	10¼	400	Gen. Elec. Special (65c)	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾	+ ¼	10¾	10¾
134¾	80¾	28,000	General Motors (1.20)	13	13¾	13¾	13¾	+ ¼	13¾	13¾
90	80¾	200	General Motors deb. (6)	81	81	81	81		81	82
50¾	40¾	300	Gimbel Brothers	40¾	40¾	40¾	40¾		40	44
7⅞	7	500	Glidden Co.	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾		7¾	7⅞
4¾	4	100	Goldwyn Pictures	4	4	4	4	+ ¼	4	4¼
15	14¼	100	Goldwyn Pic. pot. tr. stfs.	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾		14½	15
25¾	23¾	900	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	23¾	23¾	23¾	23¾		23¾	23¾
69¾	60	300	Goodrich pf. (7)	60	60	60	60		60	62
46¾	44	900	Goodyear T. & R. pf.	44	44	44	44		43½	46
94¾	86	200	Goodyear T. & R. pr.pf. (8)	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾		94½	95
19¾	17¾	300	Granby Consol.	18¾	17¾	18¾	17	+ ¼	17	18
7¾	7	100	Grey & Davis	7	7	7	7		7	8
42¾	42¼	4,900	Great Northern pf. (5)	42¾	44⅝	42¾	44⅝	+ 2	44	45
65¾	58¾	2,000	Gt. Nor. Ctfs for Ore (2)	58¾	62¾	58¾	62¾	+ 3¾	62¾	63¾
103¾	103¼	200	Great West. Sugar pf. (7)	103¾	103¼	103¼	103¼		102¾	104½
49¾	15¾	400	Greene Cananea Copper	16¾	17	15¾	16¾		16¾	17
3,200	Guantanamo Sugar	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾		6¾	6¾
11¾	6¾	400	Gulf, Mobile & Northern	11¾	11¾	11¾	11¾		11¾	12
8,000	Gulf States Steel (4)	66	66¾

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Due 1940-45 to yield 4.80%
Due 1946-53 to yield 4.90%

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Due 1952

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PHILADELPHIA NEW YORK
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BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, JULY 2, 1923.

	1923.	1922.	1921.	1920.	1919.
Day's sales:					
U. S. Government bonds	$3,586,300	$2,590,300	Holiday	Holiday	$7,625,500
Other domestic bonds	7,466,000	2,720,500	Holiday	Holiday	1,895,500
Foreign bonds	1,351,000	1,139,000	Holiday	Holiday	1,689,500
Total all bonds	$12,403,300	$6,449,800	Holiday	Holiday	$11,210,500
Year to date					
U. S. Government bonds	$441,525,610	$995,353,155	$966,113,480	$1,581,588,050	$1,197,835,200
Other domestic bonds	876,322,100	1,009,607,200	423,597,700	293,078,500	283,792,989
Foreign bonds	266,179,900	333,495,300	158,777,200	154,579,300	172,165,000
Total all bonds	$1,584,027,610	$2,338,455,655	$1,543,488,380	$2,029,245,850	$1,653,793,189

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT LOANS.

Range since Date of Issue High	Date	Low	Date	Range, 1923 High	Low	Sales	Issue	Open	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge	Closing Bid	Asked	Yield
103.1	Oct. 19,'22	96.1	June 5,'21	101.30	101.12	106	Liberty 3½s, 1932-47	100.15	100.17	100.12	100.15		100.14	100.15	3.47
103.26	Oct. 19,'22	96.4	July 11,'21	101.25	100.10	10	Liberty 3½s, registered	100.16	100.16	100.16	100.16	+.6			
101.25	July 23,'23	93.00	May 19,'20	98.30	97.5	...	Lib. 1st cv. 4s, 1932-47						98.00	98.18	4.14
101.10	July 24,'22	95.22	May 1,'20	98.12	97.3	1	Lib. 1st cv. 4s, reg.	98.00	98.00	98.00	98.00				
100.25	July 23,'22	91.12	May 20,'20	98.12	96.18	7	Lib. 2d 4s, 1927-42	97.29	98.5	97.29	98.5	+.14	98.2	98.9	
100.18	July 14,'22	91.18	May 21,'20	98.10	96.18	...	Lib. 2d 4s, reg.								4.14
102.00	July 18,'22	90.00	June 1,'20	100.00	97.5	...	Lib. 1st 3d cv. 4½s, 1932-47						97.10	98.10	
101.25	July 18,'22	84.00	May 27,'20	99.0	96.22	316	Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, 1933-47	96.4	96.9	96.4	96.6	+.2	96.5	96.9	4.36
101.14	July 24,'22	84.00	July 30,'20	96.28	96.26	...	Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, reg.								
101.00	July 24,'22	85.12	May 20,'20	96.3	96.24	540	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, 1927-42	96.5	96.15	96.5	96.7	+.2	96.7	96.9	4.36
100.25	July 22,'22	83.16	Dec. 22,'20	96.28	96.21	32	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, reg.	96.3	96.8	96.3	96.4	+.3			
101.00	July 24,'23	85.15	May 20,'20	96.3	97.25	843	Lib. 3d 4½s, 1928	98.15	98.18	98.18	98.18		98.15	98.19	4.80
100.27	July 25,'22	82.12	May 19,'20	99.1	97.17	4	Lib. 3d 4½s, reg.	98.13	98.18	98.18	98.18	+.4			
101.27	July 27,'22	82.00	May 20,'20	99.1	96.27	1,314	Lib. 4th 4¼s, 1933-38	98.5	98.10	98.5	98.5	+.4	98.5	98.10	4.41
101.00	July 26,'22	82.15	May 20,'20	99.00	96.26	7	Lib. 4th 4¼s, reg.	98.4	98.8	98.4	98.9	+.12			
100.4	Oct. 19,'22	96.4	May 27,'23	100.1	98.1	237	Treasury 4½s, 1947-52	99.18	99.20	99.16	99.20	+.3	99.18	99.20	4.27
100.00	Feb. 14,'23	98.20	Apr. 25,'23	100.00	98.20	...	Treasury 4½s, reg.								

Beginning March 22, the Stock Exchange officially quotes Liberty bonds in units and fractions, the fractions being 32ds of a unit, and the quotations after the decimal point representing one or more 32ds. In the above table, therefore, the figures of highest and lowest prices during 1923 and since date of issue are reduced to the form now used in the Stock Exchange quotations.

FOREIGN BONDS.

Argentine 6s, 1945	11	91⅞	Cy Rio de Jan 6½s, 1959	95	Dom of Can 5½s, 1929	2	101¼	French Gov 5½s, 1941	2	91¼	King of Netherlands 6s, 1972	1	101	Un King of Gt B & I cv 5½s, 1929	1	112⅜
	1	91¼	1	92½		1	101¼		5	91¼		10	100⅜		12	112¼
	6	91⅞	1	92½	5s, 1931	22	93	Jurgens (Ant) 6s, 1947, int rcts	25	100⅜	King of Norway s f 6s, 1944, int cfs	1	100⅜		5	113
	50	92	1977	93¾		2	93		10	100⅜		2	100⅜			
temp 5s, 1927	7	93⅝	Thirf.	91⅜		1	93¼		2	80¼		4	100⅜	5½s, 1987		
15	103	City Barns 5s, 1948	1	89		1	93¼	ex int	2	80¼		6	100⅜		5	102⅝
1	102⅜		1	89		4	93		2	78½		2	100⅜		1	102⅝
1	101⅜		2	89		1	93¼		15	78		4	100⅜		2	102
1	101¼	City Bordeaux 6s, 1934	1	97½		1	92⅝		2	70½		1	97⅜		1	102⅜
1	102		1	78		2	92⅝	King of Belg 6s, 1925	1	95⅜		1	97⅜	Rep of Col 6½s, 1927	1	103
1	101⅜		1	77		5	93		1	96⅛		1	97⅜		1	103
2	101⅜	City Colosonn 6s, 1936	1	76⅝		5	93		1	96⅛		1	110¼	Rep of Cuba s f 5½s, 1953, int cfs	1	102⅝
Austrian Govt gtd s f 7s, 1943, int rcts	1	80		3	93		1	96⅛	King of the Serbs, Croats & Slovenes 6s, 1962	2	110¼		1	102⅝		
	3	80¼		5	93		1	96⅛		1	110¼		1	102⅝		
	1	80¼	City Tokio 5s, 1952	1	93¼		2	96⅛		1	110¼		4	102⅝		
	1	80¼		12	91¾		1	96⅛		1	110¼		24	103		
	5	80¼		3	91¾		5	96⅛		1	110¼		1	102⅝		
	1	80¼	City Zurich 6s, 1945	2	91¾		3	96		1	110¼		6	103		
	4	80¼		10	91¾		11	96⅛		1	110¼					
	1	80¼		1	91¾		4	96⅛		1	110¼					
	1	80¼	Czechoslovak Rep 8s, 1951	5	96⅜		5	96⅜		1	110¼					
	1	80¼		5	96⅜		5	97		1	110¼					
	1	80¼	Cy Gr Prague 7½s, 1952	11	91¾		3	96⅜		1	110¼					
	1	80¼		4	91¾		1	96⅜		1	110¼					
	1	80¼		1	75½		1	96⅜		1	110¼					
	1	80¼		1	75		1	96⅜		1	110¼					
	1	80¼		2	74½		1	96⅜		1	110¼					
	1	80¼	City Lyons 6s, 1934	2	91¾		1	96⅜		1	110¼					
	1	80¼		1	91¾		1	96⅜		1	110¼					
	1	80¼		3	91¾		5	96⅜		1	110¼					
	2	78	Danish Munic s f 5s, Ser A, 1946	1	91¾		1	96⅜		1	110¼					
	1	77		1	91¾		1	96⅜		1	110¼					
	1	76⅞		1	91¾		1	96⅜		1	110¼					
Cy Marseilles 6s, 1934	1	107		1	91¾		1	96⅜		1	110¼					
	1	77½	Dept of the Seine temp 7s, 1942	1	91¾		1	96⅜		1	110¼					
	1	76⅝		1	91¾		1	96⅜		1	110¼					
	1	76⅝		1	91¾		1	96⅜		1	110¼					
	1	76⅝		1	91¾		1	96⅜		1	110¼					
	1	76⅝		1	91¾		1	96⅜		1	110¼					
Cy Montevideo s f 6s, 1952	1	84½		1	91¾		1	96⅜		1	110¼					
	2	83½		2	91¾		1	96⅜		1	110¼					
	2	83½		2	91¾		1	96⅜		1	110¼					
Cy of For Alegre s f 8s, 1961	2	83½	Dom Rep 5½s, 1942, int cfs	2	87		1	96⅜		1	110¼					
	2	83½

SUGAR SECURITIES

Caracas Sugar
Central Aguirre Sugar
Fajardo Sugar
Federal Sugar Refining
National Sugar Ref'ng.
New Niquero Sugar
Savannah Sugar Ref'ng.
Savannah Sugar Pfd.
Sug. Est. of Oriente Pfd.

We are prepared to supplement quotations with all information at our disposal.

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Bi-Weekly
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on request
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Members of New York Stock Exchange
120 Broadway Rector 8200

SOUTHERN BONDS
Hibernia Securities Co., Inc.
44 Pine Street, New York
New Orleans Dallas Atlanta

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Rates Undergo Severe Reaction on Unsettled European Affairs—New Lows Prominent.

Renewed weakness and sharp declines, and in this action as close a state bordering on utter collapse as has been witnessed in some time, was the gist of the dealings in the European exchanges yesterday. New low records for the year were reached in seven of the important rates, to wit, English, Italian, German, Spanish, Swedish, Belgian and Swiss remittances, while French and Holland stand only slightly above previous lows. The reaction was attributed to the unsettled conditions abroad, dealings here being an adjustment to the lower prices in London and on the Continent.

Sterling dropped more than 1½ cents, to $4.56 7-16; French was 14 points lower at 5.90½ cents; Italian reacted 7 points, to 4.53 cents; German was quoted at 5½ ten-thousandths of a cent, from a previous 9½; Spanish dropped 30 points, to 14.36 cents; Sweden was off 7 points, to 26.37 cents; Belgian, 14½ points lower at 5.01 cents; Swiss fell 15 points, to 17.44 cents, with Holland 9 points down at 39.06 cents. In nearly every instance the day's lowest rates were also the finals, the support which came into the market around noon, following the initial break, giving way before selling of all hues.

Far Easterns and South Americans were irregular, Chinese being inactive because of holiday, while some South Americans, notably Uruguay and Chile, were lower.

In the subjoined table the quotation on sterling represents dollars and decimals of a dollar; all others represent cents and decimals of a cent. Quotations preceded by the decimal mark indicate a price measured in fractions of a cent.

MONDAY, JULY 2, 1923.

Range of Rates, Sight Exchange.

	High.	Low.	Saturday's Final.	Week Ago.
LONDON	$4.57⅛	$4.56 7-16	$4.56⅝	$4.59
PARIS	5.95	5.90½	5.90½	5.94⅝
ROME	4.25½	4.23	4.23¼	4.40
AMSTERDAM	39.15	39.00	39.06	39.14
BERLIN	.0005⅝	.0005½	.0005⅝	.0005⅝
MADRID	14.30	14.18	14.18	14.46
STOCKHOLM	26.44	26.37	26.37	26.44

Closing Rates.

Parity of exchange is given as reported by the United States Mint, except in countries with a silver standard, where parity fluctuates with the price of silver.

Europe.

	Monday.	Saturday.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
STERLING—Par $4.86⅝ per sovereign.				
Demand	4.56⅝	4.56	4.61¼	4.48
Cables	4.24⅝	4.56⅝	4.61¾	4.48⅛
Com., 60 days	4.51½	4.55½	4.60	4.41⅞
Com., 30 days	4.53⅝	4.55	4.58¼	4.40⅝
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	5.90½	6.04½	6.17½	5.36
Cables	5.91	6.05	6.18½	5.36½
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.				
Demand	4.53½	4.46	4.44½	4.69
Cables	4.54	4.40½	4.45	4.69½
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	5.01	5.15½	5.28	7.93½
Cables	5.01½	5.16	5.28½	7.93⅝
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.				
Demand	.0005⅝	.0005⅝	.0005½	.23⅝
Cables	.0005⅞	.0005⅞	.0005⅞	.23⅝
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.0014¼	.0014¼	.0014¼	.0052
Cables	.0014⅝	.0014⅝	.0014⅝	.0052
CZECHOSLOVAKIA — Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	2.99⅞	2.98½	3.00	2.91½
Cables	2.99⅞	2.98½	3.00	2.92⅛
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krona.				
Demand	17.52	17.49	17.50	21.40
Cables	17.55	17.52	17.53	21.48
FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finmark.				
Demand	2.75½	2.75½	2.76½	2.23
Cables	2.75⅝	2.75½	2.76⅝	2.24
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.				
Demand	1.10	1.25	1.40	1.20
Cables	1.15	1.28	1.45	1.22
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	39.06	39.14	39.16	38.56
Cables	39.10	39.18	39.20	38.58
HUNGARY—Par 20.5 cents per crown.				
Demand	.0115	.0115	.0115	.00⅝
Cables	.0115	.0115	.0115	.00⅝
JUGO-SLAVIA—Par 19.3 cents per dinar.				
Demand	1.09½	1.10	1.15	1.28
Cables	1.09½	1.10	1.15	1.28
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krona.				
Demand	16.32	16.37	16.32	16.65
Cables	16.35	16.40	16.35	16.70
POLAND—Par 19.3 cents per mark.				
Demand	.0009	.0009	.0010	.02⅛
Cables	.0009	.0009	.0010	.02⅛
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.				
Demand	.52¼	.52¼	.52½	.03⅝
Cables	.52¼	.52⅜	.52½	.03⅝
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per peseta.				
Demand	14.18	14.46	14.53	15.58
Cables	14.20	14.50	14.54	15.60
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krona.				
Demand	26.37	26.44	26.47	25.09
Cables	26.40	26.47	26.50	25.95
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	17.44	17.60	17.82	18.90
Cables	17.46	17.63	17.84	19.01

Far East.

	Monday.	Saturday.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hongkong; per tael for Shanghai and Peking.				
Hongkong—				
Demand	52.375	52.75	52.75	57.875
Cables	52.50	52.875	52.875	58.00
Peking—				
Demand	73.75	74.00	75.00	68.50
Shanghai—				
Demand	70.375	70.88	71.38	73.75
Cables	70.50	71.00	71.50	73.90
INDIA—Calcutta: Cents per rupee, nominally stabilized at one-tenth of a pound sterling.				
Demand	30.68	30.69	30.94	34.75
Cables	30.80	30.81	31.06	34.91
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—Manila: Par, 50 cents per silver peso.				
Demand	49.25	49.25	49.25	50.00
Cables	49.50	49.50	49.50	50.25
JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	39.00	38.875	39.00	39.875
JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen.				
Demand	46.81	46.91	46.93	47.375
Cables	46.96	46.93	46.99	48.00

South America.

	Monday.	Saturday.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
ARGENTINA—Par 42.84 cents per Argentine paper dollar.				
Demand	35.25	35.25	35.00	36.00
Cables	35.35	35.35	35.20	36.05
BRAZIL—Par 32.45 cents per paper milreis.				
Demand	10.20	10.20	10.70	13.90
Cables	10.22	10.25	10.75	13.95
CHILE—Par 36.5 cents per paper peso.				
Demand	12.07	12.10	12.19	12.67
Cables	12.10	12.15	12.15	12.95
PERU—Par $4.8665 per pound.				
Checks	4.30	4.30	4.29	4.95
Cables	4.31	4.31	4.30	4.96
URUGUAY—Par $1.0342 per gold peso.				
Demand	81.50	82.00	82.25	81.00
Cables	82.31	82.00	82.00	81.00

Canada.

	Monday.	Saturday.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
MONTREAL—Par 100 cents per Canadian dollar.				
Demand	97.62	97.56	97.75	98.43

Russian Currency.

Prices for pre-revolution Russian ruble notes were as follows:
Par, $1.03 cents per ruble.

	Bid.	Asked.
100-ruble notes, per ruble	.07½	.12½
500-ruble notes, per ruble	.07	.12½

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Arg. (unlisted)	5	Sep. 1945	95½	96½
Arg. (unlisted)	6	1945	97⅜	98
Belgian Free	5	1925	91	91
Belgian (restored)	8	Sep. 1925	98	98
Brazil	8	1952	93⅝	94
Brazil	4½	1952	44⅜	45¼
Brazil	5	1965	47	47
British Victory	4	Sep. 1919	99⅜	99⅝
British Funding	4	Mar. 1960	93	93
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5½	Oct. 1927	97	100
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5	1947-39	91	100
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5	1928	92	93
Brit. Exchequer	5½	1929	96	1 00
Canada	6	1937	99⅜	100⅜
Canada	5½	Nov. 1933	103	103⅛
Chile 1st	8	1911	76	77
City of Tokio	5	1912	88½	89
Colombia	6	1918	89½	90½
Costa Rica	8	1911	57	58
Cuba	5	1920	99	99
French Gov. Ws.	5	7da. 1911	93	93
French Loan	4	1917	65½	67⅛
French Loan	5	1920	72	73
French Loan	5	May, 1939	63	64
Ital. War Loan	5		73½	73¾
Mex. R. R.	6	1909	39¾	40½
Paris-Orl. R. R.	6	1908	82⅜	83⅜
Russ. Historical	5½	Dec. 1921	10½	11½
Do. (Nat. City Bank ctfs)			10½	11½
Russ. External	6½	Dec. 1919	10½	11½
Do. (Nat. City Bank ctfs)			10½	11½
Russ. ruble bonds	5½	Feb. 1926	7½	11½
Russ. consol of 1906	4		3	3½
Russ. Ry. ctfs.			6½	7½
Sweden	6	June, 1939	104½	105½
Switzerland	5½	Aug. 1929	104½	105½
Uruguay	8	1919	97	98

POWER COMPANIES SHOW PROFIT GAIN

Penn Central and Mississippi Report Increased Earnings for Month of May.

The Penn Central Light and Power Company reports for May gross earnings of $296,478, against $170,407 for the previous May and a balance applicable to dividends and surplus of $53,686, against $31,681 last year. For the twelve months ended last May 30 the company reports a balance applicable to dividends and surplus of $631,681, against $368,766 for the corresponding period a year ago.

The Mississippi Power and Light Company reports for May gross earnings of $60,752, against $60,442 the year before, and net earnings of $28,668, against $27,668. For the twelve-month period the company shows a balance after expenses and interest requirements of $231,771.

The American Water Works Electric Company for May reports gross earnings of $2,884,278, against $1,641,816 in the same month of last year. Final balance after all charges, including depreciation, amounted to $357,731, against $81,060 in the same month of 1922.

Gross earnings of the West Penn Company and subsidiaries for May were $1,920,476, against $1,184,726 in the same month of last year, and the balance, after all charges and depreciation, amounted to $294,635, against $81,511 last year.

Trade Conditions and Taxes

are important factors in selecting investments today. Our statistical department has made a careful study of securities that respond favorably in constantly changing economic conditions, and that are available on a basis to yield from

5% to 7%

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Exempt from all Federal Income Taxes

$150,000

CAYUGA COUNTY, N. Y.
Court House Construction 4½% Coupon Bonds
Dated May 1, 1923 Due May 1, as shown below

Legal Investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York State

FINANCIAL STATEMENT
(as officially reported)

Assessed Valuation	$49,830,000
Total Bonded Debt (including this issue)	150,000
Population, estimated, 70,000	

MATURITIES

$30,000 due May 1, 1924, at a price to yield 4.00%
30,000 due May 1, 1925, at a price to yield 4.10%
30,000 due May 1, 1926 to 1928, at prices to yield 4.20%

A. M. LAMPORT & COMPANY, Inc.
44 PINE STREET, NEW YORK. Tel. John 3060.

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We have prepared a letter explaining what the surety business is and what is back of a surety company's stock, which will be furnished upon application.

We are offering stock of two of the strongest companies in this line of business which we recommend for investment, to yield 5.63% and 6.25%.

F. B. KEECH & COMPANY
52 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

The Mortgage-Bond Company of New York

55 Liberty Street, New York

STATEMENT OF CONDITION JULY 1, 1923

ASSETS		LIABILITIES	
Mortgages	$8,514,472.00	Capital	$2,000,000.00
Bonds	9,123.00	Surplus	500,000.00
Real Estate	24,586.61	Undivided Profits	438,295.74
Interest Receivable	190,406.85	Mortgage-Bonds	5,831,100.00
Cash	191,260.69	Interest Payable	115,545.11
		Reserved for Taxes	35,000.00
	$8,920,154.15		$8,920,154.15

OFFICERS

GEORGE A. HURD, President

RICHARD M. HURD, JULIAN D. FAIRCHILD } Vice-Pres. GURDON M. MAYNARD, Secy. J. HENRY WESTON, Treas.

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NASSAU NATIONAL BANK of Brooklyn
Capital, Surplus & Profits $2,513,000.00

The State Bank
374-378 Grand Street, New York
Seven Branches in Greater New York

STATEMENT OF CONDITION

At the close of business, June 30, 1923

ASSETS

Loans and Discounts	$86,564,670.98
U. S. Bonds and Certificates	21,203,406.25
Other Bonds and Investments	5,530,374.06
Banking Houses	1,500,000.00
Customers' Liability Account of Acceptances	4,159,777.77
Cash, due from Banks and U. S. Treasurer	32,098,843.54
Interest Earned	356,535.39
	$151,412,308.01

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock	$ 4,500,000.00	
Surplus	13,500,000.00	
Undivided Profits	2,967,182.45	
Reserved, Taxes, etc.	737,253.68	
		$21,704,436.16
Unearned Interest		541,802.43
Circulation		340,797.50
Acceptances		4,672,730.58
Other Liabilities		2,735,682.05
Deposits, viz:—		
Individuals	$93,239,586.65	
Banks	26,629,672.64	
United States	1,547,600.00	121,416,859.29
		$151,412,308.01

The Power Behind "Old Bullion"

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Founded 1824

BROADWAY AND CHAMBERS, FACING CITY HALL

Condensed Statement as of June 30, 1923

CENTRAL UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK

80 Broadway
Fifth Avenue at 60th Street Madison Avenue at 42nd Street

ASSETS

Cash on hand, in Federal Reserve Bank and due from Banks and Bankers	$57,588,550.80
United States Bonds	40,912,173.99
Municipal Bonds	6,214,469.77
Loans and Discounts	155,795,878.82
Short Term Securities	5,113,209.72
Bonds and Other Securities	3,063,518.13
Stock in Federal Reserve Bank	825,000.00
Real Estate	3,295,000.00
Customers' Liability Account of Acceptances	6,680,645.98
Interest Accrued	1,360,442.73
TOTAL	$280,848,889.94

LIABILITIES

Capital	$12,500,000.00
Surplus	17,500,000.00
Undivided Profits	4,087,906.39
Deposits	236,317,330.87
Dividend Payable July 2, 1923	750,000.00
Reserve for Taxes and Interest Accrued	1,577,771.51
Unearned Discount	383,301.97
Acceptances	7,732,488.90
TOTAL	$280,848,889.94

Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits Over 34 Million Dollars

Exempt from all Federal Income Taxes

CITY OF MIAMI FLORIDA

5% Municipal Improvement Bonds

Dated June 1, 1923

These Bonds constitute direct general obligations of the City of Miami, payable from an unlimited tax levied on all the property therein. Principal and Interest payable in New York. Legality to be approved by Chester B. Masslich, Esq., New York City.

Maturities: June 1, 1929 to 1953

Price 100 and Interest to yield 5%

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INCORPORATED
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Descriptive Booklet sent upon request.

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I. & G. N. RAILROAD UNDER NEW CONTROL

Group Represented by Swartzout & Appenzellar Buys 28,000 Voting Certificates.

$630,000 THE PRICE PAID

Block Now Changing Hands Recently Was Sought by the Frisco System.

Control of the International & Great Northern Railway Company passed into the hands of a group represented by Swartzout & Appenzellar, it was learned yesterday, in a transaction that involved the purchase of 28,000 voting trust certificates for $630,000, or $22.50 a certificate. This gave the group represented by Swartzout & Appenzellar 28,000 voting trust certificates of a total of 75,000.

As the five-year voting trust under which the shares of this stock are held will expire within the next four years, all of these voting certificates will become shares of stock and will constitute a majority of the outstanding common stock. Under the reorganization plan completed recently the International & Great Northern is said to have one of the smallest amounts of capital stock of any road listed on the New York Stock Exchange.

While the brokers would not reveal the identity of the members of the group for whom they made the purchase they stated that it was not for the immediate account of any other railroad.

The block of stock was purchased from the syndicate which underwrote the recent reorganization of the International & Great Northern and which was headed by J. & W. Seligman & Co. and Speyer & Co. This syndicate, at the time of the reorganization, turned over to the railroad $17,000,000 for which they received the securities in which was included the 28,000 shares of common stock. The sale yesterday, it was said, will complete the sale of the securities held by the syndicate and will enable the syndicate to close up its accounts.

The block was a part of the stock that was to have been sold several weeks ago to the St. Louis & San Francisco Railway for $26.50 a share. The acquisition of the road by the St. Louis & San Francisco was prevented by an order of the Interstate Commerce Commission on May 19. In railroad circles, even after the St. Louis & San Francisco failed to get control of the road, it was believed that some other measure might be taken to carry out the original plans for combining the railroads.

The International & Great Northern, through its recent reorganization, is said to have outstanding against it only $32,500 in bonds for every mile of railroad, while at the price paid for the stock yesterday capitalization would be at the rate of $1,500 a mile. In its general balance sheet for the year ended Dec. 31, 1922, the road and equipment are valued at $49,803,455.

The transfer of the stock voting transfer certificates yesterday does not mean, however, that the new group will come immediately into authority in the management of the property. Under the voting trust agreement, which still has almost four years to run, the majority of the voting trust certificates and the consent of the Directors would be required for this, which, it was said, was out of the question at the present time. But once the voting trust agreement expires and the certificates become shares of common stock the new group will have control of the common stock, and through it control of the railroad.

The International & Great Northern owns and operates 1,150 miles of railroad. The road was in the hands of the receivers from 1914 until Dec. 1, 1922, when it was taken over by the new company as the result of the reorganization plans announced on June 1, 1922.

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

Prices Irregular, Sterling Rises Violently at Paris.

LONDON, July 2.—Trading was dull and prices were easy on the Stock Exchange today. Old 2½ per cent. consols, ½ lower at 58⅝; British 5 per cent. war loan, ¼ lower at 101; 4½ per cent. war loan, ¼ lower at 98.

Rand Mines, unchanged at 2⅝; De Beers Mining, ⅜ lower at 13½.

PARIS, July 2.—Prices moved irregularly on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 40 centimes higher at 58 francs; 6 per cent. war loan, 15 centimes lower at 74 francs 85 centimes.

Exchange on London, 1 franc 80 centimes higher at 76 francs 90 centimes per sovereign; American dollars were quoted at 16 francs 81½ centimes, against 16 francs 39½ centimes Friday.

$1,022,000 Cramp Bonds Paid.

The $1,022,000 consolidated 5 per cent. bonds of the William Cramp & Sons Ship and Engine Building Company, which matured yesterday were paid off out of current earnings, according to a statement issued yesterday by the American Ship and Commerce Corporation, which controls the property. Payment was made by the Girard Trust Company of Philadelphia, trustee under the mortgage.

Elgin, Joliet Net Up $490,000.

The net income of the Elgin, Joliet & Eastern Railway for 1922 was $1,665,851, compared with $1,260,777 for 1921, according to the annual report made public yesterday. The difference was largely attributed to the increase in gross revenue from $19,334,942 in 1921 to $21,411,323 last year.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Myron S. Hall & Co. announce that Paul B. Roura, formerly with the Equitable Trust Company; Edwin Hawley Van Wyck, formerly with F. W. Brooks & Co., Inc., and Edward H. Jewell are now affiliated with the firm.

Meyerowitz, Wolf & Co. announce that William J. Lytle Jr., formerly with Zimmermann & Forshay, will be associated with them in their foreign bond department.

L. T. Nelson, formerly with J. U. Kirk & Co., is now associated with L. T. Nelson & Co., in charge of the unlisted securities department.

Potter & Co. have issued a special booklet on the history of the Mariand Oil Company.

Pask & Walbridge announce that they have acquired the business of J. U. Kirk & Co. J. U. Kirk, who has specialized in bank and trust company stocks for many years, has become associated with Pask & Walbridge as manager of their bank stock department.

L. D. Roberts & Co. and Robert Andrews & Co. have combined and will conduct a general investment bond business under the firm name of Roberts, Andrews & Co., with offices at 71 Broadway.

Mackay & Co. announce that Harry S. Durand and Samuel Van Wyck have been admitted to their firm as general partners.

George C. Wimbel, who formerly acted for Carl H. Pforzheimer & Co. as specialist in Standard Oil of Indiana on the New York Curb, is now representing Pouch & Co. in a similar capacity.

The Empire Trust Company has been appointed depositary for subscriptions to $1,000,000 par value 7 per cent. sinking fund mortgage notes of Dalford Oil Refining Company.

Caldwell, Mosser & Williaman, Inc., have opened a Boston office at 60 Congress Street under the management of John A. Cartlidge.

Hartshorne & Battelle announce that Stanley L. Roggenburg, who has been associated with them for the last fourteen years, has been admitted to their firm as a general partner.

Morton Lachenbruch & Co. are issuing a quotation sheet on industrial preferred stocks.

J. A. Sisto of J. A. Sisto & Co. sails tomorrow for Europe.

Herbert Edge, President of Topping Brothers, has been elected a Director of Cumberland Coal and Iron Company.

Charles F. Zellner, formerly with McClure, Jones & Reed, has become associated with Peters, Writer & Co.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	97.62	94.12	97.51	+.36
25 industrials	101.97	100.07	101.86	+1.02
50 stocks	79.79	78.09	79.58	+1.00

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
June 30	79.46	78.47	78.58	—.72
June 29	80.58	78.90	79.30	—1.12
June 28	80.97	79.38	80.43	+.71
June 27	81.80	79.46	79.71	—1.48
June 26	82.37	80.66	81.17	—1.37

MONTHLY RANGE OF STOCKS.

July.	High.	Low.	Last.
*1923.	79.79 July 3	78.09 July 2	79.58
1922.	84.50 July 31	79.30 July 5	82.87
1921.	65.60 July 7	61.54 July 15	65.16
1920.	86.69 July 2	78.77 July 31	79.84
1919.	98.50 July 17	94.19 July 1	98.32

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

*1923.	92.52 Mar. 6	78.09 July 2	79.58
†1922.	81.80 May 20	66.21 Jan. 19	79.63
	Full Years.		
1922.	92.04 Oct. 15	64.21 Jan. 10	86.58
1921.	78.18 May 6	62.85 June 21	65.60
1920.	94.97 Apr. 8	67.30 Dec. 22	67.90
1919.	98.47 Oct. 31	79.73 Jan. 31	90.62
1918.	90.16 Nov. 12	64.12 Jan. 15	78.39

DOMESTIC BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	Net Change.	Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	78.02	—.12	—1.60	—8.94

DAILY RANGE OF DOMESTIC BONDS.

June 30	76.14 +.02	June 26	76.57 —.12
June 29	76.12 +.00	June 25	76.70 —.21
June 28	76.08 —.18	June 23	76.91 —.01
June 27	76.15 —.20	June 22	76.93 +.12

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

*1923.	78.40 Feb. 14	76.02 July 2	76.02
†1922.	81.80 May 20	66.31 Jan. 10	79.95
	Full Years.		
1922.	82.84 Aug. 22	76.01 Jan. 3	79.13
1921.	76.21 Nov. 29	67.56 June 20	76.21
1920.	78.14 Oct. 21	68.57 May 21	68.57
1919.	79.05 June 2	71.06 Dec. 7	72.60
1918.	82.36 Nov. 12	75.85 Sep. 27	78.78

FOREIGN BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	Net Change.	Day.	Week.	Month.
10 Govt. issues	99.62	—.06	—.60	—.99

DAILY RANGE 10 FOREIGN BONDS.

June 30	99.70 —.20	June 28	100.32 +.01
June 29	99.90 +.08	June 23	100.21 +.05
June 23	99.82 +.01	June 22	100.16 +.14
June 27	99.72 —.43	June 21	100.02 —.11
June 26	100.16 +.06	June 20	100.13 —.37

YEARLY RANGE 10 FOREIGN BONDS.

	High.	Low.	Last.
*1923.	101.14 June 7	94.92 Jan. 30	99.62
†1922.			

*To date.
†The corresponding date last year.

CALL NEW ENGLAND RAILROAD PLAN NOVEL

Officials Here Favor Suggestion That States Remit Taxes to Aid Lines.

Railroad officials maintained their policy yesterday of refusing to discuss consolidation plans that did not include their own roads, despite the announcement of the plan of the Joint New England Railroad Commission for the rehabilitation of the New York, New Haven & Hartford and Boston & Maine. The commission opposed consolidation with trunk lines. In railroad circles the plan was considered novel in many respects.

One official said: "It is just another evidence of New England wanting the trunk lines, and especially those with New York financial backing, to 'keep off the grass.' This policy is one that has been maintained by New England over many years."

The suggestion that the States remit taxes in some cases to permit a road to get back on its feet struck a responsive chord because there has been much comment among railroad men against the heavy taxes that have been burdening the roads. In some instances, it is said, the taxes amount to more than the earnings on the common stock. The remission of taxes might, it is believed, enable some of the roads to get a stronger financial footing.

Throughout the railroad district the plan caused much comment, but it was asserted that all of the many schemes advanced for the rehabilitation and consolidation of the railroads would have to be brought together and ironed out into one before the mighty undertaking of consolidating the railroads of the United States could be accomplished.

FINDS BUSINESS IS SOUND.

No Real Cause for Gloom, Says Banker After Trip West.

There is no real reason for gloom in business at this time, according to M. L. Jenks, a Vice President of the American Surety Company who has just returned from a survey of conditions in the Middle West. He covered Ohio, Michigan, Minnesota, Wisconsin and Illinois, and said he observed no tangible relationship between any depression in the New York financial district and the actual economic conditions in the country as he had found them.

"Industry in general is basically in a healthy condition," said Mr. Jenks. "Any uncertainty which exists is due to caution in not overstimulating production. There seems to be no danger of such a condition and there is certainly no indication as yet of any buyers' strike. The automobile industry undoubtedly is as sound now as it ever has been in its history.

"The best sign that the situation is fundamentally sound is in the banks. Credit conditions are wholesome and banking operations are substantial with financing of real and necessary enterprise rather than speculation."

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds issued in this country and in American currency values:

	Bid.	Asked.
Argentine 5s, 1945	M. & S.	93¼
Argentine 7s, 1927	F. & A.	103½
Austrian Gov. 7s, 1943	J. & D.	91¾
Belgium 6s, 1925	J. & J.	95¼
Belgium 7½s, 1945	J. & D.	100
Belgium 8s, 1945	F. & A.	99
Brazil Cent. Rys. 7s, 1952	J. & D.	82½
Can. Steamship 7s, 1942	M. & N.	98½
City of Bergen 8s, 1945	M. & N.	103½
City of Berne 6s, 1945	J. & D.	100½
City of Bordeaux 6s, 1934	M. & N.	76½
City of Gt. Prague 7¾s, '52	M. & N.	74
City of P. Alegre 8s, 1961	J. & D.	94
U. S. of Brazil 8s, 1941	J. & D.	98¼
U. S. of Brazil 7½s, 1952	A. & O.	100½
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	A. & O.	100½
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1929	F. & A.	101½
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	A. & O.	100½
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1952	M. & N.	99
Holland-Am. Line 6s, 1947	M. & N.	85½
Rep. of Colombia 6½s '27	A. & O.	90¾
Rep. of Chile 7s, 1942	M. & N.	98½
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1941	F. & A.	100½
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1939	A. & O.	100½
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1946	M. & N.	101¼
Rep. of Haiti 6s, 1952	A. & O.	82½
Chinese Gov. Rys. 5s, '51	J. & D.	44½
City of Christiania 6s '45	A. & O.	100
City of Copen. 5½s, 1944	J. & J.	80¾
City of Montevideo 7s, 1952	M. & N.	86½
Czechoslovak Rep. 8s, '51	A. & O.	91½
Rep. of Bol. s. f. 8s, '47	M. & N.	86½
Rep. Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	M. & S.	97½
Rep. Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	F. & A.	93¾
Rep. Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	J. & J.	84½
Rep. of Cuba 5½s, 1953	J. & J.	100½
Denmark 5s, 1945	A. & O.	100½
Denmark 6s, 1942	J. & J.	97½
Dan. Mun. 8s, Ser. A, '46	F. & A.	107
Dan. Mun. 8s, Ser. B, '46	F. & A.	107½
Dutch East Indies 6s, 1947	J. & J.	96½
Dutch East Indies 6s, 1962	M. & S.	97½
Dutch East Indies 6s, '53	M. & S.	91¾
Evans. Ind. Dev. 7½s, '42	J. & J.	80
French Gov. 7½s, 1941	J. & D.	92½
French Gov. 8s, 1945	M. & S.	97½
Italy 6½s, 1925	F. & A.	96¼
Japanese 4s, 1931	J. & J.	80½
Japanese 4½s, 1925	F. & A.	92½
Japanese 4½s, 2d ser. '25	J. & J.	92½
Oriental Dev. 6s, 1953	M. & S.	91½
Jurgens U. M. 6s, '47	J. & J.	79
City of Lyons 6s, 1934	M. & N.	76½
City of Marseilles 6s, 1934	M. & N.	76½
City of Soissons 6s, 1936	M. & N.	80
U. S. of Mexico 5s, 1954	J. & D.	55½
U. S. of Mexico 5s, 1945	Q. Jan.	54½
Mex. Irrigation 4½s, '43	M. & S.	37
King. of Neth. 6s, 1972	M. & S.	100½
King. of Norway 6s, 1940	A. & O.	110¾
King. of Norway 6s, 1952	A. & O.	97½
King. of S. C. & S. 8s, '62	M. & N.	89½
Paris-Lyons-Med. 6s, 1958	F. & A.	72½
Paulista Ry. 7s, 1942	M. & S.	90
State of Queensl'd 8s, 1947	F. & A.	100½
State of Queensl'd 7s, 1941	A. & O.	106½
State of Rio Grande do Sul 8s, 1946	A. & O.	95
Rio Janeiro 8s, 1946	A. & O.	95¾
Rio Janeiro 8s, 1947	A. & O.	93
Dominican Rep. 6s, 1908	F. & A.	97
Dom. Rep. 5½s, 1942	M. & S.	87
State of Sao Paulo 8s, '36	J. & J.	98
City of Sao Paulo 8s, '52	M. & N.	97
Dept. of the Seine 7s, '42	J. & J.	84½
King. of Sweden 6s, 1939	J. & D.	104¾
Swiss Confed. 8s, 1940	J. & J.	115¾
City of Tokio 5s	M. & S.	75½
Rep. of Uruguay 8s, 1946	F. & A.	109¾
City of Zurich 6s, 1945	A. & O.	113
Un. K. 5½s, 1929	M. & S.	111¾
Un. K. 6½s, 1937	F. & A.	103½
U. S. S. Copen. 6s, 1947	J. & J.	89

U. S. GOVERNMENT PREWAR BONDS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	103¼	103⅝
2s, c, 1930	103¼	103⅝
2s, r, 1946	94½	94⅞
2s, c, 1946	94½	94⅞
4s, r, 1925	103½	104
4s, c, 1925	103½	104
Pan 2s, r, 1936	103	103½
Pan 2s, c, 1936	103	103½
Pan 2s, r, 1938	103	103½
Pan 2s, c, 1938	103	103½
Pan 2s, r, 1961	94	94⅝
Pan 2s, c, 1961	94	94⅝
P I 4s, '34	91	93
P I 4s, '35	91	93
P I 4s, '36	91	93
Dist of Col 3-65s	98¼	99¼

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	70	72
Alb & Sus.	170	
All Am C.	98¾	101
Alle & W.	95	
A C & D pf.	107	105¾
Amal S 1st pf.	94	
Am Bk N.	72½	77½
Am C Sug pf.	67	73
Am B S & pf.	103	104
Am C & F pf.	119½	121
Am Coal.	64	
Am Cot Oil pf.	15	17½
Am Ice pf.	79½	80
Am La F pf.		94
Am Lin pf	39	40
Am Lo pf.	116	117½
Am Metal pf.	107	113
Am R pf.	117	125
Am Roll M pf.	97½	98
Am S & R pf.	93	95
Am Snuff.	130	132
Do pf.	90	97
Am Stl Fd pf.	98	101
Am S Ref pf.	100	101
Am S Tob pf.	34½	80
Am T & C.	44	48
Am W W & El pf.	85	89
Am Wtl pf	91	95
Am Wl pf.	99	100
Do rts.	100	101¼
Ann Arbor	19	21
Art Metal.	15¾	17
Asso D G 1st pf.	82½	84
Assoc Oil.	104½	105
Atl F cfs.	1¼	1⅝
A, G & W I pf.	9¼	11¼
Atl R pf.	115	117
Atlas P'd'r.	160	162
Do pf.	83	85½
Atlas T.	12	13½
Aus N pf.	80	85
Auto Sales.	3	3½
Bald L pf.	110	113
B & A pf.	90	96
Bar Leath.	30	40
Do pf.	92	
Barnsdall.		
Class B.	9	10
Bayuk Bros 1st pf.	95	99¼
Beech Cr'k.	32½	40
B'nut pf.	105	
Blumenthal 1st pf.	96	
Booth Fish 1st pf.	29	40
Brit E Stl 1st pf.	62	65
B R T cfts.	1	1
B Un Gas.	105	108
Brown Shoe pf.		94
Bruns Ter.	⅞	1⅛
B, S & P.	61½	66
Do pf.	58	60
Buff & S.	100	
Do pf.		51
Burns Bros pf.	100	105
Do pf.	116	116¼
Bush Ter.	63¾	75
B T Bldg pf.	80	93¼
C C & C.	20	
Do pf.	40	
Cal & Ar.	46	58
Can So.	50	53
C'son H. G.	5¼	6⅛
Cass T. U.	84	
Do pf.	70	74
C R R of N J.	192	194
C R I pf.	93	95
C'tain-teed	25	35
Do 1st pf		80
Chi & Alt.	2	2½
Do pf.	4	4½
Chi, St P, M & Om.	30	70
Do pf.	80	100
St L.	80	90
Chi & Pitts.	27	
Do pf.	81	
Chs-P pf.	101½	105
Coca-Cola pf.	91½	94½
Col F & I pf.	99	105
Col & So.	27	28
Do 1st pf	43	45
Do 2d pf	43	45
Col Carbon	45½	45⅝
Com S. A.	24	29
Conley T F	13¾	14¾
Con Cigar.	90	97
Do pf.	67	76
Cons Dist.	⅛	¼
Cont Ins.	90	93
Cont Oil.	22½	23
Crus S pf.	90	95
Cuba R R pf.	73½	79
Cuba-Am. Sug pf.	93	98
D P & Lt.	60	
Do pf.	88	
De B M.	23¼	24¼
D & Co pf.	53	64
Det & Ch.	25	
Do pf.	40	
D & R 1st pf.	90	91½
Dom Tel pf.	102	103
D, S S & A pf.	25	2
Do pf.	4½	4¾
Dur Rub'y.	22	
Do pf.	63	
E Kod pf.	108½	
Elk R Coal pf.	80	83
Em Brant.	2	2
Do pf.	15	20
End-J pf.	113½	115
Erie & P.	53½	
Exch B'ld.	22½	24
Fam P pf.	87½	88
Fairbanks.	8	
F M & S pf.	5¼	5½
Fid-P F I.	111	116
Fisher Bdy.	140½	145
Gardner M. pf.	8½	9
G A T Car pf.	96	98
Gen Sak'r.	71	80
Gen Cigar pf.	103	108¼
Dom Rep. 6s.	97	98
Dominican Rep. 6s, 1908.	F. & A.	97
Dom. Rep. 5½s, 1942.	M. & S.	87
State of Sao Paulo 8s, '36.	J. & J.	98
City of Sao Paulo 8s, '52.	M. & N.	97
Dept. of the Seine 7s, '42.	J. & J.	84½
King. of Sweden 6s, 1939.	J. & D.	104¾
Swiss Confed. 8s, 1940.	J. & J.	115¾
City of Tokio 5s.	M. & S.	75½
Rep. of Uruguay 8s, 1946.	F. & A.	109¾
City of Zurich 6s, 1945.	A. & O.	113
Un. K. 5½s, 1929.	M. & S.	111¾
Un. K. 6½s, 1937.	F. & A.	103½
U. S. S. Copen. 6s, 1947.	J. & J.	89
Gen Cigar 1st pf.	80	84
Gen Motors.	103	103¼
Do pf.	105	106
Gen Petrol'm.	44	46
Gen Ry Sig.	71	73
Gen Tire pf.	100	104
Gillette Saf R.	24	25
Gimbel Bros pf.	96	98
Glucn Sug pf.	90	
G, M & N pf.	80	83½
G S S 1st pf.	100	
Hack Wat.	17¾	
Helme		95
Hyd S pf.	11	15½
Ill C pf.	109	112
Do 1	71	76
Ind O & G	5¾	6¾
Ing-Rand	122	128
Do pf.	102	106
Int Agric.	2½	3
Int Fa. pf.	95	110
Do pf rts.	64	66
Int Salt.	77	79
Int Sh pf.	115	117½
Intertyp C	25	30
Iowa Cent.	2	3½
K C, P & L 1st pf.	92½	99
K & G Co.	¾	⅞
Kelly Sp T 6% pf.	80	87½
Do 8% pf.	95	99
Kelsey Wh pf.	100	104
K & D M pf.	2	8
Do pf.	12	
Kinney Co.	54	56
Do pf.	95	100
Kresge(SS) pf.	103½	
Kress(S H)	110	160
Do pf.	106	
Lael Gas.	77	81
L E & W pf.	70	75
Lig & M.	105	109
Do Cl B.	100	106
Do pf.	112¾	114
Liq Carb.	37	39
Lit Brothers.	50	55
L-W Bloc.	37	40
Do 1st pf.	105	120
Do 2d pf.	101	117
Lorill'd Co pf.	110	112
Melnt For.	16½	17½
Mack Trks pf.	78	87
Mackay Cos.	101¾	104¾
Do pf.	65	66½
Macy pf.		102
Mal'son pf.	79	85
Man Beach.	1	2¼
Man El gtd	34	40
Man Shirt pf.	110	116½
Manati Sug pf.	72	82
Mkt St Ry pf.	22	44½
Do 2d pf.	20½	30
M Dep Bts pf.	114½	
Mex Pet.	180	270
Do pf.	80	105
Mich Cent.	345	
M, St P & S M.	58	60
Do pf.	90	94
Do 1 l.	59	64
Ment Pow pf.	109	110
Mor & Es.	74½	77
Mull B pf.		90¼
Nash Mot.	97½	98½
Nass A.		
N C & St L.	112½	135
Nat C & S.	47	53
Do pf.	92½	94
Nat En pf.	88	93
Nat Ld pf.	106½	109½
Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	6	7½
N Y, N H & H.		16
Do pf.		93
N Y Oils.	24½	27
N Y Shipb.	92	97
N Y, O & W.		
St L 1st pf.	94	100¼
Do 2d pf.	92	93
N Y & H.	123	127
N Y, L & W.		
West.	96	
N Y Shipb.	5	8½
N Y Power pf.	106½	108¼
Norf So.	9¾	12
Do pf.	45	75
Nova.	8	13
Nunnally.	7¾	9½
Ohio F S.	30	31½
Orph Circ pf.	80	92
Otis Elev.	114½	122½
Do pf.		102
Otis Steel.	46	50½
Owens Bot pf.	107	110
Pac Coast.	5	10
Do 1st pf.	20	
Do 2d pf.	9	15
P T & T.	80	85½
Pack M C pf.	92	98
Pan Am P & R.	1½	2¼
Do pf.	5	55
Pa Ed pf.	93	100
Penney pf.	100¼	103
Penn M Fire.	60	68
Petit-Mull.	50½	
Ph H pf.	90	92
Pierce-A pf.	59¼	63
P C O & St L.	82	
Pitts Q pf.	99¼	99½
P, Y & A C.	128	
Do pf.	128	129
Pitts S pf.	95	100
P P & Tob.		80
Postum Cer pf.	109	114
Pr Stl Car pf.	88	90
P S C pf.	43½	44
P S N Y. pf.	100	102½
Do 7% pf.	98	100¼
R R Sec. C stk cfs.	68	72
Ry Stl Spr pf.	114¾	115
Read M.	28½	30¼
Rem T 1st pf.		100
Do 1st pf.		95
Do 2d pf.	86¼	98¼
Rens & S.	105	
Reyn Tob.	110	
Do B.	114¾	115¾
Rutl'd pf.	25	32
Ressia Ins.	89	91
Schulte R S pf.	113	
Scars-R pf.	105	108½
Shatt Trans	33	34½
Shel U Oil pf.	90	90¼
Simms Co pf.		98
S-S S & L pf.	72	80
So P R.	46	49
Do pf.	95	101
Spald'g 1st pf.	100¼	
Spicer Mfg pf.	90	92
Stand Milli.	70	80
Do pf.		93
Stern Bros pf.	103	116
Studeb. pf.	115½	116
Sup Steel.	25	27
Do 1st pf	97	
Sw'ts Co of Am.	1	1½
Tob P pf.	106	107¼
T, St L & West.	55	65
Tran & W.	29	33
T C R T.	68	72
Do pf.	93	
Und T pf.	112	93
U S C P.	82	93
Un T Car.	85½	85
U Cig Sts.	176	210
Do pf.	104	114
U Drug 1st pf.	46½	48
U Dyew'd.	40	60
Do pf.	80	95
U Rys Inv pf.	41½	43½
U S C I P pf.	65½	70
U S Exp.	3½	4¾
U S Ind A pf.	93½	98
U S R & I pf.	95½	99½
U S Rest pf.	95	98
U S Tob.	45	46
Do pf.	105¼	108
Van R 1st pf.	88	94
Va-Car Ch. B pf.	4¾	5
Va I C A pf.	72	82
Va R & P.	32½	
Vulcan Det pf.	68	75
Wab pf. B.	16½	18½
West Pa.	40	41
Do pf.	85½	87
W E & M 1st pf.	73	75
White Oil.	1⅞	2
Wilson pf.	64	
Wor Pump pf.	59	64
Do 1 l.		
Youngstown pf.	77	88

TO REORGANIZE RAILROAD.

Irving Bank-Columbia Trust Co. Buys Michigan Line.

Reorganization of the Michigan United Railways Company, which was purchased at a foreclosure sale yesterday by the Irving Bank-Columbia Trust Company, is expected within ninety days. The Irving Bank-

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COTTON ESTIMATE SURPRISE TO TRADE

Government Forecasts 11,412,000 Bales, Against Private Averages of 10,800,000.

ACREAGE 12.6% ABOVE 1922

Total Increase in Planted Area Put at 4,271,000 Acres, Texas Alone Increasing 1,785,000.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—On the basis of reports from its correspondents and field statisticians, the Crop Reporting Board of the Department of Agriculture today estimated that this year's cotton crop will have a total production of 11,412,000 bales. This is in excess of previous private and unofficial reports and shows more cotton under cultivation on June 25 in the United States than ever before in the country's history.

The condition of the growing crop on June 25 was 69.9 per cent. of normal, as compared with 71 on May 25, 1923; 71.2 on June 25, 1922, and an average condition of 76 per cent. for the past ten years on June 25.

The board stated that a condition of 69.9 per cent. on June 25 forecasts a yield per acre of about 142.6 pounds and a total production of about 11,412,000 bales.

The final outturn may be larger or smaller than this amount, according as conditions developing during the remainder of the season prove more or less favorable to the crop than the average.

Last year the production was 9,761,817 bales, two years ago 7,953,641, three years ago 13,439,003 and four years ago 11,420,768 bales.

The board estimates that the area of cotton cultivation this year in the United States is 38,287,000 acres, as compared with 34,016,000 acres, the revised estimate of acreage in cultivation a year ago, being an increase of 4,271,000 acres, or 12.6 per cent.

In Texas, where the acreage of cotton under cultivation is four times as large as that in the four next largest cotton states, the area under cultivation is 16 per cent. larger than in 1922, while in North Carolina is 3 per cent.; South Carolina, 6 per cent.; Georgia, 8 per cent.; Florida, 40 per cent.; Alabama, 18 per cent.; Mississippi, 9 per cent.; Louisiana, 12 per cent.; Arkansas, 7 per cent.; Tennessee, 20 per cent.; Missouri, 36 per cent., Oklahoma, 10 per cent.; California, 12 per cent.; Arizona, 27 per cent larger than the area under cultivation in those states last year.

The Government's estimate of 69.9 per cent. on the condition of the cotton crop was somewhat above the consensus of recent private estimates, which have averaged in the neighborhood of 69 per cent. Increase of acreage, while the Government gives as 12.6 per cent., is much in excess of the trade forecast. None of the private estimates had named a greater increase than 9.6 per cent. and the average estimated increase had been about 6¼ per cent.

The forecast of yield, 11,412,000 bales, is also in excess of the trade's expectations and much greater than any private estimate made by responsible calculators. The highest of these private estimates had been 10,970,000, compiled by The Journal of Commerce from its correspondents in the cotton States; the next highest, 10,919,000, by The Memphis Commercial-Appeal. The publication of the forecast was followed yesterday by a decline in the cotton market.

The Government's estimate of the size of the crop, based on the condition as of June 25, together with the actual harvest, is as follows:

	July Estimate.	Actual Harvest.
1923	11,412,000	
1922	11,098,000	9,761,817
1921	8,452,000	7,953,641
1920	11,450,000	13,439,603
1919	10,986,000	11,420,768
1918	12,125,000	12,040,539
1917	11,632,000	11,302,875
1916	14,260,000	11,449,836

The acreage planted to cotton for the present season, as compared with the revised figures for previous years, together with the acreage harvested, follows:

	Acreage Sown.	Acreage Harvested.
1923	38,287,000	
1922	34,016,000	33,034,000
1921	26,512,000	21,470,000
1920	37,043,000	32,978,000
1919	35,123,000	33,566,000
1918	31,277,000	24,036,000
1917	35,241,000	29,341,000
1916	36,052,000	34,985,000
1915	32,107,000	31,412,000
1914	37,456,000	36,832,000
1913	37,080,000	34,980,000
1912	34,766,000	34,383,000
1911	36,661,000	34,045,000

The condition of the cotton crop in the United States monthly for a series of years is given below:

	May	June	July	Aug.	Sep.
	25.	25.	25.	25.	25.
1923	71.0	69.9			
1922	69.6	71.2	70.4	67.0	60.9
1921	66.0	69.3	64.7	59.3	42.2
1920	62.4	70.7	74.1	67.5	59.1
1919	75.5	70.0	67.1	61.4	54.4
1918	62.2	65.8	73.6	68.7	55.4
1917	69.5	70.3	70.5	67.9	60.4
1916	72.5	81.1	72.3	61.3	56.3
1915	80.6	78.2	75.4	69.2	60.6
1914	74.2	79.6	76.4	78.0	73.5

Condition of the crop on June 25 by States, with comparisons, follows:

	1923.	1922.	1921.	1920.	10-Yr. Av.
North Carolina	80	79	67	74	77
South Carolina	84	80	66	74	74
Georgia	82	82	64	67	75
Alabama	68	80	60	67	73
Mississippi	67	76	67	69	79
Louisiana	69	69	64	77	76
Texas	77	72	72	71	79
Arkansas	82	80	72	71	77
Tennessee	88	83	74	72	78
Oklahoma	84	76	75	77	72
United States	69.9	71.2	65.2	70.7	77.2

Acreage planted by States, as compared with 1922 and 1921, is as follows:

	(000 omitted.) 1923.	1922.	1921.
Virginia	31,000	31,000	34,000
North Carolina	1,704,000	1,601,000	1,417,000
South Carolina	2,040,000	2,280,000	2,022,000
Georgia	3,027,000	4,122,000	4,040,000
Florida	171,000	122,000	70,000
Alabama	4,212,000	3,565,000	3,222,000
Mississippi	3,250,000	3,200,000	2,667,000
Louisiana	1,319,000	1,311,000	1,192,000
Texas	14,077,000	12,312,000	11,102,000
Arkansas	3,035,000	3,363,000	2,418,000
Tennessee	1,100,000	910,000	640,000
Missouri	304,000	166,000	104,000
Oklahoma	3,057,000	2,940,000	2,535,000
California	250,000	210,000	140,000
Arizona	150,000	106,000	84,000

Good Prices at London Wool Sale.

LONDON, July 2.—The offerings at the wool auction today amounted to 12,000 bales. There was a full attendance. A good selection of fine scourede brought full current rates, while inferior grades were irregular.

OFFER $1,000,000 IN BONDS.

Edison Company of Pennsylvania Sell to Yield 6.20 Per Cent.

Offering of $1,000,000 Metropolitan Edison Company of Pennsylvania first and refunding mortgage 6 per cent. gold bonds, series B, is being made today by Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., at 97½ to yield 6.20 per cent. The company owns and operates property in Eastern Pennsylvania.

Notice was given yesterday of the redemption of various first mortgage and collateral trust 5 per cent. sinking fund gold bonds of the Roanoke Traction & Light Company. The bonds have been drawn by lot and will be paid off at 105 on or after Aug. 1 upon presentation at the office of the Baltimore Trust Company. The Roanoke company is controlled by the American Electric Power Co.

The United States Mortgage & Trust Co. has received $127,078 as trustee under the first and refunding mortgage of the Scranton Electric Company (Pennsylvania) to be used in the purchase of bonds not above 110. Tenders from holders will be received by the trust company to July 16.

A new issue of $150,000 Cayuga County Court House 4½ per cent. serial bonds is being offered today by A. M. Lamport & Co., Inc., at prices to yield from 4 to 4.20 per cent., according to maturity. The bonds mature from 1924 to 1933, inclusive. They are exempt from all Federal taxes, according to the bankers.

Prudden & Co. are offering $220,000 Miami Beach (Fla.) 6% per cent. gold bonds, due 1925 to 1942, at a price to yield 5.40 per cent., and $165,000 High Point (N. C.) 6% per cent. public improvement and refunding bonds, due 1926 to 1947, at a price to yield 5 per cent.

FIRM EXTENDS ACTIVITIES.

Pforzheimer & Co. to Do a General Commission Business.

Carl H. Pforzheimer & Co. yesterday announced that the firm, which for the last twelve years has specialized in Standard Oil securities, would conduct its general business on a commission basis instead of as dealers. This change in policy, it is stated, will in no way affect the firm's position in regard to the Standard Oils. It will continue to act as dealers in inactive securities and to negotiate for large blocks of oil securities for its own account. More attention also will be given to the banking branch of the petroleum industry, such as the underwriting of new securities.

Hereafter all the business handled by the firm in active Standard Oil stocks will be executed on the floor of the New York Curb market. This change in policy was reflected by increased activity in this group of stocks on the Curb.

Northern Pacific Increases Pay.

The Northern Pacific Railway has increased the pay of all clerical and station employes 5 cents an hour. It was reported in the financial district yesterday.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

(Quoted on a Percentage Basis.)

Miscellaneous—	Maturity Rate	Bid	Asked
Atl Coast Line	1924-35 6	5.65	5.35
Do	1924-36 6½	5.50	5.20
Balt & Ohio	1924-36 6½-5	5.60	5.30
Do	1924-35 6	5.50	5.40
Bethlehem Steel	1924-30 7	6.75	6.10
Boston & Albany	1923-27 4½	5.50	5.25
Buf, Roch & P	1923-38 4½-5.6	5.45	5.20
Canadian Nor	1923-29 6	5.55	5.50
Canadian Pac	1923-32 4½-5	5.45	5.25
Cent. R. R. N. J	1924-35 6	5.60	5.30
Chesa. & Ohio	1923-38 5.5½-6½	5.55	5.30
Do	1924-39 6	5.75	5.40
Chi, Bur & Q	1924-35 6	5.60	5.30
Chi, Mil & St. P	1924-89 6 5.6½	5.95	5.55
Do	1924-89 6	6.25	5.75
Chi & Nor west	1924-87 6	5.85	5.50
Do	1924-38 6 5.6½	5.45	5.20
Chi, R. I. & P	1923-88 4½-5	5.65	5.35
Do	1924-34 6	5.75	5.40
Chi St. P.M.&O.	1924-31 6	6.50	5.25
C. G. C. & St. L	1924-29 5	5.50	5.25
Do	1924-35 6	5.70	5.45
Colo. & Southern	1924-35 6	5.75	5.45
Erie & Hud	1924-36 6	5.65	5.35
Do R. & P	1923-38 4½-5.6	6.20	5.75
Great Nor. Ry	1924-35 6	5.65	5.35
Hocking Valley	1924-33 6	5.85	5.50
Illinois Central	1924-35 6 5.6½	5.80	5.50
Do	1924-36 6 5.7	5.65	5.35
Kansas City So	1924-35 6	5.75	5.45
Long Island	1924-27 6	5.80	5.50
Louisv. & Nash	1924-45 6 4½-5.6	5.45	5.25
Do	1924-35 6	5.65	5.35
Michigan Cent	1924-32 5.6	5.45	5.25
Do	1924-37 6	5.70	5.40
Mo. Pac. & St. L.	1923-26 4½-5	5.75	5.45
Do	1924-38 6 6½-7	5.75	5.45
Mo., Kans. & Tex	1924-35 6	5.90	5.50
Mo. Pac	1924-35 6	5.90	5.50
Nash, Chat & St L	1924-30 6½	5.80	5.50
Nat Steel Car L	1923-28 6	7.90	6.50
N. Y. Central	1923-37 4½-5	5.50	5.20
Do	1924-35 6	5.70	5.40
Do	1924-37 6	5.75	5.30
N. Y. N. H. & H	1923-35 4½-5.6.7	6.75	6.00
Norfolk & W	1924-43 4½	5.35	5.00
Northern Pacific	1924-32 4½-7	5.45	5.25
Pacific Fruit Ex	1924-31 7	6.85	6.50
Penna R.R.	1924-36 6	5.35	5.15
Do	1924-35 6	5.85	5.50
Pere Marquette	1924-35 6	5.80	5.45
Pitts & L. E.	1924-35 6 6½	5.80	5.50
Reading Co.	1923-37 4½-5.6	5.35	5.00
Seaboard Air L.	1923-37 4½-5.5½.6	6.20	5.20
So. Pacific	1923-26 4½	5.35	5.10
Do	1924-34 6	5.70	5.30
Do	1924-35 7	5.45	5.20
So. Railway	1923-37 4½-5.5½	5.55	5.20
Do	1924-35 6	5.75	5.40
St. L.-San Francisco	1924-31 6	5.85	5.50
Do	1924-35 6	5.85	5.50
St. L. & S. W.	1923-28 4½-5.5½	5.70	5.40
Union Pacific	1924-34 6 7	5.40	5.20
Virginian Ry.	1924-34 6	5.70	5.40
Do	1924-35 7	5.85	5.60
Wabash R.R.	1924-39 6	6.20	5.75
Western Md.	1924-37 5.6.7	6.20	5.80
Western Pacific	1924-36 5½	6.00	5.60
Wheeling & L. E.	1924-26 5½	6.00	5.60
Do	1924-35 6	6.15	5.75

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Saturday. Bid.
4½s, December, 1971	105	105⅜	105
4½s, June, 1965	104⅝	105⅛	104⅝
4½s, July, 1967	104⅝	105⅛	104⅝
4½s, March, 1963	104⅝	105	104⅝
4½s, May, 1957	104⅝	105	104⅝
4½s, November, 1957	104⅝	105	104⅝
4½s, March, 1960-90	100	100¼	100
4½s, April, 1972	100	100⅛	100
4½s, March, 1964	100	100⅛	100
4½s, March, 1962	100	100⅛	100
4½s, September, 1960	100	100⅛	100
4½s, November, 1963	99¾	99⅞	99¾
4s, November, 1956	96	97⅛	96
4s, May, 1959	96	97	96⅝
3½s, May, 1954	89½	90	89½
3½s, November, 1956	89½	90	89½

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s, 1940-1942	4.40	4.20	4.40
4½s, 1942-1952	4.45	4.25	4.45
4½s, 1952-1962	4.35	4.15	4.35
4½s, 1959-1959	4.30	4.20	4.30

Short-Term Government Obligations

Following are the prices paid in the open market for United States Treasury certificates of indebtedness and notes of the different issues:

Month.	Year.	P.C.	Bid.	Asked.	Approx. Yield.
March	1924	4½	100⅜	100⅝	4.19
March	1923	4½	100⅛	100⅜	4.61
March	1923	4½	100⅛	100⅜	4.56
March	1927	4½	100⅛	100⅜	4.67
June	1923	4½	99⅞	100⅛	4.49
September	1924	4½	101⅛	101⅜	4.41
September	1923	4½	100⅜	100⅝	4.51
March	1923	4½	100⅛	100⅜	4.55
September	1923	4½	100⅛	100⅜	4.58
December	1923	4½	99⅞	99⅞	4.53
December	1924	4½	101⅛	101⅜	4.50
December	1927	4½	99¾	100	4.50

COTTON EXCHANGE TO OPEN MUSEUM

Exhibitions to Visualize the Industry From Ancient Egypt to Present.

L. M. PEARSALL CURATOR

Will Contain Mills, Gins, and Even a Replica of Mississippi Steamboat.

A cotton museum, visualizing cotton from the times of the Pharohs down to the present, will be included in the new home of the New York Cotton Exchange, it was announced yesterday. The building will be opened to the Exchange membership the latter part of this month.

Many of the documents and photographs which make up the unique exhibit were collected by Leigh M. Pearsall of the Exchange Board of Managers, who will be the Curator of the museum. Mr. Pearsall had long advocated the establishment of a museum of this kind as being of value to the Exchange and the cotton industry and instructive to the public at large. When the new home of the Exchange at Beaver and William Streets was planned he was insistent that space should be provided for his plan. In this he was supported by J. Temple Gwathmey, former President, and E. E. Bartlett Jr., the newly elected President of the Exchange.

The museum will be located on the twentieth floor and will contain exhibits depicting the transformation of the bloom of the cotton plant into the innumerable products which have made cotton one of the world's greatest industries. A model of an electrically operated cotton gin will be shown alongside the crude weaving frames on which cotton was first spun by hand. A modern cotton gin, in miniature, will have a place in the collection, as will a copy of the old Mississippi River stern-wheel steamboat by which cotton was transported.

Parasitic insects which have destroyed as high as 2,000,000 bales of cotton in a year will be shown in jars. The most destructive of these is the boll weevil. A large technical library will be included, and among the exhibits will be many valuable documents having to do with the financing and delivery of cotton of more than half a century ago, before the Cotton Exchange came into existence.

NEW YORK BANK STOCKS.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
America	30	34	Hide & Leather	11	13
Amer. Exch	234	238	Fifth Ave	1165	1245
Bank of U. S.	160	170	First	1105	1210
Battery	190	198	Garfield	307	310
Bryant Park	140	170	Gotham	400	410
Broad'y Cent	129	140	Harriman	310	330
Bronx Boro	175		Harriman	335	345
Bowery	440		Hanover	511	
Bronx Nat	130		Imp. & Trad	770	
Butchers & D.	130	140	Irving Nat	145	147
Chase	339	344	Mech. & Met.	385	390
Chatham & P.	201	206	Mutual	135	
Chelsea Ex			90 Nat. Amer	153	165
Chemical	535	540	New Neth	230	
City	345	350	Pacific	380	
Coal & Iron	214		Park	414	424
Colonial	215		Public	380	395
Columbia	260		Seaboard	275	
Commerce	255	258	7th Av. Bank	90	95
Com'wealth	236	245	Standard	170	175
Continental	130		State	110	
Corn Exch	450	455	Trade	200	
Cosmopolitan	135	138	Wash. Sq.	300	
East River	200		Yorkville	900	

Trust and Surety Companies.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Alliance	97	101	Kings County	1000	
Am. Surety	94		Lawyers Mtg.	150	155
Bk. N. Y. & T.	445	475	Lawyers Title	180	190
Bankers	350	355	M'facturers	370	
Bond & Mtg.	270	275	Metropolitan	265	275
Brooklyn	410		Nat. Surety	155	165
Cent. Union	440	445	New York	330	345
Commercial	115		N. Y. T. & M.	185	190
Empire	305	315	People's	140	
Equitable	188	191	Real Estate	160	170
Farm. L. & T.	355		Title Guar.	360	365
Fidelity Intl.	195	205	Unit. States	1300	1350
Fulton	240		U. S. Mtg.	300	310
Guaranty	310	320	West-Chester	110	
Hudson	205		Westchester	195	
Irving-Col.	218	222			

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yld.
Alum. Co., Am.	7	Nov., 1925	108	103¼	5.50
Alum. Co., Am.	7	Oct., 1925	105¾	106¼	5.20
Am. Cot. Oil	6	Sep 3 1924	99	99	
Am. Sum Tob.	7½	June, 1925	101	102	5.60
Am. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1924	100⅝	100⅞	4.60
Am. Thread	6	Dec., 1925	101½	102⅛	5.35
Anac. Cop. Co.	6	Jan., 1924	100¼	100⅜	4.65
Anac Cop. Co.	7	Feb., 1923	99	99¼	5.20
Anac. Cop Co.	7	Feb., 1926	98½	99	7.12
Anglo-American Oil Co., Ltd.	7½	Apr., 1925	103¾	103⅞	5.95
Armour & Co.	6½	Jan., 1924	97	97	7.10
A. & O. R. R.	6	Apr., 1924	100⅛	100⅜	6.40
Bell Tel., Can.	7	Apr., 1925	101½	102	5.80
Bell Tel. of Pa.	8	Jan., 1925	107½	108	6.25
Beth. Steel	8	Aug., 1926	107	107½	6.50
Braden Cop. M.	8	Feb., 1931	89½	90	9.35
Can. Nor. Ry.	6½	Dec., 1924	100	100¼	5.30
Cent. Agguet	6	Feb., 1927	97½	98	6.40
Central Leather 1st lien	6	Apr., 1925	99¼	99⅝	6.80
Empire G. & E. (Emp. Coke)	7	May, 1923	99¾	99⅞	7.10
Federal Sugar	6	May, 1925	97½	98	6.80
Hocking Val.	6	May, 1924	100⅛	100⅜	5.80
K. C. Term.	6	Nov. 15, 23	100⅛	100⅜	6.25
Ken. Con. Co.	7	Feb., 1930	102¾	103	6.35
Nadl. Lead	6	Nov. 15, 23	100	100⅛	6.00
Sears, R. & Co.	6	Oct. 15, 23	100½	100⅝	4.35
Sinel. C. Oil	6	Feb. 15, 24	99¾	99⅞	7.17
Sloss-Sh. S. & I.	6	Aug. 15, 23	99	99	6.82
Solvay Co.	6	Oct., 1927	104¾	104¾	4.90
St. Paul U. & D.	5½	Jan. 15, 23	100	100	5.00
Swift & Co.	5	Oct., 1925	99⅞	99⅞	5.15
S. O. of N. Y.	6½	May, 1932	105	106	5.70
Sun Oil	6	June, 1926	100	100¼	5.65
U. S. Rubber	5	Jan., 1947	88	88½	6.14
Vacuum Oil	6	Apr., 1936	103½	104½	5.35
Westinghouse El. Mfg.	7	May, 1931	106½	107¼	6.30

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Continued from Page Nineteen.

DOMESTIC BONDS.

1....107⅛ gold 7s, 1930
1....108
1....107⅞
1....108
1....107⅛
1....107
Philippine Ry 4s, 1937
1....42
Phila Co 1st & ref 6s, Ser A, 1944
5....100⅛
3....100¼
Pierce-Arrow deb 8s, 1942, temp
20....85¼
1....87
1....88
7....87
F. C. C & S. L. gen 5s, Ser A, 1970
1....96½
Pleasant V C 6s, 1932
5....80¼
Portland Ry, L & P 1st cons 5s, 1942
1....67
temp 6s, Ser B, 1947
1....84
1....84¼
7½s, Ser A, 1942
1....104⅝
Pressed Steel Car cony 5s, 1933
3....87¼
Producers & R. 8 f 8s, 1931, with warr
3....120
Pub Serv Corp 6s, 1959
5....85⅝
Punta Al Sug 8 f 7s, 1947
6....103½
1....103½
10....100
1....103½
1....110
Reo Fr Am 8 f 7s, ser A, 1963, wh iss
4....95¼
25....93
1....93
3....93⅜
1....93¼
1....93⅛
1....93
1....93⅛
1....93
1....93⅛
1....93

RECORD DEMAND FOR MOTOR TRUCKS

Activity Is Expected to Continue After Auto Production Turns Downward.

DUE TO WIDER USE OF BUS

Capacity Operation of Parts Manufacturing Plants May Last Another Month or More.

The automotive industry at present is witnessing the greatest demand for motor trucks in several years. The demand, according to trade reports, presages continued activity in manufacturing operations after the downward slant has started with automobile production. This, it is pointed out, has been apparent since the upward swing of general business conditions and the opening of new fields for truck use. Rail cars and motor buses continue to be called for in large volume. The development of the move toward wider use of motor buses has strengthened the position of truck manufacturers as has the growing tendency of railroad companies to adopt gasoline rail cars.

Revised figures show that truck production for May of this year approximated 42,983 vehicles comparing to 23,788 in the corresponding month last year and 37,527 in April of this year, according to Automotive Industries. March output reached 34,081 against 21,817 in February and 19,398 in January. For the first five months of the current year truck production is estimated at 156,406 as contrasted to 88,502 in the corresponding period a year ago.

"Major automobile manufacturers report production at levels that follow closely the schedules of May," says the paper. "Demand continues spotty with some buying areas still showing a falling off from previous demand. Some of the better-known makes in closed cars are slow of delivery, due chiefly to time necessary to turn out this type of automobile. Rail transportation facilities are reported to be adequate, with sufficient equipment available to meet all immediate needs.

"In some distributing centres there is a slight stocking of cars which is engaging the attention of producers. Manufacturers declare that output is being governed solely by retail demand and that schedules will be curtailed immediately upon evidence that a let-up in the buying movement has become general. At present there is evident a trend toward shifting stocks from districts where there is a decline to sections promising a heavier demand."

Regarding the situation in the parts manufacturing branch of the industry it is pointed out that orders placed promise a continuance of activity operations in many of the unit producing plants of the country for a month more at least, earlier indications that there would be signs of a lull after the first of June with a more pronounced drop beginning July not being borne out. Production has shown an exceptionally well-sustained upward curve covering an unusually long period. Makers are now exerting all efforts toward maintaining deliveries at the month's rate warranted by the present pressure from car and truck producers.

The opinion is expressed that August may see a change in the direction of the curve, but the decline in parts production is not expected to be more severe than, unless there comes a general slowing up in demand for cars and trucks. While car manufacturers take a prominent place in the high operations of the parts industry itself, it is said truck builders are probably a more important factor in enabling schedules to be kept at a high mark.

Production of cars and trucks during the first half of the current year, it is estimated, will run approximately 50 per cent above the total for the same period last year. The Standard Daily Trade Service, however, says that there is probably no one either inside or outside of automobile circles who fancies that the increase in output reported this far this year can be maintained during the last half of 1923.

"The truth is," the paper says, 'that the automobile industry is running not only at a rate to satisfy the normal and current requirements of an expanding demand, but also at a rate to make good the retardations in production during the year and a half of industrial sag. There has been for the past twelve months a pace of production that cannot last, unless on terms of dangerous accumulations of product. A slowdown is therefore, due. It will be salutary. It need occasion neither apprehension nor surprise. Peak capacity output, and a peak volume of employment, at rising wages for all grades of labor efficiency is in its very nature a temporary situation. There is, then, nothing in the prospect of slowing down of automobile production that needs or is likely to cut disastrously into manufacturers' margins. The truth is merely that both output and margins have been too good to last.

"Automobile production during the next few months at a rate better than the 1920 rate, and at a rate better than anything ever experienced earlier than in this last year of supreme achievement, is a business activity that cannot disappoint any one who looks only for the credible and the possible. The replacement demand is probably already great enough to support an industry reasonably prosperous under the 1920 test and even flourishing by any earlier test. Material costs are getting easier. Advances in the prices of cars have not been large. General price cuts are not probable; and even should they arise are likely to be slight. The year has already achieved a high record in earnings and has left the financial situation for most producers notably strong.

FARMERS SHOW CONCERN IN NEW CREDIT BANKS

Lobdell Leaves Loan Board to Become Agent of Intermediary System.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Reports from various sections indicate that farmers are preparing to make wider use of the twelve intermediate credit banks created by the rural credits legislation in financing and marketing crops and livestock than had been expected. An unexpected number of inquiries about the operation of the credit banks has been received.

Announcement was made today that Charles E. Lobdell, who retired today as Farm Loan Commissioner, would become fiscal agent and general counsel for the twelve Federal Land Banks and the twelve Federal Intermediate Credit Banks, with headquarters at Washington. R. A. Cooper succeeds Mr. Lobdell as Farm Loan Commissioner.

"The Farm Loan Board," said Mr. Cooper, "regards this arrangement as peculiarly fortunate for the interests of the banks' concerned, as well as the system as a whole. Mr. Lebdell has been a member of the Farm Loan Board since its organization and Commissioner and executive officer for more than three years and understands, perhaps better than any other person in the United States, the many problems connected with the development and operation of the system.

Concerning the danger of overproduction of wheat and other crops in this country, the Department of Agriculture announced today further development of its foreign statistical work to make available to American farmers more complete information on world agricultural conditions.

Cesare Longobardi, Chief of the Bureau of Statistics of the International Institute of Agriculture at Rome, has been detailed by the institute to assist the Department of Agriculture in this work. Mr. Longobardi is now in Washington, where he will co-operate with the department for the next twelve months.

The return of Joe C. Barrett, market statistician for the department, from Rome, where he made a survey of statistical methods of foreign countries in reporting crop data to the institute, makes available data of value in developing the new service.

LABOR IMPRESSES BRITON.

Quantity Production Also Strikes F. Gordon Hogarth, London Banker.

F. Gordon Hogarth of G. Haswell Veitch & Co., London bankers, will sail today for Europe, following a brief visit here and in Canada. The efficiency of American labor was his outstanding impression of the visit, Mr. Hogarth said yesterday.

His study of the Ford motor plants convinced him of the soundness of the quantity production theory, he said, and he will recommend to a London group that 200 British workmen be sent to inspect the Ford plants to acquiring themselves with American methods preliminary to introducing quantity production in England.

England is slowly regaining her old position as an exporter of capital, Mr. Hogarth said. He predicted that in the near future, American corporate financing would again be done in London through sale of bonds in sterling denomination. While here, the banker bought several blocks of sterling bonds which he intends to offer English investors.

ENORMOUS RICHES REAPED IN ALASKA

President Harding's Visit Draws Attention to Great Development of Area.

COST AMERICA $7,200,000

It Has Since Contributed $500,000,000 in Metals Alone, Bank Here Points Out.

The visit of President Harding to Alaska has called attention to the remarkable development of that area since its purchase by the United States from Russia in 1867. Those who recall the caustic criticism of an appropriation of $7,200,000 in full payment for this enormous area will be interested in the figures prepared for The Trade Record of the National City Bank of New York as to Alaska's development in the fifty-six years since its purchase.

The mere area, 591,000 square miles, The Trade Record points out, is nearly twice that of the original thirteen States, which was 325,000 square miles, and its contributions to our wealth, especially in recent years, are startling when compared with the small sum paid for it. Its gold production alone in the twenty years for which there is an official record is, in round terms, $250,000,000, or thirty-five times as much as the entire sum paid to Russia for it.

The copper sent from Alaska alone has aggregated $125,000,000 since the establishment of a governmental record twenty years ago, and in 1922 was approximately $10,000,000, or more than the entire cost. Its minerals and metals include not merely gold, silver and copper, but also platinum, antimony, lead, tin, graphite, gypsum, barytes, sulphur, coal and mineral oil.

The Alaska Bureau of the Seattle Chamber of Commerce, which has special facilities for keeping close tab on conditions in Alaska, since Seattle is the chief port through which Alaskan products enter, estimates the total output of minerals and metals in Alaska since its purchase at $460,000,000 down to 1920, which would bring the total aggregate at the present time to about $500,000,000. Figures of the United States Government show gold receipts from Alaska for the last three years at more than $20,000,000, and copper at more than $30,000,000.

The outturn of Alaska's fisheries since its purchase is stated at more than $400,000,000, and the official statistics of the Department of Commerce show that the fisheries alone derived from Alaska in the past three years aggregated $95,348,553. The fur products have totalled since the year of the purchase nearly $100,000,000 and now are running at the rate of $3,500,000 a year, of which sealed skins form about one-third. Of the $51,000,000 of merchandise shipped from Alaska to the various ports of the United States in 1922, canned salmon amounted to $29,487,000, fish products as a whole amounted to $34,271,000, furs to $3,560,000, copper to $9,833,000, domestic gold $7,680,000, and silver $770,000.

Other interesting statistics cited by the National City Bank put the length of the railways in Alaska at 700 miles; the capital invested in the various industries runs into the hundreds of millions, that of the fisheries alone, $75,000,000; the number of reindeer (introduced by the United States Government in 1892) is now estimated at 225,000, while the available coal "reserve" is estimated by the United States Geological Survey at a minimum of 150,000,000,000 tons, "and may be many times that amount."

In agriculture the progress has been equally surprising, and grains, vegetables and livestock are among the successful industries, especially in the southern and southeastern section.

Packard Increases Production.

The Packard Motor Car Company produced 12,000 cars during the first six months of 1923, according to figures published in Wall Street yesterday. Only 5,800 cars were made in the same period last year and 9,600 cars in the first half of 1922. The production schedule for July, according to the information, calls for an output of 1,500 single sixes and 500 single eights.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 2.—Fifty-six new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $4,788,000, were chartered today. They include:

Leschetz Realty Corp., Manhattan, $15,000; B. Leschetz, M. Applebaum, J. Nestel. (Attorney, Max Weissman, 1,540 Broadway.)

Mumo-o-phone Co., Manhattan, make fixtures, &c., $20,000; P. Kammerman, A. E. Miller, R. Cooper. (Attorney, I. G. Orenstein, 130 Broadway.)

Yancy Cake Co., Manhattan, jewelry cases, $10,000; L. and S. H. Kalrunsky, B. H. Greenberg. (Attorney, A. Lehman, 44 Court St., Brooklyn.)

Excelsior Brewery, Brooklyn, make near beer, $200,000; C. L. and L. M. and M. L. Mandel. (Attorney, B. Antin, 299 Broadway.)

Bronz Improvement and Holding Corp., Bronx, automobiles and realty, $50,000; T. W. Maloney, W. Duggan, J. Aeritell. (Attorney, W. A. Keating, 3,689 White Plains Road, Bronx.)

Dewitt & Son, Manhattan, securities and realty, $10,000; J. D. and D. G. Dewitt, V. L. Davis. (Attorney, S. Ryan, Albany.)

M. H. B. Holding Corp., Manhattan, $75,000; M. Haas, C. Kaplan. (Attorney, L. M. Feldman, Woolworth Bldg.)

Hallauer & Phillips, Webster, Monroe Co., vegetables, $10,000; A. L. and R. L. Hallauer, L. Phillips. (Attorney, L. J. Rice, Rochester.)

Brenner & Burg, Manhattan, make women's garments, $10,000; F. Brenner, E. A. Burg, C. Hoffenberg. (Attorney, H. Rosenblum, 116 Nassau St.)

Stage Market, Cedarhurst, $10,000; N. Ciccolella, J. Stahl, G. Debiase. (Attorneys, Sprague, Morris & Fluckiger, Far Rockaway.)

Forty Mile Placer Mining Corp., Manhattan, $1,000,000; H. Market, O. H. Milburn, R. W. Kerns. (Attorney, H. R. Hom, 25 Broadway.)

Lidland Realty Co., Brooklyn, $10,000; J. and F. Siegel, S. Holland. (Attorney, M. Rosenthal, 461 Saratoga Av., Brooklyn.)

Canandaigua Cold Storage, Canandaigua, $100,000; J. H. Hutchinson, J. L. Case, G. Green. (Attorney, C. Bentley, Webster.)

Erie Sugar Jack Corp., Buffalo, farm and dairy appliances, $150,000; C. S. Donaldson, C. T. Graves, C. R. Mabee. (Attorney, M. W. Baker, Buffalo.)

Saranac Lake Silvertox and Fur Co., Manhattan, $100,000; T. J. and L. G. Bradley, F. C. Lee, C. L. H. Bailey Jr., 4,057 Tremont Av., Bronx.)

Weinberger Bros., Brooklyn, make food products, $20,000; E. B. Bryce, W. and H. Rich. (Attorney, L. H. Solomon, 200 Fifth Av.)

Bryce & Bryce, White Plains, hardware and supplies; $10,000; E. B. Bryce, W. and E. Rich. (Attorney, E. E. McKinley, White Plains.)

Three S. Baking Co., Middletown, $50,000; J. M. Houston, L. C. Hess, R. C. Hommel. (Attorney, F. C. Faulkner, Middletown.)

Boulevard Auto Service and Repair Corp., Bronx, $5,000; R. Rogers, J. S. and H. Koplan. (Attorney, W. F. Gossner, 501 East 161st St., Bronx.)

John J. Bombach Contracting Co., New Rochelle, $15,000; J. and J. Bombach, D. Corgiane. (Attorney, J. J. Mancuso, New Rochelle.)

M. Schneilbacher, Brooklyn, make sweaters, $10,000; M. Schneilbacher, W. S. Rockwell, A. Grymes. (Attorney, C. S. Livingston, 1440 Broadway.)

Adirondack Dairy Corp., Glens Falls, $100,000; W. L. Brodsur, J. R. Loomis Jr. V. F. Howe. (Attorney, J. J. Hagerty, Albany.)

Amusement Rooms Construction Co., Manhattan, $500,000; C. M. and J. Lazarus, G. A. Saltzal. (Attorney, B. S. Bitale, 123 Nassau St.)

Tastee Pie Baking Co., Bronx, $60,000; C. and Asbl R. Kling. (Attorney, J. F. Fyan, 2,039 3d Av., Bronx.)

Rockmall Realty Corp., Manhattan, $50,000; G. Muller, O. Hechler, D. I. Powell. (Attorney, S. Gluckharty St.)

John Polachek Bronze and Iron Co., Queens, $1,250,000; J. and S. Polachek, E. H. Geiger. (Attorney, S. Heilbiger, 305 Broadway.)

Murray Linen Corp., Brooklyn, $50,000; W. H. Rosenbloom, D. Wertheim. (Attorney, E. E. Berlstein, 160 Broadway.)

Madame Dupont's Nulifix Corset Shoppe, Manhattan, $10,000; C. Munter, F. Dupont, S. Davis. (Attorneys, Hoadly, Lauterbach and Johnson, 22 William St.

American Milk and Cream Shippers, Manhattan, $40,000; W. E. Jacobs, C. Somberg, E. Fishman. (Attorney, V. V. Zipris, 309 Broadway.)

Bloom & Molowitz, Brooklyn, $5,000; S. Bloom, H. Molowitz, J. Bestritzky. (Attorney, E. Gettinger, 1,748 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.

Robertson-Deschamps Co., Manhattan, engravers, $5,000; J. C. Robertson, L. G. Deschamps, C. McD. Little. (Attorney, C. A. Dunham, 36 West 44th St.)

Plimmer Productions, Manhattan, produce plays, $50,000; W. J. Plimmer Jr., E. Nevins, L. Perlino. (Attorneys, Miller & Stein, 26 Court St., Brooklyn.)

Mulifa Patents Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; C. Munter, S. Davis, J. D. Mason. (Attorneys, Hoadly, Lauterbach & Johnson, 22 William St.)

Mayville Textile Mills, Mayeville, $10,000; J. G. and B. W. Draper, R. J. Lockwood. (Attorney, H. Yonas, Mayville.)

Quinplex Radio Corp., Manhattan, $500,000; M. L. Lewis, A. Wellman, M. Christaleit. (Attorney, C. Milliken, 36 West 44th St. Bldg.)

Bluier & Wilcox, Bainbridge, hardware, $20,000; H. H. Bluier, R. C. and G. R. Wilcox. (Attorney, J. Scott, Bainbridge.)

Personal Credit Service Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; E. M. and Max E. Levy, L. Hatterich. (Attorneys, Goodman & Werner, 51 Chambers St.)

Nat Axelrod & Co., Manhattan, make furs, $10,000; N. and K. and M. Axelrod. (Attorneys, Liupman & Sachs, 291 Broadway.)

Beejayed Holding Corp., Bronx, architects, $50,000; M. J. Krosnoff, F. A. Marmor, R. Lieberson. (Attorney, Kadelvan, Kirk & Reynolds, 2,304 3d Av.)

Blitrite Motor Equipment Co., Manhattan, $10,000; B. and H. Lahr, F. P. Lecount. (Attorney, L. Freeman, 32 Wall St.)

H. W. Holding Corp., Manhattan, contractors, $30,000; A. and B. Hamburger, B. Fincke, A. J. Cellis. (Attorney, Jonas & Neisinger, 115 Broadway.)

Buffalo Newton Rifle Corp., Buffalo, $25,000; D. A. Evans, A. H. Dayton. (Attorney C. Newton, Buffalo.)

Riviera Importing Olive Oil Co., Manhattan, $10,000; T. Wohlberg, A. Kestler. (Attorney, N. Kopf, 1,463 Broadway.)

Jacob Salsberg, Manhattan, make underwear, $100,000; J. and D. Salsberg. (Attorney, D. W. Dalley, 130 Broadway.)

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Shapiro & Aronson, Manhattan, $300,000 to $400,000.

Imperial Investing Corp., Manhattan, $25,000 to $300,000.

Jefferson Farm, Manhattan, $5,000 to $10,000.

Mayj Bur Dress Co., Manhattan, $25,000 to $75,000.

Hudson Tire & Rubber Corp., Yonkers, $1,000,000 to $1,500,000.

Buffalo Nalional Corp., Buffalo, $500,000 to $600,000.

Forest Oil Co., Olean, $600,000 to $3,000,000.

Alert Products, Rochester, $50,000 to $100,000.

Trico Products Corp., Buffalo, to issue 10,000 shares, of which 2,500 are preferred, $100 each; 5,000 common, no par value; active capital, $300,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTIONS.

W. A. Curless Co., Manhattan, $480,000 to $235,000.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Burtin Holmes Lectures, Ill., $50,000; rep., L. F. Brown, 1,810 Broadway.

Foreman & Clark Mfg. Co., Delaware, make clothing, 10,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 15,000 common, no par value; active capital, $1,000,000; rep., A. R. Bonin, 55 5th Av.

California Ink Co. Cal., $2,500,000; rep., J. F. McCrade, 100 5th Av.

Standard Accessories Corp., N. J., 100 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 500 common, no par value; H. W. Wilson, 15 West 8th St.

NAME CHANGES.

New York Probation and Protective Association, Manhattan, to Girls' Service League of America.

Niagara Social Club, Manhattan, to Niagara Society.

Consolidated Radio Call Book Co., Manhattan, to Conrad Co.

Jaccard Knitting Co., Manhattan, to Jacquard Knitting Machinery Co.

Herman & Rose Coal Co., Syracuse, to Rose Coal Co.

MERGER.

Hampton Restaurants, Albany (Inc. May 24, 1919) with Hampton Restaurants (Inc. Jan. 13, 1923).

DISSOLUTIONS.

M. Lesburg, Manhattan.

Foreman & Clark Mfg. Co., Manhattan.

Lansing Cap Co., Manhattan.

Fibre Drum Co., Manhattan.

Seiros Dress Fabric Co., Manhattan.

M. E. Schoening Co., Manhattan.

Paul Gwenlock, Manhattan.

C. Drucklieb, Manhattan.

Israel Goodman Corp., Manhattan.

Raymond-Deck Co., Manhattan.

Henry Alden, Manhattan.

Emery & Beers Co., Manhattan.

Hubert & Howden Co., Manhattan.

Haselkorn & Weisberg, Manhattan.

Elmsburg Dairy Products Co., Ellenburg.

A. F. Weymer Co., Glens Falls.

Sterling Ignition Corp., Tonawanda.

Eastern Star Theatre Co., Buffalo.

Henry J. Schneider Co., Rochester.

John R. Sweney Automobile Co., Patchogue.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, July 2.—Charters filed today:

M. B. Automotive Corp., Wilmington, $10,000. (Delaware Registration Trust Co.)

Consolidated Furniture Co., manufacture, $10,000; George G. Whitworth, E. A. Wallace, E. S. Warren, Grand Rapids, Mich. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Graphite Piston Corp., manufacturing, $5,000,000; Guarrs Averett, New York; John A. O'Melia, Brooklyn, and John C. Turnbull, Garden City, L. I. (U. S. Corporation Co.)

Pitcairn Co., Wilmington, investments, $5,000,000. (Delaware Charter Co.)

Sonora Products Corp., Wilmington, manufacture product known as janarind, $1,500,000. (Delaware Registration Trust Co.)

Clark L. Ring Corp., Wilmington, manufacturing, $1,000,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Nucoa Co., Wilmington, crude oil. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Safe-T-Stat Co., Wilmington, manufacture (the Safe-T-Stat, a thermo-electric temperature indicator, $500,000. (Colonial Charter Co.)

Finance & Trade Corp., Wilmington, stocks and bonds, $500,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Smith Computing Machine Co., Dover, manufacture machinery, $375,000. (U. S. Corporation Co.)

Phonographs, Wilmington, talking machines, $300,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Central Commercial Oil Co., Philadelphia, $250,000. (Corporation Guarantee & Trust Co.)

North China Petroleum Co., Wilmington, lands, $150,000. (Corporation Service Co.)

Montrose Housing Corp., real estate, $100,000; E. G. Boyd, John W. Brady, John F. Malley, Wilmington. (Harry F. Joslyn, Wilmington.)

Hamilton Amusement Co., Wilmington, $50,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Bolhar Concrete Products Co., Wilmington, $50,000. (Colonial Charter Co.)

Childers Manufacturing Co., Dover, auto accessories, $50,000. (U. S. Corporation Co.)

Buehan Telephone Records Co., Wilmington, acquire patents to loose leaf devices, $25,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Frank Lloyd Productions, Wilmington, motion pictures, $10,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Advertisers Service Bureau, advertising, $10,000; I. M. Quinn, Cleveland; George W. Reed, Irene F. Reed, Akron. (Colonial Charter Co.)

Peninsular Screw Products Co. of Delaware, Wilmington, $2,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

NAME CHANGE.

Standard Parts Co. of Delaware, to Eaton Axle and Spring Co. of Delaware, Cleveland, Ohio.

PUBLIC UTILITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Power & Light	21	23
Adirondack Power & Light pf	93	96
American Gas & Electric	30	31
American Gas & Electric pf	40	41½
American Light & Traction	110	112
American Light & Traction pf	90	92
American Power & Light	130	135
American Power & Light pf	80	82
American Public Utilities pf	25	30
Appalachian Power	30	31
Appalachian Power, new, pf	90	92
Arkansas Light & Power	25	30
Carolina Power & Light	60	70
Cities Service	134½	136½
Cities Service pf	85	85½
Cities Service pf B	5	6
Cities Service, bankers' shares	13½	14
Colorado Power	16¾	17¾
Columbus Elec & Power	100	...
Columbus Elec. & Power 1st pf	100	...
Columbus Elec. & Power 2d pf	93	95
Commonwealth Power Corp. pf	64	66
Commonwealth Pow., Ry. & L	26	26½
Consumers Power pf	85½	88
Connecticut Power pf	94	100
Eastern Texas Electric	106	111
Eastern Texas Electric pf	81	84
El Paso Electric	123	126
Electric Bond & Share	95½	97½
Federal Light & Traction	58	60
Federal Light & Traction pf	68	70
Empire Gas & Fuel pf	84	88
General Gas & Elec. pf	96	100
Galveston-Houston Electric	...	12
Galveston-Houston Electric pf	...	48
Lehigh Power Sec	18	20
Mississippi River Power	10	21
Mississippi River Power pf	80	85
National Power & Light	48	50
National Power & Light pf	80	83
Northern Ohio Electric	9	11
Northern Ohio Electric pf	25	27
Northern Ontario L. & P	17	20
Northern Ontario L. & P. pf	67	69
Northern States Power	92	96
Northern States Power, pf	91½	95
Northern Texas Electric	70	74
Northern Texas Electric pf	71	74
Oklahoma Gas & Electric pf	84	85
Pacific Gas & Electric pf	87¼	90
Pennsylvania Edison pf	95	102
Puget Sound Power & Light	46	51
Puget Sound & Light 6% pf	79	82
Republic Railway & Light	13	13½
Republic Railway & Light pf	38½	40½
Southern California Edison	101½	103
Southern California Edison pf	114	117
Standard Gas & Electric	25½	26½
Standard Gas & Electric pf	46¼	47½
Tampa Electric Power	137	140
Tennessee Electric Power 7% pf	86	90
Tennessee Electric Power	11	13
Tennessee Electric Power 6% pf	65	70
Tennessee Electric Power 24 pf	43	45½
United Light & Railway	135	140
United Light & Railway pf	90	93
Western Power	22½	27½
Western Power pf	71	79½

BONDS.

Adirondack P. & L. 5s, 1950	93½	100
Am. Gas & Elec. 5s, 2014	84	84
Am. Power & Light 6s, 2016	91	92½
Appalachian Pow 1st 5s, 1941	86½	88
Cities Service deb B	105	...
Cities Service deb C	104½	106
Cities Service deb D	88½	90½
City Light & Trac. 5s, 1952	69	71
Columbus Elec. & Pow. 6s, 1947	99	102
Col. Power 1st 5s, 1953	93½	95½
Connecticut Power 5s, 1943	97	102
Cons. Cities E., P. & L. 5s, 1962	67	70
East Texas Elec. 5s, 1942	98	...
El Paso Electric 5s, 1938	90	94
Galveston-Houston Elec. 5s, 1942	93	96
General Gas & Elec. 7s, 1952	92	93
Houston Electric 1st 5s, 1925	97	99
Lehigh Power Sec. 6s, 1927	92	95
Mississippi River Power 5s, 1951	71½	75½
Mississippi River Power 6s, 1926	100	102
Nebraska Power 1st 5s, 1947	89	90½
N. News & Hip. Ry., G. & E. 5s, 44	77	80
Northern States Power 5s, 1926	96½	100
Northern Texas Elec. 5s, 1940	82	88
Puget Sound P. & L. 7½s, 1941	105	105
Savannah Elec. & P. 7½s, 1941	103	103½
Tampa Electric 5s, 1953	91½	95½
So. California Edison 5s, 1939	95	96½
So. California Edison 6s, 1944	100¾	101¾
Standard Gas & Elec. 6s, 1935	85	90
Standard Gas & Elec. 6s, 1935	100	...
Tampa Electric 5s, 1952	92	93
Utah Light & Traction 5s, 1924	104	107
Western States G. C. 5s, 1941	88	91

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Saturday. Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil Co	15¾	15¾
Atlantic Refining Co	105	108
Do pf	115	118
Buckeye Pipe Line Co	83	85
Buckeye Pipe Line Co	83	85
Chese. Mfg. Co., Cons	220	230
Do pf	110	112
Colonial Oil Co	13	15
Crescent Pipe Line Co	16	19
Cumberland P. L. Co., Inc	100	102
Eureka Pipe Line Co	100	103
Galena Sig. Oil Co., pf. old	111	111
Do pf., new	104	106
Do com	88	90
Humble Oil & Refin. Co	29	30
Illinois Pipe Line Co	150	155
Imperial Oil, Ltd. Co	95¼	96
Indiana Pipe Line Co	97	99
International Pet. Co	14½	15
Magnolia Petroleum Co	125	126
National Transit Co	23	24
New York Transit Co	98	101
Northern Pipe Line Co	97	99
Ohio Oil Co	90	97
Penn.-Mex. Fuel	14	16
Prairie Oil & Gas Co	175	180
Prairie Pipe Line Co	97	99
Solar Refining Co	170	175
Southern Pipe Line Co	93	95
South Penn. Oil Co	130	135
Southwest Penn. Pipe Lines	70	81
S. O. Co. (California)	90	95
S. O. Co. (Indiana)	54½	54½
S. O. Co. (Kansas)	39	40½
S. O. Co. (Kentucky)	85½	86
S. O. Co. (Nebraska)	220	225
S. O. Co. (New Jersey)	32	32½
Do pf	115½	116½
S. O. Co. (New York)	36½	36½
S. O. Co. (Ohio)	275	285
Do pf	111	119
Swan & Finch Co	25	30
Tidewater Oil Co	95½	98½
Union Tank Car Co	83	85
Do pf	107	110½
Vacuum Oil Co	45½	45¾
Washington Oil Co	24	27

MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Saturday. Asked.
Amalgamated Leather	13½	15
Do pf	50	60
American Type Founders	80	90
Do pf	99	100
Archer Daniels Midland	23	28
Do pf	95	98
Babcock & Wilcox	101	104
E. W. Bliss	19	21
Borden	114	118
Campbell Soup pf	105	106½
Childs Co	94	96
Do pf	105	107¼
Childs Co	168	139
Do pf	105	107¼
Congoleum Co	210	212
Do pf	97	98
Cushman Sons	40	45
Do 7% pf	97	97
Do 8% pf	103	103
Gillette Safety Razor	240	250
Hercules	100	105
Do pf	102	104
Ingersoll-Rand	120	127
Do pf	101	102
E. Kuppenheimer	25	28
Do pf	85	97
McCall	37	42
Do pf	98	110
Merck, pf	94	96
Munsingwear, Inc	35	37
New Jersey Zinc	148	152
Nipissing Mines	5	5
Postum Cereal	100	107¼
Remington Arms	210	212
Do 1st pf	90	92
Do 2d pf	80	82
Royal Baking Powder	122	130
Do pf	98	101
Safety G., H. & L.	81	83
Scovill Mfg. Co., new	164	166
Singer Mfg. Co., new	112	114
Standard Screw Co	157	162
United Bakeries Corp	27	27
Do pf	90	97
Victor Talking Machine	156	160
Yale & Towne	63	64

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Saturday. Asked.
American Cigar	77	80
American Cigar pf	92	96
American Tobacco scrip	138	142
American Tobacco pf	138	138
George W. Helme	48	50
George W. Helme pf	112	113
International Cigar Mach	30	60
McAndrews & Forbes	125	130
McAndrews & Forbes pf	93	97
Mengel & Co	20	21
J. S. Young	102	105
J. S. Young pf	100	110
R. J. Reynolds	115	118
Universal Leaf	98	105
Universal Leaf pf	92	99
U. S. Tobacco	45	50
U. S. Tobacco pf	103	107

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.
Bay St. Gas	4	5
Black Hawk	10	15
Bohemia	85	90
Boston Ely.	25	27
Butte & Ldn.	10	12
Calaveras	1¾	2
Champion	4	10
Chief Con.	3¾	4
Con. Copper	2¾	3¾
Crystal	30	34
Eagle & Blue	2	3
Eureka Cros.	9	11
Caledon	60	70
Iron Blossom	23	30
Iron Cap.	...	2¾
Jerome V.	2	2¾
La Rose	22	30
Olde	50	60
Onco	...	30
Ray Hero	1¾	1¾
U. V. Ext.	2¾	3¼
Verde Ext.	6¾	7¼
Yukon	1¾	1¾

Tennessee Electric Ahead in May.

The Tennessee Electric Power Company and subsidiaries report for May gross earnings of $735,708 and net income—of $188,223. After dividend requirements on the first preferred stock and depreciation charges there was a balance of $62,355 reported for the month.

NEW YORK CURB EXCHANGE

MONDAY, JULY 2, 1923.

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,200 Acme Coal	4¾	4¾	4¾
100 Am G & E pf	40	40	40
100 Archer Dan Midland	27	27	27
100 Arm't of Del 7s, st pf	85	84½	84½
200 Atl Fruit, w i	1¾	1¾	1¾
10 Borden Co	116	116	116
20 Do pf	103½	103½	103½
200 Brint Cp, A	16	15½	16
500 Buddy Buds	1¼	1¼	1¼
40 Calufield pf	103½	103½	103½
200 Can-Cast Dr, B	15¾	15¾	15¾
200 Can Tar Sug	80	80	80
200 CheckCabMfg	...	...	...
100 Chesebrough	114	114	114
110 Galena Sig	59	58½	58½
100 Humble Oil	29¾	29¾	29¾
30 Illinois P L pf	97	97	97
305 ImpOilCan, cp	96	93½	95½
100 Ind Pipe L	98	97	97
2,000 Int Pet	15¾	15¼	15¾
60 Magnolia	129	129½	129
700 Ark Nat Gas	3¼	3	3
500 Bar'gton, A	10¾	10½	10¾
100 Boston-Wyo	80c	80c	80c
800 Carib Synd	3¾	3¾	3¾
275 Cities Svc	134½	132	134½
$1,038.54 Do scrip	73	73	73
200 Do bkrs sh	13¾	13¼	13¾
800 Do pf	65	64¾	65
1,700 Creole Synd	3¼	3¼	3¼
100 Darby Pet	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,000 Emp Pet	3c	3c	3c
1,000 Federal	55c	55c	55c
100 Glen Rock	65c	62c	65c
2,

TELLS OF PROBLEMS IN STABILIZATION

Must First Restore Conditions for Maintenance of Monetary Value, Economist Says.

END STATE INTERFERENCE

Arbitrary Issue of Currency to Manufacture Purchasing Power Should Be Stopped.

Discussing the problem of stabilization in an analysis for one of Sweden's leading banks, Professor Gustav Cassel declares that the fundamental condition for a stable internal value of money is that currency shall not arbitrarily be issued for the manufacture of purchasing power. But, he holds, before the problem of stabilization can be solved it is essential to restore the necessary conditions for the maintenance of a stable monetary value.

"The very term 'stable monetary value' implies, of course," Professor Cassel says, "a certain stability in the formation of prices; hence, in endeavoring to restore a stable monetary value, it is essential to put an end to arbitrary interference on the part of the authorities in the form of maximum prices, subsidies with a view to the reduction of prices, and so forth. Seeing that all these interferences originally arose as a counterpoise to a rapid depreciation of the value of money, it is but natural that they should be done away with in connection with a return to a stable monetary value.

"The further State interference has advanced, and the more extensive its ramifications, the greater the difficulty in finding the level at which free prices can be restored. It is possible to work up to that end in one of two ways: either by immediately abolishing State control over prices and allowing the market to find its own level, or by gradually adjusting State control of prices to an anticipated level."

Balance of Trade.

To bring about stability in the relations between the currency of the country and foreign currencies, Professor Cassel continues, "it is manifestly first of all necessary that the balance of trade should be brought to, and maintained at equilibrium without necessitating the creation of assets in foreign countries by artificial means, such as the sale of the currency of the country to foreign speculators.

"The effectuation of such an equilibrium may possibly require a foreign loan, for example in order to procure absolutely indispensable foodstuffs. A foreign loan may be necessary also in the future in order to reduce the unfounded balance. The essential thing is that the necessity of selling currency to foreign countries should be dispensed with. The currency already sold to foreign countries should be brought back as soon as possible and replaced by permanent loans.

"In cases where very large sums have been sold abroad the foreign value of the currency will, as a rule, have fallen in still greater proportion, so that the redemption of the currency will no longer afford any great difficulties. Thus the German Reichsbank could now repurchase without the slightest difficulty all the mark notes in foreign countries at the current rate of exchange, simply by using a small part of its gold.

"A stabilization of the rates of exchange naturally presupposes that those rates are in equilibrium. Hence stabilization cannot be attained so long as the currency of the country is undervalued on the international market. Such undervaluation exists practically always in the case of currencies whose internal value is subjected to continuous depreciation. But great undervaluation may itself also give rise to a further depreciation of the internal value of the currency. A stable internal value of money brings in its train, nothing can be more beneficial than to determine once and for all the rate toward which the entire process of stabilization is to be directed.

"The popular notion that a foreign loan or a foreign credit is the first and most essential condition for the stabilization of a currency is declared by Professor Cassel to be erroneous. The real basis for the foreign value of the currency is always the purchasing power which the currency represented on the home market, he says, explaining that that purchasing power depends on the stabilization of the internal price level, which in the last resource depends on a proper restriction of the circulation of money."

Interference With Trade.

The arbitrary interferences with the liberty of international trade which were called forth by the undervaluation will, of course, also have to be abrogated in connection with the restoration of normal rates of exchange, that is, of rates which correspond to the purchasing power pars. It will be first and foremost essential to eliminate all obstacles in the way of exportation, and all measures intended to compel foreign purchasers to pay prices beyond those of the home market. Only if the currency of the country possesses its full purchasing power in the hands of foreigners can it be expected that foreign countries will value the currency at its purchasing power par. Moreover, State interference with actual currency transactions must, of course, be brought to an end."

A stable price level at home is thus an essential condition for stable rates of exchange, this noted economist reasons, adding that the rates of exchange that are to be stabilised and kept stable must naturally correspond to the purchasing power par, and that the selection of the new purchasing power par is by no means an easy matter.

"In my opinion," he continues, "the right method of procedure is to set about to fix the value of the currency both at home and abroad as soon as the extrinsic conditions for equilibrium in the budget and in the balance of trade have been fulfilled. As circumstances are at present, the determining of the value will practically take the form of fixing the price of the dollar in the currency question. If the currency is greatly undervalued, the 'stabilization rate' of the dollar should be fixed considerably lower than the current rate. On the other hand, it would seem to be practically necessary to fix the rate somewhat higher than would correspond to the purchasing power par at the moment.

"The advantage of thus proceeding is that the transition from the existing system of inflation to an economic system based on a stable value of money will not be too sudden, and that a certain security is afforded that the process of stabilization can actually be carried out and the dollar par once fixed be maintained. Obviously, the authorities in such cases will be inclined to postpone the final fixing of the dollar par to the future, but by so doing they will certainly also postpone the carrying out of the stabilization and perhaps jeopardise it entirely.

"If it is desired to restrict to a minimum the speculation which stabilization always brings in its train, nothing can be more beneficial than to determine once and for all the rate toward which the entire process of stabilization is to be directed.

"The popular notion that a foreign loan or a foreign credit is the first and most essential condition for the stabilization of a currency is declared by Professor Cassel to be erroneous. The real basis for the foreign value of the currency is always the purchasing power which the currency represented on the home market, he says, explaining that that purchasing power depends on the stabilization of the internal price level, which in the last resource depends on a proper restriction of the circulation of money."

Hudson Cruise for 300 Cripples.

Three hundred crippled children will be guests of Leon Schinasi, cigarette manufacturer, on his yacht, the Surf, today. At 9 o'clock this morning the yacht will cruise up the Hudson to West Point, returning at 3 this afternoon. Ice cream and sweets will be taken along and music will be provided. The societies represented are the Durrach Home for Crippled Children, Children's Aid Society and New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children.

U. S. TO SET WORLD'S COTTON STANDARDS

Producers Here Win Sixteen-Year Fight for Agreement as to Grade and Color.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Establishment of universal standards for cotton, for which American producers and traders have striven for the last sixteen years, has been accomplished, the Liverpool Cotton Association having adopted today the international agreement reached at a conference at the Department of Agriculture here last month. Other foreign nations represented at the conference had previously ratified the agreement.

The agreement provides that the official cotton standards of the United States for grade and color be recognized as universal standards and that the members of the Liverpool Board of Appeals be invested with authority to finally determine the true classification in accordance with United States standards of cotton of American growth.

The Liverpool Cotton Association gave notice in their cablegram that they desired to have certain changes made in the universal standards.

Since the new cotton standards law requires that the changes proposed be agreed upon a year in advance of the time when they go into effect, the Liverpool Association announced it was sending C. R. Taylor and J. C. Finlay to the United States to confer with representatives of the cotton trade and officials of the Department of Agriculture.

MEXICO TO LIFT DUTY ON FOREIGN PETROL

Obregon May Issue Tomorrow Decree Effective at End of the Year.

MEXICO CITY, July 2 (Associated Press).—Removal of import and export duties on foreign petroleum for the purpose of keeping the great refineries of the Gulf region occupied is expected to be accomplished by a Presidential decree not later than Wednesday.

According to officials of the Treasury Department the proposal has been approved and has been sent to President Obregon.

The decree would not become effective until the end of this year by which time it is expected that Mexican petroleum production, which has been decreasing recently, will become normal.

Petroleum now is being imported from California, refined here and sent to Tampico.

LATIN AMERICA TRADE GAIN.

Export and Import Figures for May Show Increase.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Dr. Julius Klein, Director of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, announced today that despite European competition in Latin America statistics showed a steady improvement of inter-American commerce.

Figures for May compiled by the Department of Commerce show that United States exports to Latin America were valued at $56,924,859, as compared with $41,599,571 for May, 1922, an increase of 36 per cent. Imports from Latin America were $116,566,336, as compared with $76,461,207 for May, 1922, an increase of 53 per cent.

For the eleven months ending with May, imports increased from $662,127,089 in 1922 to $944,292,970 in 1923, a gain of 42 per cent., and exports increased from $549,137,039 to $549,460,947, a gain of 13 per cent.

Imports from Argentina, Brazil and Chile during May gained $4,248,854 over April, and exports increased $749,014. For the eleven months' period, imports from Argentina jumped from $62,977,-204 in 1922 to $119,013,685 in 1923; from Chile from $32,287,219 to $85,702,610, and from Brazil from $92,586,779 to $120,-782,635. Exports to Argentina advanced from $71,471,705 to $90,900,000, to Brazil from $34,206,921 to $42,771,286, and to Chile from $14,318,561 to $24,862,151.

These figures of trade with Argentina, Brazil and Chile represent an increase in imports of $141,784,728, or 58 per cent. for the eleven months' period, and a gain of $45,926,850, or 38 per cent., in exports. More favorable prices for sugar, hides and wool and larger shipments of linseed from Argentina and nitrates from Chile are reflected in the May figures.

MAIL ORDER TRADE GAINS.

Two Chicago Concerns Report Record Sales in June.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 2.—For the first half of 1923, as reported today by Montgomery Ward & Co. mail order sales amounted to $64,437,620, an increase of 54.15 per cent. over last year and exceeding any other similar period in the history of the company. In June the company's sales were $11,612,004, the largest of any June on record.

Sales of Sears, Roebuck & Co. for the six months totaled $106,777,257, against $82,508,225 a year ago, an increase of 29.42 per cent. For the month of June the company reports sales amounting to $13,333,349, against $10,910,108 last June, an increase of 22.23 per cent.

A table of sales of Sears, Roebuck & Co. by months, with comparisons, follows:

Month	1923.	1922.
January	$18,830,082	$14,186,422
February	17,114,758	12,413,808
March	18,755,375	15,801,061
April	19,178,350	14,712,892
May	19,445,743	15,477,604
June	13,333,349	10,910,108
Totals	$106,777,257	$82,503,225

HOLIDAY TRAVEL RECORD.

New York Central Reports Handling More Than 400,000 Already.

Fourth of July travel has reached unprecedented volume this year, according to officials of the New York Central Railroad. The rush began on Friday.

Due to the holiday coming in midweek, the travel is divided into two streams—those leaving for long distance points on Friday and Saturday, and those who left yesterday and others who will leave today. The same condition applies to incoming travel.

"Reduced to figures, an extra flow of more than a half million people solely pleasure bent will have passed through the Grand Central terminal by midnight tomorrow," said a statement by the railroad last night. "More than 400,000 people already have taken trains for their holiday destinations." The peak was reached on Friday night and Saturday, although yesterday the volume of travel was running high. Today the crest of travel, consisting of those going out of town for short distances, will be reached. To care for the long-distance travelers the railroad has provided more than 300 extra Pullman cars. A similar service will be provided for returning crowds.

Black Star Libel Action Dismissed.

On the motion of William Marin, attorney for the defendants, the libel action of the Black Star Line, Inc., against the New Yorker Publishing Company and William A. Domingo, former editor of The Emancipator, was dismissed yesterday by Supreme Court Justice George V. Mullan, sitting in Special Term.

Peerless Directors Elected.

George A. Coulter of the Union Trust Company of Cleveland, Victor Sincere, President of the National Department Stores, and Frederick White have been elected Directors of the Peerless Motor Car Company.

COTTON REPORT REDUCES PRICES

Drop of 31 to 46 Points Follows Official Estimate—Figures Received With Doubt.

ACREAGE SHOWS A GAIN

Total Crop Estimated at 11,412,000 Bales — October Sells at 24½.

The regular monthly report from Washington proved in line with recent estimates as to condition of the growing cotton crop, 69.9, but a complete surprise as regards acreage. The area planted to cotton this year was estimated at 38,257,000 acres, or an increase of 12.9 per cent. over last year. As a result of June weather in the three States of Georgia, Oklahoma and Arkansas, a large area has already been abandoned, so that Government figures were received with skepticism.

The indicated crop was placed at 11,-412,000 bales, a considerably larger figure than privately estimated the past ten days. Immediate effect on the market was to produce selling and a half cent decline in prices. Part of this loss was recovered in final trading, leaving the list 31 to 46 points lower on the day.

October was selling around 24¼ cents when the report appeared, just a cent and a quarter below high records of June, reached a week ago Saturday. Evidently a few orders had been placed in the market to buy in the event of the condition figure being below 70. For a few seconds trades were made at a slight advance in quotations. But when acreage figures were considered, selling became active in all three markets.

New Orleans led the decline, while both New York and Liverpool were not slow to follow. Only scattered supporting orders were encountered as prices worked lower, and when sources outside the exchange had received the report commission houses executed a considerable number of small selling orders. In comparison with the average Government report day there was an astonishingly small volume of large blocks traded in. Factors appeared to be so unusually conflicting that conservatism seemed the prevailing attitude among both buyers and sellers.

As a rule, several interests are to be found in the market operating on an extensive scale, but yesterday proved an exception and trading continued in a few hundred or thousand bales only. October broke half a cent from 24.55 to 23.85, rallied 20 points and then held within a 15-point range for nearly an hour. Toward the close selling lifted and when room traders attempted to cover contracts prices rallied sharply 30 points or more. The decline to a basis of 23 cents for the most distant new crop positions attracted heavier trade demand. The fact that conservative interests are not inclined to take the selling side, since crop estimates are below estimated world consumption, left the market without pressure when covering demand sprang up in closing dealings.

A most unusual coincidence was the similarity of trading conditions prior to the report of yesterday and the month before. Not only did October open above 24.50 on both Bureau days, but under similar liquidation prices declined through 24.40 and below 24.30 during the morning. That identical prices should be made in October and in the same fashion attracted attention. There was nothing to encourage speculative buying, and reports from both consuming and producing sections failed to furnish a basis for activity.

An irregular stock market had an unsettling effect, while weather continued generally favorable over the greater part of the cotton belt. Light rains fell in Texas, where additional moisture would be beneficial. In Liverpool July held to a degree that brought that month above 24¼ cents over New York at one time during the morning. July there opened at 27.10, then declined 40 points below 26.70 on scattered liquidation.

Fluctuations were limited earlier in the day, with little outside business. About the only large order during the morning was for covering of 10,000 to 10,090 bales of October sold above 25 cents last week. This absorbed floating contracts and maintained October between 24.80 and 24.40 the greater part of three hours prior to the report.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Previous
July	27.10	27.10	26.35	26.42-45	27.04
Oct.	24.00	24.35	23.85	24.10	24.57
Dec.	23.96	23.96	23.30	23.50-55	24.03
Jan.	23.60	23.60	23.00	22.87	23.38
March	23.55	23.55	22.90	22.93-94	23.42
May				23.00	23.35	23.51

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and 40 points decline, 27.35 for middling upland.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 27.60c, 50 points decline; New Orleans, 28c, 50 points decline; Norfolk, 27.13c, 87 points decline; Augusta, 27.69c, 37 points decline; Memphis, 28.25c, 25 points decline; Houston, 27.60c, 40 points decline; Little Rock, 25c, unchanged.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Port receipts	9,587	74,497	19,796
Exports	4,000	19,610	61,796
Exports season	4,634,000	4,567,577	5,782,978
N. Y. stocks	90,054	88,404	187,815
Port stocks	806,000	826,484	659,417
N. Y. arrivals	833	1,000	1,000

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton quiet at 30 points decline, 16.52d for middling. Sales 5,000 bales, of which 2,000 bales were American. Imports 1,000 bales, no American. Futures opened quiet at 4 to 8 points decline. Closed easy, 29 to 34 points decline. Prices: July 14.88d, October 13.39d, December 12.99d, January 12.77d, March 12.82d.

Manchester: Yarns and cloths quiet.

ASKS CHICAGO TO BUY LINES

Mayor Urges City-Owned Transit System to Cut Fares and Taxes.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 2.—Municipal ownership and operation of the surface and elevated lines is the city's only hope for reduced taxes, much needed extensions and service improvements, declared Mayor Dever today in a special message to the Council.

By issuance of special bonds, to be retired by a fund derived from the companies' earnings, the purchase could be accomplished, he said, without the imposition of an additional burden upon the taxpayers, and "with all profits eliminated, the fares can be substantially lower than now exacted by the private companies."

A unified municipal transportation system, ultimately to include adequate subways, is projected in the Mayor's message which recommends Summer sessions of the local transportation committee to conclude negotiations for the purchase of the traction properties at a sum "which will give the owners a fair price, but no more. This price should not be so low as to be confiscatory, nor go high as to be unjust to the carriders."

Purchase of the traction lines and their resultant removal from the control of the State Commerce Commission assures Chicago of "some rule" in its transportation problems, he added.

Controller O'Brien placed "the city's possible deficit" for 1923 between $1,925,000 and $2,281,000.

Mayor Dever, dealing with this condition, urged that "real estate values be boosted $650,000,000 and personal property another $100,000,000." The Mayor appointed a commission with this end in view.

Moon Motor Income.

Net income of the Moon Motor Car Company in May before allowing for taxes was $126,432, bringing the income for the first five months of the year up to $671,704. Deducting taxes, this is equivalent to $3.30 a share on the 180,000 shares of common stock.

PRICES DECLINE 1½ PER CENT DURING JUNE

Monthly Average Shows Greatest Loss in Breadstuffs—Still 18 Per Cent Above 1921.

The monthly average of commodity prices, as shown by yesterday's index number of Dun's Review, indicates an average decline in prices of 1½ per cent. during June. In seven groups of articles, five showed declines and two (meat products and garden products) showed increase. The decline was heaviest in the breadstuffs group which rose nearly 4 per cent. during June. Clothing and textiles, including cotton, declined slightly more than 3 per cent.

As compared with the highest monthly average of the present year to date, reached on April 1, the index number of July 1 shows decline of 2¼ per cent. As compared with the low level since the war, reached July 1, 1921, the present index number marks a net increase of 18 per cent.. From the high point of 1920 reached May 1, there has been a decrease of 28 1-2 per cent. Comparing the present average with that of Aug. 1, 1914, the advance has been 56% per cent.

The following table gives a record of Dun's index number for a series of months and years:

July 1, 1923	$168.711	July 1, 1922	$173.742
June 1, 1923	181.414	July 1, 1921	196.633
May 1, 1923	192.044	July 1, 1920	360.414
Apr. 1, 1923	192.097	July 1, 1919	233.707
Mar. 1, 1923	191.167	July 1, 1918	202.975
Feb. 1, 1923	194.256	July 1, 1917	111.950
Jan. 1, 1923	195.037	July 1, 1916	145.142
Dec. 1, 1922	195.402	July 1, 1915	124.956
Nov. 1, 1922	192.391	July 1, 1914	115.703
Oct. 1, 1922	178.649	July 1, 1913	119.210
Sep. 1, 1922	172.470	July 2, 1912	122.277
*May 1, 1920	268.592	July 1, 1911	118.130
Aug. 1, 1914	120.740	July 1, 1910	119.168

*Highest for the period. †Lowest for the period.

The present index number by groups of articles compares as follows with the preceding month and with July 1, 1922:

	July 1, 1923.	June 1, 1923.	July 1, 1922.
Breadstuffs	$29.854	$31.003	$27.022
Meat	16.707	15.874	17.460
Dairy and garden	19.903	19.542	20.061
Other food	20.096	20.388	19.427
*Cloth's and textiles	39.920	41.235	34.459
Metals	23.790	24.906	21.450
Miscellaneous	16.597	16.387	14.865
Total	$188.711	$191.414	$173.743

*Including cotton.

COMMODITY PRICES.

Butter Drops to New Low Level for Year—Trade Sluggish.

The feature of the local cash markets yesterday was the drop of ½ cent a pound on practically all creamery grades of butter, 92 score declining to 37¼ cents, a new low level for the year. There was only a small demand from the trade for the staple even at reduced prices, storage houses, however, being active on the buying side. Straits tin was also heavy at new low of 37½ cents, from a previous 38.90, while spot cotton receded 40 points to 27.85 cents. Changes elsewhere were small and unimportant.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Monday, a week before and a year ago:

	July 2, 1923.	June 25, 1923.	July 3, 1922.
FOODSTUFFS:			
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.28½	$1.33½	$1.33½
Corn, No. 2 yellow	.69½	1.05½	.81
Oats, No. 2 white	.54	.54	.37½
Flour, Minn., patent	6.10	6.20	7.75
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	13½	11½	.16½
Sugar, granulated	.05¼	.05¼	.06¼
Butter, cream, 92 score	.37½	.38½	.38
Eggs, fresh gathered			
firsts, per doz.	.23½@.25	.23½	.25½
Lard, Mid. W.	11.30	11.45	12.00
Pork, mess	26.50	26.50	29.50
Beef, family	17.50	17.50	17.00
METALS:			
Iron, 2X, Philadelphia	31.50	$1.50	28.25
Steel billets, Pitts'gh	42.50	42.50	35.00
Lead	6.85	7.00	5.75
Copper	14.62½	14.75	13.62½
Tin	37.50	40.62½	30.62½
TEXTILES:			
Cotton, mid. upland	27.35	28.55	23.75
Print cloths	.06⅝	.07	.06¼

Range of prices of year to date.

	Highest.		Lowest.	
Wheat	$1.54	Feb. 15	$1.21¼	June 20
Corn	1.05	June 22	.82	Jan. 4
Oats	.57¼	Feb. 13	.36	Jan. 3
Flour	7.60	Jan. 15	6.10	June 25
Coffee	.18⅝	Feb. 15	.11¼	June 22
Sugar	.10¼	Apr. 23	.06	Jan. 27
Butter	.54	Jan. 11	.37½	July 2
Eggs	.48	Jan. 2	.22½	June 23
Lard	13.10	Mar. 16	11.15	May 11
Pork	28.50	Jan. 2	26.00	June 9
Beef	22.00	Apr. 13	12.50	Jan. 26
Iron	34.00	Jan. 2	25.50	Jan. 3
Steel	45.00	Mar. 16	36.50	Jan. 3
Lead	8.75	Mar. 5	6.85	June 25
Copper	17.25	Mar. 19	14.62½	Jan. 13
Tin	51.50	Mar. 5	37.50	July 2
Cotton	31.30	Mar. 17	25.30	May 11
Print cloths	.08¼	Mar. 3	.06⅝	June 28

WEEK'S GRAIN EXPORTS DROP

850,000 Fewer Bushels for Abroad Than in the Week Before.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Grain exports from the United States last week amounted to 3,668,000 bushels, compared with 4,522,000 the week before.

Figures made public by the Commerce Department today showed the following comparisons of grain exports last week with those of the week before:

Barley 189,000 bushels, against 378,000; corn 175,000, against 162,000; oats 76,-000, against 206,000; rye 616,00, against 606,000; wheat 2,618,000 against 2,949,-000; flour, 140,600 barrels against 149,-400 barrels.

Canadian grain exported from United States ports last week amounted to 700,-000 bushels, against 691,000 the week before.

C., R. I. & P. Elects Two Directors.

George W. Davidson and A. J. Brosseau have been elected Directors of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad, it was announced yesterday. They will fill vacancies on the board which had existed for some time.

Replogle Steel Reports a Loss.

The Replogle Steel Company shows a loss of $106,865 for the first three months of the present year, after the payment of expenses, taxes and reserve for depreciation, according to a statement made public yesterday.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts (June 30), 7,524 packages. Under further decline of about ½¢ with quiet trading. Creamery higher than extra, 37¼@38¼c; extras, 92 score, 37½c; firsts, 35¼@36c; seconds, 34@34½c; lower grades, 33@33½c; centralized carlots, 90 score, 37½@38c; 89 score, 36¾@37c; firsts, 35¼@36c; 88 to 87 score, 34@34½c; unsalted, higher than extras, 39½@40c; extras, 92 score, 38½@39c; firsts, 36@38c; seconds, 34½@35c; Pacific Coast, fresh, fancy, 38@39c; State dairy tubs, finest, 36c; good to prime, 35½@36c; common to fair, 33@35c; ladles, current make, extras, 34@34½c; firsts, 32@33c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 31c; No. 2, 30c; lower grades, 28@29½c.

EGGS—Receipts (June 30), 9,291 cases. Egg market gardening on top qualities and decreasing supplies. Fresh gathered extras, dozen, 29@31c; storage packed, extra firsts, 27½@28c; fresh gathered, extra firsts, 29@27½c; firsts, 26@26½c; seconds, 24½@25c; dirties, grades, 19@21c; checks, 20@21½c; dirties, No. 1, storage packed, 21½c; No. 1, regular packed, 20½@21c; No. 2 and dirties, 19@20c; checks, fair to choice, 18@19½c; other New Jersey, Hennery whites, closely selected, extras, 33@34c; nearby and nearby Westchester, Hennery whites, average extras, 31@32c; fancy, light colored, 32@33c; firsts, 30@32c; nearby whites, pullets, No. 1, 27@28c; Pacific Coast whites, extras, 31@33c; extra firsts, 29@30c; firsts, 28½@29c; other Western and Southern, gathered whites, 24@26c; New Jersey, Hennery browns, extra, fancy, light colored, 30@32c; other nearby hennery browns, extras, 29@30c.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday		Friday	
	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
Antimony	7.00	7.10	6.87½	7.00
Quicksilver			58.00	
Aluminum	58.90	87.50	58.90	

Electrolytic copper was quoted at 14½c on the New York Metal Exchange.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday		Friday	
	£	s. d.	£	s. d.
Copper, spot	64	12 6	64	17 6
Copper, futures	66	7 6	66	12 6
Tin, spot	176	15 —	182	10 —
Tin, futures	177	17 6	183	12 6
Spelter, spot	25	15 —	25	7 6
Spelter, futures	25	15 —	25	7 6
Lead, spot	23	12 6	24	17 6
Lead, futures	23	12 6	24	12 6

GOOD BUYING CHECKS A DECLINE IN WHEAT

The Larger Activity There Makes the Corn Pit Centre of Day's Attraction.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 2.—There was a good class of buying of wheat on the dips, especially around $1.05 for September, which checked a decline, and the finish was at losses of only 1@6% cents. There was little in the news that attracted attention, and many of the local element were over in the corn pit on account of the greater activity and better action of that market.

World's shipments of 11,721,000 bushels were smaller than expected, and there was a decrease of over 7,000,000 bushels in supplies on ocean passage; this, with the decrease of 2,000,000 bushels in the visible, helped to keep up the courage of the bulls. The total visible supply is 36,312,000 bushels, against 28,543,000 the previous week and 17,773,000 last year.

Fears of black rust damage in the Northwest tend to revive selling, and the hedging sales against Winter wheat are not large as yet, although the movement in the Southwest is rapidly growing, Wichita, Kan., receiving 105 cars, and Hutchinson, Kan., 90 cars.

Clement, Curtis & Co.'s crop report estimated Winter wheat at 590,000,000 bushels and Spring at 245,000,000, a total of 835,000,000, or 18,000,000 in excess of the Government June returns, and compares with 862,000,000 bushels harvested last year.

The carry-over in all positions on July 1 is estimated at 100,000,000 to 105,000,-000 bushels, including supplies on farms, in country elevators and mills and the visible supply, against 80,000,000 bushels last year. On this basis total stocks this season are around 935,000,000 bushels, or 7,000,000 less than last year. Export demand was only fair, with sales of 400,000 bushels and unconfirmed reports of other business.

Deliveries of 551,000 bushels of corn went into strong hands, and there was free buying of July at the opening, which rushed the price up to 80¾ cents, or 1¾ cents over Saturday's finish. The close, however, has a heavy, with a net loss of ¾ cents, liquidation developing in the deferred deliveries, with December at a new low for the season. Closing trades were 1¾@1¾ cents lower.

Clement, Curtis & Co.'s report made the acreage 106,204,000, an increase of 2.7 per cent., with condition 83.1, or 2.1 points under the average, suggesting a crop of 2,867,000,000 bushels, against 2,891,000,000 harvested last year.

The report on oats showed a crop of 1,395,000,000 bushels, 80,000,000 in excess of a month ago, and 105,000,000 more than last year's harvest. September and December oats sold at a new low on the crop and the finish was ¾@¾ cents lower, with September leading. Trade was light.

Shipping demand for cash grain was slow, with the basis on corn 1@2¼ cents, oats ¼ lower as compared with July. Weather conditions continue favorable for the new corn and oats crops.

Primary arrivals of wheat today were 948,000 bushels, week ago 1,067,000, last year 1,086,000. Shipments were 516,000 bushels, week ago 745,000, last year 640,-000.

Corn receipts were 903,000 bushels, week ago 724,000, last year 1,649,000 and shipments 518,000 bushels, week ago 288,-000, last year 972,000.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	$1.09⅝	$1.02¼	$1.02⅝	$1.02¾	$1.16¾
Sept.	1.04	1.02⅝	1.03¼	1.03½	1.17
Dec.	1.07	1.05¾	1.06	1.06¼	1.20

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Year.
July	.77¾	.77½	.78¼	.78⅝	.83½
Sept.	.76	.74	.74	.75¾	.80¾
Dec.	.63⅜	.61⅞	.61⅞	.63⅝	.66¾

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Year.
July	.40	.39½	.39½	.40¼	.30¾
Sept.	.36¾	.35¾	.35¾	.36¾	.28¾
Dec.	.38¼	.37⅛	.37⅛	.38¼	.41¾

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Year.
July	.65	.62⅝	.63¼	.65¼	.80¾
Sept.	.65⅝	.63¾	.63¾	.65¼	.80¾
Dec.	.69¼	.68⅜	.68⅜	.69	.83½

PROVISIONS.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Year.
July	10.72	10.65	10.72	10.72	11.20
Sept.	10.70	10.60	10.67	10.67	11.20
Oct.	11.07	11.00	11.07	11.10	11.70
Ribs—					
July	8.82	8.77	8.80	8.85	11.70
Sept.	9.05	9.02	9.05	9.15	11.47

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

COTTONSEED OIL.

	Sales.	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	400	10.45	10.40	10.25	10.45	
Aug.	2,400	10.67	10.45	10.45	10.73	
Sept.	4,700	10.42	10.30	10.30	10.47	
Oct.	5,100	9.61	9.55	9.50	9.68	
Nov.	1,000	9.03	8.93	8.93	9.08	
Dec.	2,700	8.60	8.53	8.50	8.63	
Jan.	4,600	8.60	8.53	8.56	8.62	
Feb.					8.55	8.63
Total	22,400.					

COFFEE.

	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	8.55	8.50	8.54	8.70	
Sept.	7.12	7.45	7.77	7.70	
Dec.	7.12	7.05	7.10	7.20	
March	7.03	6.95	7.02	7.20	
May	7.04	7.03	7.03	7.20	

SUGAR.

	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	5.30	5.30	5.30	5.50	
Sept.	5.15	4.89	4.89	5.03	
Dec.	4.62	4.43	4.42	4.55	
March	3.78	3.56	3.56	3.65	
May				3.72	

*Closing bid.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCK.			
Andes	.03	Extension	.05
Best & Belcher	.07	Hasbrouck	.03
Caledonia	.06	Jumbo	.02
Concordia	.06	Marne	.04
Con. Virginia	.09	Myra	.02
Gould & Curry	.04	Operator	.02
Hale & Norcross	.14	Silver King	.42
Justice	.18	Smuggler	.03
Mexican	.19	Sutherland	.02
Oshir	.12	Victory	.02
Potosi	.06	Zone	.02
Savage	.08	GOLDFIELD.	
Sierra Nevada	.07	Booth	.03
Union	.18	Consolidated	.06
Utah	.05	Crackerjack	.02
TONOPAH.		Development	.02
Belmont	.70	Florence	.02
Cash Boy	.04	Grandma	.02
Crescent	.09	Jumbo Extension	.03
Halifax	.26	Kewanas	.03
McNamara	.02	Lone Star	.02
Midway	.03	Red Hill	.03
Monarch	.02	Silver Pick	.04
North Star	.02	Standard	.07
Rescue	.05	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Tonopah Extension	1.80	Boundary Mtn.	.10
Tonopah 79	.03	Holly	.80
West End	.04	Manhattan Consol	.09
DIVIDE.		Nellie	.11
Aladdin	.02	Round Mountain	.21
Annex	.04	Simon	.26
Booster Extension	.01	Tramp Cañon	.04
Divide Tonopah	.02	United American	.05

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	2¼	2½	Mary McK.	2¼	2½
Elkton	2	3	Portland	.43	.47
El Paso	20½	20	U. Gold M.	13½	14
Empire Les	2¾	3	Vindicator	4	7
Golden Cr.	.102	.104	Rose Nicol.	3½	3¾
Granite	5				

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday		Friday	
	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
Antimony	7.00	7.10	6.87½	7.00
Quicksilver			58.00	
Aluminum	58.90	87.50	58.90	

Electrolytic copper was quoted at 14½c on the New York Metal Exchange.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday		Friday	
	£	s. d.	£	s. d.
Copper, spot	64	12 6	64	17 6
Copper, futures	66	7 6	66

EDUCATION COSTS HELD NOT EXCESSIVE

N. E. A. Official Argues for a Broader Understanding of Present-Day Needs.

DENIES THERE IS WASTE

But That, on the Contrary, Funds Are Administered Conscientiously and for Best Results.

"Is education too costly?" asks J. O. Engleman, Field Secretary of the National Education Association. In the Journal of the National Education Association he proceeds as follows to answer the question that more and more it is becoming a bugbear of discussion and comment among city and State Governments that are obliged to maintain our schools on a progressive basis:

"These are days when States and cities, as well as individuals, feel the economic pressure and financial stress. It is a time when everybody preaches and few practice economy. At such a time it is but natural that the question is raised as to whether too much public money is going for the teaching of fads and frills and non-essentials. Such questions must be faced first of all by school authorities themselves. They must be able to justify their expenditures. They should be willing, even anxious, to practice every reasonable economy.

"Waste, graft, extravagance, poor business management, should not be tolerated at any time, and least of all today. But it may be safely asserted that aside from an occasional notorious exception the public funds expended for education are the most conscientiously administered of all those raised by public taxation.

"And yet, even when this is admitted, we find occasional critics who seem honestly to believe that our schools cost too much; that the State cannot afford to educate its children; that the schools are less efficient today than when they were in the good old days of the 'little red schoolhouse' and the 'three R's.' In other words, public schools are being watched and questioned and sometimes criticised with a freedom that has not always been observed.

All Costs Have Mounted.

"Those who think the schools cost too much tend to forget that the cost of everything else we have has increased proportionately. What we eat, what we wear, fuel, light, farm lands, rent, transportation, furniture, machinery—all have obeyed the same law. The teacher who gets an annual salary of $1,200 today can buy little, if any, more with it than she could buy with half that amount ten years ago. The cost of school buildings, school equipment, fuel, janitors' services, and everything else that must be provided for in a school budget is subject to the same general economic trend.

"But what of the charge that the State cannot afford the cost of educating its children? The answer is, that education at almost any price is actually cheaper and less expensive than ignorance, immorality and crime. Our Government is predicated upon the assumption that knowledge and virtue shall be generally diffused among the people. Under no other conditions is our form of Government workable. Our political forefathers recognized this truth, and it inspired them to declare that religion, morality, and knowledge are essential to good government and to the happiness of mankind. Increased education results in increased values of property in any community. Indeed, property, and life itself, is made safe and secure only as schools abound and do the work for which they are established. One need go no further than Mexico or Russia today to see the correlation that exists between ignorance and insecurity of both property and life.

"But are public schools less effective than they were a generation ago? It has become popular in many quarters to assert that they are. The reason assigned most often is that they try to do so much that they do nothing well; that they dissipate pupils' time and neglect fundamentals.

Tendency to Look Back.

"Memory is oftimes a tricky faculty. It has a tendency with most of us to surround old institutions with which we were connected with undeserved halos. The follies and foibles and indiscretions of the youth of our day have largely been forgotten, because they never did exist for us, and, according to our way of thinking, did not exist then. But the flappers of today! How they do lack in seriousness, in purpose, in study, in stability, in discretion! And yet every generation has had the same impatience with youth and the same tendency to glorify its own earlier achievements.

"Then, again, most men and women fail to note that in many lines they have continued to grow with the passing of each year, and as a result, they tend to measure children by their own present-day standards rather than by the standards they had when they were in school.

"There was a time when many of the most valuable elements in a child's education and life were obtained while he was going to the little red school, but not obtained in it. These elements were developed by the life he lived on the farm, and included industry, initiative, self-reliance, thrift, simple pleasures, and other virtues for which the school was little responsible.

Life More Complicated Today.

"Today, life is less simple. The home contributes less. More is demanded of the schools. These are the days when the State expects all its children to remain in school, and when it is under obligation, therefore, to carry its program of instruction to the differing tastes and capacities of children. Once the pupils merely quit if they tired of the 'three R's' or failed to succeed in them. Now they dare not quit. The State expects them to continue through the compulsory education period. Hence the demand for a varied curriculum, for special rooms, and features that may minister to the child who is over-age, over-size, under-nourished, crippled, deaf, blind, precocious, or otherwise entitled to schooling suited to his needs.

"School administrators, whether ought to be willing and eager indeed to face financial facts as they are, and effect every reasonable economy in school administration in times of financial stringency, but it would be a serious misfortune if schools were forced to bear the brunt of any retrenchment policies. It is not a question of whether teachers would suffer a reduction in salary or not; it is a question of whether as a people, we are really too poor to give our children the best possible training for life, and whether lower salaries will tend to drive out the best teachers or be sufficient to attract into the schools men and women with fine personality, the character, the vision, the intellectual and moral strength which we ought to look for in the teachers of our boys and girls.

"We expect experts to tinker with our autos when they need attention. We want the best legal advice when we are in a legal difficulty. We demand scientific training of those who experiment with our plants and animals and pave the way for a better agriculture tomorrow. Shall we not demand the best men and women our communities produce as teachers of our children? And can we get and keep that type by a retrenchment policy that sacrifices the future for the sake of the present? It is a wise man who first observed that a politician is a man who has his eye on the next election, but a statesman is one who keeps his eye on the next generation."

LITTLE ROUND TOP BATTLE RE-ENACTED

Veterans of Blue and Gray Watch Modern Artillery Manoeuvres on Gettysburg Field.

GETTYSBURG, Pa., July 2.—From the crest of Little Round Top veterans of the South and the North today witnessed the re-enactment by modern artillery of the attack they had made and repulsed on the Gettysburg battlefield sixty years ago, and which historians have related was the turning point in the famous battle. The sham battle was a feature of the sixtieth anniversary celebration.

Although on a much smaller scale, the manoeuvres of Company B, Sixteenth United States Field Artillery, recalled vividly to the old soldiers how the Union line had held against the attacks of the Southern hosts who scrambled over great granite boulders in the face of a withering fire. With Devil's Den forming the background, Company B conducted its manoeuvres in the "Valley of Death," a mile below the crest of Little Round Top. At is conclusion a salute of twenty-one guns was fired.

Preceding the "battle" wearers of the Blue and Gray gathered at Spangler's Spring, which had refreshed them during a temporary lull in the fighting three-score years ago. The old veterans appeared in a reminiscent mood. They recalled how they had left their battle lines under cover of darkness on the night of July 2, 1863, to quench their thirst and cleanse their wounds at the spring and to carry water to their dying and wounded comrades. Following a fife and drum corps, they marched about the spring, arm in arm in high glee, to the tune of "When Johnnie Comes Marching Home."

Formal exercises in connection with the celebration were held on little Round Top. They included a patriotic address by the Rev. Harry Daniels of this city and a short speech by Theodore McAllister, who told how he had been detailed as a scout to locate the whereabouts of the Confederate Army, which was reported to be in the Cumberland Valley headed toward Harrisburg. Because of the report he made, it was said, General Meade had selected Gettysburg as the place for the battle instead of Pipe Creek, Md., as had been planned.

The celebration will continue tomorrow.

LAUDS U. S. SUPREME COURT

James M. Beck and Justice Adkin of England Dwell on Its Moral Power.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 2.—James M. Beck, Solicitor General of the United States, delivered his second address on the United States Supreme Court in Gray's Inn Hall today.

Lord Justice Adkin, who presided, said the United States Supreme Court was the only tribunal which within its powers had complete control over the will of a great people. To it was entrusted the task of restraining the legislative impulse of great legislative assemblies within the channels which had been ordained for them by the Constitution. It was a wonderful tribute to the reign of law and to the instinct of English-speaking people to abide by decisions of a court at law.

He added that he believed the speeches of counsel in the Supreme Court were now limited to one hour. He had known great advocates in this country who would find an hour insufficient to get within speaking distance of the real point.

Much laughter greeted this sally.

LONDON, July 2 (Associated Press).—James M. Beck, Solicitor General of the United States, delivered the second of his addresses on the Supreme Court of the United States in the Hall of Gray's Inn, under the auspices of the Council of Legal Education, which represents all four of the inns of court, and paid a tribute to the Supreme Court as "a great lighthouse" standing firm even when furious storms of discontent lashed the national waters. Mr. Beck said:

"Continuously through its history its great decisions, when they thus defeated some momentary wish of the majority, have caused a violent reaction against the moral power of the court.

"Only a people with sufficient genius for self-restraint and willing to accept the judgments of a court as the final conscience of the nation in matters of constitutional morality could make such an institution workable in a proud democracy, and nothing seems to me nobler in the history of the American Republic than the fact that while each unpopular decision of the court has been followed by a temporary attack upon its powers, yet the sober second judgment of the American people has always been to accept loyally the judgment of this great court."

INSULIN NOT CURE, HE SAYS

Treatment Effective Only While Taken, Asserts Dr. McCann.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, July 2.—Insulin is not a cure for diabetes but merely a treatment to relieve conditions in the body brought about by that disease, according to Dr. William B. McCann, associated in medicine at Hopkins, who has charge of administering the treatment. He states that the remedy is effective only while being taken and that it does not restore the normal functions of the body so that the sufferer may ultimately do without it. The treatment is administered only in advanced cases.

Neither Dr. Banting of Toronto, who is credited with the discovery of insulin, nor Professor Macleod and his associates at the University of Toronto, contend that insulin is a permanent cure, said Dr. McCann.

"The effects of insulin are so powerful," Dr. McCann added, "that the greatest care must be exercised for its proper use, and dietary regulation of diabetes is even more necessary with insulin treatment than without it. Up to the present time only one way has been found to administer insulin effectively—by injection well under the skin."

"The effects of the injections, Dr. McCann said, last twelve or eighteen hours. Great care must be taken, as an overdose lowers the blood sugar and may produce death.

LONDON LIKES COHAN PLAY.

"Little Nellie Kelly" Enjoyed—"Writing on the Wall" Disappoints.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 2.—Two American plays, widely different in tone, were staged in London yesterday. Olga Nethersole gave a matinee performance of William Hurlbut's "The Writing on the Wall," and C. B. Cochran introduced to Londoners George M. Cohan's "Little Nellie Kelly."

The first-named play, with its propagandist aims, was found to be too artificial and tiring for the entertainment of an audience. Cohan's play, however, is an enjoyable affair which the audience thoroughly appreciated. It is as good a musical piece as has been seen in London in several months.

Railroad Ticket Office Robbed.

BAYONNE, N. J., July 2.—The East Forty-fifth Street Station of the Central Railroad of New Jersey was robbed some time between 11:30 o'clock last night and 5:30 A. M. today. When Lawrence Leight, the agent, opened the office today, he found the safe had been moved out into the waiting room and robbed of $1,000 in cash, 5,000 single trip tickets between East Forty-fifth Street and New York and all of the monthly commutation and baggage reports.

LATEST DEALINGS IN REALTY FIELD

Investor Buys Nine-Story Apartment House in West Seventy-First Street.

WAS HELD AT $850,000

Three Six-Story Buildings on Second Avenue Corner Change Ownership.

Jacob S. Kahn, President of 141 West Seventy-first Street Company, Inc., sold to an investing client of Samuel Kahn the new nine-story elevator apartment house at 139-147 West Seventy-first Street. The building was built by Mr. Kahn and completed Oct. 1, 1922. It rents for $125,000 and was held for $850,000. The sale was for all cash above the first mortgage of $550,000. There are sixty-three apartments in the house.

Siegfried Berwin purchased from Dr. Collier 57 West 111th Street, being the northeast corner of Lenox Avenue, a seven-story apartment house on plot 34 by 100, showing an annual rental of $28,000. Property was held at $175,000. M. Fleischner was the broker in the transaction.

Isaac Lowenfeld and William Prager have purchased 323, 325 and 327 West Eleventh Street, three five-story apartments, size 29.9 by 95 each with stores. Each building houses fifteen families and two stores with a rent roll of $26,000. They were held at $125,000. Charles Goldberg was the broker.

The same buyers purchased 330 East Twenty-eighth Street, near Second Avenue, a four-story tenement, size 20 by 100, with a rental of $1,500, was held at $12,000, and resold the northwest corner of 182d Street and Amsterdam Avenue, known by 501 West 182d Street, a five-story new law apartment, size 30 by 100, housing fifteen families, with two stores, with a rent roll of $9,000, and held at $60,000.

Irving H. Wolfe, as broker, sold for Louis Feinstein 2,009 Eighth Avenue, adjoining corner 113th Street, a five-story new law walk-up apartment, 37.6 by 100, having on the ground floor two stores and a basement store and two five-room apartments, and upper floor three fives and one four. Renting for $9,500 and held at $65,000. The buyer was the Del Salle Realty Company.

Second Avenue Corner Sold.

Three six-story buildings on plot 75 by 77, 69-71 and 73 Second Avenue, northwest corner of Fourth Street, consisting of forty apartments with eight stores, income of rentals $24,000, were sold by Bernard Cohen to the Second Avenue Holding Corporation, H. Reiner, President. The purchase price was $160,000. B. Metz & Co. were the brokers in the transaction.

E. Sharum bought from the Estate of Pincus Lowenfeld 466-472 East Tenth Street, northwest Avenue D and East River, two six-story new law tenements, 50.6 by 90.3 each. There are forty families in each house with three and four-room apartments. Each house has rentals for $7,000 and was held at $50,000.

Schindler & Liebler have sold for the Bender Estate the five-story tenement 227 East Seventieth Street to a client for investment, also for Leonard Weil the four-story double flat 170 East 104th Street.

Bernhard A. Ottenberg purchased from Hannah M. Trotta 311 East Fifty-fourth Street, a five-story tenement with two stores, 25 by 100. The transaction was negotiated by Abraham Saffir.

Slawson & Hobbs have sold for Walter E. Leaman the five-story double flat 307 West 118th Street, size 25 by 100, rents $6,000. The property has been held at $55,000. The purchaser will hold for investment.

M. L. Rosenthal, operator, has purchased from Siegfried Berwin 57 West 111th Street, northeast corner of Lenox Avenue, a seven-story and basement apartment house on plot 34 by 100, showing an annual rental of $28,000. Property was held at $175,000. This sale includes immediate possession of the corner store and basement. M. Fleischner was the broker in the transaction.

Irving H. Wolfe sold 466 to 472 East Tenth Street, two six-story new-law hot water flats, each 50.6 by 90.3, and renting for $7,500 each. They were held at $55,000 each. The seller was Lowenfeld & Prager and the buyer E. Sharum Company.

COMMERCIAL ARBITRATION.

Merchants' Association Is Now Taking Poll of Members.

The Merchants' Association recently sent to its members a commercial arbitration ballot which enrolls the signer as favoring or opposing the general principle of business arbitration as opposed to litigation. A brief summary of the advantages of commercial arbitration and a description of the agencies through which it can be obtained accompany the ballot, which follows:

Name of firm.....
Address.....

We (are—are not) interested in foreign sales.

We (are—are not) interested in domestic sales.

We (do—do not) believe in the general principle of business arbitration as opposed to litigation.

Whenever adequate machinery for arbitration of business differences is available under proper conditions, we agree to adopt the practice of submitting our commercial controversies to arbitration rather than to litigation, and to that end we shall endeavor to secure an appropriate arbitration clause in our commercial contracts and agreements.

We approve the efforts of the International Chamber of Commerce to set up machinery for the arbitration of international business disputes.

(Signature).....

The summary of advantages and agencies, which is signed for the Merchants' Association by President Lewis E. Pierson, reads:

"The arbitration of commercial disagreements has been found right in principle and desirable in practice as related to both domestic and foreign trade. The Merchants' Association, therefore, has consistently recommended that its members actively support and participate in commercial arbitration.

"Commercial arbitration consists of a reference of business disputes to an impartial committee of business men rather than to the courts. It is undertaken only upon the voluntary consent of the parties to the transaction and must be the result either of a provision in the original contract or of a later mutual agreement.

"It settles business controversies through the judgment of experienced and unbiased business men. 2. It saves the expense of lawyers' fees and court costs and loss through tying up working capital and merchandise. 3. It avoids the law's delays. 4. It avoids the creation of animosities and leaves both parties confident that the judgment is reasonable and fair. 5. In interstate or international business disputes it eliminates all questions of jurisdiction.

"Machinery for arbitration is already available for domestic business through: (a) The arbitration law of the State of New York. (b) The arbitration arrangements of the New York State Chamber of Commerce. (c) The arbitration arrangements of many commercial and trade associations.

"The International Chamber of Commerce has now set up machinery for the settlement of international business disputes.

"The Board of Directors of the Merchants' Association believes that this international business arbitration will prove a stimulus to foreign trade. It has, therefore, decided to secure a definite expression from the members of the association as to their desire to utilize the arbitration machinery of the International Chamber of Commerce."

CONEY CROWD SEES MAN FALL TO DEATH

Watchman at Peak of Scenic Ride Looking for a Fire Is Dashed Off by a Train.

Thousands of persons massed along the Bowery in Coney Island at 1 o'clock this morning to watch five engines speeding to a trifling blaze were startled when the figure of a man was catapulted off the top of a scenic ride and came pitching down among them. The man bumped into a huge electric sign midway down, careened clear of the skeletal structure to the ride, struck the shoulder of a ticket seller as he neared the earth and crashed to the pavement. Dr. James J. Gordon, ship's surgeon on the Saxonia, one of the first to reach him, pronounced him dead.

It was Delancy Lewis, 52 years old, of Erie, Pa., for thirty-two years night watchman for Jackman's Thriller, one of the oldest gravity rides at Coney Island, whose life was ended in a plunge off the railway he had tended for so long. Lewis apparently heard the sirens on the fire apparatus and mounted to the top of the trestle to see where the fires was. He may have thought the three-car trains had stopped running for the night. But one in which a man and his nephew, in the middle car, were the only occupants rounded a curve.

The man, Arthur Siddons of 400 West Twenty-ninth Street, Manhattan saw Lewis, holding a red lantern and peering down to the Bowery. As she shouted, the front car struck Lewis, dashed his lantern from his hand and sent him sprawling off the top of the ride, thirty-five feet from the ground.

DROWNED AS CANOE UPSETS

Man, Good Swimmer, Perishes, While Girl Saves Herself.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., July 2.—When a canoe capsized today in Sanhican Creek, a short distance outside of this city, Charles Kershaw, 58 years old, of 223 West Hazzard Street, Philadelphia, was drowned. His niece, Mary Kershaw, 16 years old, was rescued by Henry and Matthew Bossman, brothers, who heard Mrs. Kershaw's cries.

Mr. and Mrs. Kershaw, with their son, Leonard, 24 years old, and their niece came to Trenton Saturday in search of a place where Mrs. Kershaw might recuperate from a recent illness.

Mr. Kershaw was a strong swimmer, but did not rise to the surface after the spill. The girl cannot swim but kept herself afloat until saved.

Mrs. Kershaw's condition is serious as a result of the shock.

GIRL DRINKS IODINE.

Relatives Unable to Explain Why She Attempted Suicide.

Relatives of Helen Bastedo, a pretty 19-year-old seamstress, were at a loss to explain why she drank iodine in the flower shop of Richard Willburger at 165 East Thirty-fourth Street, near Third Avenue, yesterday. She was taken to Bellevue Hospital, where it was said her condition was not serious. Attendants learned she was despondent because of a broken engagement. She gave her home as Jamesburg, N. J.

Miss Bastedo borrowed 25 cents from Willburger, the latter said, on the plea that she was in a hurry to go to a drug store and had forgotten her purse. She soon returned, he said, apparently in good spirits, and wandered back to the rear of the shop. He heard a scream and found her lying on the floor, an empty bottle that had contained iodine beside her.

FINDS POLICEMAN CRYING.

Sergeant Takes Patrolman to Surgeon, Who Says Liquor Is to Blame.

Police Sergeant John Smith of the Second Precinct, Newark, saw a crowd at Fulton and Broad Streets yesterday. When he investigated, he said, he saw Patrolman Michael T. Burke of 31 Lombardy Street, attached to the Fifth Precinct, in full uniform in the middle of the crowd, crying bitterly, and announcing that he had not a friend in the world.

Sergeant Smith took the policeman before Police Surgeon Augustus Mitchell, who said he was under the influence of liquor. Burke was suspended by Chief of Police Michael T. Long. Burke, according to the police, admitted having had four drinks of whisky, after he went off duty at 8 A. M. He was appointed to the police force on June 15.

INJURED IN RUNAWAY.

Policeman Knocked Down by a Frightened Horse.

A runaway horse, dragging a cart half filled with vegetables, made a dash down Desbrosses Street to West Street in the height of the traffic there yesterday and injured Traffic Patrolman Theodore Smith, who attempted to stop the animal. He was thrown to the ground and two wheels of the wagon passed over his chest. Dr. Ginsberg removed him into the Beekman Street Hospital.

The runaway was stopped by Patrolman Thomas Boylan of the Beach Street Station, on duty in West Street. Its owner, Morris Bernstein, said that he was loading the cart when the horse became frightened at a basket thrown before its feet by a passer-by. He attempted to seize the reins but failed.

SEVEN SEEK JUDGESHIP.

Five Democrats, Two Republicans Announce Rockaways' Candidacy.

Five Democrats and two Republicans have announced their candacy for the new judgeship in the Rockaways. The Democrats are Edward W. Drucker, indorsed by the Far Rockaway Democratic Club and the Non-Partisan Committee of One Hundred; William Wiener, Arthur Gutman, George S. Dowling and Herman Robbins. The Republicans are Thorndyke C. McKenzie, Commissioner of Jurors of Queens and Jacob Dennenholz.

The Republican Party is expected to indorse Commissioner McKenzie. Official Democratic support is anticipated for Mr. Drucker.

BROOKLYN MAN A SUICIDE.

R. A. Reading Henge Himself After a Nervous Breakdown.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., July 2.—Richard A. Reading, 49 years old, until recently employed in the New York office of the American Thread Company, committed suicide here today, according to the police, by hanging himself to a bedpost in the home of a friend, James Dodd of 60 Sandford Avenue. Some months ago Reading suffered a nervous breakdown and came to live with the Dodds in Plainfield. His home was in Brooklyn.

Despondency over ill health is believed to have caused him to end his life. He is survived by his wife, two brothers and two sisters, all of Brooklyn.

Children Leave for Kiwanis Camp.

The first group of twenty-five children who will enjoy the benefits of the Summer camp maintained at Hopewell, N. Y., by the New York City Kiwanis Club will leave the city this morning, accompanied by the supervisor. William C. Alexander, President of the Kiwanis Club, will see the party off. The twenty-five children expect to stay indefinitely and will be followed soon by other groups.

COMMITTEES ON CHARACTER

Will Pass on Fitness of Jersey Candidates for the Bar.

TRENTON, N. J., July 2.—Henry W. Hartmann, William M. Cooper and John V. B. Wickoff, all Trenton lawyers, were appointed today by Justice Trenchard of the Supreme Court as members of the Committee on Character for Mercer County.

The appointment is in conformity with the provisions of the recent ruling of the Supreme Court, adopted for the purpose of further safeguarding the admission to membership of the bar. The rule is that three counsellors at law be appointed to the committee of resident lawyers for each county.

The fitness of all candidates for admission as attorneys must be investigated by the committees. The endorsement of the committee must be had by each candidate before he can take the examinations or receive a license to practise after having passed the necessary tests. Those studying law must be kept under the watch of the committee. The law becomes effective immediately.

FIVE POISONED BY BERRIES.

Mother and Four Children Stricken After Supper.

Strawberries eaten for dessert at supper last night are believed to have poisoned Mrs. Anna Hunt, 40 years old, of 226 East Eighty-first Street, and her four children.

James Hunt told the police he returned home from work last night to find that his family had become very ill a short time after eating supper. He ran to the street and told Patrolman Henry Demling, who summoned Dr. Kaplan of Reception Hospital.

Dr. Kaplan found the mother and children, Anna, 9 years old; Beatrice, 7; Margaret 4 and James 2, had been poisoned. He attended them and took the four children to the hospital for further treatment. Samples of the strawberries were taken to be analyzed by the Board of Health. None of the children are in a serious condition, it was said at the hospital.

COOK WINS $5,000 SUIT.

Court Makes Award From Estate of Marcus L. Ward.

TRENTON, N. J., July 2.—The Court of Errors and Appeals today held that Margaret Kelly, for many years a cook employed by Marcus L. Ward, wealthy resident of Newark, who left his fortune to establish a home for "aged, respectable bachelors," was entitled to $5,000 of the Ward estate.

According to the will the woman was to have been in Ward's employ until the time of his death. He closed his Newark home and lived at the Essex County Club, where he died. A notation in the will stated that Margret Kelly ceased to be in Ward's employ the day he closed his home.

She filed suit in the Essex County Court against the executors. Unsuccessful there, she filed an appeal with the Errors Court.

INDUSTRIAL COURT GOES ON.

But "at Least Possible Expense," Judges Inform Governor Davis.

TOPEKA, July 2 (Associated Press).—The Kansas Court of Industrial Relations will continue its activity as contemplated by the laws creating it "at the least possible expense," the two Republican Judges of the tribunal informed Governor J. M. Davis, Democrat, today in a letter replying to the Governor's proposal that the three Judges refrain from drawing their salaries and by such action automatically abolish the court.

The reply was signed by Presiding Judge James A. McDermott and Judge John H. Crawford.

To save Judge H. S. Martin, Democrat, a Davis appointee, any embarrassment, McDermott and Crawford informed the Governor that they had not asked him to join in the letter.

HUMAN BONES UNEARTHED.

Excavators for Water Main Believed to Have Invaded Old Cemetery.

A number of human skulls and bones were found yesterday by laborers for the Flatbush Waterworks, excavating for a new water line at East Fifty-seventh Street and Linden Avenue, Brooklyn.

Detectives of the Snyder Avenue Precinct were notified and they took the bones to the station house.

It is believed the bones came from an old cemetery.

Commercial Leases.

The building at 19 and 21 East Fifty-fourth Street, owned by Minnie E. Young has been leased for a period of twenty-one years to Trianon Studio, Inc., of which company Helen Paul is President. The building was formerly occupied by Lucille Limited, and the leasing company is to occupy the building for a high-class ladies' dressmaking establishment. It is planned to make extensive improvements in the building which the lessee will occupy Sept. 1. Laurenmac Corporation were the brokers.

The building located at 68 and 70 Eighth Avenue, including the building at 130 Greenwich Avenue, east side, forming the intersection of Eighth and Greenwich Avenues, directly below Fourteenth Street, has been leased for a term of twenty-one years to a client of the Finkelstein Company, who intend to remodel the property at a cost of about $30,000. The Durosa Company was the associate brokers in the transaction.

Thoene & Flaunlacher, Inc., sublet for Benjamin Stearns & Co. the store and basement at 27 and 31 West Thirty-third Street, containing approximately 12,000 square feet, to Spear & Co., retailers of furniture. This new acquisition is directly in the rear of their present building at 21 to 28 West Thirty-fourth Street and will give them added sales room the entire width of their store, running through the block from Thirty-fourth to Thirty-third Street.

Spear & Co. opened their Thirty-fourth Street store in March, 1916, and purchased the building last year. Alterations are now under way to connect the two buildings.

$1,500,000 Building Loan.

Financing of the new Guilford apartments at the southeast corner of Lexington Avenue and Forty-sixth Street was completed yesterday when E. W. Strauss & Co. underwrote a first mortgage 6½ per cent. serial coupon bond issue of $1,500,000 of the Maiu Holding Corporation, owners of the property, headed by John H. Eagle. The land and building securing the bond issue are conservatively appraised at $1,953,000.

The steel frame of the building will be completed this week and the builders announce that they will have the 186 housekeeping suites of one and two rooms ready for occupancy Nov. 15. The architect is Emery Roth and the builders are the Bing & Bing Corporation. Joseph Milner is the Vice President and Secretary of the borrowing corporation.

Operator Sells Altered Houses.

Samuel Bremer sold to the S. & M. Improvement Corporation, Samuel Greenstein, 260 and 262 West Thirty-ninth Street, two altered dwellings 41 by 98.9 feet, between Seventh and Eighth Avenues, Manhetmer was the broker.

Mr. Bremer also sold to the Veris Realty Corporation the garage at the southeast corner of Thirty-third Street and Lexington Avenue, 58 by 82, a four-story building. Samuel L. Lenel was the broker.

Church Acquires Dwelling.

The Church of St. Agnes bought from Cornelius Gallagher the three-story dwelling at 154 East Thirty-eighth Street, 25 by 98.9, between Lexington and Third Avenues.

$216,120 FOR BRONX LOTS.

Westchester Country Club Property Sold at Auction.

Joseph P. Day held on Saturday a sale of 223 lots and two residences, located on the former Westchester Country Club property adjoining Pelham Bay Park, in the Bronx. The total obtained was $216,120.

Robert Ellis bought for $27,000 the three-story frame residence on the west side of Stadium Avenue, north of the Country Club Road, on a plot 240 by 205, and Charles Dettner paid $19,500 for the three-story frame residence on Country Club Road, near Kerney Avenue, on a plot 48.47 by 256.62.

The plot at the corner of Eastern Boulevard and Country Club Road was bought by A. Coletti for $4,400. Mr. Coletti also paid $3,800 for the plot on Eastern Boulevard, north of Rawlings Avenue. The lot on the east side of Kerney Avenue, near Rawlings Avenue, was bought by Catherine Dermody for $1,500, and A. Norsut paid $1,800 for the plot abutting on Rawlings Avenue.

EDWARD SWANN A BUYER.

Purchases Ogden Residence in East Tenth Street.

David B. Ogden sold the residence, 12 East Tenth Street, a four-story brick dwelling. This house is one of the few remaining typical Washington Square, Colonial types, twenty-five feet wide with conservatory in rear. After extensive alterations and redecorating the house will be occupied by Edward Swann as his city residence. R. Telfair Smith was the broker in the deal.

Dr. Joseph S. Glickman sold his brick dwelling house located at 335 East Eighteenth Street, to Jacob Hutterer. Mark Sackler represented the purchaser.

Charles M. Baldwin sold for Mrs. William P. Ketcham, 318 Lexington Avenue, north of Thirty-eighth Street, to Dr. Earle Conner for occupancy.

Henry Bach sold to Mrs. Fannie Hertz for occupancy 1,683 Lexington Avenue, 15 by 70, a three-story dwelling.

NALLY ESTATE SOLD.

S. J. Morris Buys Fourteen Acres at Ossining.

E. J. Nally's estate at Ossining-on-Hudson has been sold through Fish & Marvin to Arthur J. Morris of Norfolk, Va.

The property, which is one of the most attractive of Westchester County estates, is located on Cedar Lane, Ossining-on-Hudson, and consists of a tract of land including about fourteen acres with an old Colonial house of twenty-one rooms and six baths, two cottages and other outbuildings.

The entire property was held at $150,000.

Lewis H. May Company sold for T. C. Lindholm a two-story stucco dwelling and garage fronting on William Street and Mulry Lane, Lawrence, L. I., to G. R. Drouet, for occupancy.

$2,500,000 INVESTMENT.

Broadway Corner at Spring Street Sold by Joseph Lesser.

The northeast corner of Broadway and Spring Street, valued at $2,500,000, has been purchased by George Albert Moulton for investment from Joseph Lesser. The property consists of four eleven-story store and loft buildings, known as 530 to 538 Broadway, and 85 Spring Street, on a plot 126 by 124 feet. A second mortgage of $250,000 was placed on the property by the Seneca Bond Corporation. Resnick & Avrutis acted as attorneys in the deal.

Realty Notes.

Quinlan & Leland have placed for the Rochelle Realty Corporation a loan of $475,000 at 5 per cent. per annum for five years on premises 169-171 Madison Avenue, northeast corner Thirty-third Street, a sixteen-story office building on a plot of land 49.4 by 100.

The De Lux Building Corporation is the buyer of the eight-story elevator apartment known as Versailles Palace at 602-607 West 113th Street, sold recently through I. B. Wakeman.

Harry Brenneis is the buyer of the apartment at 2,296 Andrews Avenue, recently reported sold.

Schindler & Liebler negotiated the sale of 1,853 Third Avenue, a five-story tenement with stores, to David and Harry Lippmann.

Bronx Borough Sales.

Joseph Sager has purchased 2,486 Davidson Avenue, just north of Fordham Road, a five and a half story apartment, tax exempt, on plot 62.5 by 100 feet, containing twenty-five families, at an annual rental of $22,000. The property was recently acquired by Samuel Friendenberg who is the seller. Albert D. Phelps, the broker, negotiated the deal.

Samuel Elsnitz sold to Angelo Calcagno a new eight-room residence, just completed, at 2,751 University Avenue, northwest corner 195th Street, Claflin estate, West Bronx, held at $50,000. L. P. Faccini was the broker.

Queens Boulevard Section Sale.

Roman-Caliman Company has sold to the G. K. Construction Company the block front on the south side of Nelson Avenue, between Carolin Street and Gosman Avenue, Long Island City, being plot 100 by 100 feet, which was assembled from E. M. Thomson, Leon Dashow and others. This property is in the midst of the section now being developed by the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company with thirty five-story buildings, each on a plot 100 by 100 feet, and will be immediately improved by the purchasers with apartment houses having stores on the ground floor.

Yorkville Plot Assembled.

Leon S. Altmayer sold properties 153-157 East Eighty-seventh Street, size about 50 by 100, to a client. The sellers were K. Kenney and H. Mencher. The property begins thirty-six feet east of Lexington Avenue and but a half block distant from the entrance to the subway express station at Eighty-sixth Street and Lexington Avenue. The premises consist of four-story apartment houses with stores. These properties will be immediately offered for resale for improvement.

Prince Street Loft Sold.

Cyril A. Carroll and John Newton Porter sold for a client of F. R. Wood & Co., Inc., for all cash, the six-story loft building 25 by 100, with store, known as 123 Prince Street. The rentals are $10,000 and the property was held at $58,000. A resale of the property is being negotiated by the same brokers, who recently sold 101 Prince Street three times within a period of sixty days.

Operators Buy Garage Site.

The Universal Operating Company, Louis H. Gura, President, purchased the plot on the northwest corner of 107th Street and Pleasant Avenue, 100 by 100, from the Estate of Anton H. Meyer. This plot is located in the garage zone of the Harlem market and will be sold to a builder for improvement for a garage.

Operators Resell Building.

Ennis & Stinott resold the five-story extension building at 14 West Forty-seventh Street on a lot 21.5 by 100.5 to Edward Hinderocer.

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Jersey Coast Properties

TOMORROW, July 4

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The residence of
MRS. ANGELICA WERTHEIM FRINK
Magnificent Modern Furnished Colonial Residence, on six acres of landscaped grounds
60% ON MTGE.

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12 Rooms & 3 Baths
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Tenant-Ownership Plan—Liberal Terms *Social and Business References Required*
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THE QUEENSBORO CORPORATION, Manhattan Office 50 East 42nd St.
Jackson Heights Office, 25th St. and Polk Ave.—Open Daily until 8 P.M.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY. IN THE MATTER OF THE DISSOLUTION of HOMESID, BUILDERS CORPORATION, a corporation.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned intends to make a second dividend and that the same will be a final dividend, out of the assets in the hands of the above corporation, on the 23rd day of July, 1923, and all persons having claims against such corporation are directed to present the same forthwith at the office of the undersigned, at No. 20 Nassau Street, New York City.

Dated, New York, July 5,

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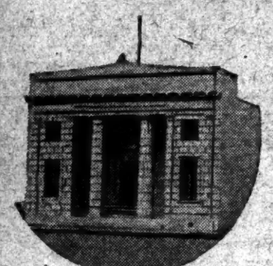

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Near 140th St.

3 FIVE-STORY WALK-UP APARTMENTS

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CRANFORD, NEW HOUSE, $6,500

Large plot, steam heat, hardwood floors, easy terms. Shaheen, 264 Lincoln Ave. Tile bath, gas and electricity, street sewer; near school and station; fully improved.

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A Little Farm With an Income

Eight acres, mile from express station, 2 miles from Long Island Sound. Attractive, modern four-family house. Rents $1,380.00, exclusive of owner's quarters. Steam heat, baths, electricity, etc. Barn and woods. Price $22,500. John Crawford, 7 East 42d St., N. Y.

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STORES

Well located—small or large. Suitable for any desirable business.

Rentals $40 to $100 per month.

Also LARGE BASEMENTS rented separately, $10 per month and upward. Apply Superintendent, 592 11th Av., cor. 44th St.,

OR

M. MORGENTHAU, Jr., Co. EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO. Consolidated. 130 W. 42d Street. Tel. 6460 Bryant.

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For Lease on Long Terms

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100x100 ft., 1 floors, permanent light on 4 sides, heavy floors, sprinkling, hoist railroad siding; can be leased part or whole or bought for below cost to build; exceptionally good labor conditions, low insurance. For further information write Atlantic City, D 159 Times.

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81ST ST., 139 WEST—Excellent location; easy terms. Caretaker on premises.

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154TH, 410 WEST—14 rooms, 2-family, income-paying dwelling; inspection invited.

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A 5-story dwelling, 22x75, 15 rooms, 3 baths, well adapted for use as a club house or small apartments; immediate possession. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. John 5700.

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AMES & COMPANY, 26 West 31st St. Longacre 4810.

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TWO-FAMILY house, 13 rooms, 4-car garage; construction granite block; plot 50x125; tax exempt. 3,315 Barker Av., near Bronx Parkway. Apply Thos. Cotter, 2,364 Tiebout Av., Bronx, N. Y. Tel. Kellog 0694.

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FLATBUSH.

LOOK—Beautiful one-family brick, limestone house in attractive neighborhood, adjacent to car line and subway station; all modern improvements. Further particulars R. H. Bartley, 12 Avenue C, Brooklyn. Tel. Berkshire 2515R.

FLATBUSH (1,470 East 10th St.)—10-room house; 5-car garage; plot 66x100; up to date; near Brighton express station; price $17,500.

IF YOU WANT A BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE, ACT QUICK. Manhattan Beach, 300 feet from esplanade and ocean; four minutes' walk from Brighton Beach subway and Sheepshead Bay; new completed houses, nine rooms and bath, all improvements; garage in basement, finished in all respects; ready for occupancy within a day's notice; lot 40x100; price $18,250; mortgage $10,000.

J. Sommer, 242 Amherst St. Telephone Coney Island 0280.

HARK! There's a robin singing in the old elm. If you will come out and see some of these beautiful 6, 7 and 8 room homes, you will, I am sure, strike a bargain. Also many 2-family homes; fireplaces; garages. Prices to suit all purses. Investigate. R. H. Bartley, 12 Avenue C, Brooklyn. Telephone Berkshire 2515R.

EIGHT-ROOM corner house, select Bay Ridge section; $6,000 cash, balance $7,500; trees, good lawn, glassed-in porch, garage. International Buyers Service and Exchange, Inc., 342 Madison Av., New York.

TWO FAMILY limestone house on 9th St., near Prospect Park entrance; latest improvements throughout; reasonable price and liberal terms. South 2036. Madison Square 6002.

Queens County For Sale.

ELMHURST—Beautiful new 6-room houses, all improvements; bathtub; $7,200, easy terms; other one and two family houses, $10,000 and up. Platt, Inc., builders, 152 46th St., Corona. Havemeyer 4241.

KEW GARDENS—Nine rooms, three baths, solarium; stucco, prewar; beautiful grounds; sell below cost; 1½ blocks from station; 17 minutes Penn Station. Fidelity Realty Co., 1,340 Broadway, Fitzroy 4040.

$500 CASH, balance $28.50 monthly principal, buys beautiful Colonial tax exempt house; large plot, restricted residential section, steam, electricity, parquetry, sun parlor, tile kitchen, tile bath; driveway. McNeece, 30 Union Hall St., Jamaica. Phone Jamaica 4193.

Long Island For Sale.

BAYVILLE (near Oyster Bay, on Long Island Sound)—Dining room, living room, bathroom; garage has bedroom, bath, washroom; bargain to quick cash buyer; appointment by phone, Hoboken 2240.

BROADWAY, FLUSHING — Architect's house; leaving for California; tax-exempt; 6 rooms, breakfast room, tiled bath, extra lavatory, screens, awnings, shrubbery, garage, &c.; $12,000. Seymour, Flushing 3073-W or Watkins 8000.

BELLE HARBOR. An ideal modern home offered at an extremely low price for immediate sale; terms arranged. Beautiful Colonial brick house, built by day's labor about one year ago, never occupied; one block from the ocean; plot 120x100; contains 10 large, airy rooms and 3 baths of special and artistic design; oak floors; all distinctive and extremely attractive fixtures made especially for this house; spacious sun porch, cozy sleeping porch, billiard room; garage; ready for immediate occupancy; can be purchased below cost of reproduction; inspection by appointment only. CHAS. B. VAN VALEN, INC., Sole Agent, 110 William St., New York. Beekman 6000.

DOUGLAS MANOR—Beautiful home on shore front property; plot 100x107; modern in every way; garage. Telephone Plaza 2466. Dr. Johnson.

FREEPORT—Bungalows, four rooms and bath, $5,000; others, four to eight rooms, $4,000 to $12,000. John J. Randall Co., Freeport, N. Y.

GREAT NECK, DOUGLASTON, BAYSIDE. Our listings of superior homes are very complete. Let us know your requirements. I. T. McKNIGHT, 25 East 26d St. Madison Square 3540. Great Neck 322.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

THE ROGER MORRIS

Elevator Apartments

FOUR ROOMS EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT.

400 WEST 160TH ST.

OVERLOOKING POLO GROUNDS. Near "L" and Broadway Subway Stations. PHONE WADSWORTH 6700.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

JUST COMPLETED

155 EAST 182d STREET

One door west of Grand Concourse.

3 ROOMS . . . $90 MONTHLY

Suitable for Doctor or Dentist. With Every Modern Convenience.

Also Elegant 2 Room Apartment AT $60 PER MONTH.

APPLY SUPT. ON PREMISES.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.

Long Island For Sale.

HEMPSTEAD—$14,000; large house, parlor, living room, dining room, butler's pantry, kitchen, 4 bedrooms, 2 baths. Corner Bennett Place. Phone Hoboken 2240.

HOLLIS, L. I.—Beautiful and ideal 12-room house, suitable for 2 families; plot 70x200; on north side of Foothill Terrace; double garage, with small apartment; chicken houses and garden in rear. Phone Walker 6546 or Hollis 6567W.

HOLLIS, 2-family detached, corner plot 25 x 125, 7 rooms, tax exempt; terms; telephone, Hollis 3667; or Pratt, 0806.

HUNTINGTON—Between village and harbor; 4 minutes trolley; plot 80x150; good 7-room house; bath, heat, electric light, gas; snap; act quickly; price $6,800. Chas. B. Sammis Jr., Huntington, L. I. Tel. Huntington 485.

HUNTINGTON, plot 80 x 205; attractive home, 6 large rooms, bath, excellent construction. Easy walk to school and station; $7,150. Conklin, 320 Broadway, Franklin 2800.

LYNNBROOK HOME—$7,250. New 6-room cottage, bath, steam, gas, electricity, concrete cellar, porches; select neighborhood; concrete street; cash $1,500. O'Connor, Inc., 50 Atlantic Av.

NORTHPORT—Nearly one acre; house 7 rooms; electric lights, running water; barn, poultry house; immediate possession; $1,500 cash, $4,000 mortgage. Harry Mott, Northport, L. I.

NORTH SHORE Specialties—Estates, houses, plots and lots. McKNIGHT-DAYTON, Tel. 1237 BAYSIDE. Tel. 382 FORT WASHINGTON.

FORT WASHINGTON—Seven-room frame house; all improvements; reasonable price. Owner, A. W. Kosvli, 26 Liberty St., N. Y. Phones John 0480, Fort Washington 2764.

WESTBURY—Modern homes; large plots. Pierson, 323 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn. Sterling 4300.

HARK! There's a robin singing in the old elm; if you will come out and see some of these beautiful 6, 7 and 8-room homes you will, I am sure, strike a bargain; also many 2-family homes; fireplaces; garages. Prices to suit all purses; investigate. R. H. Bartley, 12 Avenue C, Brooklyn. Telephone Berkshire 2515R.

DELIGHTFUL six-room cottages must be sold quickly; located 4 blocks from station in fine residential section on Long Island, 40 minutes out; parquet floors, tiled bath, large front porch and other improvements; large plot, with southern exposure; a real bargain at $8,000 or terms. $1,250 down.

OVERLOOKING the Sound, 9 rooms, two baths, 2 sleeping porches; garage; tile and frame construction; hot-water heat; sewer, water, gas, electricity; large plot; privilege of restricted bathing beach; 30 minutes to Penn. Station; reasonable price. Owner, Box 48, Long Island City.

FOR SALE IN WOODMERE.

Home in refined section; 8 rooms, 2 baths; lavatory downstairs; double garage built for owner year ago; completely furnished; ready for housekeeping; must sell, leaving for Europe; will sacrifice for $25,000; convenient terms. Louis Spitzer & Son, Woodmere, L. I.

FOR SALE IN WOODMERE.

Home in refined section; 8 rooms, 2 baths; lavatory downstairs; double garage built for owner year ago; completely furnished; ready for house keeping; must sell, leaving for Europe; will sacrifice for $25,000; convenient terms. Louis Spitzer & Son, Woodmere, L. I.

FOR SALE, in Woodmere, new 8-room house, brick construction, 2 baths, garage; finest suburban section; near golf, clubs, tennis and bathing; price, $21,500; convenient terms. Louis Spitzer & Son, Woodmere, L. I.

MUST BE SOLD—Attractive California bungalow taken in on foreclosure, 5 rooms, bath, improvements; located 5 minutes from station in charming community; no reasonable offer refused. 8 201 Times.

SUBURBAN HOMES, $5,000 to $50,000; owners' low prices; several brand new; 20 minutes to hour out; illustrated catalogue free. E. A. Strout, Inc., 150N Nassau St., N. Y. C.

BARGAIN — Beautiful home, spacious grounds, income of $2,400 per year in addition to owner's living quarters. Apply Owner, 291 Merrick Road, Freeport, Long Island.

FOR SALE, comfortable home on Broadway, Flushing; stucco house and garage, 6 rooms, 2 baths; price $15,000. Phone Murray Hill 3916.

Long Island For Rent.

ELMHURST—1-family, 10-room house; rent $100; modern improvements. J. Young, 40 Maurice Av., Elmhurst. Newtown 1626W.

FREEPORT—Four-room bungalows to rent for Summer; $400 furnished or $300 unfurnished. John J. Randall Co., Freeport, N. Y.

GARDEN CITY—For rent, furnished, year or longer, 8 rooms, 2 baths, sun porch, sleeping porch; hot water heat; fine shrubbery and lawn; near station; very desirable; reasonable rent. Call Longacre 2960.

ROCKAWAY PARK, 114-18 Boulevard—Five brand new houses, just completed; 7 blocks from new Boardwalk and beach; 4 and 5 rooms and bath; all latest improvements; suitable for Summer and all-year-round; 4 rooms to rent at $600; 5 rooms to rent at $725.

Westchester County For Sale.

HARRISON—Stucco house, 6 rooms; all improvements; garage; $10,500; cash $2,000; other bargains. Brown-Brown, Depot Square.

MOUNT VERNON (Chester Hill)—Nine-room house, slate roof; garage; all improvements; 30 minutes to station; price $16,000; terms; owner leaving city. 5432 Rector or 5473W Hillcrest.

NEW ROCHELLE.

Inspect these houses on the "Fourth."

Bungalow, 5 rooms, newly built, charming design; hot water heat; fine location in residential park; five minutes to station; $10,500; terms arranged.

Ten rooms, garage, new house, well built, refined neighborhood; convenient to station, stores, churches and schools; must sell to settle an estate; $12,000; an exceptional chance.

CONBOY & CLARKIN, Agents, 237 Huguenot St., New Rochelle. Phone 3286 or 1010.

LIVE IN NEW ROCHELLE. THE CITY BEAUTIFUL.

NEW ROCHELLE.

Beautiful stucco house of 7 rooms, 3 baths, steam heat, fireplace, lot 60 x 120, in fine neighborhood. Price $16,000, only $2,500 cash.

Charming stucco home in Beechmont, nine rooms, three baths, heated garage, living room 18 x 30. The plot is 90 x 160 and beautifully landscaped. Price $20,000.

WRIGHT & KEELER, 2 Lockwood Ave., Phone 3000, New Rochelle.

PELHAMWOOD—Substantial dwelling, 8 rooms, 2 baths, all hardwood; garage; plot 87x150; 5 minutes railroad station; for sale or rent; price $27,000, rental $250; also many other dwellings in Pelham, Pelham Manor, Pelham Heights and North Pelham, for sale or rent; open always, including Sunday and 4th of July. Apply PETER CEDAR, Pelham. Tel. 1866 Pelham.

SCARSDALE, N. Y.—Gentleman's estate just completed under supervision of owner, embodying best materials and architecture; 8 extraordinarily large rooms, 2 car garage, chauffeur's quarters, grounds; rare opportunity at $25,000. Owner, E. Finkbeiner, Fernciiff Road.

WHITE PLAINS BARGAIN, Central Av. and Cleveland St.

Eight new houses on this garden plots will be sold at sacrifice by builder, who will make unusually attractive terms to desirable purchasers.

Real homes of beauty and refinement; 6 to 8 rooms and bath; open fireplaces; with every modern improvement and convenience. Prices range from $9,500 to $15,500. Representatives on premises all day Saturday and Sunday.

V. GREEN CONSTRUCTION CO., 45 West 34th St., New York. Phone Fitzroy 2800, or any broker.

WHITE PLAINS—Very desirable home, 10 rooms, 2 baths, garage, convenient exclusive neighborhood, 75x170; $25,000. Brokers protected. 44 Woodland Place.

CHAUNCEY E. GRIFFEN, 18 East 41st St. Tel. Murray Hill 9626. All the better Westchester properties. WHITE PLAINS, Tel. White Plains 2464. PELHAM, Tel. Pelham 1160. FLEARTYVILLE, Tel. Pleasantville 801. LARCHMONT, Tel. Larchmont 800. RYE, Tel. Rye 1496. Local offices open daily and Sunday.

FOR SALE IN RYE.

New stucco house, 8 bedrooms, all improvements; good location; price $16,000; convenient terms; immediate possession; trolley to station.

CHAS. S. FAULKNER, Office, Postal Telegraph Building, Telephone 125 Rye, N. Y.

FURNISHED COTTAGE IN RYE.

I have several attractive furnished cottages at $600 for balance of season; near beach. ALSO BUNGALOWS at $400.

CHAS. S. FAULKNER, Office facing Rye Railroad Station. Tel. 125 Rye, N. Y.

NUMBER one and two family houses, best sections Mount Vernon, Bronxville; prices $9,000 up. Bates, 25 Irving Place, New York. All day July 4th, 613 South Columbus Av., Mount Vernon.

SUBURBAN HOMES, $5,000 to $50,000; owners' low prices; several brand new; 20 minutes to hour out; illustrated catalogue free. E. A. Strout, Inc., 150N Nassau St., N. Y. C.

$1,000 DOWN buys new 5, 7 room bodies, tile bath, oak floors, fireplace, breakfast nook; balance as rent; 29 minutes N. Y. Box 185 Tuckahoe.

Westchester County—For Rent.

DESMOND AV., $45 (Bronxville)—Seven rooms, bath, modern improvements, newly decorated; 8 minutes station; detached; $180 month; owner on premises July 6. Sat., Sun.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.

Westchester County—For Rent.

NEW ROCHELLE—Rent $1,000; a nine-room and two bath houses with garage; No. 2 the Court, opposite tennis court. Rochelle Park. Facilities, including a golf course of 9 holes, within one-half hour commuting distance of New York via tubes or Lehigh Valley R. R.; house is a semi-bungalow type consisting of 9 rooms and 2 tiled baths, and tile kitchen; 2-car garage; house one year old; plot 112x100. Inquire Ehrich Hardware Co., Inc., 1,067 Bergen St., Newark, N. J. Phone Market 4865.

"A BEAUTY SPOT IN THE HILLS."

Artistic 7-room stone stucco bungalow, with all city conveniences, located on one of the beautiful hills of Westchester; garage and outbuildings; plot of ¾ acre; rental $1,500; one hour from N. Y. by rail or auto; 5 minutes from station. Appointments Pleasantville 319. P. O. Box 418.

New York State For Sale.

ROCKLAND COUNTY — New house, six rooms, all improvements; commuting; large plot; sale or rent. Box 84, Valley Cottage, N. Y., or Phone Bingham 3204, after 6 P. M.

NYACK, two family, eleven rooms, fine location; $4,600. Burns Bros. Agency, 98 Bowers St., Jersey City, 3100 Webster.

SUBURBAN HOMES, $5,000 to $50,000; owners' low prices; several brand new; 20 minutes to hour out; illustrated catalogue free. E. A. Strout, Inc., 150N Nassau St., N. Y. C.

COUNTRY homes, $5,000 to $26,000; all improvements; small house with plots, larger houses, acreages; beautiful high, healthy Rockland County; one hour express service; state your wants. Kashbeum, Nanuet, N. Y.

New Jersey For Sale.

BERGENFIELD, N. J.—Send for booklet; modern six-room homes, all improvements, white enamel gas range, macadam street; six minutes to station; large plot; restricted; 40 minutes to Times Square; West Shore Railroad; some as low as $500 down, balance less than rent; $5,950 to $6,300. J. Z. Demarests Sons, owners and builders.

CRANFORD—Attractive corner house on plot 75x160. Latest improvements, 7 rooms, sun parlor, tile bath, open fireplace, steam heat, breakfast nook, nicely decorated, new, with garage; $9,750. Easy terms. Shaheen, 264 Lincoln Ave.

HAWORTH, N. J.—$1,500 cash, balance like rent, buys beautiful corner 10-room house, plot 150x150; garage; fruit trees; 15 miles out; near station and golf links; price $13,500. Rose, 7 West 45th St., New York. Phone Bryant 2729.

LEONIA—A fine Colonial house, centre hall, beautiful large living room, open fireplace, paneled dining room, sun porch, sanitary kitchen; master's suite of large bedroom, dressing room, with lavatory and handsome bath; four other large bedrooms and bath; a most complete home; new; nicely decorated; all ready to move into; at a price and on terms which will surprise you. Full information, Owner, 810 Central Av., Leonia, N. J.

LEONIA—Send for booklet; photos, description, purchase plan; best value house in Jersey; $6,500 to $11,000. Pine Terrace Realty Co.

PLAINFIELD, Netherwood—For sale, in Restricted Chelsea Park; new Colonial six-room house; 10 minutes from Netherwood station, express service; open fireplace, oak floors, built-in bath with shower, large closets, modern efficiency kitchen; copper screens, storm sash; cabinet gas range, window shades; hot water back in furnace, gas, water heater; plot 50x150; price $7,600. Little, 1,349 George St. Phone Plainfield 745H.

RIGHT WAY to buy home in New Jersey—Come in, look over our list of attractive homes of every description in your section; we show you around; no expense. Home-Seekers Service Company, 154 Nassau St., New York City. Phone Beekman 4626.

BEAUTIFUL little cottage; 6 rooms; modern improvements; handsome furniture; garage; reasonable; cash. Hilladale Manor, N. J. 40 West 57th, New York. Telephone Schuyler 10165.

SUBURBAN homes, $5,000 to $50,000; owners' low prices; several brand new; 20 minutes to hour out; illustrated catalogue free. E. A. Strout, Inc., 150N Nassau St., N. Y. C.

RESIDENCE, 6 rooms, bath, all improvements, hardwood floors; large plot; shade, shrubbery; near station; 45 minutes out; $5,500; terms. R. Schur, 26 Cortlandt St.

FURNISHED house, 10 rooms, all improvements; beautifully located on N. Shrewsbury River; newly built and furnished. Address W. H. Hintlemann, Runnem, N. J.

$1,500 DOWN buys new, eight-room Colonial house; modern improvements; beautiful location; balance to suit. Clarence Demarest (owner), Oradell, N. J.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.

New Jersey For Sale.

IDEAL suburban home in a very exclusive section of Newark, one-half block from New Jersey's finest park, which has all athletic facilities, including a golf course of 9 holes, within one-half hour commuting distance of New York via tubes or Lehigh Valley R. R.; house is a semi-bungalow type consisting of 9 rooms and 2 tiled baths, and tile kitchen; 2-car garage; house one year old; plot 112x100. Inquire Ehrich Hardware Co., Inc., 1,067 Bergen St., Newark, N. J. Phone Market 4865.

COUNTRY residence and farm fifty acres, Northern New Jersey; one hour from 34th St., New York; having large frontage on main road; 2,500 fruit trees; 10 rooms with 2 baths in main house, tiled bath, hardwood floors, running water and steam heat throughout; stable, garage and tenant house; also beautiful grounds surrounding dwelling; with tennis court; reasonable terms to right party. Pierre Van Arsdale, 807 6th Av. Telephone 4961 Vanderbilt.

HARK! There's a robin singing in the old elm; if you will come out and see some of these beautiful 6, 7 and 8-room homes you will, I am sure, strike a bargain; also many two-family homes; fireplaces; garages; prices to suit all purses. INVESTIGATE R. H. BARTLEY, 12 Avenue C, Brooklyn. Telephone Berkshire 2515R.

EXCEPTIONAL value; attractive new house in excellent neighborhood; 6 rooms, tiled bath; express depot 10 minutes; complete with every city improvement; steam heat, fireplace, shades, screens, range, &c.; $9,000; easy terms. Buckley Wheeler, Ridgewood, N. J.

WHITE Colonial house; hills Northern Jersey; 45 minutes; 6 rooms, tiled bathroom, steam, open fireplace, every improvement; attractive grounds; moderate price; only moderate cash payment required. Ashfel Chaplin, 52 Broadway.

$9,000, SIX-ROOM Colonial, bath, electricity, gas, oak floors, fireplace. Orth & Cowan, Inc., Westwood, N. J. Tel. 338; open Sundays.

New Jersey For Rent.

FREE list of houses for sale and rent. Write Van Winkle Co., Rutherford, N. J.

Connecticut—New England For Sale.

SUBURBAN HOMES, $5,000 to $50,000; owners' low prices; several brand new; 20 minutes to hour out; illustrated catalogue free. E. A. Strout, Inc., 150N Nassau St., N. Y. C.

GREENWICH—Attractive corner house on plot 75x160. Latest improvements, 7 rooms, sun parlor, tile bath, open fireplace, steam heat, breakfast nook, nicely decorated, new, with garage; $9,750. Easy terms. Shaheen, 264 Lincoln Ave.

HARK! There's a robin singing in the old elm; if you will come out and see some of these beautiful 6, 7 and 8-room homes you will, I am sure, strike a bargain; also many 2-family homes; fireplaces; garages. Prices to suit all purses; investigate. R. H. Bartley, 12 Avenue C, Brooklyn. Tel. Berkshire 2515R.

Long Island For Rent.

AMITYVILLE—Beautiful furnished house; 8 rooms, 4 master bedrooms, all improvements, large sun parlor, garage; $500 to Oct. 1. Mack Co. Realty Agency, office near R. R. station, Amityville.

EDGEMERE—Rent or sale, 11 rooms with 2 baths, double garage, also beautiful, new, tax exempt all-year 2-family houses; 6-room apartments; all improvements; near school, ocean and station; shopping convenience; 30 minutes to New York or Brooklyn; reasonable rental. Communicate Owner, Miller, 321 Beach 34th St. Phone Far Rockaway 4596.

EDGEMERE—Compelled to relinquish lease on account of illness, furnished 9-room house, 2 baths; garage; near station, beach; very reasonable. Far Rockaway 4329. 406 Beach 36th St.

EDGEMERE—Large, airy rooms, near beach; excellent table. Phone Far Rockaway 4535.

FAR ROCKAWAY—Apartment at seashore; —Three or four rooms, bath, porches; 5 minutes to station and ocean; bathing, boating, fishing; shady ground. 2,955 Franklin Av. Phone Far Rockaway 4011.

FAR ROCKAWAY (710 Broadway)—Furnished apartment; 3 rooms. Phone Lenox 6374. Apply.

HARBOR HAVEN (Jamaica Bay)—Three rooms, bath; $140 for season. Schuyler 9053.

LAKE RONKONKOMA—Boating, bathing, fishing; commuting distance; cottages, bungalows, camp sites for sale or rent on easy terms. Write, phone or call Browne & Sokell, 300 West 34th. Longacre 4899.

LONG BEACH, WEST—Furnished bungalow; large enclosed porch; very attractive; near ocean and boardwalk. 88 Pennsylvania Av. Telephone Rockville Centre 680-J.

ROCKAWAY PARK—Six-room house, beautifully furnished; near stores, station; beach; bargain for quick rental. Jacobson, 212 117th.

ROCKAWAY PARK—Nine room house, furnished, garage; front and rear porch; Summer season; reasonable. 457 Beach 125d St. Maloney, Belle Harbor 3714.

OCEAN BATHING.

Cottagette and log cabin camps, studios, porches, some furnished; moderate rents; leasing terms two weeks up; spend ideal vacation any length; ocean bathing, lake boating, fishing, tennis, dancing; refined; references. HILLS COLONY, SOUTHAMPTON, L. I.

NORTH SHORE, Peconic Bay (near Jamesport)—New cottage close to beach, windows and porches metal screened, large living room and porch, 2 bedrooms, well equipped kitchen, complete new furnishings; good bathing, fishing and clamming; July, $80; week, $20. E. G. Routzahn, 130 East 22d, N. Y. City. Gramercy 7060.

NORTH SHORE—Prettiest bungalow on Long Island; 6 rooms, bath, porch; every appointment; handsomely furnished; half acre ground; rose garden, trees, lawns; $500 till Oct. 1. Endicott 1631.

SUMMER HOMES, Sea Gate—Four-room apartment, furnished, private house; separate entrance, for season. Phone Coney Island 0222.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Three and four rooms, furnished bath, kitchen; overlooking the ocean; $60 from 1st April on furnished. Telephone Long Beach 72.

FOR RENT—Completely furnished five-room modern bungalow, 32 Alabama St., West End, Long Beach, N. Y. For particulars telephone John 6145.

BEACH COTTAGE—Desirable seven rooms, $475 for season; ocean front. E. Barbagas, Oak Beach, New York, via Babylon.

TO LET—A few choice bungalows, all improvements, $200 up; also tents. 305 Beach 98th St., Rockaway Beach.

Westchester County For Rent.

RYE—For rent for the Summer, furnished, unusually beautiful home. Phone Rye 229-J. Forest and Elmwood Avs.

New York State For Sale.

CAIRO, N. Y.—$5,200, 14 quick buyer, six-room house, furnished; plot 80x179; garage. E. Burbank.

New York State For Rent.

ADIRONDACKS—Cottage on Brant Lake for small family; furnished complete; all conveniences; all new; rates and details, apply Mrs. Hayes, 421 8th Av., 24 floor. Phone 1651 Murray Hill.

VALHALLA—Four-room bungalow, bath, $225. Mountain House. Phone White Plains 1163.

BEAUTIFUL, quiet home; large piazza; river view; garage; one hour from New York; would rent large, airy bedroom and bath on first floor to desirable party; gentleman preferred; could give breakfast; references. K 802 Times Downtown.

FOUR-ROOM portable bungalow, with piazza, shady, furnished for light housekeeping, for two or three; garage; reasonable. K 801 Times Downtown.

SUMMER HOMES

Rate, 55 Cents Per Agate Line.

Staten Island For Rent.

OCEAN front bungalows, furnished, 3, 6 rooms; reduced rents; $200 up season; 45 minutes from Broadway; gas, electricity; safe bathing, sanitary. G 943 Times Downtown.

Long Island For Sale.

BELLE HARBOR—Beautiful home, all improvements; several lots; sacrifice. Rosenthal, 1,540 Broadway.

JUST a few minutes from South Shore; golf, boating, bathing and fishing; an attractive Summer home; price well below real value; 5 rooms, bath, $500 cash, $45 monthly; price $4,950. Consider offer of loan for quick sale. J. L., 106 Times.

Long Island For Rent.

AMITYVILLE—Beautiful furnished house; 8 rooms, 4 master bedrooms, all improvements, large sun parlor, garage; $500 to Oct. 1. Mack Co. Realty Agency, office near R. R. station, Amityville.

BELMAR—Ocean front, new 7 rooms, furnished; garage; improvements; $700. Rector 5780.

DENVILLE, N. J.—Cottage on Cedar Lake; garage, electricity, running water; July and August, $300. A. M. Snider.

INTERLAKEN N. J.—Ten-room cottage situated on Deal Lake; full view of the ocean; attractively furnished; 2 baths; garage for two cars. Phone Owner, Asbury Park 1809 or write J 946 Times Downtown.

OCEAN GROVE HOUSES—Five, seven rooms; block beach. Owner, 17 Atlantic Av.

SUMMIT, New Jersey, (37 Crescent Av.), furnished 8-room modern residence; beautiful surroundings. Write for particulars or appointment.

TENAFLY—house to Sept. 15, cash $500. Madison Square 8400.

CHARMING furnished bungalow, screened sleeping veranda, conveniences; real country; spacious, beautiful grounds, shade; privacy; hour out; Jersey; $225 to November. Phone Franklin 2965, Extension 2, Sunday.

ATTRACTIV

135 AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE ANNOUNCEMENTS in The New York Times TODAY

LOTS AND LAND.
Westchester County.

GARAGE PLOT—Northwest corner 107 West 1st Av., 100x100; asking $30,000. Shipmorris-Consumers Co., 25 New York Av., Brooklyn. Lafayette 0344.

BEAUTIFUL WESTCHESTER—½ acre plots, $700; 30 minutes out. Box 180, Tuckahoe.

FARMS, GROVES and RANCHES.
New Jersey For Sale.

5 ACRES FARM, 25½ miles from Philadelphia, N. J.; beautiful Watchung Valley; moderate sized home, large barns; outbuildings, fruit, shade trees, magnificent view, running water, sewage, electric lights. W. 74th Street Preserving Co.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.
EXCHANGE for Manhattan realty beautiful 11-room, all-year home Patchogue; 2-car garage; large grounds; $30,000; free and clear. D 108 Times.

APARTMENT HOUSES
Manhattan—Bronx For Sale.

20TH ST. (7th and 8th Avs.)—Five-story hot water, electric; all apartments renovated throughout; rents $4,300; price $28,000; little cash down; no brokers. Set J. Cohen, 58 West 119th St.

22D ST., 2D AV.
Four-story tenement, 22x100; price $14,500; easy terms. Ames & Co., 38 West 31st St. Longacre 4810.

EAST 70TH St.—Six-story, thirty-foot, hot water; rents $6,000; price $34,000. Finest Marlon, corner apartments, opposite park, rents $37,000; attractive mortgages, unusual proposition; Bronx corner tax exempt; 5% on sales. 75 Sexton, rents $30,000; asking $160,000. MELTZER & COMPANY, 26 Fifth Avenue.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS—Six story elevator apartment; six times rental; income $30,800. Christopher, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 0658.

CHOICE INVESTMENTS.
$126,000 cash will buy two 6-story, tax-exempt, elevator apartments, nine 1-room and bath suites, nine 2, 3 & 4 rooms; rent $118,800; price $650,000.

$90,000 cash will buy 5½-story, tax-exempt, new-law apartment, nine 7-room; near Burnside Av.; rent $27,000; price $190,000.

$35,000 cash will buy tax-exempt East Bronx corner; nine 1-4½ rooms; rent over $33,000; price $200,000.

$25,000 cash will buy six-story, tax-exempt corner, size 80x100; in Bedford Park section; rent $20,800; price $125,000.

Principals only apply.
CHARLES F. NOYES, INC.,
349 William St., N. Y. C. Telephone Beekman 6300.

$45,000 will buy Park Av. corner, 7-story elevator apartment; site about 50x100; in heart of most exclusive residential section; price $426,000; rental $70,000; will take back ten years second mortgage; principals only. Millard Eckstein, Inc., 370 7th Av. Phone Longacre 8005.

TWO beautiful nine-family houses, Tremont section; total rental $18,000; price $70,000; cash $18,000; owner will take back long second mortgage. Motts, 645 Tremont Av. Fordham 4061.

FIVE TIMES THE RENT, 90x 99 year Central Park; 90x100; three houses; rents $22,000; price $110,000; cash $17,000.
CLARK & CLARK CO.,
247 MADISON AV. VANDERBILT 1400.

BARGAIN—$30,000 cash buys beautiful corner apartment house; Bedford Park section; less 5% the rent; annual rent $16,000; price $67,000; act quick. Motts, 645 Tremont Av. Telephone Fordham 4061.

FOR SALE: 5-STORY DOUBLE FLAT, adjoining Lexington Av. and 7th; 1-1 great sacrifice; price $20,000; present low rents, $4,200 per year. Ames & Co., 38 West 31st St. Longacre 4810.

BEAUTIFUL 20-family corner Hainbridge Av., Bronx; rent $16,800; price $66,000; cash $15,000. Motts, 645 Tremont Av. Telephone Fordham 4061.

$20,000 CASH buys apartment house on Riverside Drive returning about 30% on investment. International Buyers, Service & Exchange, Inc., 342 Madison Av.

30% on investment of $5,000 in West Harlem, 10-family house; rent $6,780; price $22,500. Owner, John Acito, 178 East 119th; Harlem 3811.

$85,000 BUYS good corner; rent $16,400; price $110,000. Lang, 1,500 Bo. Boulevard.

APARTMENT HOUSES WANTED

LESSEE wishes to lease one or two tenement houses, cold water house considered; also rent collecting, 25 yrs' reasonable. David Tobias, 240 East 21st.

WE are trade specialists. If you have property to trade for larger income property, send us full particulars. Pierre & Golden, 290 West 42d.

HAVE $3,500 to $500,000 to purchase Manhattan properties for sale or to lease; send full particulars; small only. Fortex Realty Corporation, 521 5th Av. Van. 9400.

WANTED for cash buyers, new-law cold-water tenements and elevator apartments. De Rose, 108 West 34th. Fitzroy 6078.

APARTMENT houses and West Side properties buyers waiting. Harris, Parr, 128 West 72d St.

HOTEL PROPERTIES

MOTEL, 130 rooms, all furnished; also 3 cottages, 4 acres of land; beautiful grounds, 50 miles from N. Y.; must be sold at sacrifice; income $60,000 per year; price $60,000; cash $30,000 required; balance first mortgage.
CHAS. M. DE ROSA CO.,
110 West 34th St. Fitzroy 6078.

HOTEL PROPERTIES WANTED

HOTEL wanted, city or country. De Rose, 108 West 34th. Fitzroy 6078.

BUILDINGS AND FACTORIES.
Manhattan—Bronx For Sale.

TIMES SQUARE—Sell 21-year lease; 5-story building; ripe for improvement; $10,000; terms. Lewis Rosenthal, 1540 Broadway.

WEST ST.—FOR SALE
five-story corner building, south of Pulteney St. ft.; rentals; renovated and ready for immediate occupancy; price reasonable.
WM. A. WHITE & SON,
45 Cedar St. Telephone John 3700.

FACTORIES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
BAUM & DIXON,
119 Remsen St., Brooklyn. Triangle 2810.

Brooklyn—Long Island For Sale.

FACTORY building for sale; 100x100; part is rented for 5 years; balance 8,500 square feet available; near Brooklyn Eastern District Terminal. B B M N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

Brooklyn—Long Island For Rent.

LONG ISLAND CITY.
5,000 to 100,000 SQ. FT. SPACE.
Immediate occupancy, or will build to suit.
ROMAN-GALLMAN COMPANY.
BRIDGE PLAZA LONG ISLAND CITY.

LONG ISLAND CITY.
FACTORY, LOFTS and BUILDING SITES.
CLAY, 5 Jackson Av. (Skillman Station), Long Island City.

BUILDING, 1½ story, 20x60; driveway; $140. D 107 Times Downtown.

Other Sections For Sale.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y.—$1,000 feet, modern one-story brick factory; excellent light; labor plentiful; sale, lease; bargain. D 109 Times.

LOFTS AND FLOORS
Manhattan—Bronx For Rent.

FIFTH AV., 119—Loft to sublet on 9th floor. Telephone Watkins 10000.

FIFTH, 723 EAST—Lofts with live steam power; reasonable; inquiry Engineer.

10TH, 108 EAST—Desirable daylight loft, 5,000 feet, elevator; reasonable; to manufacturing.

23RD ST., 104 and 106 EAST (23d & 24th Avs.)—Front garage floor; 11,000 feet.
Miss Lewis, 11 West 47th St.

30TH, 30 WEST (near 5th Av.)—Parlor floor, unusually attractive for hairdresser or other high-grade retail business; immediate possession. Apply Superintendent.

30TH ST., 307 WEST—Loft, 25x100; service, automobile elevator; low rent. Apply to Joseph & Seaman, 1,500 Kennedy. Telephone Chelsea 8240.

39TH ST., 122 WEST—Adjoining Broadway, 3-story and cellar building of 10,000 square feet; ideal for manufacturing or light manufacturing; rent reasonable; possession. Apply premises.

TO LEASE—Ground floor of 339 West 39th St. and vacant lots 340 and 342 West 40th; 50x100. Apply Hutchinson, 128 Broadway, Cortlandt 1261.

TO LEASE—Space for storage or light manufacturing. Apply Owner, 7, 6, Gramercy, 939 Willis Av. Tel. Mott Haven 4000.

1,400 square feet, ground floor, suitable for heavy storage; 42d St. west of 10th Av. Telephone Chelsea 1800 for particulars.

FIFTH monthly rent (rent-free space) at City Hall; west of Broadway. 2 $150 Times Annex.

LOFTS AND FLOORS.
Manhattan—Bronx For Rent.

LOFT TO SUBLET, 60 x 100
Good location for underwear, ribbon or children's novelty or light and beautiful showroom. Also other fixtures and partitions. 31 E. 28th, 7th floor.

LOFTS—25x100; 8th St., 2d Av.; Oct. 1; recession; sprinkler, elevator, steam heat; all conveniences; light manufacturing; reasonable. Apply Martin D. Greenwald, 100 Broadway, Rector 1520.

MFG. LOFTS—OWNER, FITZROY 1642.
138 West 20th St.—Sprinklered.....50x100
136 West 20th St.....25x100
134 West 20th St.....25x100
245 West 26th (semi-basement).....63x100

SHOWROOM at 30 West 40th St. to sublease; good for light manufacturing purposes; immediate possession; space 15x50; $2,000 yearly. Inquire FREEMAN-MOSS, 460 4th Av. Circle 10188.

FIRST LOFT, SECOND FLOOR,
115 EAST 19TH ST.
OFFICE OR SHOW ROOM.
CHARLES S. F. BOND, AGENT.
521 5D AV. LEXINGTON 9010.

LOFT, 5,000 square feet, located at 121-123 East 24th St.; 12-story fireproof building; sprinkler system; minimum insurance rate. Apply Superintendent, 119 East 28th.

TO LEASE—Third floor loft, 82x184; 338 East 19th. Estate of John U. Brookman, 165 Broadway. Cortlandt 1091.

STORES
Manhattan—Bronx For Rent.

2D AV. (Corner 28th St.)—Fine, big corner store; storage space in basement. 3 & 5 Av. Lexington 0010.

147TH ST.—Store, 26x100, near 8th Av.; suitable any business; rent $200; good lease. Durose, 87 7th Av.

6TH ST., NEAR 8TH AND 6TH AVS.
Shop, 15x80; $225 per month; also larger space suitable for lee, room; immediate possession.
WALTER J. SALMON,
17 West 42d St. Longacre 8080.

46TH (Adjoining Broadway)—Part of well-known hairgoods store; ideal location for beauty parlor; long lease; reasonable rent. Apply Rosenthal, 1,240 Broadway. Bryant 4900.

46TH, 13 WEST—Parlor floor, store, 22x66; light, near 5th Av.; part space with showroom or entire floor; splendid show window. 3RD ST., 252 WEST (near Broadway)—Large store, 25x80, suitable, restaurant, &c. Bryant 4144.

COLUMBUS AV. and 96th St. corner; altering now, possession Aug. 1. Apply premises or phone Murray Hill 2401.

TIMES SQUARE.
Two floors, 30x75 each, for restaurant, dancing or upstairs shop; display windows on Broadway and 7th Av.; special entrance from Times Square; immediate possession.
WALTER J. SALMON,
17 West 42d St. Longacre 8080.

STORE, 22x100, East 57th St., just off 5d Av.; sprinkler building; possession Oct. 1; also 2d Avenue store, immediate; if desired will sublet; location, all facilities suitable display rooms and light manufacturing. Apply Martin D. Greenwald, 100 Broadway, Rector 1520.

OFFICES
Manhattan—Bronx For Rent.

5TH AV., 505—Private furnished offices in accountant's suite; use of reception room, stenographic services. Room 502.

7TH AV. (14th St.)—New offices floor, 25x 100 feet; 600; small offices, $50-$100. Durose, 87 7th Av.

37TH, Corner Broadway, (1183)—At half present lease, very light, 2 offices, reception hall, partially furnished. Baumeister & Baumeister, 11 East 45th, Vanderbilt 10525.

39TH ST., 115—Completely furnished office; $25. Room 637, Keefe after 2 P. M.

42D ST., 47 WEST.
Fireproof three-elevator building.
Small, light offices, $30.
Inquire Room 420.

42D ST., 7 WEST.
SMALL, LIGHT OFFICE, $20.
Ask for Mr. Dillon at elevator.

42D ST., NEAR 5TH AV.
Small, light office, $30.
Salmon, Room 304. 17 West 42d St.

42D, 11 EAST—Offices, furnished or unfurnished, $25 to $30 per month; telephone service. Inquire at elevator.

42D, 152 WEST—Furnished office; desk room to let; telephone. Room 910.

42D, 157 WEST—Furnished office; desk room to let; telephone. Room 910.

42D, 11 EAST—Offices, furnished or unfurnished, $25 to $30 per month; telephone service. Inquire at elevator.

42D, 152 WEST—Furnished office; desk room to let; telephone. Room 910.

42D, 157 WEST—Furnished office; desk room to let; telephone. Room 910.

42D ST., 500 FIFTH AV.—Small office, $30 per month; desk room, $10. Room 1106

161 APARTMENTS TO LET FURNISHED
Advertised Today in
The New York Times

FURNISHED ROOMS.
West Side.
Continued From Preceding Page.

VED., 140 WEST—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOMS; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; REASONABLE; ALSO SINGLE ROOMS; $5-$7.

13D, 112 WEST—Nicely furnished double rooms, adjoining bath, electricity, phone, kitchenette privileges; also single room; $6-$10.

3RD ST., 136 WEST—Comfortably furnished single room, running water; reasonable.

47TH, 150 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, PRIVATE BATH, COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; OTHER DOUBLE AND SINGLE ROOMS; REDUCED RATES.

47TH, 45 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED PARLOR; ALSO LARGE ROOM; KITCHENETTE; SKYLIGHT ROOMS.

47TH, 25 WEST—Elegantly furnished single and large rooms, private baths; apartments.

47TH, E WEST—DOUBLE FRONT ROOM; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $12 UP. SINGLE, $8.

47TH (2,151 Broadway)—Exceptionally homelike single, suite; pianola; shower; kitchenette; elevator. Yeoman.

47TH, 32 WEST—Single outside room, perfectly appointed; private home; $8.

47TH, 145 WEST—Large double room with bath; also another large room.

47TH, 302 WEST—Young business man, refined home; $10. Endicott 9662, Daggett.

47TH, ST., 53 WEST—Attractive room, private bath, in refined Jewish home, with without board; references exchanged. Bettie Nyburg.

47TH, 321 WEST — Attractive, large, cool room, kitchenette, bath, shower; also one suitable three double and single rooms.

47TH, 327 WEST.
47TH, 306 WEST.
Double, single, with, without bath; reasonable

47TH, 132 WEST—Front parlor, private bath; electricity; spotlessly clean; references required.

47TH, 2 WEST—DOUBLE ROOM, $10; SINGLE, $5.

47TH ST., 25 WEST—Beautiful small room for refined business lady; references.

48TH, 116 WEST—Large room, private bath; one flight; small room; $5.

48TH, 112 WEST—Large rooms, bath and kitchenette; singles and medium.

48TH, 52 WEST—Rooms with private bath; gentleman to share with gentleman; reasonable; single rooms, $7.50; skylight, $5.50; references.

48TH, 43 WEST—Large single room, private bath, telephone, electricity; meals optional.

48TH, 163 WEST—Sublet cool double front room; every convenience; first floor; Summer rates. Endicott 1612.

48TH, 40 WEST—Comfortable, single, double, suite; bath; very reasonable. Endicott 9463.

48TH, 140 WEST—Large cool comfortable room; private bath; kitchenette; Summer rates.

48TH, 243 WEST—Large and small modern rooms; well furnished. Endicott 1080.

48TH, 44 WEST—Newly decorated rooms; twin beds, with, without private baths.

48TH, 237 WEST—Newly renovated residence; rooms, twin beds; $7, $10, $15.

48TH, 10 WEST—EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOMS; PRIVATE TILE BATH; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; OTHER DOUBLE, SINGLE ROOMS; SPECIAL SUMMER RATES.

48TH, 170 WEST—Large, medium, clean rooms; piano; kitchenette; near bath; rates.

48TH, 125 WEST—Bright, cool, medium, single rooms; refined home; reasonable; references.

48TH, 117 WEST—Parlor, bedroom; running water; second floor; private bath.

48TH, 106 WEST—Newly decorated rooms, with, without private bath; $7.50-$18.

48TH, 132 WEST.
LARGE ROOM, ADJOINING BATH; ALSO FRONT BASEMENT; IN PHYSICIAN'S RESIDENCE; REFERENCES.

48TH, 134 WEST—Magnificent double rooms, bath, kitchenette, single, suite; Summer rates.

48TH, 149 WEST.
FRONT PARLOR, ALSO FRONT BASEMENT; ADJOINING BATH; SINGLE ROOM; NEWLY DECORATED AND FURNISHED; GOOD REFERENCES.

48TH, 119 WEST—Large, well furnished room; artist's home; reasonable; business man.

48TH, 158 WEST—Attractive basement room, bath, kitchenette, $12; other rooms, $6.

48TH, 126 WEST—Exceptionally desirable room; piano; private bath; kitchenette; also small.

51ST AND COLUMBUS AV.—ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER, USE OF BATH, $12 PER WEEK. WEEK LARGER DOUBLE ROOM, WITH PRIVATE BATH, $21 PER WEEK OR $3.50 PER DAY. HOTEL ENDICOTT.

51ST, 114 WEST—New house, furniture, decoration new; single, double rooms, suites; twin beds; shower baths; all improvements.

51ST, 51 WEST (Hotel Colonial)—Single rooms; men only; running water; telephone; complete hotel service; $10 weekly.

51ST, 310 WEST—Large rooms, every convenience, private bath, kitchenette.

53D ST., 155 WEST—Complete lists of good rooms in all desirable localities. Courteous, efficient service. No charge to you. Metropolitan Exchange.

53D, 68 WEST—Clean, cool rooms; restaurant connections; meals optional; Summer rates.

53D, 20 WEST—Luxurious double, also single rooms; unusual opportunity; owner; references.

53D, 306 WEST—Large front room, attractively furnished; kitchenette privileges; private house.

53D, 68 WEST—Large front room, kitchenette; all conveniences; homelike, quiet house.

54TH, 8 WEST—Lately opened, newly furnished; twin beds, adjoining bath, electricity, phone; $110, $12 up. Circle 10200.

54TH, 208 WEST—Clean, single, double room, running water; reasonable; elevator man

54TH, 331 WEST—Medium room, running water, electricity, shower; kitchenette privileges; $10.

55TH, 62 WEST—Attractive, large, cool room, dressing room, bath adjoining; exceptional.

55TH, 55 WEST—Large, airy, comfortable room, kitchenette; near park; clean house.

55TH, 11 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE, SINGLE ROOM; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; SUMMER RATES.

55TH, 315 WEST—Large front room, adjoining bath; private house; single; gentleman.

55TH, 21 WEST—Delightfully cool, large, small; bath, kitchenette; $8-$15 weekly.

57TH, 143 WEST—Handsome room, private bath, dressing room, kitchenette. Schuyler 10435.

57TH WEST—Large room; running water, adjoining shower; private apartment. Schuyler 3628.

57TH, 58 WEST—Large rooms, with, without bath; kitchenettes; piano; $11 up.

57TH, 56 WEST—Beautiful room, private, twin beds, bath; single room; reasonable.

57TH, 36 WEST—Unusually attractive parlor studio; bath, kitchenette; smaller room.

57TH, 321 WEST—Large room, private bath; $18; without $14; single $8.

57TH ST, 303 WEST—Nice furnished front parlor; Summer rates.

57TH, 311 WEST—Large, attractive room, bath adjoining; select; references; gentleman preferred.

61ST, 39 WEST—Single, comfortable room, adjoining bath.

61ST, 17 WEST—Double room with kitchenette; also medium; $10.

61ST ST., 304 WEST—Comfortable small room; private house; reference; $6.

63D (1,491 Broadway)—Attractively furnished sitting room and bedroom, also separate bedroom; running water, conveniences. Allyn, Apartment 15.

63D, 307 WEST—Single and double room; elevator apartment; reasonable. Mrs. Kenmuir.

63D, 325 WEST—Well furnished large and medium rooms; private baths; quiet.

64TH ST., CORNER, 2,351 BROADWAY—Complete lists of good rooms in all desirable localities. Courteous, efficient service. No charge to you. Metropolitan Exchange.

64TH, 310 WEST (Between Riverside and West End Aves., Apt. 61)—Large front room, one or two gentlemen; quiet, refined home. Riverside 0800.

65TH, 130 WEST—Exceptionally clean room; reasonable; reference; gentleman; $7.50. Apt. 1.

65TH, 1 WEST (facing Central Park)—Elegant furnished, cool, front rooms; hotel service, running water; $6 up weekly.

65TH—Lovely front room, private family; two meals, $16.50. Riverside 1624.

65TH ST., 254 WEST—Double front room, adjoining bath; well furnished; gentlemen; private family. Finch.

65TH, 242 WEST (Broadway)—Attractive, large corner room; running water. Apt. 22.

65TH, 238 WEST—Cool, outside, private home; running water; reasonable.

66TH, 140 WEST—Large front room, private bath, kitchenette; $18; smaller $12.

66TH (646 West End)—Cool, outside room; lavatory; private, homelike; reasonable. 6D.

66TH ST., 211 WEST—2 large connecting rooms, rent separate; elevator, phone. Albright.

66TH, 242 WEST—Cool, large rooms; references; attractive home.

66TH, 309 WEST—Room with running water; adjoining bath; convenient; $10.

66TH, 306 WEST—Rooms, $5-$6; housekeeping; good home; literary people. Harriett.

66TH, 315 WEST (Riverside)—Elegant spacious room; conveniences; private bath optional; residence.

66TH, 328 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED LARGE ROOM; PRIVATE TILED BATH; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; SPECIAL SUMMER RATES.

66TH, 258 WEST (corner Broadway)—Cool room adjoining bath; $7; gentleman. Rogers.

66TH ST., 312 WEST—Attractive outside room, adjoining bath; gentleman. Boise apartment.

66TH, 312 WEST—Beautiful front room, running water; adjoining bath. Tobin.

112TH ST., WEST (near Broadway)—Large cool front room, attractively furnished; running water; private family. Cathedral 2880.

113TH, 511 WEST (Apt. 6)—Airy attractive single room; well kept home.

113TH, 546 WEST—Large room in private house; finely furnished; suitable couple.

118TH, 611 WEST (Apt. 62)—Attractive room, running water; suitable 1 or 2.

119TH, 906 WEST—Room, private bath; Columbia University; near Riverside. Apt. 4.

115TH ST., 404 WEST—Nicely furnished, bright, airy room; private; Apt. 1.

116TH, 600 WEST—Lady has desirable home for refined women, including kitchen.

119TH, 419 WEST—Attractive rooms for students; half block Columbia University. Fawcett.

121ST, 429 WEST (Apt. 51)—Single, double cool front rooms; reasonable; women.

124TH ST., 547 WEST—Front room, exclusive kitchen; single, $9-10. Apt. 36.

124TH, 530 WEST—Light, airy room, all conveniences; call evenings.

124TH, 546 WEST—Lovely large room adjoining bath; kitchen privileges. Apt. 24.

161ST, 581 WEST—Large room, running water; references. Apt. 63.

162D ST., 543 WEST—Attractive double room; convenient bath; private family. Apt. 2.

171ST ST., (106 Haven Av.)—Large front room; private. Moulder, Wadsworth 4300.

207TH ST. section; corner; double, single room, adjoining bath. Phone Billings 2247.

BROADWAY—Sunny room, running water; single, double; clean; reasonable; elevator. Riverside 2008.

DONNINGTON AV., 150—Two blocks east of Broadway; near 135th St.; medium-sized cool outside room; extra large window; beautiful view; roomy closet; near bath; all conveniences; $7. Apt. 2B.

HAMILTON TERRACE 16 (141st block east Convent Av.)—Beautifully furnished large room; every improvement, kitchenette; also medium, suitable for two; attractive, quiet house; exclusive neighborhood.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 575 (corner 135th)—Beautifully furnished, large, cool front room; wonderful view; ideal location; reasonable. Apartment 24.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 71 (70th)—Beautiful, large front, overlooking Hudson, also exceptionally desirable room; 2-3 gentlemen; private bath.

RIVERSIDE, 321 (104th)—Beautiful front, double studio, piano, twin beds, electricity, phone.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 522—DOUBLE AND SINGLE ROOMS; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE COMPLETE; SUMMER RATES.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 286—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE, SINGLE ROOMS; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; SUMMER RATES.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
Brooklyn.

FURNISHED rooms, private house, millionaires' row, sea wall front; private beach; row-boat; Rhein-Corney Island; 12 minutes' walk to first-class ten room, home-made bread, muffins, biscuits, best quality. 2,812 Emmons Av., Sheepshead Bay.

Long Island.

ARVERNE—Rooms, light housekeeping; $100 up. 197 Beach 62d. Belle Harbor 2851.

CORONA (near elevated, surface lines and Long Island Railroad station)—2 separate furnished rooms in American family or men only; $8 and $7 each. J 11 Times.

EDGEMERE—High-class furnished rooms, private family; near Beach. 212 Beach 52d St.

FAR ROCKAWAY—Attractively furnished rooms, all conveniences, centrally located; cooking accommodation if desired; reasonable rates; season or weekly. 2216 Cornaga Av., Far Rockaway 3786.

FAR ROCKAWAY—Newly furnished room, ½ block from beach; young couple, gentlemen; very reasonable. Phone 3629 Far Rockaway.

JACKSON HEIGHTS (Elmhurst, 125 22d St.)—For Summer, two large, cool, light rooms with bath; use of kitchen; accessible. Havemeyer 2800. Ext. 42. Jones.

ROCKAWAY PARK—In private home, facing ocean; commuters preferred. 120-10 Boardwalk.

ROCKAWAY PARK—Furnished rooms, running water; near ocean, station. 200 Beach 119th.

ROCKAWAY PARK—Attractive room, all conveniences; facing ocean; terms reasonable. Phone Belle Harbor 2228.

ROCKAWAY PARK—With or without board, holiday accommodations. 438 Beach 122d St.

VALLEY STREAM, L. I.—4 handsome furnished rooms; garage; 26 Marian St.

New York State.

GLENLLEWYN INN, ROCKROYAL, N. Y. Modern improvements, bathing, tennis, croquette, rates: adults $15, children $10; garden; refined people solicited. Apply to J. L. Lewis, Rockroyal, N. Y.

Staten Island.

EVELYN LODGE—Charming all-year residence, facing bay; 30 minutes Wall St.; delightful commuting; 50 cool outside rooms; lovely furnished; excellent home table; select clientele; parlors, porches, lawns, comforts; 15 years one management; weekly, with meals, $20 single; $32 double, up. Booklet, 71 Central Av., St. George, S. I.

Westchester County.

MOTOR INN FARM (Mt. Kisco, N. Y.)—Attractive rooms, home cooking, fresh vegetables, poultry and milk; beautiful surroundings, outdoor sports; easy commuting. Phone 292.

ROOMS WANTED.
Furnished.

YOUNG gentleman, educated, writer, seeks room in home of gentleman of independent means, without family; can afford only nominal rent, but will be glad to look out for premises in absence of owner. J 10 Times.

MAN will pay $55 monthly for room and private bath, west 90s to 80s. 6 1045 Times Annex.

Room Renting Agencies.

METROPOLITAN ROOM EXCHANGE,
2,521 Broadway. Riverside 7487.
Clients waiting! References investigated!

BOARDERS WANTED.
East Side.

30TH ST. (at Lexington Av.)—Hotel Rutledge, for women only; home room and meals, $18 weekly; elevator, telephone, &c.; full hotel service; newly decorated.

West Side.

54TH, 54 WEST—Single, double rooms, private bath; superior table; Summer terms.

72D, 818 WEST (Riverside)—Beautiful rooms, private baths, single room; superior table.

76TH, 24 WEST—Attractive room; every convenience; excellent table; table guests; reasonable.

76TH (39 Riverside)—Double front room, private bath; overlooking Hudson; single front room; home cooking; private elevator residence; weekly guests; Summer rates. 2139 Endicott.

80TH, 143 WEST—Medium room, private bath; table board; homelike surroundings; references.

91ST, 258 WEST—Double front room, twin beds, private bath; table board.

154TH, 428 WEST—Attractive single room, bath; electricity; refined; good table.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 337 (Corner 106th St.)—River mansion; single and double rooms; facing Drive; meals optional. Baroness Holck.

SPENCER HOUSE (near Pelham Bay Park)—Room and board, $14 up; bathing, boating, tennis. Y 2183 Times Annex.

BOARD WANTED.

PROFESSIONAL young woman desires absolutely cool, comfortable room and board with congenial private family; must be cultured, as I want a real home; about $15. S 408 Times.

REFINED woman wishes permanent board and room, July 15, private family, uptown or Bronx; state terms. P. O. Box 228, Yonkers.

GENTLEMAN, elderly mother, rooms, board; state religion, price. G 986 Times Downtown.

COUNTRY BOARD
Rate 60 Cents Per Agate Line.

Connecticut.

WOODS and STREAM, 2 minutes to Long Island Sound, 5 minutes to station; good commutation; running water every room; excellent table; transients, $5 per day; special rates for Sea Foam's weekly rate, $30 up. Darien Lodge, Darien, Conn.

BEAUTIFUL Twin Lakes in the Berkshires for boating, bathing, fishing. Brookside House, Canaan, Conn. Phone Canaan 195, ring 4.

Staten Island.

HUGUENOT PARK (The Willows)—Lady opening large home would take few select paying guests; boating, bathing, fishing; trees, lawn, porches; good home cooking; hour cut; cheap commutation; bus meets trains.

Long Island.

BAYSIDE—Six-room house, tiled bath, enclosed front and rear porches; everything modern; garage; lot 50x100; tax exempt; price $10,000; terms. OWNER, Bayside 1965J. Can be seen July 4.

BELLE HARBOR (159 Beach 127th, 2d house ocean)—Cool ocean rooms; excellent table; reasonable rates. Belle Harbor 3482.

CEDARHURST (Corner White Lane and Broadway)—Beautiful estate, elegant rooms; unexcelled Austrian cuisine. For information phone Cedarhurst 0458.

ROCKAWAY PARK—158 113TH ST.
Cool, comfortable rooms, balconies overlooking ocean.

ROCKAWAY PARK—Board, rooms with running water; near ocean. 229 Beach 120th.

SHANLEY'S-BY-THE-SEA—Family hotel, American plan, refined patronage, all attractions of the seashore; rates furnished. M. A. Shanley, Clinton Av., Bayshore, L. I.

Westchester County.

HIGHLAND MANOR, Inn.
Brookside Park, Tarrytown-on-Hudson.
The most beautiful Summer resort in Westchester, 45 minutes from Grand Central; large airy rooms; excellent tables; tennis, horseback, boating, bathing, riding, dancing. Rates $20 per week and up; American plan. Week-end accommodations. Send for booklet. Phone Tarrytown 1506.

LARCHMONT, N. Y.—Two pleasant rooms in bungalow for nervous or convalescent person, alone or accompanied by nurse or companion, 2 rooms, $75 per week, inclusive; single rooms, $40 and $50; child patient preferred; references required. Telephone 698 Larchmont.

MOUNT VERNON (Fernbrook House)—Corner 2d St. and South 8th Av., established ten years; conveniently located; reasonable rates; fashionably furnished rooms for one or two; excellent table; five minutes to New York & New Haven and trolley stations. Telephone Hillcrest 2285.

SOUTHFIELD LODGE (Harrison and Rye, New York)—All conveniences, excellent table, bathing, riding, golf and tennis, beautiful ground, elegant home, Mrs. Hunter Wilson, telephone Rye 645.

WANT to sublet for three or six weeks from July 10 large double room, furnished, with bath and board, in high-class inn; two minutes from station. Phone Scarsdale 320.

New Jersey.

NERVOUS AND MENTAL CONDITIONS. LYNBROOK LODGE, ENGLEWOOD, N. J.

New York State.

"BROOKSIDE," a private farmhouse in the Adirondacks; accommodate 20; restful and refined; good food; mountain spring water; write for rates. Mrs. Robert Brodks, Crown Point Centre, N. Y.

PINE lake, good fishing, free boats; excellent food; rates $18 per week. E. W. Griffin, Kelsey, N. Y.

Other Sections.

SUMMER BOARDERS, Hawley, Pa.; good view and air; large lawn, shade; all improvements; good table; rates reasonable. Mrs. Long, Welwood Club, Hawley, Pa.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED.

YOUNG MAN wants room and breakfast with homelike family outside city; use of garage. D 150 Times.

GIRL, commuting, July, October, bathing; full particulars. G 999 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER-OFFICE MANAGER; wide experience; possess exceptional initiative and executive ability. A 396 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, expert office manager; 10 years' experience; complete responsibility. 228 Columbus Av.

BOOKKEEPER, 8 years' experience, capable taking complete charge; trial balances, statements, payroll; references. H 256 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, several years' manufacturing, mercantile experience; $35. K 806 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, Christian, 16, high school graduate, knowledge of typewriting and stenography; $20. J 12 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, 6 months' experience, anxious locating; $15. H 315 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experience double entry, controlling; hours 1-6 P. M.; $12. H 366 Times.

CARETAKER for doctor's apartment by refined woman and daughter. 4762 Academy.

CHAMBERMAID-Waitress—Two girls for country. Audubon 9540, Apt. 2E, Douglas Court.

CHAMBERMAID, colored girl, waitress; country; references. Bishop, 2,411 7th Av.

CLERK, complometer, adding machine files; young lady; five years' experience; desires position. Box 27, 1,059 3d Av.

COLLEGE GRADUATE, knowledge typewriting, office routine; switchboard; wishes afternoon position. University 9400.

COMPANION, or mother's helper; lady, refined, cultured, good musician; wishes position with lady. D 164 Times.

COMPANION or chaperon to young lady; cultured, experienced. Write E. Z., 1,780 Broadway.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

COOK, houseworker, chambermaid, whole, part time, cleaning; references; colored. Jenkins, Audubon 2886.

GIRL, bright, knowledge typewriting, clerical work; afternoons and Saturday. 51 Stuyvesant 0085.

GIRL, colored, wants position, general housework; sleep in or out; small family. Katie, Harlem 7656.

GIRL—Colored, wants housework; half-time or day's work. Audubon 8374.

GIRL wishes position; general housework. Jacobson, care Fricke, 235 West 125th.

GIRL, light colored; housework; sleep out. Audubon 9540, Apt. 62, in 148.

HOUSEKEEPER, two, three adults; capable; good cook; excellent reference. Bertha Fleming, 142 West 139th St., care Mrs. Smith.

HOUSEKEEPER or nursery governess; two well educated English women desire position; references. Apply Box 124, Oakwood Heights, Staten Island.

HOUSEKEEPER, refined widow, good plain cook; desires position, two adults; best references; city. D 151 Times.

HOUSEWORKER—Half-time position for afternoons; apartment; colored; experienced cook; fine reference. Telephone all day Monday, Endicott 3206.

HOUSEWORKER, chambermaid, waitress; whole, part time, city; country; honest, neat. Audubon 8774.

HOUSEWORKER, colored, half time, day worker; laundry home. Paschal, 7413 Morningside.

HOUSEWORK—Colored girl, to stay in the city. Call Morningside 9585; B 1185 Times Harlem.

HOUSEWORKER, girls, light positions; part time; no Washing. Aarhaus, 205 W. 136th.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

INTERPRETER and typewriter, Spanish, English, experienced; 62 Cathedral Parkway, Apt. 4F.

LADY'S COMPANION, French woman wants country position; expert dressmaker. Moulder, Wadsworth 4300.

LAUNDRESS wants washing; home; open-air drying. Lenox 2060.

MAID—Seamstress or part time housekeeping; colored; references. Tel. Audubon 6651.

MASSEUSE (29083), lady patients; scientific treatments; 2075 Bloomfield St., Hoboken; basement entrance.

NURSE, Protestant, infants, children; unquestionable references. Mrs. Kernaghan, 844 6th Av.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, typist, filing; recent graduate; Christian; $12. H 811 Times Downtown.

OFFICE assistant, girl 16; 2-6, five afternoons, $6. Drydock 9673.

SEAMSTRESS, perfect French hand sewer, draper, fitter; $3.50 day; references. J 26 Times.

SECRETARY, correspondent, Christian, three years' experience, desires uptown position. H 241 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Beginner; Jewess; good speed in shorthand and on the typewriter; familiar with card systems and office devices; neat in appearance; hard worker. Miss B., 56 West 123d St. Phone Harlem 0518.

STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' experience; reliable; references; $20. K 805 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, bright, competent beginner, neat appearance, ambitious, intelligent. Telephone 6265 Tremont.

STENOGRAPHER, exceptionally bright beginner, high school graduate; $12. H 812 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, knowledge bookkeeping, bright, competent beginner, aged 17½; $12-$15. Stuyvesant 0065.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, office assistant; handle busy board; $16. D. 771 Times Downtown.

TYPIST—Experienced, desires home work; neat, careful work guaranteed. Bloch, 1,007 Grant Av.

TYPIST, neat refined, high school education; 3 years' experience. Phone Pennsylvania 6269.

TYPIST, general office assistant 2 years' experience; $18. D 772 Times Downtown.

WOMAN, colored; lady's club or housework; experienced; references. Audubon 8278, Apt. 21.

YOUNG LADY OF GOOD FAMILY, ENTERING COLLEGE OCTOBER, SEEKS EMPLOYMENT UNTIL THEN. D 768 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY desires office position till 4 o'clock; knowledge stenography and typewriting. H 289 Times.

YOUNG LADY, knowledge of stenography and general office work; experienced; $28. H 237 Times.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS, neat colored girls, investigated references; wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange Agency, 214 West 59th St. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1899.

BERTHA CARLSON'S Swedish Agencies—Excellent servants, 2,415 Broadway, corner 89th. Riverside 3491. East side, 781 Lexington (61st).

BAYNES Employment Bureau supplies colored servants; city, country; references guaranteed. Morningside 8893.

SHEPHERD'S AGENCY—Help by month, week or day. 107 West 125d St. Morn. 9816.

TINKA ANDREGEN Scandinavian Agency, 2,254 Broadway, near 83d. Schuyler 7992.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, Englishman, long associated with leading British house, in charge of accounting department, desires similar connection, American branch having closed; or any high executive position requiring well-educated man of good presence and wide international experience. Box 492, General Post Office.

ACCOUNTANT, certified public (N. Y.), 11 years' accounting experience, desires position, cost or general accountant with manufacturing concern or with accounting firm handling cost installations and systematization. J 19 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, cost accountant, expert systematizer, energetic, with wide experience in large manufactories, wishes to change; $4,500 per year. A 393 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, highly qualified, formerly with C. P. A. house, now engaged in private accounting, part-time position. A 375 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, beginner, bookkeeping experience, accounting student, preferably with C. P. A.; salary secondary. Mendik, 48 West 46th St.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, five years' certified accounting experience, desires connection permanent with accounting organization. G 996 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, experienced, desires connection with reliable concern offering future possibilities. G 969 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, thoroughly experienced, competent; university graduate; permanent. H 814 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTING—Books opened, closed, kept weekly, statements. G 998 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER seeks position two days weekly. G 997 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER desires position, one, two or three days weekly; salary reasonable. G 992 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, graduate, 25, desires to start accounting or bookkeeping. H 243 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, 24, public accounting experience, former internal revenue inspector; H 349 Times.

ACCOUNTANT seeks position two days weekly. J 964 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, Christian, 25, part time arrangement. K 809 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING MAN, 25, agency production manager, desires to make advantageous change; competent service department head; writer of forceful copy. H 246 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, Italian, accountant, cost specialist, manufacturing, commercial, banking experience, desires connection serious concern; moderate salary; high references. A. D., Box 930, City Hall Station.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, office manager, 31, thorough manufacturing, mercantile experience, desires permanent connection; moderate salary. Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, office manager, 8 years' experience, entire charge books, correspondence, credits, collections; best references. A 385 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, typist; several years' experience; full charge; $25. D 777 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, cashier; eight years' office experience, $35 week. H 262 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, age 24, 3 years' experience; knowledge stenography; excellent references. L 300 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, knowledge stenography, one year's experience; competent; $16. H 816 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPING or clerical work evenings. Hewitt, 216 West 121st.

BOY, 18, seeks full or part time job, Charles Silverstein, 1,414 Taylor Av., Bronx, N. Y.

BUTLER-VALET, young man, colored, wishes to take care of bachelor apartment. Bus, 26 West 99th St.

BUTLER, Japanese, experienced; trustworthy, efficient, recommended; private family. K., 9 West 99th.

BUTLER-VALET, expert in every detail; beautiful decorator. L., 1,237 3d Av.

CARETAKER—The service of an active, reliable and useful man for his age, 72, with wife, 65, is offered permanently to owner of Summer home wishing good care of property all year around; best references. L 508 Times.

CARPENTER, colored; steady position; tools; $35 weekly; 44 hours. Aubrey, Audubon 4709.

CHAUFFEUR, middle age, wishes a position private family, country; has been driving high-class cars for 12 years; courteous and trustworthy; A1 references. Kellogg 1181.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, young man, neat appearance, married, best references; must be permanent position. Morningside 6247, Apartment 5-D.

CHAUFFEURS — High-class private chauffeurs supplied free. Society of Professional Automobile Engineers, 152-159 West 54th St. Columbus 8513-8056.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, expert driver, good appearance and pleasing personality; bonafide reference. Thomas, 102 West 92d. Riverside 9717.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC.
Refined, single, expert; high-class foreign, domestic automobiles; good reference. Billings 2351.

CHAUFFEUR, colored, wishes position; private; experienced; references. Grayson, 34 West 99th St.

CHAUFFEUR, colored, age 40, fourteen years' experience; references; city, country. Johnson, 2,400 7th Av. Audubon 2970, Apt. 3.

CHAUFFEUR, wishes position with private family; A1 reference; 8 years' experience. E. Adair, 306 West 125d. Morningside 7059.

CHAUFFEUR, 11 years, evenings, Saturday afternoon, Sunday. Schultze, 678 Evergreen Av., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR, married, eight years' experience, private; Washington Heights preferred; references. Wadsworth, 9643.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position for few months; present position 12 years. Chauffeur, 317 East 72d St.

CHEMIST-PERFUMER, 16 years' practical experience on complete line of perfected cosmetics, blending bouquets oils (every specific flower oils made by myself from basis perfume chemicals); best of local references as to character and ability. Address S. O., Box 59, City Hall Station, New York City.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

COLLEGE graduate, years' teaching experience, desires Summer position tutoring. A 396 Times.

CORRESPONDENT, 20, long diversified experience; highest references. H 820 Times Downtown.

COUPLE, man chauffeur, wife care for child or light work; Summer or longer; best references. Phone Wadsworth 7643.

CREDIT INVESTIGATOR, college man, employed largest agency, seeks change. J 16 Times.

DRAFTSMAN—Mech. and marine experience; first class, capable designer. D 770 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural, first class, all around, capable take charge of work. H 229 Times.

ENGINEER, licensed, energetic, capable, 15 years' experience with tools, desires permanent position. 23 Franklin St., Maspeth, L. I.

EXECUTIVE (Japanese), with college education, ambitious, thorough knowledge of exporting, importing business, desires connection with responsible firm and capable of managing entire Japanese trade. H 247 Times.

EXPORT MANAGER with ten years' of successful experience developing and conducting general export and import business with Cuba, Porto Rico, Mexico and Central America; personally acquainted with trade; thorough knowledge credit and business conditions in Latin America, besides several years' buying experience in U. S., now connected, desires change offering greater opportunities; successful record and references submitted. H 257 Times.

INTERPRETER and Spanish typist wishes position as Spanish interpreter and typist; also translatione made. D 163 Times.

JAPANESE, useful butler or general housework; strong experience with highest references; age 47. Plaza 6175, Jos, 165 East 49th.

JAPANESE cook, valet; position in bachelor's apartment; best references. D 161 Times.

LAW STUDENT, ambitious, desires good position with reliable firm. P 346 Times.

MAN, 50, married, 20 years' selling experience in foreign countries, knowing all phases of export, seeks connection with firm in export or sales department; willing to start on moderate salary. K 2433 Times Annex.

MAN, 31, has been employer, foreman, manager, all-around mechanic, assembler, desires connection where executive and mechanical experience are wanted. H 244 Times.

MANAGER-SALESMAN, MARRIED, 36, EXCELLENT REFERENCE, TRAVELED SOUTH AMERICA, DESIRES CONNECTION EITHER DOMESTIC OR FOREIGN. H 234 TIMES.

MECHANICAL draftsman, general experience; first-class workman. K 807 Times Downtown.

NIGHT SUPERVISING WORK, EXECUTIVE, ABOUT SIX TO ELEVEN. C. N. PORTER, 133 EAST 47TH. VANDERBILT 0780.

OFFICE MAN, 25, experienced, payroll, labor costs, comptometer and Hollerith tabulating machine operator; references. J 27 Times.

SALESMAN, 27, NOVELTY GOODS; VALUABLE EXPERIENCE IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC MERCHANDISE; CAPABLE OF HANDLING ANY LINE; WHOLESALE-RETAIL; EXECUTIVE ABILITY; CITY OR ROAD; HIGHEST CREDENTIALS. P 345 TIMES.

SALESMAN with automobile; Greater New York or Long Island; ability proven; producer; any line; salary or commission. Charles Streimer, 78 Van Buren St., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, experienced in marine and industrial trade, wishes positions; straight salary. Ledwith, 5,505 5th Av., Brooklyn. H 803 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced, energetic, refer., wishes to connect with reliable firm; local or traveling territory. G 808 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, five years' experience, paint and chemicals; large following; wishes connection; best references. Lasher, 1,576 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, 25, four years' specialty experience, able correspondent; capable business closer; good personal qualities. D 126 Times.

SALESMAN wants line Eastern Pennsylvania. Mark Ball, Casey Hotel, Scranton, Pa.

SALESMAN, successful, with car, wishes to carry a side line; references if required. Address Y 2,198 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, Philadelphia, has office, phones, &c., in business district; open for good proposition in Philadelphia. J 21 Times.

SALESMAN, 25, two years' experience New England, seeks opening. H 250 Times.

SECRETARY OR CARETAKER—Doctor naturopath desires to accompany invalid on European trip. Josephy, 347 East 72d.

SECRETARY, 29, corporation or private; knowledge typewriter, experience, dictaphone; highest references. H 818 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK, 5 years' experience shipping, 2 years on road selling mattresses, desires same line or upholstery; familiar with furniture trade. 64 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

SHIPPING and receiving clerk, export, domestic; experienced packer, neat marker; competent to take charge. D 769 Times Downtown.

SILK SALESMAN — Thoroughly experienced silk man desires to connect with some reputable house; A1 references. J 23 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper; 3 years' experience; competent; 22,. D 778 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and general office clerk, experienced English, Spanish, wishes position. Frank Garcia, 15 West 61st.

STENOGRAPHER, knowledge bookkeeping; six months' experience; $15. H 817 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, experienced, competent, desires position with reliable firm. H 242 Times.

VALET, experienced, for gentleman; can furnish best of reference. J 14 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, educated, thorough knowledge Spanish and English; commercial experience, correspondence, bookkeeping, general office work; excellent references. H 253 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 26, intelligent, trustworthy, seeks immediate connection with firm offering reasonable opportunity to advance; possesses selling experience, furniture and shoes. D 165 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25, experienced general merchandise, acquainted with all jobbers and retailers of Porto Rico, desires position with reliable firm. B 1196 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 22, honest, neat appearing, business experience, desires position with opportunity; excellent references. D 148 Times.

YOUNG MAN, executive, 26, eight years' insurance experience, desires connection with mercantile establishment. H 810 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, desires position clerical capacity; high school graduate, neat appearance; salary $20; references. L 296 Times.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, with thorough kn

Closing Hours for Advertisements
Sunday Edition

THURSDAY, NOON—Rooms, Situations, Boarders, Land Sales, Wills, Help wanted, Agencies, Auction or drawings.

THURSDAY, MIDNIGHT—Display Amusements, Real Estate, Will sale, Automobiles, Financial, Business.

FRIDAY, 5 P. M.—Miscellaneous Publications of Real Estate.

SATURDAY, 5 P. M.—Advertisements for Financial Notices.

SATURDAY, 1 P. M.—Display classified advertisements. (Hudson Quotations 10 A. M. Saturday).

Daily Edition

If received after 7 P. M. on date preceding publication, classified advertisements for daily edition are subject to omission. Final closing time 5 P. M.

Classified Advertising Rates

Count six words to an Agate Line.
(Minimum space, four lines.) Agate Line
Situations Wanted 40c
Furnished Rooms; Rooms Wanted 40c
Boarders and Board Wanted 40c
Male Help Wanted 40c
Real Estate, for Sale 40c
Lost and Found 40c
Apartments for Let and Wanted 40c
Country Board 40c
Mortgage Loans 40c
For Sale and Wanted 40c
Automobile Exchange 40c
Agents Wanted 40c
Employment Agencies 40c
Per Word
Business Opportunities (Cash $20) 15c
Buyer Wants—Offerings to Buyers 15c
Boat Exchange (Boats) 15c
Lost and Found, Deaths, Marriages and Births accepted up to Midnight.
Proofs avoided by delivering advertisements in advance of closing time.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.
Employment Agencies.

NATIONAL
EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE
Hudson Terminal Building,
30 Church Street.
N. Y. C.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY — Investment house, opening new department; secretary to Manager; qualifications: good education; personality, adaptability; 22-28 years old; unlimited future; $25.
STENOGRAPHER-OFFICE ASSISTANT — Executive office, large interests; reliable young woman will be given exceptional chance for advancement; $30.
CLERK—Ins., downtown; charge files; $20.
CLERK—Uptown chemical concern; experienced Library Clerk; $20 to start; $25.
CHECKER—Thoroughly exp., Summer work, large hotel, Connecticut; $15 mo., rm. and board.
CLERK—Uptown advertising concern; gen'l exp. necessary; $17.

The "NATIONAL" is the LARGEST. 30 Church Street. 7th floor.

HAMILTON
EMPLOYMENT SERVICE.
30 CHURCH STREET.
HUDSON TERMINAL BUILDING,
MAIN FLOOR.

STENO-Secretary to doctor; rapid dictation; College graduate $40
STENO: legal dept.; mfg. concern 30
STENO.—Downtown; Radio branch 30
STENO-CLERK; uptown Mfg; unusual 30
SECY.-STENO; B'klyn Mfg concern 30
LEDGER CLERK; uptown; Acc't Rec 25
STENO; downtown banking firm 25
STENO; bank; downtown; lunch 22
TEL. OPR-TYPIST; midtown 21
TYPIST; General office; many openings 20
MOON HOPKINS OPR; 6 mos exp 20
BURROUGHS STATEMENT MACH. OPR; 6 mos experience 20
ASS'T BKEEPER; downtown 18
NO REGISTRATION CHARGE.

ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY, INC.
EMPLOYMENT SPECIALISTS.
ESTABLISHED 1908.
1 BEEKMAN ST., COR. PARK ROW.

REGISTRATION FREE.

STENOGRAPHERS, legal ..... $25-$30
STENOGRAPHERS, commercial ..... $18-$30
BOOKKEEPERS, full charge, $35; Bronxville, $25; Harlem, $25; kno. steno. Richmond Hill, $25; others, $25-$30; assistants, ledger clerks, $18-$25; payroll clerks, $25
CLERICS, $18-$25; office ..... $12-$20
TYPISTS, $12-$25; billing experience $18-$22; stencil expert, $25; Elliott-Fisher, $20 mo.
COMPUTISTS; Multigraph, several, $25
CASHIERS, restaurant, $75 mo.; others, $20
DICTAPHONE, many $25
TELEPHONE OPERATORS ..... $15-$20
TELEPHONE OPERS., knowl type ..... $20-$25

MERTON PLACEMENT ASSOCIATION, Inc.
331 Madison Av., southeast corner 43d St.

MARIE F. MERTON, Vice President,
Director Women's Placements.

Many openings in all branches of office work.

EASE AGENCY, 410 NASSAU ST.
Stenographers, $20-$35; typists, $15-$25; Elliott-Fisher operators, $25-$30; telephone operators, $18; file clerks, $12-$21; clerks, $10-$20. Call early.

Instruction.

BASSE BEAUTY COURSE, $25.
Special, $15; course reduced to $50 during June, July and August; weekly instalments accepted; investigate. Basse Academy of Hair and Beauty Culture, 20 East 46th St. Telephone Vanderbilt 0523.

SPECIAL SUMMER RATES
effecting immediately in stenography and secretaryship; by our intensive training we can qualify and place you in an excellent position in 30 to 60 days. Telephone Vanderbilt 3906 for special rates. MANHATTAN RETARIAL SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., N. Y., and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED WOMEN—Nation-wide demand for high-salaried executives; past experience unnecessary; we train you small and teach you how to secure the opportunities everywhere. Write at once for particulars. Lewis Hotel Training Schools, Desk 118, Washington, D. C.

THE CANDY INSTITUTE.
COMMERCIAL CANDY-MAKING COURSE. Elmer Hanna, Principal (formerly with Page & Shaw), ORIGINAL Day School; SCIENTIFIC instruction; 50 West 69th St., New York. Phone Circle 6062. Send for Book T.

Shorthand and Typewriting in One MONTH.
MILLER INSTITUTE OF SHORTHAND,
1,413 Broadway, near 39th St. Fen 6514.
Fred C. Miller taught Ex-President Coolidge.
Open all Summer. Fan-cooled rooms.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL,
527 5th Av., at 44th St.
The oldest and pre-eminently the most successful organization for the training of secretarial positions. Write for Catalogue 10.

THE IRIDOR SCHOOL
FOR PROFESSIONAL CANDY MAKING.
Resident and correspondence courses; direction Dorit K. Weigert, Instructor Y. W. C. A. Booklet. 17 West 49th St. Circle 9731.

MALE HELP WANTED.

ACCOUNTANT—Nation-wide manufacturing industry wishes to engage male accountant not over 30 years of age for executive accounting position in Eastern branch; applicants should state in chronological order education, business experience, income and salary expected. X 2424 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced junior; permanent position in New York C. P. A.'s office; come prepared with a written statement showing experience, education and salary desired. Room 833, 1,182 Broadway.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR—Unusual opportunity for intelligent man to close leads on telephone; commission or salary. S 382 Times.

ASSISTANT SUPERVISOR boys' department; college student preferred; best references required. 1,495 Atlantic Av., B'klyn.

BOOKKEEPER for customers' ledger of 1,500 active accounts; must be capable of taking monthly trial balance, reconciling cash and doing all necessary posting; hours 8 to 5:30, half day Saturday; state age, nationality and salary desired. Ledger, P. O. Box 698, City Hall Station.

BOOKKEEPER'S assistant by large wholesale cutlery concern; quick and accurate at posting; state religion; give references, salary expected, &c. C. O., P. O. Box 661, City Hall Station, N. Y. C.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, 2 or 3 years' experience, wanted by large import house in the Bronx; good chance for advancement; state salary and qualifications. Y 2190 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER—Experienced, in running Boston ledger in bank; state age, experience and salary expected. Y 356 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, young man, high school graduate, wanted as assistant bookkeeper in office of chain store grocery; state age, experience and salary. W 1917 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced in dentistry, formerly in same capacity as assistant to music concern; good salary right party. Box 4, 856 9th St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, wanted by wholesale silk house; must be capable, accurate and efficient; state references and salary. S 466 Times.

BOOKKEEPER—Clothing experienced desired; state age, experience, &c. S 418 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, familiar voucher system, machine typewriter; salary $25. D 158 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, Boston ledger; Christian firm. Alwyn American Trust Co., Bridge Plaza North, Long Island City.

BOY to make himself generally useful around large downtown office; seeking permanent position with chance of advancement; neat and willing; state age, references and salary expected. K 418 Times Downtown.

BOY, AMERICAN, ABOUT 17-18, CLEAN CUT AND AMBITIOUS, ON SALES FLOOR OF WHOLESALE COTTON GOODS HOUSE. GOOD OPPORTUNITY. K 808 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BRICKLAYER Foreman Wanted—Must be able to read plans and take charge of work. S 248 Times.

BUYER—Bargain basement; salary $40; for $1 sales department; experience. Dollar Sale Store Co., Inc., 1,491 1st Av.

CABINETMAKERS.

experienced on high grade furniture are offered steady work and good pay accustomed to good workmanship; carton boards; clean and interesting work; in good surroundings; expansion of telephone industry assures steady employment.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
INSTALLATION DEPARTMENT.
240 WEST 56TH ST., N. Y. C.

CHAUFFEUR, colored wanted. Apply Schafael Candy Co., 32 Spring Street.

CLERK in accounting department of New York branch of large corporation; young man about 20 years old; high school education preferred; must be accurate at figures and capable of using a typewriter; knowledge of accounting not necessary; position open at once; give age, experience, religion, references and salary desired. H 413 Times Downtown.

CLERK—Good opportunity for young man 18 years of age to learn printing while doing clerical work; should be typist; hours 10 P. M. to 2 A. M.; salary $17. Call after 10 A. M. at 229 West 43d St., ninth floor, Room 12.

COLLECTOR for well known concern, experienced, capable and willing; permanent position with good opportunity for advancement; state age, education, experience and salary. L 39 Times.

COLLECTORS for installment accounts, in and out of town; salary and commission; must be experienced. Interstate Mercantile Corp., 220 West 59th.

CONSTRUCTION Engineer Wanted—Familiar with large building construction work. X 245 Times.

CONSTRUCTION FOREMAN
to travel for large oil corporation now building filling stations. S 410 Times.

CORRESPONDENT IN LARGE JOBBING HOUSE, COLLEGE GRADUATE, HAVING EXPERIENCE IN MATCHING PROCURESS AND CUSTOMERS' COMPLAINTS; SALARY $25, WITH OPPORTUNITY. REPLY, GIVING PART OF EXPERIENCE, AGE, &C. ADDRESS OPPORTUNITY, BOX 108 STATION F, MANHATTAN.

CORRESPONDENT TO HANDLE INSTALMENT ACCOUNTS; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY; STATE AGE, EDUCATION, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. 341 N. Y. TIMES BROOKLYN BRANCH.

CREDIT investigator; state experience, former employer, age, salary. W 846 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMEN, several, wanted for work on industrial building; preferably with some knowledge of plumbing and electrical layout; only experienced men need apply; state salary and previous experience fully. X 2402 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, experienced in interior woodwork, for full size shop details and scale drawings. Apply 712 5th Av., New York City. Mr. Bossler.

DRAFTSMEN Wanted—Steel freight car, locomotive and pipeline and a few checkers. Apply to Steel Car Engineer, Bethlehem Steel Co., Bethlehem, Pa.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural, experienced city work; state experience, salary. 26 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

DRESS DESIGNER'S OPPORTUNITY.

A real opportunity exists, not merely an opening with one of the largest dress houses making dresses of the better grade.

Connection with this house will be a world-wide one, and designers measuring up will be enabled to establish themselves throughout the market through this connection.

WRITE BOX 302, REALSERVICE,
15 E 40TH ST.

DRUGS—Young man for wholesale house stock and order department; reference. John Wyeth & Bro., 12 East 23d.

ELEVATOR OPERATORS (2), COLORED, WHO ALSO UNDERSTAND SWITCHBOARD, FOR A 32-STORY APARTMENT HOUSE; SALARY $60. PLANT POSITION; MUST BE THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED. APPLY SUPT., 35-63 WEST 110TH.

ENGINEER
construction experience; triangulation work. WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC., 195 BROADWAY, ROOM 300.

ENTRY CLERK, experienced in large wholesale silk and ribbon house; state salary desired. S 417 Times.

FLOOR SUPERVISERS,

OF CASHIERS AND PARCEL WRAPPERS; DEPARTMENT STORE EXPERIENCE PREFERRED.

APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE,
5TH FLOOR, 9 TO 5:30.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
33D ST. AND B'WAY.

INSPECTORS.

High school graduates with technical training who have had experience in the assembly of small interchangeable electrical and mechanical equipment are offered good positions with unusual opportunities for advancement. The expansion of the telephone industry assures steady employment.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
INSTALLATION EMPLOYMENT DEPT.,
268 WEST 56TH ST., N. Y. C.

INSPECTORS for elevators; must be mechanics or machinists who have served term in construction or erection of high-speed elevators; salary about $1,600 to start; travelling, board and lodging expenses paid in addition; chance for steady employment. Address P. W., P. O. Box 150, Trinity Station, N. Y. C.

MAN, between 30 and 45, capable of taking charge of mailing room of large investment house; only applicant experienced in handling large quantity of mail need apply; state experience and salary. S 411 Times.

MAN—Young man, experienced, variety 5-10-25 store; also learners wanted; references required. 154 Amsterdam Av.

MAN, elderly, to perform duties of office boy. D 178 Times Downtown.

MEN
BY THE
NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY,
AGE 18 TO 26,
FOR
INSTALLATION,
REPAIR AND
CENTRAL OFFICE WORK.

HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES AND THOSE HAVING HAD MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL EXPERIENCE PREFERRED.

APPLY
EMPLOYMENT BUREAU,
6TH FLOOR, 227 EAST 30TH ST.,
NEW YORK CITY,
BETWEEN 10 A. M. AND 4 P. M.

OFFICE BOY, in sales office of large scale manufacturing company. D 274 Times Downtown.

PHYSICIAN, registered in New York, good personality, to take charge of X-Ray and G. U. department; permanent; good salary; man over 40. Call 140 East 23d.

SAXOPHONIST, cornetist, pianist wanted play big house daily; exchange room and board; Catskill Mountain hotel. Butler, 324 West 21st.

SOAP MAKER, experienced; preferably one with some knowledge of chemistry. Trades Oil Products Co., 172 Frelinghuysen Av., Newark, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; knowledge of accounting desirable. Apply by letter, stating age, position wanted, salary desired. Room 1060 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER—Experienced, good opportunity with experts. Apply Layton, Price & Co., 420 Hudson St.

STOCK CLERK LADIES' UNDERWEAR MANUFACTURER DESIRES CAPABLE YOUNG MAN EXPERIENCED IN KNIT-LIN AND SILK LINE. ADDRESS STATING REFERENCES, BOX 328 REAL SERVICE, 15 EAST 40TH.

SUPERINTENDENT, assistant; young man, 20-30 years old, wanted by wholesale textile house and trim in buildings. H 248 Times.

SWITCHBOARD operator and file clerk for export and import house; good opportunity for bright courteous lad; salary $17; give full particulars as to age, schooling and experience. Y 326 Times Downtown.

TYPIST—Rapid, efficient, must understand bookkeeping and be quick and accurate at figures. Apply Light & Schlesinger, 18 Washington Place.

YOUNG MAN TO TEACH SWIMMING.
Must be good swimmer, have good appearance and character references; no teaching experience necessary. Call today, between 2:30 and 10 P.M., Dalton Swimming School, 10 West 44th St.

YOUNG MAN, messenger and relief telephone operator, Presbyterian Hospital, 61 East 70th.

MALE HELP WANTED.

YOUNG MAN wanted as personal assistant to executive in New York selling office of dress silk manufacturer; applicant must be fully conversant with all duties, such as converting and examining of merchandise and trailing of customers; knowledge of above mentioned absolutely essential; for applicant to receive consideration, apply; stating references as to past and present activity; prospect of future to be considered in applying. B 405 Times.

YOUNG MAN, between 25-28, used at Hygrade, as assistant purchasing agent in large investment house; must be high school graduate and experienced in clerical and purchasing record work; state salary and experience. S 414 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25-28 years of age, office of manufacturing concern, copy and price orders; knowledge of figuring, mailing necessary; state experience, religion and salary expected. D 176 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, intelligent, to learn the Victor business and who knows how to drive a car; call after 10 A. M. J. Brooks, 340 West 138th St.

YOUNG MAN—A good opportunity for a bright, ambitious chap in an advertising agency; state previous experience and salary. S 426 Times.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, learn print business; apply own handwriting. A 1125 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, strong, work ice routes at Summer resort, $20 week and board. Write Sohmer, Hopatcong, N. J.

YOUNG MAN, experienced show cards, signs. N. Y. Furniture Co., 85 1st St., Hoboken, N. J.

COLLEGE MAN
in the sales promotion department of a leading manufacturer to correspond, serve and better customer contact; unusual opportunity to learn sales advertising and service work; salary $25; letter giving all details will be regarded as evidence of capability. Box 515, 280 World Tower Bldg.

REPRESENTATIVE manufacturer wants representative for the State of New York to call on notion jobbers and department stores with nationally advertised notions items; commission basis; thorough acquaintance with buyers essential; give full particulars and references. W., Box 48, Long Island City.

Salesmen.

ADVERTISING SALESMAN to sell to local manufacturers; real money can be made by a hustler; drawing account to producer. Mails Service, 119 East 27th.

ADVERTISING SALESMEN, experienced, to sell local trade journal; something new on commission. 23 Beekman, 24 floor.

ADVERTISING salesman, buyers red book business directory; 40 per cent. commission. 103 West 42d.

AUTOMOBILE SALESMEN.
Durant and Star cars, 70 miles good territory, drawing account against commission. South Shore Motor Sales Co., Patchogue, Long Island.

AUTOMOBILE SALESMEN wanted to sell popular make pleasure and commercial cars on commission plus bonus basis; weekly drawing account. Rec Jamaica Sales Co., 169-09 Hillside Av., Jamaica.

AUTOMOBILE SALESMEN, 3 or 4 live wires; commission; experience unnecessary. Apply 9-10 A. M., Mayer Motor Co., 968 Southern Boulevard. Mr. Hanover.

CLOTHING SALESMAN.
with experience, wanted for new store. Apply 2 P. M., Weber & Heilbroner, 215 4th Av.

HOSIERY Salesman—Excellent opportunity for man who are experienced selling hosiery to the resident offices, department stores and large retail stores in city and vicinity; those with following preferred; drawing account. S 421 Times.

PRINTING and rural advertising salesman; drawing account and commission for good man with established clientele. Bond, Pierce & Brady, Inc., 185 Madison Av.

Real Estate, Bank, Insurance and Security
SALESMEN.

The Homeland Company, engaged in home building, financing and land distribution, newly financed with large stock to sell but money to loan to its purchasers, is building a sales force and welcomes applications from well equipped, younger men of clean record and ability.

New York State operations are centred in Yonkers, a city of well-paid, working people who have saved money but not enough in most cases to obtain a home through ordinary financing channels. The Homeland Company is through the opening of private funds, meeting this need. Commission basis. For consideration kindly visit the general offices at No. 29 North Broadway, Yonkers.

SECURITY SALESMEN.
Large corporation, public utility, desires service of two high-class salesmen with extensive experience and proven ability, to sell balance of Treasury stock; pension company; excellent board of directors; fullest co-operation; liberal commission. T 241 Times.

SILK SALESMAN
experienced, calling on Metropolitan District department stores; must be well known to the trade; good opportunity for the right man; one accustomed to earning about $10,000; commission basis; give full particulars; all correspondence strictly confidential. T 2172 Times Annex.

SPECIALTY SALESMEN WANTED.
We offer exclusive territory for the distribution of our famous "GUARDIAN" alarm box, that immediately sounds the loudest warning the moment you move it; the safest protection against theft or burglary; endorsed by insurance companies and police; sells well over the threshold.
We want big income men, either able to finance themselves, in which case we give them territorial control, or to work on a high commission basis; only reliable, efficient and well recommended, seeking a genuine and lasting opportunity, get in touch with us.
AMERICAN TEMPEX CO.,
Importers,
104 5th Av., New York.

TIRE SALESMEN.
Manufacturer of high-grade motor truck tires requires services of one or two experienced salesmen for metropolitan territory; knowledge of tires not essential; must have some experience in the automotive selling field preferred; state fully past experience, age, and where last employed; plus liberal commission. S 419 Times.

TRAVELING SALESMEN wanted for tool steel and tools; only man possessing strong personality, finest speech, highest degree of salesmanship and real earning capacity need apply; expense and liberal commission; consideration will be given to listen stating age, experience and other qualifications. W 147 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.
We desire to get in touch with salesmen of initiative and selling ability to sell the stock of a conservative real estate mortgage company; an unusual opportunity is open for both earnings on commission and advancement; salary to those who prove worthy. Call in morning between 9 and 10, Room 2000, 50 East 42d St.

SALESMEN—If you are earning less than $100 per week, come and see us; we furnish leads and close your sales; our men are earning over $125 in commission daily selling Lakewood lots to business men; no experience necessary; don't fail to investigate; call from 10 to 12. Room 408, 5 Beekman St.

SALESMAN—Sunstart drapery; we have openings for several good salesmen; men desirous of an opportunity to represent first class house on the road; must have had some experience in connection with draping, be well educated, of good appearance and costs highly recommended; salary and traveling expenses. T 210 Times.

SALESMAN for metropolitan district, to sell extremely fascinating, animated, patented electrical advertising display practically one call sale to every retail merchant; protected territory; can earn easily over $100 weekly; commitment to intelligent hustler has unlimited possibilities. Artvue Distributing Co., 110 West 40th St.

SALESMAN to sell largest news and advertising art mat service to country newspapers; salary and commission; excellent income for capable worker who will cover ground; advancement for the right man. See Mr. Hauser, 11th floor, 526 West 30th St., New York, after Wednesday.

SALESMEN wanted, STATE CORPORATION DISTRIBUTING GOVERNMENT CONTRACT FILED INFORMATION HAS OPENINGS FOR MEN WITH SALES RECORDS; EARNINGS MADE FROM $60 TO $100 WEEKLY; LIBERAL COMMISSION AND EXPENSE. 40 WEST 39TH ST., 3D FLOOR.

SALESMEN—Men to sell a popular delivery automobile; experience not necessary; a splendid opportunity for making money; an attractive salary and bonus given; interview to the right men for expense of demonstrator made furnished. Mr. Dorsett, 321 West 52d St.

SALESMEN to sell wine grape juice to five and ten gallon kegs; experienced men making from $150 to $300 per week. Room 308, 47 West 42d St., Mitchell.

SALESMEN—Need two men to sell established office specialty to business men; good closer; references; no investment; very liberal commissions. Call Tuesday morning, 24 Court St., Brooklyn.

SALESMEN; now selling retail shoe trade, wide popular priced side line, product slippers; metropolitan territory; drawing account to right party. Full particulars Box 319, 203 Fitzgerald Building.

SALESMEN to sell auto owners membership showing saving of 30 per cent. in tires, gasoline and accessories; commission basis. Call between 10 and 1. Room 23 Hotel Marie Antoinette, 66th St. entrance.

SALESMEN
EXPERIENCE FOR RETAIL CIGAR BUSINESS; SALARY AND COMMISSION. APPLY EMPLOYMENT MANAGER, 960 BROADWAY.

SALESMAN WANTED TO REPRESENT AN OUT-OF-TOWN CLOAK AND SUIT MANUFACTURER OF BETTER GRADE LADIES' WEAR; COMMISSION BASIS; ONE WHO HAS A NEW YORK SHOWING ROOM AND OFFICE TO TAKE CARE OF NEW YORK TRADE, INCOMING BUYERS; ALSO TERRITORY OUT OF NEW YORK; MUST HAVE GOOD REFERENCE; REPLY BY LETTER, STATING AGE, EXPERIENCE AND WITH WHOM CONNECTED IN THE PAST TWO YEARS. X 2419 TIMES ANNEX.

SALESMAN.
ONE OF NEW YORK'S LARGEST DEPARTMENT STORES REQUIRES FOR THEIR HOME FURNISHINGS DEPARTMENT, FOUR LEADING SALESMEN, WHO BY ACTUAL EXPERIENCE HAVE THIS ABILITY TO BUILD UP A LARGE BUSINESS IN HOME FURNISHINGS, VIZ.: FURNITURE, FLOOR COVERINGS, LAMPS, CHINA, DRAPERY AND UPHOLSTERY FABRICS, &c.; THIS IS A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR UNUSUAL SALESMEN WHO CAN PRODUCE RECORDS OF WORK ACCOMPLISHED.
ADDRESS, STATING AGE, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED, BOX 300, SUITE 802, 15 EAST 40TH.

SALESMAN.
Wanted, high-class, experienced bedspread salesman to cover principal cities in the United States selling crochets, dimities and satin bedspreads.
Apply by letter, giving age, compensation desired and experience, to Duane D. Dills, attorney, 240 Madison Av. All applications strictly confidential.

SALESMEN
to present a Business Letter Service to executives; neat appearance and common sense business intelligence absolutely essential; four men will each be given five cities selling Ford automobiles; floor time; commission. Mohorn Hart, 288 9th St., Brooklyn.

SALESMEN ($), auto supply, to call on general retail trade and garages; experienced only; commission. Write Miller Auto Supply Co., 1440 Broadway.

SALESMEN—MONEY MAKING COMMISSION PROPOSITION SELLING Gilbreath ALR. CALL REACH & CO., 17 EAST 45TH ST.

SALESMAN wanted for retail installment furniture business; splendid opportunity; salary and commission. Write P. O. Box 96, Jersey City, N. J.

SALESMAN selling silks, fine parchment shades outside of New York; commission. Darling Shade, 311 South Broadway, Yonkers, N. Y.

SALESMEN with car to sell projection equipment in Connecticut, &c.; preferably white, but not part time consumers; large commission; state religion. B 234 Times.

SALESMAN, inside experience in hardware, tools and cutlery goods; unusual opportunity; state age, experience and salary. Hardware, 980 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced with brass and bronze fixtures; road bona fide; write, state experience, commission. Y 176 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN for platinum, diamonds, pearls; jewelry, combination. Y 385 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN—LADIES' HATS. CITY OR ROAD; COMMISSION. CADILLAC HAT, 22 WEST 38TH ST.

COMMISSIONS without selling. By simply arranging for the trials of auto and motor cars and trucks; men or women can earn $75 weekly; also you make sales; you can earn as much as $10,000 a year. Only proposition of its kind ever offered. Call 9 to 12 A. M. or 2 to 5 P. M., Room 1,504 Broadway.

SALESMAN WANTED

We have openings for experienced sales representatives; leads and appointments and full organization support; drawing account on outside territory. Call Tuesday afternoon.

THE ENCYCLOPAEDIA BRITANNICA, INC.
342 MADISON AV.

SALESMEN FAMILIAR WITH MANUFACTURING NEEDLE WORKS TRADE TO SELL THE NEW AMERICAN BALL BEARING SAFETY POWER TABLE; MUST BE FAMILIAR WITH SEWING MACHINES. APPLY BY MAIL ONLY, STATING EXPERIENCE AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR MAN OF ABILITY; SALARY AND COMMISSION. SAFETY TABLE SALES CORP., 700 B'WAY.

SALESMAN wanted to sell line to building material users in Greater New York and Long Island; commission basis. 244 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN — Character references; permanent; sell mortgage bonds yielding 10 per cent.; commission; expenses allowed. Call 25 West 45th, Suite 305.

SALESMAN visiting the hardware and house furnishing trade to carry out perfect hose connection as side line on commission. S 430 Times.

SALESMAN — Exceptional opportunity offered live wire selling Ford automobiles; floor time; commission. Mohorn Hart, 288 9th St., Brooklyn.

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SALESMAN
TO THE UNUSUAL SALESMAN.

THIS ADVERTISEMENT IS ADDRESSED TO THE UNUSUAL MAN WHO DOES NOT ORDINARILY READ THE CLASSIFIED COLUMNS, WITH THE HOPE THAT IT WILL REACH SOME REAL SALESMAN WHO HAS BEEN ACCUSTOMED TO EARNING $6,000 AND MORE PER YEAR AND WHO IS ANXIOUS TO DOUBLE HIS INCOME.

THIS IS A WELL ESTABLISHED BUSINESS OF NATIONAL REPUTATION. WE SELL SERVICE TO BANKERS AND OUR MEN MAKE BIG MONEY ON COMMISSION.

IF YOU ARE A STRICTLY HIGH-GRADE SALESMAN, ARE IN POSITION TO TRAVEL REGULARLY, ARE BETWEEN THIRTY AND FORTY YEARS OF AGE, AND ARE AVAILABLE IMMEDIATELY, PHONE

L. B. CRAVATH,
PENNSYLVANIA 3000.

AN established bond and seasoned security house, with over seventy years' combined experience in the investment field.
Closely identified with a number of national banks and trust companies.
Has an opening for a number of bright aggressive outside representatives.
We are not seeking experience bond salesmen, but rather men of good appearance, personality and education, whom we can train in our conservative and proved methods of securing results.
We are also opening a number of out-of-town offices, on or before Sept. 1, which will require resident managers.
A drawing account of $40 per week will be paid to new men, in addition to a monthly commission.
We employ only six outside representatives at the present time, all of whom are earning generous incomes.
This is an excellent opportunity for a few high-grade men without any prior experience in the security field to try out our work during the Summer months, with the possibility of a permanent connection. In your letter of application state fully present and past business connections, age, remuneration during the past five years, address and telephone number.
All replies in confidence. S 208 Times.

Employment Agencies.

NATIONAL
EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
Hudson Terminal Building,
30 Church St., N. Y. C.

LAUNDRY SUPT.—Familiar with latest laundry machine operations, $40 wk. X-1
CORRESPONDENT—College education preferred, $3,000 year. JX-1
STENO.-SEC'Y—Advertising business; traveling; salary open. JX-2
STENOGRAPHER—Sales opportunity; coverage or number exp., $1,500. ..... JX-11
STENOGRAPHER — Good future; traffic dept., $1,000 year. JX-3
STOCK CLERK—Auto parts, $1,800. ..... JX-4
BOOKKEEPER—Marine ins., $1,800. ..... JX-5
ASS'T EXPR.-BILL CLERK—Head German $1,600. ..... JX-6
COST CLERK—Jersey City, $1,600. ..... JX-7
COLLECTION CORRES.—Installment experience, $1,800. ..... JX-8
COLLECTOR—Brooklyn, $1,500. ..... JX-9
RECEIVING CLERK—L. I. City, $1,600. ..... JX-10
The "NATIONAL" is the LARGEST. 30 Church St. 7th Floor.

EXECUTIVE SERVICE,
PERSHING SQ. BUILDING,
OPPOSITE GRAND CENTRAL,
ROOM 1518.
WILLIAM D. CAMP, PRESIDENT.

BOOKKEEPER, full set; stenographer; must be well educated and a man of refinement; age 30-35 years; $35 a week.

CABLE CLERK, experienced in coding and decoding typist; fine firm; $1,500 year.

SALESMEN (2), office system; only specialty experienced considered; fine personality and appearance; good education; age 25-35 years; $1,600 year and expenses.

TYPISTS (3), touch system; must be speedy; $1,500 year.

SALESMEN—FOUR EXPERIENCED AND ENERGETIC MOTOR TRUCK SALESMEN WANTED AS ASSISTANTS TO THE ASSISTANT SALES MANAGER OF ONE OF OLDEST AND BEST KNOWN MANUFACTURED TRUCKS. SALARY BASIS ONLY. REAL SALES QUALIFICATIONS; SALARY EXPECTED AND REFERENCES. S 242 TIMES.

SALESMEN.
A high-grade public utility corporation operating in a large city right near New York is seeking a few live-wire salesmen for the sale of their securities. Endorsed by leading bankers, officials and newspaper men, large earnings are assured on a commission basis to salesmen with proven record. Write, giving age, earning capacity, experience and reference; all replies treated confidentially. Y 2167 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN OPPORTUNITY.
Large roofing cement and paint manufacturing corporation has openings for several high pressure salesmen who can be developed into sales managers; unusual opportunity for men of proper calibre; experience in line desirable but not essential; remuneration, salary and bonus or straight commission basis; give full information, including telephone number; personal interview will be arranged. Y 2196 Times Annex.

SALESMAN WANTED

We have openings for experienced sales representatives; leads and appointments and full organization support; drawing account on outside territory. Call Tuesday afternoon.

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COMMISSIONS without selling. By simply arranging for the trials of auto and motor cars and trucks; men or women can earn $75 weekly; also you make sales; you can earn as much as $10,000 a year. Only proposition of its kind ever offered. Call 9 to 12 A. M. or 2 to 5 P. M., Room 1,504 Broadway.

HAMILTON
EMPLOYMENT SERVICE
30 CHURCH STREET
HUDSON TERMINAL BUILDING
MAIN FLOOR.

ACCOUNTANT — Semi-senior, 3-4 yrs. exp., salary open. $30
CABLE CLERK—Coding-decoding ..... $25-$30

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Continued From Preceding Page.

OAKLANDS, OAKLANDS.
The best light 6 car; a very good selection of all models, thoroughly rebuilt, refinished and guaranteed; very low prices and easy terms.
OAKLAND MOTOR CAR CO.,
226 West 58th St. Circle 4900.
OPEN EVENINGS.

OAKLAND coupe; mileage only 15,000 miles; 1925. International Warehouses, 128 West 31st.

OLDSMOBILE
USED CARS.
IF YOU WANT TO SPEND A PLEASANT VACATION IN COMFORT, INVEST IN ONE OF OUR RECONDITIONED OLDSMOBILES AND TOUR THROUGH THE COUNTRY WITH ALL THE ASSURANCE OF A NEW CAR. A FEW MODELS ARE LISTED, OTHERS TO SELECT FROM:

Oldsmobile, '18 ser., 5 pass. 6 cyl. Sedan, $450
Oldsmobile, '20 ser., 4 pass. 6 cyl. Coupe, 550
Oldsmobile, '20 ser., 7 pass. 6 cyl. T'ring, 550
Oldsmobile, '22 ser., 7 pass. 6 cyl. Coupe, 900
Oldsmobile, '21 ser., 5 pass. 6 cyl. T'ring, 625
Oldsmobile, '22 ser., 4 pass. 6 cyl. R'ster, 600
Oldsmobile, '22 ser., 5 pass. 6 cyl. Sedan, 850
Oldsmobile, '22 ser., 5 pass. 8 cyl. Sedan, 1,000

Other cars in open and closed models from $160 up.
Easy Time Payments and Trades Considered. Satisfactory Demonstration Given.

OLDSMOBILE USED CAR DEPARTMENT,
Outing Inc., Lessees,
221 WEST 58TH ST.

OLDSMOBILE, 1921, 5-pass.; A1 condition, $550. Reo Motor Car Co., 1,709 Broadway, at 54th.

OVERLAND touring, 1922, three to select from at special sale price; easy terms. Willys-Overland, Inc., Broadway at 50th St. Open evenings.

OVERLAND 1923 light sedan, guaranteed, ready for use; easy terms. Willys-Overland, Inc., Broadway at 50th. Open evenings.

PACKARD twin six Fleetwood runabout, 2 spare tires and covers, mirrorscope and automatic windshield wiper. Packard Motor Car Co. of New York, 1,561 Broadway, Columbus 8900.

PACKARD 1922 single six sedan, condition and appearance like new; very reasonable; many extras. 329 Flatbush Av. Sterling 1854.

PACKARD—1917 Twin Six Packard, mechanically perfect; good car for golf club use. Cantrell Mill Motor Co., 651 West 125th St.

PACKARD single six, 7 passenger, touring, long wheelbase. Driven only 3,400 miles, like new. Telephone Regent 3407. Phelan.

PACKARD 1921 DURHAM TOWN CAR. Geo. Lamberty, 1,866 B'way. Col. 9810.

PACKARD 1922 7-passenger touring; reasonable. 804 7th Av. Circle 7183.

PAIGE Brougham, twin six, almost like new; bargain. 21 West 52d St.

PAIGE 1921 4-passenger Larchmont; original condition; many extras. 329 Flatbush Av. Sterling 1324.

PAIGE 5-passenger sedan, A1 condition; original paint, five Kelly cord tires, one owner used; no dealers. Phone Fitzroy 2887.

PAIGE, late model 7 passenger touring, excellent condition; $975. 200 West 126th St.

PEERLESS sedan, 5-passenger, practically new; only driven 1,800 miles. Packard Motor Car Co. of New York, 1,861 Broadway, Columbus 8900.

PIERCE-ARROW USED CARS, ALL MODELS.
PIERCE-ARROW DISTRIBUTORS,
Used Car Dept., 233 West 54th St.
PHONE CIRCLE 9200 57TH ST.
JUST EAST OF BROADWAY.

PIERCE ARROW—66 H. P. special sport model; good condition, new paint and tires. Pierce Arrow distributors, used car department, 233 W. 54th St.; also 626 W. 57th St., just east of Broadway.

PIERCE 1921, "66" 4-PASS. SPORT. Very smart; full equipment, including tonneau windshield, shock absorbers; must sell; sacrifice. Phone Mr. Croley, Circle 8760.

PIERCE-ARROW 5-ton dump truck, ready to work; Wisconsin motor, 1923. James Devine, 157th St. and Audubon Park, Wads.

REO 1921 6-cylinder sedan; reconditioned and refinished; $1,000. Reo Motor Car Co., 1,709 Broadway, at 54th St.

ROAMER, sport, almost new, maroon body; excellent condition; owner will sacrifice for immediate cash sale. 1719 Plaza, afternoons.

STUTZ 5-passenger, late 1920; $500 extra equipment, 6 new cord shoes, nickle radiator, newly painted, fine running condition; $800; must sacrifice; leaving for Europe. E. Lincoln Hills, Flushing.

STUTZ sport model, mechanically perfect; demonstration; make offer. Tel. Madison Square 0023.

STUTZ 1922 sport touring; condition like new; price $1,150. 216 West 48th.

VELIE sedan, six-cylinder, Continental motor; guaranteed excellent condition; $1,600; no dealers. Cedarhurst Garage, 834 St. ...

WILLYS-KNIGHT 1923 7-passenger touring, demonstrator; an unusual opportunity; reasonable terms. Willys-Overland, Inc., Broadway at 50th.

WILLYS-KNIGHT touring, rebuilt and ready for use; price, terms. Willys-Overland, Broadway at 50th. Open evenings.

WILLYS-KNIGHT sedan, 1923 series; same as brand new; easy payments. Willys-Overland, Broadway at 50th. Open evenings.

WINTON 4-PASSENGER SPORT PHAETON (latest series).

This car is practically new and can be purchased at a considerable saving. Easy terms.

GARLAND AUTOMOBILE CO.,
41-43 West 63d St., at B'way, N. Y.
OPEN EVENINGS. Phone Columbus 8696.

WINTON seven-passenger sedan, 1922, for sale; also Winton five-passenger touring, 1915, both in first-class condition; owner leaving city on account of illness. Jumel Garage, 528 West 162d St.

FOR SALE.
Six buses practically new, one-man type, Manhiman all-steel bodies, with seating capacity for twenty-nine passengers, special F. W. D. chassis, four cylinder 4¾-in.x5½-in. motors, 36-inch and 38-inch cushion tires, complete set of equipment, starter, shock absorbers, heater, &c.; especially adaptable city or suburban service. Address Lock Box No. 8867, Station D, Philadelphia.

Unused Cars.

CHEVROLET, new 1923 touring and sedan; small cash payments; balance small monthly; full instruction. Bronx Chevrolet Sales, 361 East Fordham Road. Tremont 0211.

Motor Trucks.

ONE 2½-ton Mack truck, one 7½-ton Mack truck, one 5-ton Pierce-Arrow, two 5-ton dual-valve Pierce-Arrows; kept in good condition; may be seen at our garage. Midland Linseed Products Co., River Road, Edgewater, N. J. Phone Cliffside 1100.

Automobiles for Rent.

CADILLAC cars, late models, hour, day, week; monthly contracts a specialty, with or without chauffeur. Lotos Auto Renting, Circle 0081.

CADILLAC cars to hire, flat rates for special trips. 248 West 80th St. Telephone Schuyler 5767.

CADILLAC, Packard, limousine, touring; $2 per hour; day, hour, month. Lehigh 6053.

CADILLAC suburban sedan, week, month; reasonable rates. Muirhead. Audubon 2270. Apt. 51.

CADILLAC, beautiful late 7-passenger touring; beaches; roadhouses; anywhere; reasonable. Columbus 6061.

CADILLAC, Packard; attractive appearance; hour, day, week, monthly rates; reasonable. Endicott 5620.

CADILLAC, seven passenger touring, reasonable rates; day or trip. Tremont 3108-3144.

COLE, seven passenger touring; beaches, road houses, mountains; anywhere reasonable. Columbus 7895.

LOCOMOBILES and Packards; $2 per hour; trips anywhere. Thone Schuyler 5604.

MARMON—Attractive, comfortable limousine; rent hourly, daily; reasonable; owner drives. Schuyler 5480.

PACKARD limousine, like new; weekly or monthly preferred. Campbell. Columbus 8078.

PACKARD limousine, newly overhauled and painted; ready for long trips; for hire by day, week or month. Patrucci, 4858 Circle.

PACKARD limousine, day, week, month. Regent 2580. 112 East 61st.

PEERLESS 8, 7-passenger, like new; $2.50 hour, $30 day. Huggard, Cathedral 8540.

PIERCE-ARROW cars for hire, hour, day, week, month; trip rates for all occasions. J. Kramer, Columbus 1478.

PIERCE ARROW tourings, limousine; hour, day, week, trip; reasonable. Leiter, Morningside 0546.

PIERCE-ARROW daza, $3 hour; monthly, weekly, daily; any trip. Bensonhurst 9603.

Automobiles Wanted.

TOURING auto, 7-passenger, with chauffeur, rent for August, city and country; quote lowest rate. A 400 Times.

Loans on Automobiles.

LIBERAL automobile loan, quickly arranged; your possession or storage; confidential. Circle 9040.

LIBERAL LOANS AUTOS, U. S. AUTO FINANCE, 1,737 B'WAY, CIRCLE—8138.

LOANS to automobile owners while in your possession; strictly confidential. Peerless, 148 West 52d St. Circle 0748.

Automobile Bodies.

NEW AND USED SEDAN'S
bodies for all chassis, $175 to $1,250; also used limousine, roadsters, cabriolet and touring bodies; attaching and painting. The Clayton Co., 427 West 42d.

THREE slate model 7-passenger touring bodies suitable for Cadillac, Lafayette or Lincoln; sacrifice. Croley, Circle 8760.

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The War Department published the following orders today:

Infantry.

Capts. Lucas, W. E. Jr., Hill, F. D., Holmes, D. M., to 15th Task Bat., Ft. Benning.

Miscellaneous.

Bartlett, Maj. W. K., M. C., to Chicago.

Resignation.

Swanson, 1st Lt. F. J., Chem. Wet. Svcs.

Leaves.

McGlashlin, Maj. Gen. E. F. Jr., U. S. A., 4 mos.
Farman, Maj. E. E., Cav., 15 days.
Waldron, Capt. N. E., Cav., 1 mo.
McFarland, 1st Lt. G. C., C. A. C., 1 mo., 21 days ext.
Blackburn, 1st Lt. L. C., A. A. S., 1 mo.
Kelley, 1st Lt. G., A. S., 10 days.
Skow, 1st Lt. C. T., A. S., 12 days ext.

Second Army Corps Orders.

At headquarters, Second Corps Area, office of the commanding officer, Governors Island, these orders were published yesterday:

Training Camp Orders.

By direction of the President, Major Warren S. Hood, Q. M.-O. R. C., is ordered to active duty for fifteen days' training; effective July 15, at Camp Dix, N. J. On that date he will proceed without delay to Camp Dix, N. J.

Office of the Corps Area Commander.

Orders detailing Captain Jacob K. Upton, Cav.-O. R. C., 2d Lt. Malcolm C. Durgin, A. S.-O. R. C., 1st Lt. Samuel Freedman, Inf.-O. R. C.; Major Peter H. McNulty, A. S.-O. R. C., and 1st Lt. John E. Hornbeker, A. S.-O. R. C., to active duty for fifteen days active duty, are revoked.

N. G. Instructor Assignments.

The following named instructors and sergeant-instructors on duty with the Delaware National Guard will make visits of instruction to National Guard units at places indicated below, during the quarter ending Sept. 30:

Maj. John P. McCaskey Jr., C. A. C., D. O. L., Wilmington, Del.—Two visits each to Dover and Milford, Del., and three visits each to New Castle and Newark, Del.

Capt. Lewis A. Hudgins, C. A. C., D. O. L., Wilmington, Del.—Two visits each to Dover and Milford, Del., and three visits each to New Castle and Newark, Del.

Sergeant Walter J. Waters, D. E. M. L., Wilmington, Del.—Five visits to New Castle and Newark, Del.

Sergeant William Bourck, D. E. M. L., Dover, Del.—One visit each to New Castle and Newark, Del., and fourteen visits to Milford, Del.

Miscellaneous.

2d Lt. Wallace B. Quail, CA-ORC, Coast Defenses of Sandy Hook, 2d Coast Art. District, is assigned to Coast Defenses of Southern New York, G. H. Q. Art. Res., 2d Coast Art. Dist.

2d Lt. Arthur C. Kohl, CA-ORC, Coast Defenses of Southern New York, 2d Coast Art. Dist., is assigned to Coast Defenses of the Delaware, G. H. Q. Art. Res., 2d Coast Art. Dist.

Capt. George W. Johnston, CA-ORC, promoted to Maj., Coast Defenses of Sandy Hook, 2d Coast Art. Dist., is assigned to 521st Art. (A. A.), G. H. Q. Art. Res., 2d Coast Art. Dist.

1st Lt. Clarence A. Hoornbeck, Inf-ORC, relieved from assignment to 309th Inf. 77th Div. is attached to hdqrs. 77th Div.

Maj. William H. Caldwell, F.-ORC, is relieved from assignment to 442d C. A. Vt. Corps C. A. and G. H. Q. group. (Member N. Y. N. G.).

1st Lt. Harold E. Hollenshe, Inf-ORC, is relieved from assignment to 301st Inf., 76th Div. (Moved to 78th Div. Area).

2d Lt. Melville Merits, CA-ORC, promoted to 1st Lt. is reassigned to Coast Defenses of Southern New York, 2d C. A. Dist.

Lt. Col. Louis W. Stotesbury, IG-ORC, having been promoted to Colonel, is reassigned to Inspector's section, Hq. XII Corps.

Following named Signal Corps Res. Offs. are relieved from attachment to Hq. 78th Division and assigned to 78th Signal Co., Special Troops, 78th Division: Capt. Morton Suitser. 1st Lt. John N. Waters and 2d Lts. John S. Ferguson and Leland C. Snyder.

These Signal Corps Res. Offs. are relieved from assignment to 78th Signal Co., 78th Div., and attached to Hq. 78th Div.: Capt. Oscar A. deLong Jr., 1st Lt. Eugene C. Helwig and 2d Lts. William Erb Jr. and Richard P. Martin Jr.

2d Lt. Harold C. Miller, Inf-ORC, is relieved from attachment to Hq. 77th Div. (Moved to 78th Div. Area).

Following named Res. Offs. are relieved from assignment or attachment to organizations as indicated. (Moved out of Corps Area): 2d Lts. Alvin L. Prichard, AS-ORC, from Assgd. 305th Pur. Sq. IV. Army, C. A. and G. H. Q. group; Albert Placido, Inf-ORC, from Assgd. 307th Inf., 77th Div.; Allen J. Taylor, Inf-ORC, from Attd. Hq. 98th Div., and Chaplain Bernard M. Kaplan, 1st Lt.-ORC, from Attd. Hq. 77th Div.

National Guard Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 2.—These National Guard transfers were bulletined in the office of the Adjutant General today:

McWilliams, Capt. John I., asst. Qm. 27th Div., to 27th Div. Aviation Sec.

Park, Capt. James W., is attached to 108th Inf. for field training from July 29 to Aug. 12.

Police Department.

Commissioner Richard E. Enright issued this order yesterday:

Temporary Assignments.

SURGEON—Ernest V. Hubbard, 4th Surgical District, in charge of 6d Surgical District, in addition to his other duties, for 24 days, from July 4, during absence of surgeon on vacation.

Leave With Pay.

SURGEON—John J. McGowan, 3d Surgical District, for 23 days, from July 4, balance of vacation.

Leave Without Pay.

ACTING DETECTIVE SERGEANT, FIRST GRADE—Cornelius J. Browne, Detective Division, Main Office Division, for 3 days, from July 14.

Sick Leave Granted.

LIEUTENANT—John P. Shevlin, 28th Precinct, for 60 days, from 6 A. M., June 30.

Resignation Accepted.

PATROLMAN—John J. Reilly, 49th Precinct.

Death Reported.

RETIRED PATROLMAN—Peter John Eckes, formerly attached to the old 6th Precinct, June 28, 412 Menahan Street, Brooklyn.

Appointed.

SPECIAL PATROLMEN—Edwin J. Pinkerton, with M. J. Consolidated Railroad Co.; James J. Wilson, with Department of Street Cleaning; Michael M. Connolly, with National City Bank; George Miller, with Department of Parks, Queens; Edward D. Shermood and Charles F. Fox, with National City Bank; Hyman Weiss, with the Corn Exchange Bank; John D. Barrett, with National City Co.; John F. Locke, with Franklin Society; George B. Andrews and William J. Hansbery, with National City Bank; John Aschner, with National City Bank.

Appointments Revoked.

SPECIAL PATROLMEN—Everett S. Spurling and John Finn, with New York Consolidated Railroad Company.

Resignations Accepted.

SPECIAL PATROLMEN—Samuel D. Black, with New York Dock Co.; Hugo Kretzman, with Brooklyn Eastern District Terminal; Calvin P. Carll and J. F. Stadtmuller, with National City Bank; James P. Hughes, with N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co.; Sam Friedman, with Food Dealers' Credit Union; James M. Marsella, with National City Bank; Frank A. Brayton, with National City Bank; Frank Buckley, with Interborough Rapid Transit Co.; Jacob S. Kaplan, Herbert Healy, William Lawrence, George Burns, Patrick McNamee, David Purcell, Malachi Wade, Peter Toole, William O'Connor, with Department of Parks, Manhattan.

Fire Department.

Chief John Kenion issued this order yesterday:

July 2, 1923.

Office Chief's Hours.

During the months of July and August, 1923, the office hours of the Office Chief of Department will be from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M., except on Saturdays, when the hours will be from 9 A. M. to noon.

To Report for Test.

The following named members of the Department will report at the School of Instruction, 157-159 East Sixty-seventh Street, Manhattan, at 9 A. M. on Thursday, July 5, 1923, for a period of thirty days, for test as prescribed by the rules, from the following engine companies: Ferdinando Pettinato, 1; Anthony C. Carillo, 3; Geoffrey Powers, 7; Howard Schaestale, 8; George H. Cassidy, 8; Hugh McManus, 9; Richard T. Burrowes, 10; Robert B. McCann, 13; John M. Deasy, 16; Bernard P. Potter, 18; Patrick J. Killeleo, 28; Daniel J. O'Brien, Jr., 31; Joseph M. Egan, 32; Hugh Cassidy, 33; Joseph S. Hoefler, 37; Herbert N. Nolan, 203; George C. Rohsa, 207; George Kerschenheuter, 208; John H. Hellmann, 209; Elmer A. Rylander, 219; Percy Williams, 225; Arthur J. Demmary, 226; Thomas J. Kane, 228; George A. Obraz, 238; Joseph J. O'Reilly, 282. And these from hook and ladder companies: Denis Corcoran, 3; Daniel J. Sullivan, 5; Patrick E. Kelly, 11; M. J. Connaughton, 20; Simon Powers, 24; Edward Shanahan, 26, Donald J. Mackey, 43; Matty Attanasio, 101; William A. Grossman, 101; Thomas J. Brady, 104; George Butler, 105; John Breen, 148.

Special Leaves of Absence.

Capt. Michael Shanahan, Eng. Co. 205, for 9 hours, from 9 A. M., July 5; Lieut. William F. McDonald, Eng. Co. 90, for 15 hours, from 6 P. M., July 3; Engineer Melvin A. Ballentine, Eng. Co. 13, for 9 hours, from 9 A. M., July 5; Engineer Joseph Leonard, Eng. Co. 216, for 9 hours, from 6 P. M., July 3; Fireman 1st grade James P. Cummings, Eng. Co. 87, for 9 hours, from 9 A. M., July 3; Fireman 1st grade William F. Mahon, Eng. Co. 146, for 15 hours, from 6 P. M., July 3; Fireman 1st grade Charles J. Lawson, Eng. Co. 224, for 9 hours, from 9 A. M., July 3; Fireman 1st grade John J. White (2), Eng. Co. 210, for 15 hours, from 6 P. M., July 4; Fireman 1st grade Arthur B. Sheehan, Eng. Co. 242, for 9 hours, from 9 A. M., July 5; Fireman 1st grade Charles Goldstein, H. & L. Co. 35, for 9 hours, from 9 A. M., July 3; Fireman 1st grade Leo M. Burger, H. & L. Co. 40, for 15 hours, from 6 P. M., July 3; Fireman 1st grade August B. C. Brunks, Eng. Co. 207, for 6 hours, from 12 o'clock noon, July 3; Fireman 2d grade Richard M. Campion, Eng. Co. 243, for 9 hours, from 6 A. M., July 5.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 2.—The barometric pressure continued high during Monday generally east of the Rocky Mountains and along the Pacific Coast, and relatively low over the Rocky Mountain and Plateau regions. This pressure distribution has been attended by moderate temperatures generally west of the Rocky Mountains and high temperatures in the Western Plateau region and the interior of California. There have been scattered thunder showers within the last twenty-four hours in the South Atlantic States along the Gulf Coast and in the Upper Ohio Valley, the region of the Great Lakes, the Missouri Valley and the Rocky Mountain region.

The outlook is for considerable cloudiness and mild temperature Tuesday and Wednesday in the Middle Atlantic and New England States, the Lower Ohio Valley and interior of the East Gulf States and for local showers Tuesday and partly cloudy Wednesday in the Upper Ohio Valley, the lower lake region, the South Atlantic States and on the east gulf coast.

New England—Cloudy and moderate temperature Tuesday and Wednesday.

COMPARATIVE WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Observations at United States Weather Bureau stations during the twenty-four hours preceding 8 P. M. yesterday:

Station.	Temperature. High.	Low.	Barom. ster.	Rain. fall.	Weather.
Abilene	90	68	30.02	..	Clear
Albany	80	58	30.28	..	Clear
Atlanta	86	..	..	..	..
Atlantic City	74	62	30.34	..	Cloudy
Baltimore	78	64	30.30	..	Cloudy
Bismarck	78	52	30.08	..	Cloudy
Boston	72	60	30.34	..	Cloudy
Buffalo	82	64	30.34	..	Pt. cl'dy
Charleston	90	70	30.12	.24	Cloudy
Chicago	84	64	30.16	..	Pt. cl'dy
Cincinnati	82	68	30.14	.24	Rain
Cleveland	90	64	30.18	..	Cloudy
Denver	86	58	29.92	..	Cloudy
Detroit	80	64	....	..	Cloudy
Galveston	82	76	30.10	..	Cloudy
Helena	78	56	29.86	.01	Rain
Jacksonville	86	72	30.20	..	Cloudy
Kansas City	92	..	30.06	.64	Clear
Los Angeles	90	..	29.86	..	Clear
Milwaukee	76	16	30.16	..	Cloudy
Minneapolis	..	..	....	..	..
St. Paul	78	60	30.08	..	Cloudy
New Orleans	90	68	30.12	.16	Pt. cl'dy
New York	77	66	30.34	..	Pt. cl'dy
Oklahoma	86	68	30.04	..	Pt. cl'dy
Philadelphia	78	66	30.34	..	Cloudy
Pittsburgh	74	64	30.24	.16	Cloudy
Portland, Me.	72	54	....	..	Cloudy
Portland, Ore.	74	58	30.10	.02	Cloudy
Salt Lake City	94	62	30.00	..	Clear
San Antonio	88	70	30.04	..	Clear
San Diego	70	52	29.90	..	Clear
San Francisco	68	52	30.06	..	Clear
Seattle	70	50	30.08	..	Rain
St. Louis	94	70	30.12	..	Pt. cl'dy
Washington	78	60	30.30	..	Cloudy

Eastern New York—Cloudy and unsettled Tuesday. Wednesday partly cloudy, moderate temperature.

Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia—Cloudy and unsettled Tuesday. Wednesday partly cloudy, mild temperature.

Western Pennsylvania, Western New York, West Virginia—Cloudy and unsettled Tuesday. Wednesday partly cloudy, mild temperature.

NEW YORK CITY WEATHER RECORDS.

Official Temperature.

3 A.M.	67	12 P.M.	76
4 A.M.	66	1 P.M.	76
5 A.M.	66	2 P.M.	76
6 A.M.	66	3 P.M.	77
7 A.M.	69	4 P.M.	76
8 A.M.	72	5 P.M.	76
9 A.M.	74	6 P.M.	76
10 A.M.	76	7 P.M.	77
11 A.M.	76	8 P.M.	76
		9 P.M.	74
		10 P.M.	73
		11 P.M.	69
		12 M.	69

Average temperature yesterday, 73.
Average temperature same date last year, 75.
Average same date for 46 years, 72.

Barometer, 30.30 at 8 A. M.; 30.35 at 8 P. M.
Humidity, 80 at 8 A. M.; 59 at 8 P. M.
Wind at 8 A. M., northeast, velocity 5 miles; at 8 P. M., south, velocity 15 miles.
Weather, clear at 8 A. M.; cloudy at 8 P. M.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Forecast:

North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia—Local showers Tuesday. Wednesday, partly cloudy and somewhat warmer.

Florida—Local thunder showers Tuesday and Wednesday.

Alabama and Mississippi—Partly cloudy in interior, local thunder showers near coast Tuesday and Wednesday.

Tennessee and Kentucky—Partly cloudy Tuesday and Wednesday.

Ohio—Cloudy and unsettled Tuesday. Wednesday, partly cloudy; mild temperature.

Illinois—Partly cloudy, somewhat unsettled Tuesday and Wednesday; possibly scattered thunder showers Wednesday; not much change in temperature.

Indiana—Cloudy, unsettled Tuesday and Wednesday, probably scattered showers; not much change in temperature.

Lower Michigan and Upper Michigan—Partly cloudy, somewhat unsettled Tuesday and Wednesday; not much change in temperature.

Wisconsin, Iowa, North Dakota, Nebraska and Kansas—Partly cloudy Tuesday and Wednesday, probably scattered thunder showers; not much change in temperature.

Missouri—Partly cloudy Tuesday and Wednesday, probably scattered thunder showers Wednesday and northwest Tuesday; not much change in temperature.

Minnesota—Partly cloudy Tuesday, probably scattered thunder showers south; Wednesday probably local thunder showers; not much change in temperature.

Eastern and Western Texas—Partly cloudy Tuesday and Wednesday.

Today's Radio Program

JULY 3, 1923.
Eastern Daylight Saving Time.
Numerals after names of stations show wave lengths in meters.

WEAF, NEW YORK—492.

11:00 A. M.—"A World Power for Patriotism," by Mrs. Adele Woodard.
11:30 A. M.—"Making It Possible to Buy More, Yet Spend Less," by Mrs. Kay Cleaver.
11:00 A. M.—Market Reports.
4-5:30 P. M.—W. J. Barry, bass; Blanche Winogren, piano; Rose Becker, violin.
Selections by orchestra, after which Wundochel, piano:
7:30-8:15 P. M.—Lucille Koch, soprano; Helen Parmelee, piano; Rose Becker, violin.
8:15 P. M.—Edward Jenner, the Conqueror of Spellbound," by Mr. Leo Maldston.
8:30-9:05 P. M.—Lucille Koch, soprano; Helen Parmelee, piano; Rose Becker, violin.
9:05 P. M.—"Confessions of an Erstwhile Parlor Socialist," by Hermine Schwed.
9:20-10:00 P. M.—Winthrop's Dance Orchestra.

WJZ, NEW YORK—455.

3:00 P. M.—Fashion developments.
3:05 P. M.—Solomon Lewis, tenor.
3:30 P. M.—"The Home Beautiful," by Dorothy Walsh.
3:45 P. M.—Songs and recitations.
4:00-5:00 P. M.—Songs.
5:00 P. M.—Baseball scores every fifteen minutes.
5:05 P. M.—Kathleen Brauman, soprano.
5:30 P. M.—Kathleen Brauman, soprano.
5:45 P. M.—Farms and markets.
6:00 P. M.—Farm and home reports.
6:01 P. M.—Bedtime Story.
7:30 P. M.—Julius Trunick, baritone.
7:45 P. M.—"University of the Air."
8:00 P. M.—Julius Trunick, baritone.
9:00 P. M.—Stories of the South, by C. Jones.
9:30-10:30 P. M.—Antoinette La Farge, soprano; E. Lutengart, violin.
10:30 P. M.—Recital.
10:55 P. M.—Time signals; weather forecast.

WJY—NEW YORK—405.

4:00 P. M.—Musical program.
5:15 P. M.—Orchestral concert.
7:30 P. M.—Von Schilling Orchestra.
8:00 P. M.—"The Larger Aspect of World Affairs."
8:30 P. M.—"Broadcasting Broadway," by Bertha Brainard.
10:00 P. M.—Hotel Astor Roof Orchestra.

WDY, NEW YORK—405.

12:00-1:00 P. M.—"Care of the Hair," by Vaughn de Leath; John Martell, banjo; vocal solos; monologues.

WHN, EDGEWOOD—360.

9:30-10:00 A. M.—Hints to the housewife.
10:30 A. M.—Weather reports.
10:40 A. M.—Island farm service.
12:00-1:00 P. M.—Lunch hour gossip.
2:15 P. M.—Dr. Frank Crane broadcast.
3:45-5:30 P. M.—School children's radio forum; radio talk; code practice; trade news; agriogram; music.
9:30-10:30 P. M.—Josiah B. Free, baritone.
10:30-12:00 M.—Society Dragons Orchestra.

WOR NEWARK—405.

1:30 P. M.—Recital.
2:45 P. M.—"How Receiving Apparatus Has Developed Since Marconi," by A. H. Nielsen.
3:00 P. M.—Vocal solos.
3:30 P. M.—Musical.
3:50 P. M.—Vocal solos.
3:49 P. M.—Excerpts from "An American Bible," by Elbert Hubbard.
4:15 P. M.—Garden hints.
4:15 P. M.—Lecture, by Dr. Leon Mones.
4:30 P. M.—Man in the Mean stories.
7:00 P. M.—Mary Fitzsimmons, soprano; George E. Patten, tenor.
7:25 P. M.—Baseball scores.

WDAR, PHILADELPHIA—395.

12:00-12:55 P. M.—Organ recital; Arcadia Orchestra.
3:00-4:00 P. M.—Musical program; talk.
4:30-4:00 P. M.—Mrs. C. Bartle, soprano; Fannie Fleetone, piano; talk.
5:55 P. M.—Baseball scores.

WFI, PHILADELPHIA—395.

10:15 A. M.—Market reports.
1:00-3:00 P. M.—Orchestra concert; market reports.
3:30-4:30 P. M.—Vocal and instrumental music.
6:00 P. M.—Orchestra; sports.
6:30 P. M.—Bond program; music.
10:30 P. M.—Dance music.

WOO, PHILADELPHIA—509.

11:00 A. M.—Organ recital.
11:30 A. M.—Weather forecast.
12:00 M.—Tearoom orchestra.
12:30 P. M.—Time signal.
4:45 P. M.—Organ; trumpets.
7:30 P. M.—Sports, news dispatches.
10:25 P. M.—Time signals.
11:02 P. M.—Weather forecast.

WIP, PHILADELPHIA—509.

1:00-2:00 P. M.—Organ recital.
3:00-4:00 P. M.—Lola Goforth, soprano.
6:00-6:45 P. M.—Concert Orchestra.
7:00-7:30 P. M.—Uncle Wip's Bedtime Story, roll call.
9:15-10:00 P. M.—Patriotic program.

WBZ, SPRINGFIELD, MASS.—337.

9:00 A. M.—Weather reports.
12:35 P. M.—Time signals; weather reports; Boston Produce Market reports.
7:30 P. M.—Baseball scores; bedtime story.
7:45 P. M.—"Modern Bank Service," by Winsor B. Day.
8:00 P. M.—Lecture from Life.
8:15 P. M.—Book review.
8:30 P. M.—Baseball scores.
9:35 P. M.—Mrs. Albert Desal, soprano; Mrs. Edith Gardner, piano; Albert Cormier, violin.
9:15 P. M.—Bedtime story for grown-ups.
9:25 P. M.—Benjamin Franklin talk.
9:30 P. M.—Baseball scores.
9:35 P. M.—Time signals.

WNAC, BOSTON—375.

12:53 P. M.—Time signals.
1:01 P. M.—Weather reports.
7:30 P. M.—Julius Trunick, baritone.
7:45 P. M.—"University of the Air."
8:00 P. M.—Julius Trunick, baritone.
9:00 P. M.—Stories of the South, by C. Jones.
9:30-10:30 P. M.—Antoinette La Farge, soprano; E. Lutengart, violin.
10:30 P. M.—Recital.
10:55 P. M.—Time signals; weather forecast.

WGR, BUFFALO—319.

11:15 A. M.—Weather reports.
12:00 M.—Organ recital.
12:00 P. M.—Weather and market reports.
2:00 P. M.—Music.
2:25 P. M.—Chicago Board of Trade closing prices.
3:00 P. M.—Music.
3:05 P. M.—Closing prices New York Stock Exchange.
4:00 P. M.—Music.
6:00 P. M.—Weather; market reports.
6:05 P. M.—New York Stock Exchange and Chicago Board of Trade closing prices.
6:00 P. M.—Organ recital.
8:30 P. M.—News.
10:00 P. M.—Scientific topics.
11:45 P. M.—Weather forecast.

WMAK, LOCKPORT—389.

12:00 M.—Weather forecast; spraying advice.

NAA, ARLINGTON, VA.—435.

10:45-11:00 A. M.—Musical program; talk.
11:05-11:20 A. M.—Weather reports.
11:25-11:40 A. M.—Fruit and vegetable shipments.
1:25-1:40 P. M.—Live stock, estimated receipts.
3:45-3:55 P. M.—Fruit and vegetable markets.
4:45-5:40 P. M.—Live stock reports.
4:45-5:05 P. M.—Weather forecast.
5:05-5:40 P. M.—Special market reports.
5:35-5:00 P. M.—Fish reports.
5:00-11:55 P. M.—Talk.
11:55-11:59 P. M.—Weather reports.

WHAM, ROCHESTER—360.

3:55 P. M.—Weather forecast.
4:00-4:50 P. M.—Orchestra concert.
5:15-5:45 P. M.—Organ; orchestra.
8:00-8:30 P. M.—Piano solos; bedtime story; weather forecast; band concert.

KDKA, PITTSBURGH—....

10:00 A. M.—Music.
12:30 P. M.—Music; weather forecast; report of river conditions; market reports.
3:15 P. M.—Baseball scores.
6:00 P. M.—Baseball scores.
6:15 P. M.—Dinner concert; baseball scores.
7:20 P. M.—Address.
7:40 P. M.—Story; the Dreamtime Lady.
8:00 P. M.—Ball scores; address.
8:15 P. M.—Marie Beitler, contralto; David Super, tenor; Armand Venditi, violin.
9:45 P. M.—Ball scores; farmer market reports.
11:55 P. M.—Arlington time signals.

WJAX, CLEVELAND—390.

6:30 P. M.—Cleveland News concert.
9:00 P. M.—Organ recital.

WCX, DETROIT—517.

5:15 P. M.—Baseball scores; music.
5:30 P. M.—Baseball scores.
5:55 P. M.—Baseball scores; music.
7:15 P. M.—Final baseball scores.
11:00 P. M.—WCX Red Apple Club, entertainment.

WWJ, DETROIT—516.

4:00 P. M.—Band concert from Belle Isle Park.
5:00 P. M.—Weather forecast.
5:05 P. M.—Market reports.
9:30 P. M.—Detroit News Orchestra; Town Crier; recital.

KYW, CHICAGO—345.

7:50 P. M.—Bedtime story.
9:00 P. M.—Harvey's Orchestra.
9:58 P. M.—Laura Grossman, soprano; Miriam Aaron, soprano; Bertha Kaplan, reader.
10:55 P. M.—Time signals.
11:00 P. M.—News; weather reports.
11:05 P. M.—Special features.

WDAF, CHICAGO—375.

9:00-10:30 P. M.—Musical program.
12:00 P. M.-3:00 A. M.—Dance music.

WDAF, KANSAS CITY—411.

7:50 P. M.—Baseball scores.
8:00 P. M.—Market reports.
7:45-9:00 A. M.—"Nighthawk" frolic; Plantation Orchestra.

KSD, ST. LOUIS—545.

10:00 P. M.—Orchestra concert.

WGM, ATLANTA—429.

8:15-9:00 P. M.—Southern Ace Orchestra.
11:30 P. M.-12:45 A. M.—Musical program.

WOC, DAVENPORT, IOWA—484.

7:45 P. M.—Chimes concert.
8:00 P. M.—Weather; baseball scores.

WLW, CINCINNATI—309.

11:00 P. M.—Violin, piano solos; one-act play, "That Blessed Baby."

**WMC, MEMPH

SHIPPING AND MAILS

(All the times mentioned are under Daylight Saving.)

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook.		Governors Island.		Hell Gate.		THE SUN.	
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	Rises.	Sets.
High Water	12:01	12:25	12:44	12:55	1:03	1:17	A.M.	P.M.
Low Water	6:01	6:13	6:38	6:38	6:46	6:53	5:26	8:31

Incoming Steamships Carrying Mail

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Manchester Commerce	London	June 12
Hannah	Bremen	June 19
Mary	Jamaica	June 23
Antonia	Havana	June 27
Hamilton	Mayaguez	June 28
Ponce	Cristobal	June 28
San Juan	San Juan	June 28
Alcedonia	Naples	June 24
Atlantic	Liverpool	June 26
Nora	Hamburg	June 24

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
President Monroe	London	June 22
Panama	Copenhagen	June 22
Pilot	Southampton	June 22
Lemuel Ellsworth	Christiania	June 22
President Fillmore	Southampton	June 23
Westerwald	Gothenburg	June 23
Panonia	Liverpool	June 23

DUE TOMORROW.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Bowering	Southampton	June 28
Yamuri	Barbados	June 28
Monterey	Havana	June 28
Westphalia	Hamburg	June 21
Fort Hamilton	Bermuda	June 30

DUE THURSDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Tivives	Kingston	June 27
Fort St. George	Bermuda	July 1

DUE FRIDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Belgenland	Antwerp	June 27
Mongolia	Hamburg	June 28
President Harding	Bremen	June 27
Resolute	Hamburg	June 26
Veendam	Rotterdam	June 21
Haiti	Cape Haiti	June 28
Mauretania	Southampton	June 20

Other Incoming Steamships

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Santa Cecilia	Colon	June 25
Del Rustic	Antwerp	June 14
Sir Richard Grenville	Hamburg	June 15
Adirondack	San Pedro	June 9

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Andalusian	Oran	June 6
Saffron	Cristobal	June 18
Taurus	Swansea	June 13
Noordam	Rotterdam	June 13
Edward Kirkbury	San Pedro	June 30
Patria	Marseilles	June 6
Antigonish	Havre	June 17
President Polk	London	June 23
Nyanza	New York Natal	June 30
Newfoundland	Liverpool	June 30
Princeton Hall	Liverpool	June 30
Edinburgh Castle	Algoa Bay	June 30
Westland	Antwerp	July 1

DUE TOMORROW.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Cacique	Colon	June 27
Bama	Port Antonio	June 27

DUE THURSDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Galileo	Hull	June 19
J. M. Dantigu	Tampico	June 27
Mendoano	Tampico	June 28

DUE FRIDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Barsby	Sierra Leon	June 20
Brighton	Baracoa	June 26
Mariana	Porto Rico	June 23

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer.	Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Atlantis	St'hampton	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Europe, Africa and West Asia (specially addressed).
Arcturus	Freetown	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Canary Islands and Senegal (other parts of West Africa must be specially addressed).
Kungsholm	Bremen	12:00 M.	.....	No mails.
Frederik VIII	Christiansand	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Norway.
Manchester Commerce	Antwerp	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.	Belgium and Luxemburg (specially addressed only).
Gothenburg	Gothenburg	12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.	Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Finland (specially addressed only).
Antonia	Cristobal	7:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Canal Zone, Panama, El Salvador, Nicaragua, Costa Rica, Puerto Limon, Colombia, Ecuador, Peru (specially addressed only).
Hamilton	Puerto Plata	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Dominican Republic (specially addressed only).
Nova Scotia	St. John's	6:00 P.M.	.....	Newfoundland (specially addressed). For this steamer by rail to Boston.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Steamer.	Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Celtic	Southampton	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia.
Rochambeau	Havre	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia (specially addressed).
Lithuania	Libau	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	Northern Europe, Germany, Poland.
Santa Maria	Santa Maria	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Jamaica, Canal Zone, Panama, Colombia, Ecuador (Honduras specially addressed).

SAIL THURSDAY.

Steamer.	Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Western Coast, Hiti		9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Finland. (Specially addressed.)
Minnetonka	London	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Irish Free State. (Other countries specially addressed.)
Finland	Hamburg	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia. (Specially addressed.)
Cristobal, Via Cruz		8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Yucatan, Campeche, (Cuba and other parts Mexico specially addressed.)
Ponce, San Juan		8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Ponce, Rico, Macoris and San Domingo City.
Hirohata, Cuba		11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	Haiti (except Port de Paix, Genaives, St. Marc, Cape Haiti), Canal Zone, Panama, Amapala City.
Jamaica	Jamaica	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.	Haiti, Jamaica and Colombia.
Cartagena	Cartagena	1:30 P.M.	3:30 P.M.	Cape Haiti, Genaives, St. Marc, Port de Paix, (Other parts Haiti specially addressed.)
Caribia	Paramaribo	1:30 P.M.	3:30 P.M.	Virgin Islands, Trinidad, Ciudad Bolivar, Guiana.

Other Outgoing Steamships

Steamer and Destination.	Date.	Time of Sailing. Hour.
Europa, Bremen	July 4	12:00 M.
Noordam, Rotterdam	July 4	12:00 M.
Maui, Auckland	July 4	12:00 M.
Steel Worker, Calcutta	July 5	12:00 M.
Eastern Coast, Libau	July 5	12:00 M.
Nyanza, Durban	July 5	12:00 M.
City of Evansville, Sydney	July 7	12:00 M.
Hindoo Commerce, London	July 7	12:00 M.
Puerto, Nagasaki	July 7	12:00 M.
Puerto, Hongkong	July 7	12:00 M.
Puerto, Hiogo	July 7	12:00 M.
Puerto, Kobe	July 7	12:00 M.
Puerto, Yokohama	July 7	12:00 M.
Puerto, Moji	July 7	12:00 M.
Puerto, Shanghai	July 7	12:00 M.
Puerto, Manila	July 7	12:00 M.
Puerto, Cape Town	July 10	12:00 M.
Puerto, Capetown	July 10	12:00 M.
Puerto, Cadiz	July 10	12:00 M.

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Puerto, Nagasaki	July 7	12:00 M.
Puerto, Hongkong	July 7	12:00 M.
Puerto, Hiogo	July 7	12:00 M.
Puerto, Kobe	July 7	12:00 M.
Puerto, Yokohama	July 7	12:00 M.
Puerto, Moji	July 7	12:00 M.
Puerto, Shanghai	July 7	12:00 M.
Puerto, Manila	July 7	12:00 M.
Puerto, Cape Town	July 10	12:00 M.
Puerto, Capetown	July 10	12:00 M.
Puerto, Cadiz	July 10	12:00 M.

Reported by Radio

Homeric (White Star Line), incoming from Southampton, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due Pier 59, North River, late Wednesday or early Thursday.

Franconia (Cunard Line), incoming from London, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 56, North River, Tuesday forenoon.

Drottningholm (Swedish-American Line), incoming from Gothenburg, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at pier foot West 58th Street, Tuesday forenoon.

Estonia (Baltic-American Line), incoming per Libau, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at foot of 43d Street, Brooklyn, Tuesday forenoon.

Guglielmo Peirce (Italian American Line), incoming from Naples, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 29, Brooklyn, Friday forenoon.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At.	Date.
Minnetonka	Cherbourg	July 2
Transylvania	Glasgow	July 2
Caledonia	Leghorn	June 27
Ausonia	Liverpool	June 30
Hamburg	Bremen	June 30
Providence	Malta	June 30
Lafayette	Havre	July 1
President Polk	London	July 2
Nyanza	New York Natal	June 30
Newfoundland	Liverpool	June 30
Princeton Hall	Liverpool	June 30
Edinburgh Castle	Algoa Bay	June 30
Westland	Antwerp	July 1

SAILED.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Otterburn	Gibraltar	July 1
Taormina	Naples	June 26
Assyria	Movilla	July 1
Carmania	Queenstown	July 1
The Lambs	Aden	June 30
Primero	Gibraltar	June 30
Diomed	Shanghai	June 30
Tregenoll	Cardiff	June 30
Menelaus	London	June 30
Venezonia	London	June 30
Lucigen	Thames Haven	June 30

Transpacific Mails

The connecting mails close at the G. P. O. and City Hall P. O. Stations, New York, at 7:30 P. M. daily, except Sundays and holidays, and 6 P. M. Sundays and holidays, as follows:

Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed correspondence only), via San Francisco ..... Korea Maru July 6
Hawaii, via San Francisco ..... Matsonia July 6
Japan, Korea, China and Philippine Islands, via San Francisco ..... President Cleveland July 7
Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed correspondence only), via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C. ..... Empress of Russia July 7
Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, French Indochina, Netherlands East Indies, Straits Settlements, Brunei, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Philippine Islands, via Seattle; also parcel post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam, French Indochina, Brunei, Labuan, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Straits Settlements ..... President Jackson July 8
Hawaii, via San Pedro, Cal. ..... City of Los Angeles July 9
Hawaii, Samoan, Fiji, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand and Australia; also parcel post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam, French Indochina, Netherlands East Indies, Straits Settlements, Brunei, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Philippine Islands, via Seattle; also parcel post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam, French Indochina, Brunei, Labuan, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Straits Settlements ..... Tahiti July 15
..... President Jefferson July 26

Post Office Notices

Postmaster Morrisy announces that mails of the following dates: Kobe, June 12; Yokohama, June 13, which arrived per steamer Hakata Maru, were dispatched East from Seattle June 27, and are due in New York today.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates: Kobe, June 15; Yokohama, June 16, which arrived per steamer Shidzuoka Maru, were dispatched East from Seattle on June 28, and are due in New York on the morning of Wednesday, July 4.

Another Cruise
AROUND THE WORLD
on the "SAMARIA"
Jan. 26th to June 3rd, 1924

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An itinerary superb—130 days—sailing eastward from New York and meeting Springtime in every country visited.

Comfort, luxury, leisure—plus the services of our unique chain of permanent offices all along the route. Literature on Request.

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Thru the PANAMA CANAL
An opportunity to cruise in comfort thru placid Southern waters and to view the wonders of the Panama Canal. Time ashore to "get acquainted" with our picturesque Latin-American neighbors. Regular sailings to Los Angeles and San Francisco, with interesting visits at Cristobal and Balboa, Canal Zone; Corinto, Nicaragua; La Libertad, Salvador; San Jose, Guatemala, and Manzanillo, Mexico. 10,000 ton displacement American steamers affording every comfort. Low first class fares. Steerage $100. "Ship and Sail by Pacific Mail."
SAILINGS FROM NEW YORK. Passengers—Freight
S.S. Ecuador, July 2 S.S. Colombia, July 27 S.S. Venezuela, Aug. 18
Also additional freight sailings approximately every 10 days.
All sailings from Pier 56, Atlantic Terminal, Brooklyn.
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Excellent Accommodations on the
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NEW YORK—BREMEN DIRECT
July 7 Aug. 11 Sept. 14
Also Superb One Class Cabin Ships
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Sierra Ventana (new) ..... July 7 Aug. 11 Sept. 12
Bremen ..... July 7 Aug. 8 Sept. 26
Hannover ..... July 17 Aug. 22 Sept. 25
Bayerlitz ..... July 25 Aug. 29 Oct. 2
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S.S. Stockholm ..... July 3 Aug. 16 Sept. 20
S.S. Drottningholm ..... July 7 Aug. 4 Sept. 1
S.S. Kungsholm ..... July 28 Sept. 8 Oct. 11
Ships sailing this season to Scandinavian ports via Copenhagen, Germany and Continent.
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or any local Steamship or Tourist Agency.

HOLLAND AMERICA LINE
NEW YORK TO ROTTERDAM
Via Plymouth, Boulogne-sur-Mer
N. AMSTERDAM ..... July 7 Aug. 11 Sept. 12
VEENDAM ..... July 14 Aug. 18 Sept. 22
ROTTERDAM ..... July 21 Aug. 25 Sept. 29
VOLENDAM (new) ..... July 28 Aug. 31 Oct. 3
RYNDAM ..... Aug. 4 Sept. 8 Oct. 15
General Passenger Office, 24 State St., N. Y.

Australia
OCEANIC STEAMSHIP CO.
Fast U. S. mail s.s. Sonoma Ventura, 10,000 tons. Lloyd's 100 A1. Delightful service. Sydney short cruise. HONOLULU, 5 days. Write for N. Z. booklet, rates, 1st class. Sailings: Ventura, July 21, Oct. 2; Sonoma, June 30, Aug. 25. Dock, foot Bryant St., San Francisco, Cal.

CONTE ROSSO DE LUXE SISTER STEAMERS CONTE VERDE
LARGEST AND FASTEST MEDITERRANEAN OILBURNERS
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JULY 28—AUGUST 25—SEPTEMBER 29
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Four Services
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East Bound July 4 July 28 Aug. 18
West Bound July 17 Aug. 7 Aug. 28
Sailings from Piers 3 and 4, Hoboken
To Bremen via Plymouth and Cherbourg
First-Class Ships
PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT
East Bound July 7
West Bound July 25
Fm. N. Y. Fm. Bremen
Pres. Harding July 14 Aug. 1
George Washington Aug. 1 Aug. 15
To Bremen via Plymouth and Cherbourg
Cabin Ships
PRESIDENT FILLMORE
East Bound July 10
West Bound July 26
Fm. N. Y. Fm. Bremen
Pres. Arthur July 21 Aug. 8
America Aug. 4 Aug. 22
To London via Plymouth and Cherbourg
Cabin Ships
*PRESIDENT ADAMS
East Bound July 5
West Bound July 21
Fm. N. Y. Fm. London
Pres. Monroe July 11 July 28
Pres. Van Buren July 18 Aug. 4
*Pres. Polk July 25 Aug. 11
Pres. Garfield Aug. 1 Aug. 18
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South America from New York on American 535's
Oil-burners; 21,000 displacement tons.
Fastest Time — Finest Ships to Rio de Janeiro, Montevideo, Buenos Aires.
(*Stops at Santos, southbound)
AMERICAN LEGION
JULY 7—SEPT. 1
*Pan America July 21 Sept. 15
Western World Aug. 4 Sept. 29
*Southern Cross Aug. 18 Oct. 13
Fortnightly thereafter
Munson Steamship Lines
67 Wall Street, New York City
Managing Operators
U. S. SHIPPING BOARD
or Local Agents

CUNARD AND ANCHOR LINES
N. Y. to Cherbourg and Southampton.
AQUITANIA ..... July 7 July 24 Aug. 21
MAURETANIA ..... July 14 Aug. 4
BERENGARIA ..... July 17 Aug. 14 Sept. 4
N. Y. to Plymouth, Cherbourg and Hamburg
LACONIA (new) ..... July 13 Aug. 24 Sept. 28
TYRRHENIA (new) ..... Aug. 8 Sept. 12 Oct. 17
N. Y. to Cobh (Queenstown) and Liverpool.
FRANCONIA (new) ..... July 7 Aug. 4 Sept. 1
CARMANIA ..... July 14 Aug. 11 Sept. 8
CALONIA ..... July 28 Aug. 25 Sept. 22
SCYTHIA (new) ..... July 28 Aug. 25 Sept. 22
To and from Mediterranean Ports.
COLUMBIA ..... July 7 Aug. 4 Sept. 1
ASSYRIA ..... July 14 Aug. 11
CAMERONIA (new) ..... July 21 Aug. 18 Sept. 15
TURBINIA (new) ..... July 28 Aug. 25 Oct. 6
N. Y. to Fiume, Cherbourg and London
ALBANIA (new) ..... July 7 Aug. 18 Sept. 29
SAXONIA ..... Aug. 4 Sept. 15 Oct. 20
To and from the World Cruise from New York
FRANCONIA (new) ..... Nov. 15
For Booklets, Rates, etc., apply to Cunard Line, 25 Broadway, New York, or Local Agents.

PERU AND CHILE VIA PANAMA CANAL
17 DAYS NEW YORK TO VALPARAISO
by Luxurious new passenger Steamers.
Fastest and most modern in the Trade.
TENO ..... July 6
ACONCAGUA ..... Aug. 3
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"The Comfort Route"
The Magnificent New Liner
OHIO
JULY 7th—AUG. 11th
Cherbourg, Southampton, Hamburg
Cobden, 11 A. M. ..... July 14 Aug. 18 Sept. 22
Orduna, Noon ..... July 28 Sept. 1 Oct. 6
Ohio, 1 P. M. ..... Sept. 15 Oct. 20 Nov. 24
Cobh, 1 P. M. ..... Sept. 18 Oct. 23 Nov. 24
All Sailings Daylight Saving Time.
The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.
SANDERSON & SON, INC., Agents,
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Transatlantica Italiana
One of the Largest and Finest Steamers of the Italian Mercantile Marine
Direct Passenger Service Between
NEW YORK—GENOA—NAPLES
S.S. Duca Abruzzi from N.Y. July 13 at 12 A.M.
S.S. Giuseppe Verdi from N.Y. Aug. 10 at 12 A.M.
Also Cleve. S.S. to Rio Janeiro, Santos and Montevideo.
McDONNELL & TEUDA, General Agents,
8 State St., New York.

Long Life at Far Range
June 26, 1923.
THE NEW YORK TIMES:
In response to an advertisement of two lines in The New York Times Book Review (Book Exchange page), which appeared not later than May 6, 1911, I received under "Help of April 15, 1923, an inquiry from Headquarters Coast Defenses of Mobile and Subic Bays, Fort Mills, Philippine Islands.
ROBERT MORRIS PIERCE.
9 West 45th St., New York City.

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New York to New Orleans
En route to LOUISIANA, TEXAS, NEW MEXICO, ARIZONA, MEXICO, AND CALIFORNIA
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STEAMSHIP SERVICE
"MORGAN LINE"
STEAMERS sail every Saturday at noon, arrive New Orleans the following Friday, connecting with the SUNSET LIMITED, arriving Los Angeles Sunday evening and San Francisco Monday morning. Through fares to California no higher than via rail routes—meals and berth on steamer included.
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UNITED AMERICAN LINES
Joint Service with
HAMBURG AMERICAN LINE
EUROPE
ENGLAND FRANCE GERMANY
To Plymouth, Cherbourg, Hamburg
Resolute - July 10
RELIANCE ..... July 24 Aug. 21 Sept. 18
RESOLUTE ..... Aug. 7 Sept. 4 Oct. 2
To Hamburg Direct—Cabin Ships
ALBERT BALLIN July 28 Sept. 1 Oct. 13
To Hamburg via Southampton
WESTPHALIA ..... July 12 Aug. 23 Oct. 4
THURINGIA ..... Aug. 2 Sept. 13 Oct. 25
HANSA ..... Aug. 9 Sept. 20 Nov. 1
Sailings from W. 46th St., New York.
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SEE Havana, the Panama Canal, the giant Andes and the wonderful cities of Latin-America. A trip on the luxuriously appointed "Z" steamers, 14,850 tons displacement, the largest ships to Peru and Chile, is indeed a delightful experience. Every travel comfort adapted to tropical conditions.
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EBRO ..... July 21
ESSEQUIBO ..... Aug. 15
Special Reduced Rates for Round South America Tours
PACIFIC LINE
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SOUTH AMERICA
RIO DE JANEIRO
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A voyage unequalled to a continent unsurpassed for climate, scenic beauty and historic interest. Three June and July are delightfully cool and invigorating.
S. S. VASARI July 14.
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Large, comfortable ships containing every appointment of a modern hotel. Lowest Rates. Liberal Stopovers. Unexcelled Service. Special tours around South America arranged.
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Direct Passenger Service
Accommodation First Class Passengers only. Spacious and beautifully appointed Public Rooms.
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Large, Fast, Steady, Comfortable Steamers. Spacious Staterooms and Promenade Decks. Unexcelled Cuisine. Daily Concerts.
Through bookings to New York to DENMARK, NORWAY, SWEDEN GERMANY and BALTIC STATES
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GIULIO CESARE JULY 7th
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To PORT SAID (FOR EGYPT & PALESTINE)—KARACHI—BOMBAY—COLOMBO—MADRAS—RANGOON—CALCUTTA
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The Well Equipped Royal Mail Steamships "NIAGARA" (24,000 tons) Aug. 8 Oct. 5
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Hudson River by Daylight
Direct rail connections. Music. Restaurant
DAYLIGHT SAVING TIME
ON TUESDAY, JULY 3.
For †Indian Point, †Beat Mountain, †West Point and †Newburgh, Str. Robert Fulton leaves Desbrosses St. 8:30 A. M., W. 42d St. 8:40 A. M., W. 129th St. 9:10 A. M., Yonkers 9:40 A. M.
For †Newburgh, †Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany, Str. Hendrick Hudson leaves Desbrosses St. 9:00 A. M., W. 42d St. 9:20 A. M., W. 129th St. 9:40 A. M., Yonkers 10:15 A. M.
For †Indian Point, †Bear Mountain, †West Point and †Newburgh, Str. Robert Fulton leaves Desbrosses St. 9:30 A. M., W. 42d St. 9:40 A. M., W. 129th St. 10:20 A. M., Yonkers 10:50 A. M.
ON WEDNESDAY, JULY 4th
For †Indian Point, †Bear Mountain, †Newburgh, †Poughkeepsie and †Kingston Point, Str. Washington Irving leaves Desbrosses St. 9:00 A. M.
For †Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany, Str. Albany leaves W. 42d St. 9:30 A. M., W. 129th St. 9:40 A. M., Yonkers 10:15 A. M.
For †Indian Point, †Bear Mountain, †West Point and †Newburgh, Str. Robert Fulton leaves Desbrosses St. 9:30 A. M.
For †Indian Point, †Bear Mountain, †West Point, †Newburgh and †Poughkeepsie, Str. De Witt Clinton leaves W. 42d St. 10:00 A. M.
The right is reserved to omit stops or change leaving time should government licensed capacity of steamer be reached.
†Return steamer to New York same day from points marked †.
Round Trip Rates: New York to Indian Point or West Point, $1.25; Newburgh, $1.50; Poughkeepsie, $2.00; Kingston Point, $2.00; Catskill, $4.00; Hudson, $4.50; Albany, $5.25.
Mixed One Day Outings
Further information at Desbrosses St. Pier, New York. Tel. Canal 9300.
Hudson River Day Line

ATLANTIC CITY by STEAMER & AUTOMOBILE
ECONOMICAL—REFRESHING
Wonderful 20 mile sail Sandy Hook steamers from 42nd St. to Atlantic Highlands. 105 mile motor tour in Royal Palace Sedan touring cars along Jersey Shore to Atlantic City, daily and Sunday. Free transfer from Hotel McAlpin at 8.15 A. M. to steamer. Leave Atlantic City for New York 9 A. M. from 1739 Board Walk. Folder in colors of Atlantic City tour.
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Seeing New York, up town, down town, over Manhattan Bridge to Brooklyn. Guide conducted tour to public buildings. All day tour up Hudson to West Point. Tours to Coney Island. Tours to Chinatown.
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California
Leaving N. Y. July 13, Returning August 15
Grand Canyon, California, Yosemite Valley, Pacific Northwest and Canadian Rockies.
Leaving N. Y. July 20, Returning September 1.
Colorado Rockies, Yellowstone Park, California, Yosemite Valley, Pacific Northwest and Canadian Rockies.
Special Alaska Trip
Leaving N. Y. July 11, Returning August 27.
Canadian Rockies, Pacific Northwest, Mt. Rainier, Glacier and Yellowstone Parks and Alaska.
All of these Tours Include Best Hotels, Private Automobiles, Comprehensive Sightseeing, Reasonable Rates, and Each Tour is Limited to 15 Members.
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12 DAY Canadian Cruises
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4 cruises via Palatial twin-screw
S. S. "FORT HAMILTON"
Sailing from New York
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Stopping One Day (each way) at Halifax and Two Days at Quebec. Magnificent scenery, smooth water, cool weather. Orchestra for Dancing. Round trip 12 days, $150 and up. One way to Quebec, 5 days, $80 and up.
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Clark's 45th Cruise, Jan. 15, $1000 and up
ROUND THE WORLD
122 days, including hotels, drives, guides, fees, etc., by specially chartered Cunard new oil burner
"LACONIA" 20,000 tons
A lasting pleasure for the trip. Hawaii, Panama Canal, Los Angeles, Honolulu, 12 days Japan and China, Manila, Java, Singapore, Burmah, option 12 days India, Ceylon, Cairo, Jerusalem, Athens, Naples, Monte Carlo, Gibraltar, New York.
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A floating palace for the trip. Hawaii, Panama Canal, Los Angeles, Honolulu, 12 days Japan and China, Manila, Java, Singapore, Burmah, option 12 days India, Ceylon, Cairo, Jerusalem, Athens, Naples, Monte Carlo, Gibraltar, New York.
MEDITERRANEAN Cruise
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Personal Attention. Steamship Co. Rates
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UP-HUDSON TRIPS TO
BEAR MOUNTAIN
The Public's Wonderful Playground.
Steamer Leaves Battery Daily, 9 A. M.; W. 129 St., 9:45 A. M. Returning from Bear Mountain, 6:30, due N. Y., 8 P. M.
JULY 4th SPECIAL SCHEDULE
Extra Boats
Allowing about 4 hrs. at Bear Mountain Park, INTERCITY & GRAND REPUBLIC
Leave Battery Landing 9 a.m.
SPECIAL UPTOWN BOAT
Fast Steel Steamer HIGHLANDER
Leaves West 115th St., 9:45 A. M.
Ideal 4th of July Fresh Air
AFTERNOON OUTING
Allowing about 3 hrs. at Bear Mountain.
Fast Steel Steamer CLERMONT
Lvs. Pier A, North River (adjoining Battery), 1:30 P. M., W. 132d St. 1:45 P. M.
Round Trip Tues. & Wed., 75c. Thurs., Sat. & Sun., $1. Children, 35c
REFRESHMENTS, MUSIC, DANCING.
Palisades Interstate Park Commission.
Telephones Bowling Green 7645-7675.

FOURTH OF JULY
POUGHKEEPSIE, $1.50
Newburgh & Beacon, $1.25
ROUND TRIPS
Str. "BENJ. B. ODELL"
Ample time ashore for picnics and amusements.
LVS. FRANKLIN St., 8 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:45 A. M.
Music. Restaurant. Luncheons.
CENTRAL HUDSON LINE

Iron Steamboat Co.
ALL WATER ROUTE DIRECT TO
BOARD WALK Coney Island
Schedule for TUESDAY, JULY 3rd.

Lv. W. 129th St.	Pier 1, N. R.	Coney Island
9:30 A.M.	10:15 A.M.	11:15 A.M.
10:45	11:15	12:15 P.M.
11:45	12:15 P.M.	1:15
12:45 P.M.	1:15	2:15
1:45	2:15	3:15
2:45	3:15	4:15
3:45	4:15	5:15
4:45	5:15	6:15
5:30	6:00	7:00
6:30	7:00	8:00
7:30	8:00	9:00
8:30	9:00	10:00
9:30	10:00	11:00
10:30	11:00	12:00
11:30	12:00	1:00

ROCKAWAY BEACH
Trips marked † do not stop at Pier 1

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Bank and business references required. *Rate 15 cents per word.*

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

SALESMAN will invest $3,000 and services in manufacturing, retail or jobbing business. J 25 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

WANTED, sums any with $2,000 to $5,000 to assist in investing in growing business established eleven years; business owned by individual; best references; will stand strictest investigation; investor can either be active in the business or not. S 432 Times.

EXCELLENT opportunity for ambitious young man with ability to assume sales responsibilities as partner; to old established manufacturer of dress trimmings; about $3,000 required; references exchanged. W 856 Times Downtown.

MANUFACTURERS DISTRIBUTING ORGANIZATION will departmentalize, line openings for conscientious, capable managing executives; personnel, agency, sales, service and publicity departments; $2,000 each investment. S 393 Times.

WANTED, $5,000 to $10,000, established concern successful; additional money needed for expansion; liberal salary if active, also interest in business; money secured. For interview send telephone number. H 241 Times.

WILL transfer reasonable price control Pennsylvania corporation manufacturing safety device required by Pennsylvania laws; operates on small capital. V 2186 Times Annex.

PARTNER wanted, half interest in established electrical business. Apply 46 Adolf Harrison Jr., Columbia Electrical Co., Huntington Station, L. I.

EXPANSION EXPEDITER GROWING. A going concern can use $10,000 additional capital; valuable orders on books; highest references; industrial. D 164 Times.

BUSINESS economically financed through our chain advertising; 23 years' banking experience. H. M. Block & Co., 55 Broadway.

WANTED—Partner with $50,000 available immediately; investment thoroughly secured; legitimate business; handsome, prompt profits. A 374 Times.

GRAIN export business; could use $50,000 to $100,000 for enlarging operations. G 970 Times Downtown.

ACTIVE man, with $7,500, in established profitable manufacturing business. P 342 Times.

PARTNER with small capital in physical culturing and licensed massage institute. Tel Circle 3688.

PARTNER, $2,000, experience to manufacture leather vanity boxes. D 175 Times Downtown.

WANTED, capable going man with $1,000 capital; state previous experience. H 238 Times.

HAVE legitimate business; opportunity for man with $1,200. H 815 Times Downtown.

FINANCING AND LOANS.

MONEY advanced on outstanding accounts, trade acceptances and other good collateral; weekly payments arranged; our non-notification finance system offers great possibilities to small business men; confidential. Cleveland Finance Corp., 1 Union Square, Stuyvesant 3494.

LOANS TO AUTOMOBILE OWNERS; CAR REMAINING IN YOUR POSSESSION; LOANS GRANTED WITHIN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS; STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. PERRLESS SALES CORPORATION, 156 WEST 52D. CIRCLE 5743.

MONEY ADVANCED ON OUTSTANDING ACCOUNTS, TRADE ACCEPTANCES, MERCHANDISE &c.; PROMPT AND EFFICIENT SERVICES. UNITED FRIENDS CORP., 33 WEST 33D ST. LONGACRE 6810.

WILL finance outstanding accounts, notes and trade acceptances; money loaned on merchandise, plants and other collateral. Financing Company, 121 Madison Avenue, Telephone Madison Square 6172.

LOANS on outstanding accounts, notes, acceptances, merchandise and other collaterals; liberal terms, lowest rates. Standard Trading Co., 401 Broadway. Canal 7849.

LOANS on machinery, printing plants, laundries, bakeries, real estate and installment notes. V 311 Times.

AUTOMOBILE OWNERS obtain loans while using car; quick answers; confidential. Bryant 2898.

AUTOMOBILE loans made quickly and confidentially, lowest rates; representatives calls. Longacre 6128.

WILL advance money to established corporations. V 738 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS.

EXPORTERS and IMPORTERS.

I SPECIALIZE IN ARRANGING FINANCING AND LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR LEGITIMATE EXPORT AND IMPORT TRANSACTIONS.

D. J. LEWIS,
ROOM 310,
39 BROADWAY.

I HAVE been a salesman 25 years and never saw faster money-maker; unusually heavy commissions; you can get overwriting on sales force; investment is patented merchandise; exclusive territorial rights from $15k to $5,000; big, quick returns; see the goods. 1008 Knickerbocker Building.

CORRESPONDENCE solicited with any holder of urban or interurban bus franchises desiring financial connection or equipment by owners having now available a fleet of new, strictly modern, high-class buses. Address Lock Box No. 3,857, Station D, Philadelphia, Pa.

SALES Agency Wanted—Manufacturer's representative, sales executive, financially responsible, wants high-grade proposition New York territory; give details to assure consideration. H 156 Times.

SALES Agency Wanted—Manufacturer's representative, sales executive, financially responsible, wants high grade proposition New York territory; give details to assure consideration. H 156 Times.

PHILADELPHIA firm wants to represent a New York house in Pennsylvania; $100 yearly commodity; references exchanged. Address Capital, 24-26 South 10th St., Philadelphia.

LICENSED auctioneer will accept business on commission or satisfactory arrangement. Benjamin Harris, Room 510, 299 Broadway.

WANTED—Manufacturer's agency open for Pacific Coast representation. Mailing address, L. G. Gillelen, 4,141 Rosewood Av., Los Angeles, Cal. Z 849 Times.

ACCOUNTANT wishes to purchase practice of retiring accountant; will invest on partnership basis. H 202 Times.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE or Lease—Brass manufacturing plant, full equipment, good condition; building four stories, elevator; wonderful opportunity. M. Silkstein, 23 Catharine Slip. Orchard 7765.

GARAGE—Prominent Bronx thoroughfare, including exclusive sale agency; rent 50 cents foot gross; excellent returns; strictest investigation invited; cash required $10,000. Ex Pierre, 2560 West 57th.

AUTOMOBILE renting business, very well established; high grade cars; fine location; long lease; gross $18,000 yearly; valuable. 89 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

DRUG STORE, well established, prominent corner busy street, Brooklyn; part payment $20,000 cash minimum required; principals only. Box 91 N. Y. Times, Brooklyn.

ACORN AGENCY, INC.
127 Nassau Street, New York
June 30, 1923.

THE NEW YORK TIMES:

We have been running announcements in the Record Guide column of The New York Times for two years past, the Western Furniture Manufacturers the results from which have been very gratifying.

ACORN AGENCY, INC.,
John J. Lydon.

FOR SALE

AUTO ACCESSORY store, gas stations, enclosed parking space; 50 foot front; for sale or for rent; reasonable. Hillside Avenue, corner Queens Boulevard, Jamaica.

TIRE BUSINESS, 2 stores; well paying business; capable manager in business; partnership disagreement; $5,000. 2315 West 53d.

GARAGE, Brooklyn; prominent avenue; capacity 100; large sale supplies. Francis J. Phillips, 47 West 42d.

MAIL ORDER drug business; established five years; sacrifice $1,000; 1st 229 Times.

LUNCH wagon, fine location, doing big business; J 2209 Times Annex.

FOR SALE—Mail order business; established; future possibilities unlimited; results from advertising to date are more than satisfactory; campaign being mapped now in national publications; large profits; one who is looking for a future and has the necessary capital to go ahead with advertising can acquire this business for $10,000 cash; this includes office furniture, printed matter, stock on hand and everything complete; present owner must sell on account of other large interests, which require his entire time; if interested write at once Box S 409 Times.

SUCCESSFUL business and plans for sale; well established credit reporting and collection business; new bungalows; located in progressive city one hour from New York; terms reasonable. Write New York Finance Company, 302 Washington Bldg., Stamford, Conn.

WONDERFUL opportunity to buy ladies' ready to wear store on the busiest thoroughfare of Ridgewood; for one who understands the business; reason for selling cannot be given proper attention due to other interests; for information write Mr. Fern, 39 W. 29th St.

FOR SALE—Patent for the manufacture of a household utility article, now being used in homes; good opportunity; can be bought reasonably. For particulars apply to Room 305, Bergoff Building, Broadway and 22d St., Bayonne, N. J. Tel. 1215 Bayonne.

BUSINESS SERVICES.

CHICAGO REPRESENTATIVE.
I am in New York for personal interview with manufacturer or any firm, who desires service of capable, honest representative for Chicago or Middle West; references of highest character. D 132 Times.

SALES LETTERS—Powerful producers, humanly written; standard rate $10. Tracy, Columbus 8990.

MISCELLANEOUS.

RESTAURANT privileges to let. Northwest corner 75th St. and Amsterdam Av.

LAYS CANCER GAIN TO AMERICAN DIET

Osteopath Advises Return to Natural Food and Exercise to Avoid Disease.

CONVENTION MEETS HERE

Dr. R. D. Emery Says Middle Age Should Not Be Awaited to Look for Symptoms.

The prevalency of cancer in this country is due to American cooking and dieting, according to Dr. R. D. Emery, who addressed 2,000 osteopaths yesterday morning at the opening session of the convention of the American Osteopathic Association in the Waldorf-Astoria. Citing insurance statistics showing that the liability for cancer was increasing faster than the cancer death rate, he said that this indicated the necessity of not waiting until middle or old age to look for the symptoms of the malady.

"We know that the native tribes, such as the Indian and the Eskimo, do not have cancer," he said. "Remove these natives from their habitat, accustom them to a diet, lack of exercise and vitiated air, and their vitality is lessened. As a result there is stagnation of blood and corresponding influences. Acidosis develops and irritation of the tissues results. Then follows susceptibility to cancer.

"If we are to eliminate the cancer evil we must get back to natural food and diet as well as rational exercise. The time to attack the cancer problem is in the baby, teaching the growing child the value of correct living. The evils of cancer are cooking, refining and adulteration."

In his address to the delegates, representative of the United States and Canada, Dr. George W. Goode of Boston, President of the association, said that it was not commonly known among the laymen that osteopaths in this State took precisely the same medical examination as the physician of the homeopathic or allopathic schools when applying for a license. The examining board recognized neither individuals nor schools, he said.

Other speakers were Dr. John H. Bailey, Dr. S. S. Roebuck of Chicago, Dr. L. M. Bush of New York and Dr. Edward E. Hart, President of the Osteopathic Society of New York.

The convention will continue throughout the week with morning, afternoon and evening sessions.

All Straws Reduced! Now $1.75

Every braid—every shape reduced *without reserve!* All fresh, new straws. All one price... $1.75

Kaufman

World's Largest Retailer of Hats

Stores Everywhere—See Phone Book

Lost and Found Advertisements, Page 16.

AN ANNOUNCEMENT
to Bankers *and* Business Men

THE IMPORTERS AND TRADERS NATIONAL BANK OF NEW YORK has been merged into The Equitable Trust Company of New York. The consolidation was completed last Friday, June 29.

As a result of the merger, The Equitable now has a capital of $23,000,000, and surplus and undivided profits of more than $9,500,000. Deposits are in excess of $300,000,000. Total resources are over $375,000,000.

Beginning this week, the offices of the Importers and Traders National Bank, at 247 Broadway, will be known and operated as *The Importers and Traders Office* of The Equitable. Its customers will continue to transact their commercial banking business with the same officers and employees, but they will have the further advantages of the banking, foreign exchange, trust, investment and safe deposit services of The Equitable.

To merchants, manufacturers, importers and exporters of Lower New York, the consolidation provides a *complete* financial service, conveniently located on lower Broadway, opposite City Hall.

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK

37 WALL STREET

IMPORTERS AND TRADERS OFFICE
247 *Broadway*

UPTOWN OFFICE
Madison Ave. at 45th St.

FOREIGN OFFICES
LONDON: 10 Moorgate, E.C. 2
Bush House, Aldwych, W.C. 2
PARIS: 23 Rue de la Paix
MEXICO CITY: 42 Calle de Capuchinas

COLONIAL OFFICE
222 *Broadway*

DISTRICT REPRESENTATIVES
PHILADELPHIA: Land Title Building
BALTIMORE: Calvert and Redwood Sts.
CHICAGO: 29 South La Salle St.
SAN FRANCISCO: 485 California St.

REMINDERS

Fine Worsted Bathing Suits
$3.35

If it's likely to be a wet "Fourth" you'll need a one-piece or two-piece bathing suit. These are Black, Oxford, Navy, Black and Navy in combination, and striped Browns.

"Golftown" Shirts of White Oxford Cloth
$1.85

Wear one going away and include plenty in your "Over the Fourth" or vacation kit. Finely tailored of highly mercerized white oxford cloth. Neck-band or collar attached style.

Linen Golf Knickers
$4

Developed in selected double-shrunk linens and equipped with ingenious "Knick-Lok" feature that enables you to put on or take off knickers merely by unbuttoning tab.

All Wool
White Flannel Trousers
$7.50

They lend a spice of variety and smartness to the small wardrobe; one pair makes two suits of virtually any suit you own. Pre-shrunk; non X-ray.

Sale of our Entire Stock of
Hart Schaffner & Marx
Fancy Suits (Golf Suits included)

Originally $45, 40, 35, now $29.50
Originally $60, 55, 50, now 39.50
Originally $75, 70, 65, now 49.50
No charge for alterations

All $2.50 Wallach Straw Hats
$1.85

This sale comprises the season's smartest braids and blocks at an impressive clean-up price—$1.85.

Wallach Bros

Broadway, below Chambers — 246-248 West 125th
Broadway, cor. 29th — 3d Ave., cor. 122d
Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

For Summer Wear
Scotch Calf is made from French Hides of Scotch tannage, the color a trifle deeper than "E" shade Russia Calfskin. Made on Pen-Lyn and Mar-Gor models. Lasts and Patterns exclusively our own design. BOTH SHOPS

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BROADWAY at 40TH STREET — 146 WEST 42ND STREET
NEW YORK
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G-E Fans
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114-116 West 27th St., N.Y. City
Phone Watkins 0112 for cool breezes

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MADE BY THE MILE
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Office dignity depends on decoration